ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN

FOR THE

HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER PROGRAM OF COASTAL COMMUNITY ACTION, INC.

Approved by the HA Board of Directors: August 20, 2013

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Chapter 1

OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAM AND PLAN

INTRODUCTION

The PHA or **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** receives its funding for the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not a federal department or agency. A public housing agency (PHA) is a governmental or public body, created and authorized by state law to develop and operate housing and housing programs for low-income families. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** enters into an Annual Contributions Contract with HUD to administer the program requirements on behalf of HUD. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure compliance with federal laws, regulations and notices and must establish policy and procedures to clarify federal requirements and to ensure consistency in program operation.

This chapter contains information about the PHA and its programs with emphasis on the HCV program. It also contains information about the purpose, intent and use of the plan and guide.

There are three parts to this chapter:

Part I: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. This part includes a description of the PHA, its jurisdiction, its programs, and its mission and intent.

<u>Part II: The HCV Program</u>. This part contains information about the Housing Choice Voucher program operation, roles and responsibilities, and partnerships.

<u>Part III: The HCV Administrative Plan</u>. This part discusses the purpose and organization of the plan and its revision requirements.

PART I: THE PHA

1-I.A. OVERVIEW

This part explains the origin of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** creation and authorization, the general structure of the organization, and the relationship between the **CCA** Board and staff.

1-I.B. ORGANIZATION AND STRUCTURE OF THE PHA

The Section 8 tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) assistance program is funded by the federal government and administered by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** for the jurisdiction within Carteret County:

All Incorporated Cities and Unincorporated Areas of Carteret County, including, but not limited to:

Atlantic **Atlantic Beach** Beaufort **Bettie Cedar Island Cedar Point** Davis **Emerald Isle** Gloucester Marshallburg **Morehead City** Newport Otway Salter Path Sea Level Williston

The officials of a PHA are known as commissioners or, collectively, as the board of **directors**. Commissioners are appointed in accordance with state housing law and generally serve in the same capacity as the directors of a corporation, establishing policies under which the PHA conducts business, ensuring that policies are followed by PHA staff and ensuring that the PHA is successful in its mission. The board is responsible for preserving and expanding the agency's resources and assuring the agency's continued viability.

Formal actions of the PHA are taken through written resolutions, adopted by the board of **directors** and entered into the official records of the PHA.

The principal staff member of the PHA is the executive director (ED), hired and appointed by the board of **directors**. The executive director is directly responsible for carrying out the policies established by the commissioners and is delegated the responsibility for hiring, training and supervising the remainder of the PHA's staff in order to manage the day-to-day operations of the PHA to ensure compliance with federal and state laws and directives for the programs managed.. In addition, the executive director's duties include budgeting and financial planning for the agency.

1-I.C. PHA MISSION

The purpose of a mission statement is to communicate the purpose of the agency to people inside and outside of the agency. It provides guiding direction for developing strategy, defining critical success factors, searching out key opportunities, making resource allocation choices, satisfying clients and stakeholders, and making decisions.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S mission is to provide safe, decent and sanitary housing conditions for very low-income families and to manage resources efficiently. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is to promote personal, economic and social upward mobility to provide families the opportunity to make the transition from subsidized to non-subsidized housing.

CCA Policy – Mission Statement

"To respectfully and responsibly help people help themselves."

1-I.D. THE PHA'S PROGRAMS

The following programs are included under this administrative plan:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's administrative plan is applicable to the operation of the Housing Choice Voucher program.

1-I.E. THE PHA'S COMMITMENT TO ETHICS AND SERVICE

As a public service agency, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is committed to providing excellent service to HCV program participants – families and owners – in the community. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** standards include:

- Administer applicable federal and state laws and regulations to achieve high ratings in compliance measurement indicators while maintaining efficiency in program operation to ensure fair and consistent treatment of clients served.
- Provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing in compliance with program housing quality standards for very low income families while ensuring that family rents are fair, reasonable, and affordable.
- Encourage self sufficiency of participant families and assist in the expansion of family opportunities which address educational, socio-economic, recreational and other human services needs.
- Promote fair housing and the opportunity for very low-income families of all ethnic backgrounds to experience freedom of housing choice.
- Promote a housing program which maintains quality service and integrity while providing an incentive to private property owners to rent to very low-income families.
- Promote a market-driven housing program that will help qualified low-income families be successful in obtaining affordable housing and increase the supply of housing choices for such families.
- Create positive public awareness and expand the level of family, owner, and community support in accomplishing CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's mission.
- Attain and maintain a high level of standards and professionalism in day-to-day management of all program components.
- Administer an efficient, high-performing agency through continuous improvement of CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** support systems and commitment to our employees and their development.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make every effort to keep program participants informed of HCV program rules and regulations, and to advise participants of how the program rules affect them.

PART II: THE HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER (HCV) PROGRAM

1-II.A. OVERVIEW AND HISTORY OF THE PROGRAM

The intent of this section is to provide the public and staff with information related to the overall operation of the program. There have been many changes to the program since its inception in 1974 and a brief history of the program will assist the audience in understanding the program.

The United States Housing Act of 1937 (the "Act") is responsible for the birth of federal housing program initiatives. The Act was intended to provide financial assistance to states and cities for public works projects, slum clearance and the development of affordable housing developments for low-income residents.

The Housing and Community Development (HCD) Act of 1974 created a new federally assisted housing program – the Section 8 Existing program (also known as the Section 8 Certificate program). The HCD Act represented a significant shift in federal housing strategy from locally owned public housing to privately owned rental housing.

Under the Certificate program, federal housing assistance payments were made directly to private owners of rental housing, where this housing was made available to lower-income families. Eligible families were able to select housing in the private rental market. Assuming that the housing met certain basic physical standards of quality ("housing quality standards") and was within certain HUD-established rent limitations ("fair market rents"), the family would be able to receive rental assistance in the housing unit. Family contribution to rent was generally set at 30 percent of the family's adjusted income, with the remainder of the rent paid by the program.

Another unique feature of the Certificate program was that the rental assistance remained with the eligible <u>family</u>, if the family chose to move to another privately-owned rental unit that met program requirements (in contrast to the public housing program where the rental assistance remains with the <u>unit</u>, should the family decide to move). Consequently, the Certificate program was characterized as <u>tenant-based</u> assistance, rather than unit-based assistance.

The Housing and Community Development (HCD) Act of 1987 authorized a new version of tenant-based assistance – the Section 8 Voucher program. The Voucher program was very similar to the Certificate program in that eligible families were able to select housing in the private rental market and receive assistance in that housing unit.

However, the Voucher program permitted families more options in housing selection. Rental housing still had to meet the basic housing quality standards, but there was no fair market rent limitation on rent. In addition, family contribution to rent was not set at a limit of 30 percent of adjusted income. Consequently, depending on the actual rental cost of the unit selected, a family might pay more or less than 30 percent of their adjusted income for rent.

From 1987 through 1999, public housing agencies managed both the Certificate and Voucher tenant-based assistance programs, with separate rules and requirements for each. From 1994 through 1998, HUD published a series of new rules, known as "conforming" rules, to more closely combine and align the two similar housing programs, to the extent permitted by the law.

In 1998, the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act (QHWRA) – also known as the Public Housing Reform Act – was signed into law. QHWRA eliminated all statutory differences between the Certificate and Voucher tenant-based programs and required that the two programs be merged into a single tenant-based assistance program, now known as the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program.

The HCV program was modeled closely on the pre-merger Voucher program. However, unlike the pre-merger Voucher program, the HCV program requires an assisted family to pay at least 30 percent of adjusted income for rent.

The transition of assistance from the Certificate and Voucher programs to the new HCV program began in October 1999. By October 2001, all families receiving tenant-based assistance were converted to the HCV program.

1-II.B. HCV PROGRAM BASICS

The purpose of the HCV program is to provide rental assistance to eligible families. The rules and regulations of the HCV program are determined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is afforded choices in the operation of the program which are included in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** administrative plan, a document approved by the board of **directors** of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

The HCV program offers mobility to eligible families because they may search for suitable housing anywhere in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** jurisdiction and may also be eligible to move under portability to other PHAs' jurisdictions.

When a family is determined to be eligible for the program and funding is available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** issues the family a housing voucher. When the family finds a suitable housing unit and funding is available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will enter into a contract with the owner and the family will enter into a lease with the owner. Each party makes their respective payment to the owner so that the owner receives full rent.

Even though the family is determined to be eligible for the program, the owner has the responsibility of approving the family as a suitable renter. The PHA continues to make payments to the owner as long as the family is eligible and the housing unit continues to qualify under the program.

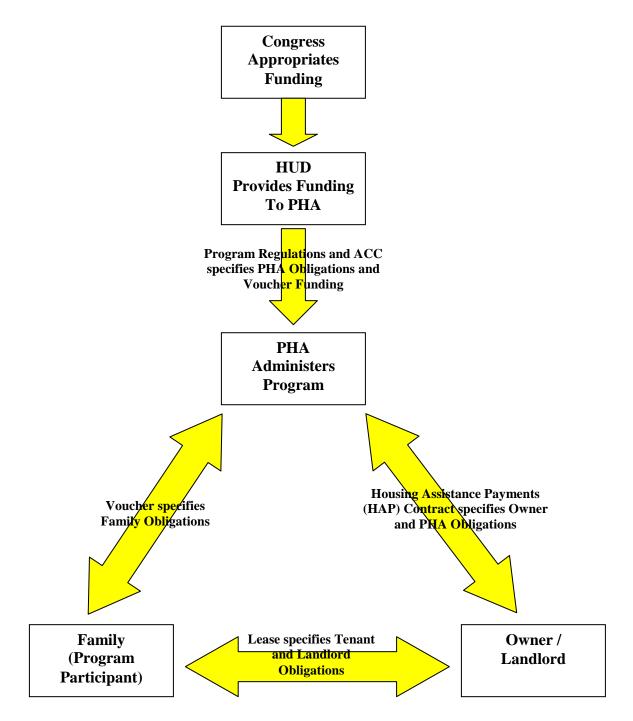
1-II.C. THE HCV PARTNERSHIPS

To administer the HCV program, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** enters into a contractual relationship with HUD. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** also enters into contractual relationships with the assisted family and the owner or landlord of the housing unit.

For the HCV program to work and be successful, all parties involved – HUD, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, the owner, and the family – have important roles to play. The roles and responsibilities of all parties are defined in federal regulations and in legal documents that parties execute to participate in the program.

The chart on the following page illustrates key aspects of these relationships.

The HCV Relationships:



What does HUD do?

HUD has the following major responsibilities:

- Develop regulations, requirements, handbooks, notices and other guidance to implement HCV housing program legislation passed by Congress;
- Allocate HCV program funds to PHAs;
- Provide technical assistance to PHAs on interpreting and applying HCV program requirements;
- Monitor PHA compliance with HCV program requirements and PHA performance in program administration.

What does the PHA do?

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM administers the HCV program under contract with HUD and has the following major responsibilities:

- Establish local policies;
- Review applications from interested applicant families to determine whether applicants are eligible for the program;
- Maintain waiting list and select families for admission;
- Issue voucher to selected family and, if necessary, assist the family in finding a place to live;
- Conduct outreach to owners, with special attention to owners outside areas of poverty or minority concentration;
- Approve the rental unit (including assuring compliance with housing quality standards and rent reasonableness), the owner, and the tenancy;
- Make housing assistance payments to the owner in a timely manner;
- Ensure that families and their rental units continue to qualify under the program;
- Ensure that owners and families comply with program rules;
- Provide families and owners with prompt, professional service;
- Comply with all fair housing and equal opportunity requirements, HUD regulations and requirements, the Annual Contributions Contract, HUD-approved applications for funding, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** administrative plan, and other applicable federal, state and local laws.

What does the Owner do?

The owner has the following major responsibilities:

- Screen families who apply for tenancy, to determine if they will be good renters.
 - **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** can provide some information to the owner, but the primary responsibility for tenant screening rests with the owner.
 - The owner should consider family background factors such as rent and bill-paying history, history of caring for property, respecting the rights of others to peaceful enjoyment of the property, compliance with essential conditions of tenancy, whether the family is engaging in drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that might threaten others.
- Comply with the terms of the Housing Assistance Payments contract, executed with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM;
- Comply with all applicable fair housing laws and discriminate against no one;
- Maintain the housing unit by making necessary repairs in a timely manner;
- Collect rent due from the assisted family and otherwise comply with and enforce provisions of the dwelling lease.

What does the Family do?

The family has the following responsibilities:

- Provide CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM with complete and accurate information, determined by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to be necessary for administration of the program;
- Make their best and most timely efforts to find a place to live that is suitable for them and that qualifies for the program;
- Attend all appointments scheduled by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM;
- Allow CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after reasonable notice;
- Take responsibility for care of the housing unit, including any violations of housing quality standards caused by the family;
- Comply with the terms of the lease with the owner;
- Comply with the family obligations of the voucher;
- Not commit serious or repeated violations of the lease;
- Not engage in drug-related or violent criminal activity;
- Notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and the owner before moving or terminating the lease;
- Use the assisted unit only for residence and as the sole residence of the family. Not sublet the unit, assign the lease, or have any interest in the unit;
- Promptly notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM of any changes in family composition;
- Not commit fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any housing programs.

If all parties fulfill their obligations in a professional and timely manner, the program responsibilities will be fulfilled effectively.

1-II.D. APPLICABLE REGULATIONS

Applicable regulations include:

- 24 CFR Part 5: General Program Requirements
- 24 CFR Part 8: Nondiscrimination
- 24 CFR Part 35: Lead-Based Paint
- 24 CFR Part 982: Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance: Housing Choice Voucher Program
- 24 CFR Part 983: Project-Based Vouchers
- 24 CFR Part 985: The Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP)

PART III: THE HCV ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN

1-III.A. OVERVIEW AND PURPOSE OF THE PLAN

The administrative plan is required by HUD. The purpose of the administrative plan is to establish policies for carrying out the programs in a manner consistent with HUD requirements and local goals and objectives contained in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** agency plan. This administrative plan is a supporting document to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** agency plan, and is available for public review as required by CFR 24 Part 903.

This administrative plan is set forth to define **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** local policies for operation of the housing programs in the context of federal laws and regulations. All issues related to Section 8 not addressed in this document are governed by such federal regulations, HUD handbooks and guidebooks, notices and other applicable law. The policies in this administrative plan have been designed to ensure compliance with the consolidated ACC and all HUD-approved applications for program funding.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is responsible for complying with all changes in HUD regulations pertaining to the HCV program. If such changes conflict with this plan, HUD regulations will have precedence.

Administration of the HCV program and the functions and responsibilities of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff shall be in compliance with the **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM 's** personnel policy and HUD's Section 8 regulations as well as all federal, state and local fair housing laws and regulations.

1-III.B. CONTENTS OF THE PLAN [24 CFR 982.54]

HUD regulations contain a list of what must be included in the administrative plan. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM administrative plan must cover CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies on these subjects:

- Selection and admission of applicants from CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM waiting list, including any CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM admission preferences, procedures for removing applicant names from the waiting list, and procedures for closing and reopening CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM waiting list (Chapter 4);
- Issuing or denying vouchers, including CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policy governing the voucher term and any extensions or suspensions of the voucher term. 'Suspension' means stopping the clock on the term of a family's voucher after the family submits a request for approval of the tenancy. If the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM decides to allow extensions or suspensions of the voucher term, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM administrative plan must describe how the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines whether to grant extensions or suspensions, and how the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines the length of any extension or suspension (Chapter 5);

- Any special rules for use of available funds when HUD provides funding to the **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** for a special purpose (e.g., desegregation), including funding for specified families or a specified category of families (Chapter 4);
- Occupancy policies, including definition of what group of persons may qualify as a 'family', definition of when a family is considered to be 'continuously assisted'; standards for denying admission or terminating assistance based on criminal activity or alcohol abuse in accordance with 982.553 (Chapters 3 and 12);
- Encouraging participation by owners of suitable units located outside areas of low income or minority concentration (Chapter 13);
- Assisting a family that claims that illegal discrimination has prevented the family from leasing a suitable unit (Chapter 2);
- Providing information about a family to prospective owners (Chapters 3 and 9);
- Disapproval of owners (Chapter 13);
- Subsidy standards (Chapter 5);
- Family absence from the dwelling unit (Chapter 12);
- How to determine who remains in the program if a family breaks up (Chapter 3);
- Informal review procedures for applicants (Chapter 16);
- Informal hearing procedures for participants (Chapter 16);
- The process for establishing and revising voucher payment standards (Chapter 16);
- The method of determining that rent to owner is a reasonable rent (initially and during the term of a HAP contract) (Chapter 8);
- Special policies concerning special housing types in the program (e.g., use of shared housing) (Chapter 15);
- Policies concerning payment by a family to the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM of amounts the family owes the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM (Chapter 16);
- Interim redeterminations of family income and composition (Chapter 11);
- Restrictions, if any, on the number of moves by a participant family (Chapter 10);
- Approval by the board of commissioners or other authorized officials to charge the administrative fee reserve (Chapter 16);
- Procedural guidelines and performance standards for conducting required housing quality standards inspections (Chapter 8); and
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM screening of applicants for family behavior or suitability for tenancy (Chapter 3).

Mandatory vs. Discretionary Policy

HUD makes a distinction between:

- <u>Mandatory policies</u>: those driven by legislation, regulations, current handbooks, notices, and legal opinions, and
- <u>Optional, non-binding guidance</u>, including guidebooks, notices that have expired and recommendations from individual HUD staff.

HUD expects PHAs to develop policies and procedures that are consistent with mandatory policies and to make clear the optional policies the **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has adopted. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** administrative plan is the foundation of those policies and procedures. HUD's directions require PHAs to make policy choices that provide guidance to staff and consistency to program applicants and participants.

Following HUD guidance, even though it is not mandatory, provides a PHA with a "safe harbor." HUD has already determined that the recommendations and suggestions it makes are consistent with mandatory policies. If a PHA adopts an alternative strategy, it must make its own determination that the alternative approach is consistent with legislation, regulations, and other mandatory requirements. There may be very good reasons for adopting a policy or procedure that is different than HUD's safe harbor, but PHAs should carefully think through those decisions.

1-III.C. ORGANIZATION OF THE PLAN

The Plan is organized to provide information to users in particular areas of operation.

1-III.D. UPDATING AND REVISING THE PLAN

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will revise this administrative plan as needed to comply with changes in HUD regulations. The original plan and any changes must be approved by the board of commissioners of the agency, the pertinent sections included in the **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** Agency Plan, and a copy provided to HUD.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review and update the plan at least once a year, and more often if needed, to reflect changes in regulations, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** operations, or when needed to ensure staff consistency in operation.

Chapter 2

FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

INTRODUCTION

This chapter explains the laws and HUD regulations requiring PHAs to affirmatively further civil rights and fair housing in all federally-assisted housing programs. The letter and spirit of these laws are implemented through consistent policy and processes. The responsibility to further nondiscrimination pertains to all areas of the PHA's housing choice voucher (HCV) operations.

This chapter describes HUD regulations and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies related to these topics in three parts:

<u>Part I: Nondiscrimination</u>. This part presents the body of laws and regulations governing the responsibilities of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** regarding nondiscrimination.

<u>Part II: Policies Related to Persons with Disabilities</u>. This part discusses the rules and policies of the housing choice voucher program related to reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities. These rules and policies are based on the Fair Housing Act (42.U.S.C.) and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and incorporate guidance from the Joint Statement of The Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Department of Justice (DOJ), issued May 17, 2004.

Part III: Prohibition of Discrimination Against Limited English Proficiency Persons. This part details the obligations of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to ensure meaningful access to the HCV program and its activities by persons with limited English proficiency (LEP). This part incorporates the Final Guidance to Federal Financial Assistance Recipients Regarding Title VI Prohibition against National Origin Discrimination Affecting Limited English Proficient Persons published January 22, 2007, in the *Federal Register*.

PART I: NONDISCRIMINATION

2-I.A. OVERVIEW

Federal laws require PHAs to treat all applicants and participants equally, providing the same quality of service, regardless of family characteristics and background. Federal law prohibits discrimination in housing on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, and disability. In addition, HUD regulations provide for additional protections regarding sexual orientation, gender identity, and marital status. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will comply fully with all federal, state, and local nondiscrimination laws, and with rules and regulations governing fair housing and equal opportunity in housing and employment, including:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (as amended by the Community Development Act of 1974 and the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988)
- Executive Order 11063
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975
- Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (to the extent that it applies, otherwise Section 504 and the Fair Housing Amendments govern)
- Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA)
- The Equal Access to Housing in HUD Programs Regardless of Sexual Orientation or Gender Identity Final Rule, published in the *Federal Register* February 3, 2012

When more than one civil rights law applies to a situation, the laws will be read and applied together.

Any applicable state laws or local ordinances and any legislation protecting individual rights of tenants, applicants, or staff that may subsequently be enacted will also apply.

2-I.B. NONDISCRIMINATION

Federal regulations prohibit discrimination against certain protected classes and other groups of people. State and local requirements, as well as **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies, can prohibit discrimination against additional classes of people.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM shall not discriminate because of race, color, sex, religion, familial status, age, disability or national origin (called "protected classes")

Familial status includes children under the age of 18 living with parents or legal custodians, pregnant women, and people securing custody of children under the age of 18.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not discriminate on the basis of marital status, gender identity, or sexual orientation [FR Notice 02/03/12].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not discriminate on the basis of source of income or ancestry

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not use any of these factors to:

- Deny to any family the opportunity to apply for housing, nor deny to any qualified applicant the opportunity to participate in the housing choice voucher program
- Provide housing that is different from that provided to others
- Subject anyone to segregation or disparate treatment
- Restrict anyone's access to any benefit enjoyed by others in connection with the housing program
- Treat a person differently in determining eligibility or other requirements for admission
- Steer an applicant or participant toward or away from a particular area based any of these factors
- Deny anyone access to the same level of services
- Deny anyone the opportunity to participate in a planning or advisory group that is an integral part of the housing program
- Discriminate in the provision of residential real estate transactions
- Discriminate against someone because they are related to or associated with a member of a protected class
- Publish or cause to be published an advertisement or notice indicating the availability of housing that prefers or excludes persons who are members of a protected class

Providing Information to Families and Owners

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must take steps to ensure that families and owners are fully aware of all applicable civil rights laws. As part of the briefing process, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must provide information to HCV applicant families about civil rights requirements and the opportunity to rent in a broad range of neighborhoods [24 CFR 982.301]. The Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contract informs owners of the requirement not to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability in connection with the contract.

Discrimination Complaints

If an applicant or participant believes that any family member has been discriminated against by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM or an owner, the family should advise CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. HUD requires CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to make every reasonable attempt to determine whether the applicant's or participant's assertions have merit and take any warranted corrective action. In addition, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to provide the applicant or participant with information about how to file a discrimination complaint [24 CFR 982.304].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Applicants or participants who believe that they have been subject to unlawful discrimination may notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** either orally or in writing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will attempt to remedy discrimination complaints made against CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide a copy of a discrimination complaint form to the complainant and provide them with information on how to complete and submit the form to HUD's Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity (FHEO).

PART II: POLICIES RELATED TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

2-II.A. OVERVIEW

One type of disability discrimination prohibited by the Fair Housing Act is the refusal to make reasonable accommodation in rules, policies, practices, or services when such accommodation may be necessary to afford a person with a disability the equal opportunity to use and enjoy a program or dwelling under the program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must ensure that persons with disabilities have full access to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** programs and services. This responsibility begins with the first inquiry of an interested family and continues through every programmatic area of the HCV program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will ask all applicants and participants if they require any type of accommodations, in writing, on the intake application, reexamination documents, and notices of adverse action by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, by including the following language:

"If you or anyone in your family is a person with disabilities, and you require a specific accommodation in order to fully utilize our programs and services, please contact the housing authority."

A specific name and phone number will be indicated as the contact for requests for accommodation for persons with disabilities.

Coastal Community Action, Inc.'s office is accessible to persons with disabilities. Accessibility for the hearing impaired is provided by the TDY telephone service provider.

2-II.B. DEFINITION OF REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION

A person with a disability may require special accommodations in order to have equal access to the HCV program. The types of reasonable accommodations **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** can provide include changes, exceptions, or adjustments to a rule, policy, practice, or service.

Federal regulations stipulate that requests for accommodations will be considered reasonable if they do not create an "undue financial and administrative burden" for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, or result in a "fundamental alteration" in the nature of the program or service offered. A fundamental alteration is a modification that alters the essential nature of a provider's operations.

Types of Reasonable Accommodations

When needed, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must modify normal procedures to accommodate the needs of a person with disabilities. Examples include:

- Permitting applications and reexaminations to be completed by mail
- Conducting home visits
- Using higher payment standards (either within the acceptable range or with HUD approval of a payment standard outside CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM range) if CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines this is necessary to enable a person with disabilities to obtain a suitable housing unit
- Providing time extensions for locating a unit when necessary because of lack of availability of accessible units or special challenges of the family in seeking a unit
- Permitting an authorized designee or advocate to participate in the application or certification process and any other meetings with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff
- Displaying posters and other housing information in locations throughout the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S office in such a manner as to be easily readable from a wheelchair

2-II.C. REQUEST FOR AN ACCOMMODATION

If an applicant or participant indicates that an exception, change, or adjustment to a rule, policy, practice, or service is needed because of a disability, HUD requires that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** treat the information as a request for a reasonable accommodation, even if no formal request is made [Joint Statement of the Departments of HUD and Justice: Reasonable Accommodations under the Fair Housing Act].

The family must explain what type of accommodation is needed to provide the person with the disability full access to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** programs and services.

If the need for the accommodation is not readily apparent or known to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, the family must explain the relationship between the requested accommodation and the disability. There must be an identifiable relationship, or nexus, between the requested accommodation and the individual's disability.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will encourage the family to make its request in writing using a reasonable accommodation request form. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the accommodation any time the family indicates that an accommodation is needed whether or not a formal written request is submitted.

2-II.D. VERIFICATION OF DISABILITY

The regulatory civil rights definition for persons with disabilities is provided in Exhibit 2-1 at the end of this chapter. The definition of a person with a disability for the purpose of obtaining a reasonable accommodation is much broader than the HUD definition of disability which is used for waiting list preferences and income allowances.

Before providing an accommodation, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine that the person meets the definition of a person with a disability, and that the accommodation will enhance the family's access to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** programs and services.

If a person's disability is obvious or otherwise known to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, and if the need for the requested accommodation is also readily apparent or known, no further verification will be required [Joint Statement of the Departments of HUD and Justice: Reasonable Accommodations under the Fair Housing Act].

If a family indicates that an accommodation is required for a disability that is not obvious or otherwise known to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must verify that the person meets the definition of a person with a disability, and that the limitations imposed by the disability require the requested accommodation.

When verifying a disability, the PHA will follow the verification policies provided in Chapter 7. All information related to a person's disability will be treated in accordance with the confidentiality policies provided in Chapter 16. In addition to the general requirements that govern all verification efforts, the following requirements apply when verifying a disability:

- Third-party verification must be obtained from an individual identified by the family who is competent to make the determination. A doctor or other medical professional, a peer support group, a non-medical service agency, or a reliable third party who is in a position to know about the individual's disability may provide verification of a disability [Joint Statement of the Departments of HUD and Justice: Reasonable Accommodations under the Fair Housing Act] CCASECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide the family with a Disability Form to be completed by the family, returned to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to the third-party listed on the form.
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must request only information that is necessary to evaluate the disability-related need for the accommodation. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not inquire about the nature or extent of any disability.
- Medical records will not be accepted or retained in the participant file.
- In the event that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM does receive confidential information about a person's specific diagnosis, treatment, or the nature or severity of the disability, the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will dispose of it. In place of the information, CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM will note in the file that the disability and other requested information have been verified, the date the verification was

received, and the name and address of the knowledgeable professional who sent the information [Notice PIH 2010-26].

2-II.E. APPROVAL/DENIAL OF A REQUESTED ACCOMMODATION [Joint Statement of the Departments of HUD and Justice: Reasonable Accommodations under the Fair Housing Act, Notice PIH 2010-26].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must approve a request for an accommodation if the following three conditions are met:

- The request was made by or on behalf of a person with a disability.
- There is a disability-related need for the accommodation.
- The requested accommodation is reasonable, meaning it would not impose an undue financial and administrative burden on CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, or fundamentally alter the nature of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's HCV operations (including the obligation to comply with HUD requirements and regulations).

Requests for accommodations must be assessed on a case-by-case basis, taking into account factors such as the overall size of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** program with respect to the number of employees, type of facilities and size of budget, type of operation including composition and structure of workforce, the nature and cost of the requested accommodation, and the availability of alternative accommodations that would effectively meet the family's disability-related needs.

Before making a determination whether to approve the request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may enter into discussion and negotiation with the family, request more information from the family, or may require the family to sign a consent form so that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may verify the need for the requested accommodation.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

After a request for an accommodation is presented, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will respond, in writing, within 10 business days.

If CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM denies a request for an accommodation because it is not reasonable (it would impose an undue financial and administrative burden or fundamentally alter the nature of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM operations), the CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM will discuss with the family whether an alternative accommodation could effectively address the family's disability-related needs without a fundamental alteration to the HCV program and without imposing an undue financial and administrative burden.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** believes that the family has failed to identify a reasonable alternative accommodation after interactive discussion and negotiation, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family, in writing, of its determination within 10 business days from the date of the most recent discussion or communication with the family.

If the reasonable accommodation has been approved for an additional bedroom (increased payment standard) for the purpose of storage of medical equipment, during the annual inspection the Housing Specialist will verify the additional bedroom is being used for that purpose. If the Housing Specialist determines the extra bedroom is not being used in accordance with the reasonable accommodation request, the payment standard for the family will be reduced-the reasonable accommodation will be revoked per PIH Notice 2010-51. Furthermore, if it is believed that any family obligations under 24 CFR Section 982.551 have been violated, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may take additional action up to and including termination of the family from the program.

2-II.F. PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY FOR PERSONS WITH HEARING OR VISION IMPAIRMENTS

HUD regulations require **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to ensure that persons with disabilities related to hearing and vision have reasonable access to **CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM's** programs and services [24 CFR 8.6].

At the initial point of contact with each applicant, **CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM** shall inform all applicants of alternative forms of communication that can be used other than plain language paperwork.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

To meet the needs of persons with hearing impairments, TTD/TTY (text telephone display / teletype) communication will be available.

To meet the needs of persons with vision impairments, large-print **and/or** audio versions of key program documents will be made available upon request. When visual aids are used in public meetings or presentations, or in meetings with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff, one-on-one assistance will be provided upon request.

Additional examples of alternative forms of communication are sign language interpretation; having material explained orally by staff; **having material interpreted by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff; or** having a third party representative (a friend, relative or advocate, named by the applicant) to receive, interpret and explain housing materials and be present at all meetings.

2-II.G. PHYSICAL ACCESSIBILITY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must comply with a variety of regulations pertaining to physical accessibility, including the following:

- Notice PIH 2010-26
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
- The Architectural Barriers Act of 1968
- The Fair Housing Act of 1988

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's policies concerning physical accessibility must be readily available to applicants and participants. They can be found in three key documents:

- This plan describes the key policies that govern CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM's** responsibilities with regard to physical accessibility.
- Notice PIH 2010-26 summarizes information about pertinent laws and implementing regulations related to nondiscrimination and accessibility in federally-funded housing programs.
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Plan provides information about selfevaluation, needs assessment, and transition plans.

The design, construction, or alteration of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** facilities must conform to the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS). Newly-constructed facilities must be designed to be readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. Alterations to existing facilities must be accessible to the maximum extent feasible, defined as not imposing an undue financial and administrative burden on the operations of the HCV program.

When issuing a voucher to a family that includes an individual with disabilities, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will include a current list of available accessible units known to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and will assist the family in locating an available accessible unit, if necessary.

In general, owners must permit the family to make reasonable modifications to the unit. However, the owner is not required to pay for the modification and may require that the unit be restored to its original state at the family's expense when the family moves.

2-II.H. DENIAL OR TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM's decision to deny or terminate the assistance of a family that includes a person with disabilities is subject to consideration of reasonable accommodation [24 CFR 982.552 (2)(iv)].

When applicants with disabilities are denied assistance, the notice of denial must inform them of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** informal review process and their right to request a hearing. In addition, the notice must inform applicants with disabilities of their right to request reasonable accommodations to participate in the informal hearing process.

When a participant family's assistance is terminated, the notice of termination must inform them of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** informal hearing process and their right to request a hearing and reasonable accommodation.

When reviewing reasonable accommodation requests, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must consider whether any mitigating circumstances can be verified to explain and overcome the problem that led to **CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM's** decision to deny or terminate assistance. If a reasonable accommodation will allow the family to meet the requirements, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must make the accommodation.

PART III: IMPROVING ACCESS TO SERVICES FOR PERSONS WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY (LEP)

2-III.A. OVERVIEW

Language for Limited English Proficiency Persons (LEP) can be a barrier to accessing important benefits or services, understanding and exercising important rights, complying with applicable responsibilities, or understanding other information provided by the HCV program. In certain circumstances, failure to ensure that LEP persons can effectively participate in or benefit from federally-assisted programs and activities may violate the prohibition under Title VI against discrimination on the basis of national origin. This part incorporates the Final Guidance to Federal Assistance Recipients Regarding Title VI Prohibition against National Origin Discrimination Affecting Limited English Proficient Persons, published January 22, 2007, in the *Federal Register*.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will take affirmative steps to communicate with people who need services or information in a language other than English. These persons will be referred to as Persons with Limited English Proficiency (LEP).

LEP is defined as persons who do not speak English as their primary language and who have a limited ability to read, write, speak or understand English. For the purposes of this administrative plan, LEP persons are HCV applicants and participants, and parents and family members of applicants and participants.

In order to determine the level of access needed by LEP persons, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will balance the following four factors: (1) the number or proportion of LEP persons eligible to be served or likely to be encountered by the Housing Choice Voucher program; (2) the frequency with which LEP persons come into contact with the program; (3) the nature and importance of the program, activity, or service provided by the program to people's lives; and (4) the resources available to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and costs. Balancing these four factors will ensure meaningful access by LEP persons to critical services while not imposing undue burdens on **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

2-III.B. ORAL INTERPRETATION

In a courtroom, a hearing, or situations in which health, safety, or access to important benefits and services are at stake, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will generally offer, or ensure that the family is offered through other sources, competent services free of charge to the LEP person.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will analyze the various kinds of contacts it has with the public, to assess language needs and decide what reasonable steps should be taken. "Reasonable steps" may not be reasonable where the costs imposed substantially exceed the benefits.

Where feasible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will train and hire bilingual staff to be available to act as interpreters and translators, will pool resources with other PHAs, and will standardize documents. Where feasible and possible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will encourage the use of qualified community volunteers. **Where feasible, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will enlist the aid of **Coastal Community Action, Inc. Bilingual Specialist to assist LED families in the following language: Spanish.**

Where LEP persons desire, they will be permitted to use, at their own expense, an interpreter of their own choosing, in place of or as a supplement to the free language services offered by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. The interpreter may be a family member or friend.

2-III.C. WRITTEN TRANSLATION

Translation is the replacement of a written text from one language into an equivalent written text in another language.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In order to comply with written-translation obligations, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will take the following steps:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide written translations of vital documents for each eligible LEP language group that constitutes 5 percent or 1,000 persons, whichever is less, of the population of persons eligible to be served or likely to be affected or encountered **as CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's budget allows**. Translation of other documents, if needed, can be provided orally; or

If there are fewer than 50 persons in a language group that reaches the 5 percent trigger, the PHA does not translate vital written materials, but provides written notice in the primary language of the LEP language group of the right to receive

competent oral interpretation of those written materials, free of cost.

2-III.D. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

After completing the four-factor analysis and deciding what language assistance services are appropriate, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** shall determine whether it is necessary to develop a written implementation plan to address the identified needs of the LEP populations it serves.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that it is not necessary to develop a written implementation plan, the absence of a written plan does not obviate the underlying obligation to ensure meaningful access by LEP persons to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's Housing Choice Voucher program and services.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM serves very few LEP persons and has limited resources; therefore, a written LEP plan is not required. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider alternative ways to articulate, in a reasonable manner, a plan for providing meaningful access. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will contact entities such as schools, grassroots and faith-based organizations, community groups and groups working with new immigrants to gather their input into the process.**

EXHIBIT 2-1: DEFINITION OF A PERSON WITH A DISABILITY UNDER FEDERAL CIVIL RIGHTS LAWS [24 CFR Parts 8.3 and 100.201]

A person with a disability, as defined under federal civil rights laws, is any person who:

- Has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of an individual, or
- Has a record of such impairment, or
- Is regarded as having such impairment

The phrase "physical or mental impairment" includes:

- Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic or disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs; cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genito-urinary; hemic and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; or
- Any mental or psychological disorder, such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities. The term "physical or mental impairment" includes, but is not limited to: such diseases and conditions as orthopedic, visual, speech and hearing impairments, cerebral palsy, autism, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, mental retardation, emotional illness, drug addiction and alcoholism.

"Major life activities" includes, but is not limited to, caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, breathing, learning, and/or working.

"Has a record of such impairment" means has a history of, or has been misclassified as having, a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities.

"Is regarded as having an impairment" is defined as having a physical or mental impairment that does not substantially limit one or more major life activities but is treated by a public entity (such as the PHA) as constituting such a limitation; has none of the impairments defined in this section but is treated by a public entity as having such an impairment; or has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, only as a result of the attitudes of others toward that impairment.

The definition of a person with disabilities does not include:

- Current illegal drug users
- People whose alcohol use interferes with the rights of others
- Persons who objectively pose a direct threat or substantial risk of harm to others that cannot be controlled with a reasonable accommodation under the HCV program

The above definition of disability determines whether an applicant or participant is entitled to any of the protections of federal disability civil rights laws. Thus, a person who does not meet this disability is not entitled to a reasonable accommodation under federal civil rights and fair housing laws and regulations.

The HUD definition of a person with a disability is much narrower than the civil rights definition of disability. The HUD definition of a person with a disability is used for purposes of receiving the disabled family preference, the \$400 elderly/disabled household deduction, the \$480 dependent deduction, the allowance for medical expenses, or the allowance for disability assistance expenses.

The definition of a person with a disability for purposes of granting a reasonable accommodation request is much broader than the HUD definition of disability. Many people will not qualify as a disabled person under the HCV program, yet an accommodation is needed to provide equal opportunity.

EXHIBIT 2-2: CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHERING FAIR HOUSING IN ITS HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER (HCV) FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY PROGRAM (FSS)

The following actions will be taken to ensure CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's HCV FSS affirmatively furthers fair housing for classes protected under the Fair Housing Act. Protected classes include race, color, sex, religion, creed, national or ethnic origin, age, familial status and/or disability.

- **1.** Referrals from HCV Housing Specialist must be submitted via written referral to the FSS Coordinator for consideration for participation in the HCV FSS program.
- 2. FSS Coordinator will submit to families desiring to participate in the HCV FSS program a packet to complete and return.
- **3.** The FSS Coordinator will use the packet to determine if the referral family meets the requirements (guidelines) for participation in the HCV FSS program.
- 4. Once it is determined that the family meets the requirements (guidelines) for participation in the HCV FSS program, the family will be interviewed to determine if the family will volunteer to enroll in the HCV FSS program.
- 5. Once the family has enrolled in the HCV FSS program the family will receive information regarding fair housing including a copy of "*Are You A Victim of Housing Discrimination*?" which includes a housing discrimination compliant form. The telephone numbers for the Housing Discrimination Hotline are: (800) 669-9777 (Washington, D.C.), (800) 887-8339 TTY (Washington, D.C.). Additionally, the family will receive a pamphlet "*This is the Law, Landlords and Tenants*" to provide families with basic information regarding fair housing.
- 6. The enrolled participants will receive additional information regarding information on their fair housing rights and remedies available under the federal, state and local fair housing and civil rights laws.
- 7. The FSS Coordinator will receive training from various organizations including from the local N.C. Legal Aid office to ensure the FSS Coordinator has up-to-date information regarding any changes to regulations and laws which can be given to the FSS participant families. Additionally, the FSS Coordinator will use the training received to provide individual trainings for each FSS participant family to enhance the family's awareness of their rights.

- 8. Should a participant family encounter any instances suggesting that violations of laws regarding fair housing and/or civil rights have occurred or are occurring, the FSS Coordinator will (1) provide guidance and assistance to the participant family to document and report such instances to HUD or the local N.C. Legal Aid office and (2) the FSS Coordinator will document the information provided by the participant family and report it to HUD or the local N.C. Legal Aid office.
- 9. The HCV Housing Director will ensure that the CCA HCV FSS program remains in compliance with all applicable fair housing and civil rights requirements as outlined in 24 CFR 5.105(a) as well as the Fair Housing Act; VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Title II of the American Disabilities Act; Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

CCA HCV FSS program will complete the following actions to further comply with affirmatively furthering fair housing requirements of 24 CFR Section 91.225(a)(1):

- 1. CCA's HCV FSS Coordinator will analyze and document the racial and ethnic makeup of FSS participants as well as the locations of these participants. This analysis (assessment) of the HCV FSS program will provide information in regards to who is participating in this program as well as where they are obtaining affordable housing. This information will be retained on file for a period of three years at which point it will be reviewed to determine what, if any, changes need to be made to overcome impediments to fair housing choice for those participating in the HCV FSS program for the HCV jurisdiction. Verification that the FSS participants are being selected in accordance with CCA HCV FSS administrative policies and that these policies comply with all applicable civil rights law will be done annually, conducted by the HCV Housing Director.
- 2. Should any impediments to fair housing choice be identified the impediments will be addressed through a program of education and partnership building with property owners, service providers and families to aid in resolving these impediments. The FSS Coordinator will work with the Housing Specialist, who oversees recruitment of landlords and assistance to current landlords, to provide outreach emphasizing the benefits of being a landlord of the HCV program (in an effort to lessen impediments of fair housing choice) through highlighting the dependability of the rental assistance payments and providing the pamphlet *"This is the Law Landlords and Tenants"* plus additional information regarding fair housing laws and tenant rights. This outreach will include, but is not limited to, bi-annual newsletters to current landlords to include reminder information about fair housing.
- 3. To ensure HCV FSS program participant families have knowledge regarding fair housing and civil rights laws, all CCA HCV program staff will participate in trainings in regards to fair housing, civil rights laws and/or reasonable accommodation to ensure staff can provide up-to-date, accurate information to non-active HCV program families (applicants), active HCV program and HCV FSS program participants as well as potential and current landlords.

EXHIBIT 2-3: CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHERING FAIR HOUSING IN ITS HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER (HCV) RENTAL ASSISTANCE FOR NON-ELDERLY PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (NED) PROGRAM

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCV) will identify and certify families eligible as non-elderly, disabled applicants on the HCV waiting list. Applicants, who are deemed eligible after certification will maintain their original position on the waiting list.

The following actions will be taken to ensure CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM's HCV affirmatively furthers fair housing for classes protected under the Fair Housing Act specifically for non-elderly disabled vouchers. Protected classes include race, color, sex, religion, creed, national or ethnic origin, age, familial status and/or disability.

- 1. Referrals from county agencies serving non-elderly disabled families must be submitted via written referral to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM including in the written referral that the families meet the eligibility criteria for participation in the Non-Elderly Disabled Housing Choice Voucher Program.
- 2. CCA's HCV (PHA) will determine if the referral family meets the requirements (guidelines) for participation in the Housing Choice Voucher Program.
- 3. After determination of eligibility the family will be placed on the waiting list in accordance with CCA's HCV (PHA) policy: date/time of application. The family (applicant), as well as the representative from the referring agency, will receive written notification of the family's (applicant's) status.
- 4. As vouchers for the Non-Elderly Disabled Housing Choice Voucher Program become available families (applicants) will be selected in accordance with CCA's HCV (PHA) policy: chronological date/time and any federal and/or local preferences established by CCA's HCV (PHA) for which the families (applicants) qualify.
- 5. Once the family (applicant) has been approved for assistance, the family (applicant) will attend a group briefing. During the briefing the family (applicant) will receive information on housing search as well as a copy of "Are You A Victim of Housing Discrimination?" which includes a housing discrimination compliant form. The telephone numbers for the Housing Discrimination Hotline are: (800) 669-9777 (Washington, DC), (800) 887-8339 TTY (Washington, DC). Additionally, the family (applicant) will receive a pamphlet "This is the Law, Landlords and Tenants" to provide families (applicants) with basic information regarding fair housing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will complete the following actions to further comply with affirmatively furthering fair housing requirements of 24 CFR Section 903.7(o):

1. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will analyze and document the racial and ethnic make-up of participants as well as the locations of participants. An analysis regarding the make-up of the waiting list will be conducted and documented. This analysis (assessment) of the HCV Program will provide information in regards to who is participating in the program as well as where they are obtaining affordable housing. This information will be retained on file for a period of three years at which point it will be reviewed to determine what, if any, changes need to be made to overcome impediments to fair housing choice in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM jurisdiction. Verification that applicants are being selected in accordance with CCA HCV Program administrative policies and that these policies comply with all applicable civil rights law will be done annual, conducted by the Housing Director.

- 2. Should any impediments to fair housing choice be identified the impediments will be addressed through a program of education and partnership building with property owners, service providers and families to aid in resolving these impediments. Outreach to current and potential landlords of the CCA HCV Program will emphasize the benefits of being a landlord of the program (in an effort to lessen impediments of fair housing choice) through highlighting the dependability of the rental assistance payments and providing the pamphlet "*This is the Law Landlords and Tenants*" plus additional information regarding fair housing laws and tenant rights. Active participants desiring to purchase their own home and interested in the homeownership voucher will receive information for this program.
- **3.** CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff will participate in trainings in regards to fair housing and reasonable accommodation to ensure staff can provide up-to-date, accurate information to families (applicants), active participants of the program and property owners.

Addressing Accessibility Issues for Persons with Disabilities

- 1. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will obtain and maintain a listing of organizations which provide supportive services for People with Disabilities. Provide this listing to disabled families who are limited in their fair housing choices due to accessibility issues. This listing will include a contact name, telephone number and address of each organization and will be given to applicants and active participants upon request.
- 2. CCA SECTION 8HOUSING PROGRAM) will obtain and maintain a listing of public and private funding sources to assist participants with disabilities in covering the cost of structural alterations and other accessibility features.
- 3. Any applicant who may qualify for the Non-Elderly Disabled Housing Choice Voucher will not be denied participation in the Housing Choice Voucher Program even if the applicant chooses not to participate.
- 4. The CCA HCV Program staff will provide a complete listing of housing in its jurisdiction which includes, but is not limited to, housing that is handicapped accessible to applicants and active participants. Additionally, CCA HCV Program staff will provide applicants and active participant's information on landlords that are agreeable to making modifications to their rental units to accommodate accessibility.
- 5. If an active participant selects a rental unit which rents for a higher rate, this participant may request approval of the higher rental rate under reasonable accommodations. (Applicable guidelines apply.)

Chapter 3

ELIGIBILITY

INTRODUCTION

The **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is responsible for ensuring that every individual and family admitted to the HCV program meets all program eligibility requirements. This includes any individual approved to join the family after the family has been admitted to the program. The family must provide any information needed by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to confirm eligibility and determine the level of the family's assistance.

To be eligible for the HCV program:

- The applicant family must:
 - Qualify as a family as defined by HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.
 - Have income at or below HUD-specified income limits.
 - Qualify on the basis of citizenship or the eligible immigrant status of family members.
 - Provide social security number information for family members as required.
 - Consent to CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM collection and use of family information as provided for in PHA-provided consent forms.
- The CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must determine that the current or past behavior of household members does not include activities that are prohibited by HUD or the PHA.

This chapter contains three parts:

<u>Part I: Definitions of Family and Household Members</u>. This part contains HUD and PHA definitions of family and household members and explains initial and ongoing eligibility issues related to these members.

<u>Part II: Basic Eligibility Criteria</u>. This part discusses income eligibility, and rules regarding citizenship, social security numbers, and family consent.

<u>Part III: Denial of Assistance</u>. This part covers factors related to an applicant's past or current conduct (e.g. criminal activity) that can cause the PHA to deny assistance.

PART I: DEFINITIONS OF FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

3-I.A. OVERVIEW

Some eligibility criteria and program rules vary depending upon the composition of the family requesting assistance. In addition, some requirements apply to the family as a whole and others apply to individual persons who will live in the assisted unit. This part provides information that is needed to correctly identify family and household members, and to apply HUD's eligibility rules.

3-I.B. FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD [24 CFR 982.201(c); HUD-50058 IB, p. 13; FR Notice 02/03/12]

The terms *family* and *household* have different meanings in the HCV program.

Family

To be eligible for assistance, an applicant must qualify as a family. *Family* as defined by HUD includes, but is not limited to the following, regardless actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status, a single person, who may be an elderly person, disabled person, near-elderly person, or any other single person; or a group of persons residing together. Such group includes, but is not limited to a family with or without children (a child who is temporarily away from the home because of placement in foster care is considered a member of the family), an elderly family, a near-elderly family, a disabled family, a displaced family, or the remaining member of a tenant family. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has the discretion to determine if any other group of persons qualifies as a family.

Gender Identity means actual or perceived gender characteristics.

Sexual orientation means homosexuality, heterosexuality, or bisexuality.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A family also includes two or more individuals who are not related by blood, marriage, adoption, or other operation of law but who either can demonstrate that they have lived together previously or certify that each individual's income and other resources will be available to meet the needs of the family.

Each family must identify the individuals to be included in the family at the time of application, and must update this information if the family's composition changes.

Household

Household is a broader term that includes additional people who, with CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM permission, live in an assisted unit, such as live-in aides, foster children, and foster adults.

3-I.C. FAMILY BREAKUP AND REMAINING MEMBER OF TENANT FAMILY

Family Breakup [24 CFR 982.315]

Except under the following conditions, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has discretion to determine which members of an assisted family continue to receive assistance if the family breaks up:

- If the family breakup results from an occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure that the victim retains assistance. (For documentation requirements and policies related to domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, see section 16-IX.D of this plan.)
- If a court determines the disposition of property between members of the assisted family in a divorce or separation decree, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is bound by the court's determination of which family members continue to receive assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When a family on the waiting list breaks up into two otherwise eligible families, only one of the new families may retain the original application date. Other former family members may make a new application with a new application date if the waiting list is open.

If a family breaks up into two otherwise eligible families while receiving assistance, only one of the new families will continue to be assisted.

In the absence of a judicial decision or an agreement among the original family members, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine which family will retain their placement on the waiting list or continue to receive assistance. In making its determination, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will take into consideration the following factors: (1) the interest of any minor children, including custody arrangements; (2) the interest of any ill, elderly, or disabled family members; (3) the interest of any family member who is the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including a family member who was forced to leave an assisted unit as a result of such actual or threatened abuse; (4) any possible risks to family members as a result of criminal activity; and (5) the recommendations of social service professionals; (6) which family member applied as head of household. Documentation of these factors is the responsibility of the family and will need to be received within 14 calendar days of request. If either or both of the families do not provide the documentation, they may be denied placement back on the waiting list and/or be removed from the program for failure to supply information requested by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM.**

Remaining Member of a Tenant Family [24 CFR 5.403]

The HUD definition of family includes the *remaining member of a tenant family*, which is a member of an assisted family who remains in the unit when other members of the family have left the unit. Household members such as live-in aides, foster children, and foster adults do not qualify as remaining members of a family.

If dependents are the only "remaining members of a tenant family" and there is no family member able to assume the responsibilities of the head of household, see Chapter 6, Section 6-I.B, for the policy on "Caretakers for a Child."

3-I.D. HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD [24 CFR 5.504(b)]

Head of household means the adult member of the family who is considered the head for purposes of determining income eligibility and rent. The head of household is responsible for ensuring that the family fulfills all of its responsibilities under the program, alone or in conjunction with a cohead or spouse.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family may designate any qualified family member as the head of household.

The head of household must have the legal capacity to enter into a lease under state and local law. A minor who is emancipated under state law may be designated as head of household.

3-I.E. SPOUSE, COHEAD, AND OTHER ADULT

A family may have a spouse or cohead, but not both [HUD-50058 IB, p. 13].

Spouse means the marriage partner of the head of household.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A minor who is emancipated under state law may be designated as a spouse.

A *cohead* is an individual in the household who is equally responsible with the head of household for ensuring that the family fulfills all of its responsibilities under the program, but who is not a spouse. A family can have only one cohead.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Minors who are emancipated under state law may be designated as a cohead.

Other adult means a family member, other than the head, spouse, or cohead, who is 18 years of age or older. Foster adults and live-in aides are not considered other adults.

3-I.F. DEPENDENT [24 CFR 5.603]

A *dependent* is a family member who is under 18 years of age <u>or</u> a person of any age who is a person with a disability or a full-time student, except that the following persons can never be dependents: the head of household, spouse, cohead, foster children/adults and live-in aides. Identifying each dependent in the family is important because each dependent qualifies the family for a deduction from annual income as described in Chapter 6.

Joint Custody of Dependents

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Dependents that are subject to a joint custody arrangement will be considered a member of the family, if they live with the applicant or participant family **183 or more days per year, not necessarily consecutively or 51% (percent) of the time.**

When more than one applicant or participant family is claiming the same dependents as family members, the family with primary custody at the time of the initial examination or reexamination will be able to claim the dependents. If there is a dispute about which family should claim them, the PHA will make the determination based on available documents such as court orders, or an IRS return showing which family has claimed the child for income tax purposes.

When both parents are on the Waiting List and both are trying to claim the child, the parent whose address is listed in the school records will be allowed to claim the school-age child(ren) as a dependent, as long as there are no Court documents to the contrary.

3-I.G. FULL-TIME STUDENT [24 CFR 5.603; HCV GB, p. 5-29]

A *full-time student* (FTS) is a person who is attending school or vocational training on a full-time basis. The time commitment or subject load that is needed to be full-time is defined by the educational institution.

Identifying each FTS is important because: (1) each family member that is an FTS, other than the head, spouse, or cohead, qualifies the family for a dependent deduction, and (2) the income of such an FTS is treated differently from the income of other family members.

3-I.H. ELDERLY AND NEAR-ELDERLY PERSONS, AND ELDERLY FAMILY [24 CFR 5.100 and 5.403, FR Notice 02/03/12]

Elderly Persons

An *elderly person* is a person who is at least 62 years of age.

Near-Elderly Persons

A near-elderly person is a person who is 50-61 years of age.

Elderly Family

An *elderly family* is one in which the head, spouse, cohead, or sole member is an elderly person. Identifying elderly families is important because these families qualify for special deductions from income as described in Chapter 6.

3-I.I. PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES AND DISABLED FAMILY [24 CFR 5.403, FR Notice 02/03/12]

Persons with Disabilities

Under the HCV program, special rules apply to persons with disabilities and to any family whose head, spouse, or cohead is a person with disabilities. The technical definitions of individual with handicaps and persons with disabilities are provided in Exhibit 3-1 at the end of this chapter. These definitions are used for a number of purposes including ensuring that persons with disabilities are not discriminated against based upon disability.

As discussed in Chapter 2, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must make all aspects of the HCV program accessible to persons with disabilities and consider reasonable accommodations requested based upon a person's disability.

Disabled Family

A *disabled family* is one in which the head, spouse, or cohead is a person with disabilities. Identifying disabled families is important because these families qualify for special deductions from income as described in Chapter 6.

Even though persons with drug or alcohol dependencies are considered persons with disabilities for the purpose of non-discrimination, this does not prevent CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** from denying assistance for reasons related to alcohol and drug abuse following policies found in Part III of this chapter, or from terminating assistance following the policies in Chapter 12.

3-I.J. GUESTS [24 CFR 5.100]

A guest is a person temporarily staying in the unit with the consent of a member of the household who has express or implied authority to so consent.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any adult not included on the HUD 50058 who has been in the unit more than 14 consecutive days without CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM approval, or a total of 45 days in a 12-month period, will be considered to be living in the unit as an unauthorized household member.

Absence of evidence of any other address will be considered verification the visitor is a member of the household.

Statements from neighbors and/or the landlord will be considered in making the determination. Verification/documentation received from the United States Post Office (Post Master) will be considered in making the determination.

Use of the unit address as the visitor's current residence for any purpose that is not explicitly temporary shall be construed as permanent residence.

Children who are subject to a joint custody arrangement or for whom a family has visitation privileges, that are not included as a family member because they live outside of the assisted household 183 or more days per year, not necessarily consecutively, are not subject to the time limitations of guests as described above.

A family may request an exception to this policy for valid reasons (e.g., care of a relative recovering from a medical procedure is expected to last 45 consecutive days). An exception will not be made unless the family can identify and provide documentation of the residence to which the guest will return.

The burden of proof that the individual is a visitor rests on the family. The family has 14 calendar days from the date of request by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to supply proof. In the absence of such proof, the individual will be considered an unauthorized member of the household and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate assistance since prior approval was not requested for the addition. This terminate will be considered a program violation carrying with it a five (5) year ban from re-applying for this program.

3-I.K. FOSTER CHILDREN AND FOSTER ADULTS

Foster adults are usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to live alone [24 CFR 5.609].

The term *foster child* is not specifically defined by the regulations.

Foster children and foster adults that are living with an applicant or assisted family are considered household members but not family members. The income of foster children/adults is not counted in family annual income, and foster children/adults do not qualify for a dependent deduction [24 CFR 5.603; HUD-50058 IB, p. 13].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A *foster child* is a child that is in the legal guardianship or custody of a state, county, or private adoption or foster care agency, yet is cared for by foster parents in their own homes, under some kind of short-term or long-term foster care arrangement with the custodial agency.

A foster child or foster adult may be allowed to reside in the unit if their presence would not result in a violation of HQS space standards according to 24 CFR 982.401.

Children that are temporarily absent from the home as a result of placement in foster care are discussed in Section 3-I.L.

3-I.L. ABSENT FAMILY MEMBERS

Individuals may be absent from the family, either temporarily or permanently, for a variety of reasons including educational activities, placement in foster care, employment, illness, incarceration, and court order.

Definitions of Temporarily and Permanently Absent

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Generally an individual who is or is expected to be absent from the assisted unit for 180 consecutive days or less is considered temporarily absent and continues to be considered a family member. Generally an individual who is or is expected to be absent from the assisted unit for more than 180 consecutive days is considered permanently absent and no longer a family member. Exceptions to this general policy are discussed below.

Absent Students

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When someone who has been considered a family member attends school away from home, the person will continue to be considered a family member unless information becomes available to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** indicating that the student has established a separate household or the family declares that the student has established a separate household. **OR**

The student is deemed to be a full time student who attends school away from the home and lives with the family during school recess will be considered permanently absent from the household.

Absences Due to Placement in Foster Care [24 CFR 5.403]

Children temporarily absent from the home as a result of placement in foster care are considered members of the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a child has been placed in foster care, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will verify with the appropriate agency whether and when the child is expected to be returned to the home. Unless the agency confirms that the child has been permanently removed from the home, the child will be counted as a family member. If the child is receiving other federal rent subsidy, the child will be removed for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**-assisted household until s/he is no longer receiving the other federal rent subsidy.

If the child is removed from the home permanently, the voucher size will be reduced in accordance with CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy standards and applied at the next annual or at the families time of move (whichever event occurs first).

Absent Head, Spouse, or Cohead

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

An employed head, spouse, or cohead absent from the unit more than 180 consecutive days due to employment will continue to be considered a family member unless s/he is receiving other federal rent subsidy.

Family Members Permanently Confined for Medical Reasons [HCV GB, p. 5-22]

If a family member is confined to a nursing home or hospital on a permanent basis, that person is no longer considered a family member and the income of that person is not counted [HCV GB, p. 5-22].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will request verification from a responsible medical professional and will use this determination. If the responsible medical professional cannot provide a determination, the person generally will be considered temporarily absent. The family may present evidence that the family member is confined on a permanent basis and request that the person not be considered a family member.

If the verification indicates that the family member will be permanently confined to a facility, the family member will be considered permanently absent. If the verification indicates that the family member will return in less than 120 consecutive days, the family member will not be considered permanently absent.

When an individual who has been counted as a family member is determined permanently absent, the family is eligible for the medical expense deduction only if the remaining head, spouse, or cohead qualifies as an elderly person or a person with disabilities.

Return of Permanently Absent Family Members

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must request **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval for the return of any adult family members that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined to be permanently absent. The family must notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in writing within 14 calendar days of the return of any minor that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined to be permanently absent. The individual is subject to the eligibility and screening requirements discussed elsewhere in this chapter.

3-I.M. LIVE-IN AIDE

Live-in aide means a person who resides with one or more elderly persons, or near-elderly persons, or persons with disabilities, and who: (1) is determined to be essential to the care and well-being of the persons, (2) is not obligated for the support of the persons, and (3) would not be living in the unit except to provide the necessary supportive services [24 CFR 5.403].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must approve a live-in aide if needed as a reasonable accommodation in accordance with 24 CFR 8, to make the program accessible to and usable by the family member with disabilities.

A live-in aide is a member of the household, not the family, and the income of the aide is not considered in income calculations [24 CFR 5.609(b)]. Relatives may be approved as live-in aides if they meet all of the criteria defining a live-in aide. However, a relative who serves as a live-in aide is not considered a family member and would not be considered a remaining member of a tenant family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The live-in aide, and any family members of the live-in aide, must be identified by the family and approved by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

The family's request for a live-in aide must be made in accordance with CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Request for Reasonable Accommodation policies (2.II.C). A family's request for a live-in aide must be made in writing. Written verification will be required from a reliable, knowledgeable professional, such as a doctor, social worker, or case worker, that the live-in aide is essential for the care and well-being of the elderly, near-elderly, or disabled family member. For continued approval, the family must submit a new, written request-subject to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM verification-at each annual reexamination.

In addition, the family and live-in aide will be required to submit a certification stating that the live-in aide is (1) not obligated for the support of the person(s) needing the care, and (2) would not be living in the unit except to provide the necessary supportive services.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not approve a particular person as a live-in aide, and may withdraw such approval if [24 CFR 982.316(b)]:

The person commits fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program;

The person commits drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity; or

The person currently owes rent or other amounts to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or to another PHA in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.

Within 10 business days of receiving a request for a live-in aide, including all required documentation related to the request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family of its decision in writing.

PART II: BASIC ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

3-II.A. INCOME ELIGIBILITY AND TARGETING

Income Limits

HUD is required by law to set income limits that determine the eligibility of applicants for HUD's assisted housing programs, including the housing choice voucher program. The income limits are published annually and are based on HUD estimates of median family income in a particular area or county, with adjustments for family size.

Types of Low-Income Families [24 CFR 5.603(b)]

Low-income family. A family whose annual income does not exceed 80 percent of the median income for the area, adjusted for family size.

Very low-income family. A family whose annual income does not exceed 50 percent of the median income for the area, adjusted for family size.

Extremely low-income family. A family whose annual income does not exceed 30 percent of the median income for the area, adjusted for family size.

HUD may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 30, 50, or 80 percent of the median income for an area if HUD finds that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes.

Using Income Limits for Eligibility [24 CFR 982.201]

Income limits are used for eligibility only at admission. Eligibility is established by comparing a family's annual income with HUD's published income limits. To be income-eligible, a family must be one of the following:

• A *very low-income* family

• A *low-income* family that has been "continuously assisted" under the 1937 Housing Act. A family is considered to be continuously assisted if the family is already receiving assistance under any 1937 Housing Act program at the time the family is admitted to the HCV program [24 CFR 982.4]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider a family to be continuously assisted if the family was leasing a unit under any 1937 Housing Act program at the time they were issued a voucher by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

- A low-income family that qualifies for voucher assistance as a non-purchasing household living in HOPE 1 (public housing homeownership), HOPE 2 (multifamily housing homeownership) developments, or other HUD-assisted multifamily homeownership programs covered by 24 CFR 248.173
- A low-income or moderate-income family that is displaced as a result of the prepayment of a mortgage or voluntary termination of a mortgage insurance contract on eligible low-income housing as defined in 24 CFR 248.101

HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to establish additional categories of low-income families that may be determined eligible. The additional categories must be consistent with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** plan and the consolidated plans for local governments within **CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** jurisdiction.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has not established any additional categories of eligible low-income families.

Using Income Limits for Targeting [24 CFR 982.201]

At least 75 percent of the families admitted to CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM program during CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM fiscal year must be extremely lowincome families. HUD may approve exceptions to this requirement if CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM demonstrates that it has made all required efforts, but has been unable to attract an adequate number of qualified extremely low-income families.

Families continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act and families living in eligible lowincome housing that are displaced as a result of prepayment of a mortgage or voluntary termination of a mortgage insurance contract are not subject to the 75 percent restriction.

3-II.B. CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE IMMIGRATION STATUS [24 CFR 5, Subpart E]

Housing assistance is available only to individuals who are U.S. citizens, U.S. nationals (herein referred to as citizens and nationals), noncitizens that have eligible immigration status or VAWA sekf-petitioners. At least one family member must be a citizen, national, noncitizen with eligible immigration status or a VAWA self-petitioner in order for the family to qualify for any level of assistance.

All applicant families must be notified of the requirement to submit evidence of their citizenship status when they apply. Where feasible, and in accordance with CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Limited English Proficiency Plan, the notice must be in a language that is understood by the individual if the individual is not proficient in English.

Declaration [24 CFR 5.508]

HUD requires each family member to declare whether the individual is a citizen, a national, an eligible noncitizen, or VAWA self-petitioner, except those members who elect not to contend that they have eligible immigration status. Those who elect not to contend their status are considered to be ineligible noncitizens. For citizens, nationals, eligible noncitizens and VAWA self-petitioners, the declaration must be signed personally by the head, spouse(except for VAWA self-petitioners), cohead, and any other family member 18 or older, and by a parent or guardian for minors. The family must identify in writing any family members who elect not to contend their immigration status (see Ineligible Noncitizens below). No declaration is required for live-in aides, foster children, or foster adults.

U.S. Citizens and Nationals

In general, citizens and nationals are required to submit only a signed declaration that claims their status. However, HUD regulations permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to request additional documentation of their status, such as a passport.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Family members who declare citizenship or national status will not be required to provide additional documentation **except documentation as set forth in Chapter 7** unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** receives information indicating that an individual's declaration may not be accurate.

Eligible Noncitizens and VAWA Self-Petitioners

In addition to providing a signed declaration, those declaring eligible noncitizen status or VAWA self-petitioner must sign a verification consent form and cooperate with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** efforts to verify their immigration status as described in Chapter 7. The documentation required for establishing eligible noncitizen status or VAWA self-petitioner status varies depending upon factors such as the date the person entered the U.S., the conditions under which eligible immigration status has been granted, the person's age, and the date on which the family began receiving HUD-funded assistance.

Lawful residents of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and Palau, together known as the Freely Associated States, or FAS, are eligible for housing assistance under section 141 of the Compacts of Free Association between the U.S. Government and the Governments of the FAS [Public Law 106-504].

Ineligible Noncitizens

Those noncitizens who do not wish to contend their immigration status are required to have their names listed on a noncontending family members listing, signed by the head, spouse, or cohead (regardless of citizenship status), indicating their ineligible immigration status. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not required to verify a family member's ineligible status and is not required to report an individual's unlawful presence in the U.S. to the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS).

Providing housing assistance to noncitizen students is prohibited [24 CFR 5.522]. This prohibition extends to the noncitizen spouse of a noncitizen student as well as to minor children who accompany or follow to join the noncitizen student. Such prohibition does not extend to the citizen spouse of a noncitizen student or to the children of the citizen spouse and noncitizen student. Such a family is eligible for prorated assistance as a mixed family.

Mixed Families

A family is eligible for assistance as long as at least one member is a citizen, national, or eligible noncitizen. Families that include eligible and ineligible individuals are considered *mixed families*. Such families will be given notice that their assistance will be prorated, and that they may request a hearing if they contest this determination. See Chapter 6 for a discussion of how rents are prorated, and Chapter 16 for a discussion of informal hearing procedures.

Ineligible Families [24 CFR 5.514(d), (e), and (f)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may elect to provide assistance to a family before the verification of the eligibility of the individual or one family member [24 CFR 5.512(b)]. Otherwise, no individual or family may be assisted prior to the affirmative establishment by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** that the individual or at least one family member is eligible. Verification of eligibility for this purpose occurs when the individual or family members have submitted documentation to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in accordance with program requirements [24 CFR 5.512(a)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not provide assistance to a family before the verification of at least one family member.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that an applicant family does not include any citizens, nationals, or eligible noncitizens, following the verification process, the family will be sent a written notice within 10 business days of the determination.

The notice will explain the reasons for the denial of assistance, that the family may be eligible for proration of assistance, and will advise the family of its right to request an appeal to the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS), or to request an informal hearing with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. The informal hearing with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may be requested in lieu of the USCIS appeal, or at the conclusion of the USCIS appeal process. The notice must also inform the applicant family that assistance may not be delayed until the conclusion of the USCIS appeal process, but that it may be delayed pending the completion of the informal hearing process. Informal hearing procedures are contained in Chapter 16.

Timeframe for Determination of Citizenship Status [24 CFR 5.508(g)]

For new occupants joining the assisted family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must verify status at the first interim or regular reexamination following the person's occupancy, whichever comes first.

If an individual qualifies for a time extension for the submission of required documents, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must grant such an extension for no more than 30 days [24 CFR 5.508(h)].

Each family member is required to submit evidence of eligible status only one time during continuous occupancy.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify the status of applicants at the time other eligibility factors are determined.

3-II.C. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS [24 CFR 5.216 and 5.218, Notice PIH 2012-10]

The applicant and all members of the applicant's household must disclose the complete and accurate social security number (SSN) assigned to each household member, and the documentation necessary to verify each SSN. A detailed discussion of acceptable documentation is provided in Chapter 7.

Note: These requirements do not apply to noncitizens who do not contend eligible immigration status.

In addition, each participant who has not previously disclosed an SSN, has previously disclosed an SSN that HUD or the SSA determined was invalid, or has been issued a new SSN must submit their complete and accurate SSN and the documentation required to verify the SSN at the time of the next interim or annual reexamination or recertification. Participants age 62 or older as of January 31, 2010, whose determination of eligibility was begun before January 31, 2010, are exempt from this requirement and remain exempt even if they move to a new assisted unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must deny assistance to an applicant family if they do not meet the SSN disclosure and documentation requirements contained in 24 CFR 5.216.

3-II.D. FAMILY CONSENT TO RELEASE OF INFORMATION [24 CFR 5.230; HCV GB, p. 5-13]

HUD requires each adult family member, and the head of household, spouse, or cohead, regardless of age, to sign form HUD-9886, Authorization for the Release of Information/Privacy Act Notice, and other consent forms as needed to collect information relevant to the family's eligibility and level of assistance. Chapter 7 provides detailed information concerning the consent forms and verification requirements.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must deny admission to the program if any member of the applicant family fails to sign and submit the consent forms for obtaining information in accordance with 24 CFR 5, Subparts B and F [24 CFR 982.552(b)(3)].

3-II.E. STUDENTS ENROLLED IN INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION [24 CFR 5.612, FR Notice 4/10/06]

Section 327 of Public Law 109-115 and the implementing regulation at 24 CFR 5.612 established new restrictions on the eligibility of certain students (both part- and full-time) who are enrolled in institutions of higher education.

If a student enrolled at an institution of higher education is under the age of 24, is not a veteran, is not married, does not have a dependent child, and is not a person with disabilities receiving HCV assistance as of November 30, 2005, the student's eligibility must be examined along with the income eligibility of the student's parents. In these cases, both the student and the student's parents must be income eligible for the student to receive HCV assistance. If, however, a student in these circumstances is determined independent from his/her parents in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policy, the income of the student's parents will not be considered in determining the student's eligibility.

The new law does not apply to students who reside with parents who are applying to receive HCV assistance. It is limited to students who are seeking assistance on their own, separately from their parents.

Definitions

In determining whether and how the new eligibility restrictions apply to a student, the PHA will rely on the following definitions [FR 4/10/06, p. 18148].

Dependent Child

In the context of the student eligibility restrictions, *dependent child* means a dependent child of a student enrolled in an institution of higher education. The dependent child must also meet the definition of *dependent* in 24 CFR 5.603, which states that the dependent must be a member of the assisted family, other than the head of household or spouse, who is under 18 years of age, or is a person with a disability, or is a full-time student. Foster children and foster adults are not considered dependents.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider a student "independent" from his or her parents and the parents' income will not be considered when determining the student's eligibility if the following four criteria are all met:

The individual is of legal contract age under state law.

The individual has established a household separate from his/her parents for at least one year prior to application for occupancy or the individual meets the U.S. Department of Education's definition of independent student.

To be considered an *independent student* according to the Department of Education, a student must meet one or more of the following criteria:

Be at least 24 years old by December 31 of the award year for which aid is sought

Be an orphan or a ward of the court through the age of 18

Be a veteran of the U.S. Armed Forces

Have one or more legal dependents other than a spouse (for example, dependent children or an elderly dependent parent)

Be a graduate or professional student

Be married

The individual was not claimed as a dependent by his/her parents pursuant to IRS regulations, as demonstrated on the parents' most recent tax forms.

The individual provides a certification of the amount of financial assistance that will be provided by his/her parents. This certification must be signed by the individual providing the support and must be submitted even if no assistance is being provided.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify that a student meets the above criteria in accordance with the policies in Section 7-II.E.

Institution of Higher Education

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use the statutory definition under section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 to determine whether a student is attending an *institution of higher education* (see Exhibit 3-2).

Parents

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For purposes of student eligibility restrictions, the definition of *parents* includes biological or adoptive parents, stepparents (as long as they are currently married to the biological or adoptive parent), and guardians (e.g., grandparents, aunt/uncle, godparents, etc).

Person with Disabilities

The PHA will use the statutory definition under section 3(b)(3)(E) of the 1937 Act to determine whether a student is a *person with disabilities* (see Exhibit 3-1).

Veteran

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A *veteran* is a person who served in the active military, naval, or air service and who was discharged or released from such service under conditions other than dishonorable.

Determining Student Eligibility

If a student is applying for assistance on his/her own, apart from his/her parents, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine whether the student is subject to the eligibility restrictions contained in 24 CFR 5.612. If the student is subject to those restrictions, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure that: (1) the student is individually eligible for the program, (2) either the student is independent from his/her parents or the student's parents are income eligible for the program, and (3) the "family" with which the student is applying is collectively eligible for the program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For any student who is subject to the 5.612 restrictions, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will:

Follow its usual policies in determining whether the student individually and the student's "family" collectively are eligible for the program

Determine whether the student is independent from his/her parents in accordance with the definition of *independent student* in this section

Follow the policies below, if applicable, in determining whether the student's parents are income eligible for the program

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the student, the student's parents (if applicable), or the student's "family" is not eligible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send a notice of denial in accordance with the policies in Section 3-III.F, and the applicant family will have the right to request an informal review in accordance with the policies in Section 16-III.B.

Determining Parental Income Eligibility

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For any student who is subject to the 5.612 restrictions and who does not satisfy the definition of *independent student* in this section, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine the income eligibility of the student's parents as follows:

If the student's parents are married and living together, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will obtain a joint income declaration and certification of joint income from the parents. If the student's parent is widowed or single, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will obtain an income declaration and certification of income from that parent.

If the student's parents are divorced or separated, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will obtain an income declaration and certification of income from each parent.

If the student has been living with one of his/her parents and has not had contact with or does not know where to contact his/her other parent, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require the student to submit a certification under penalty of perjury describing the circumstances and stating that the student does not receive financial assistance from the other parent. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will then obtain an income declaration and certification of income from the parent with whom the student has been living or had contact.

In determining the income eligibility of the student's parents, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the income limits for the jurisdiction in which the parents live.

PART III: DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE

3-III.A. OVERVIEW

A family that does not meet the eligibility criteria discussed in Parts I and II, must be denied assistance.

In addition, HUD requires or permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deny assistance based on certain types of current or past behaviors of family members.

Forms of Denial [24 CFR 982.552(a)(2); HCV GB, p. 5-35]

Denial of assistance includes any of the following:

- Not placing the family's name on the waiting list
- Denying or withdrawing a voucher
- Not approving a request for tenancy or refusing to enter into a HAP contract
- Refusing to process a request for or to provide assistance under portability procedures

Prohibited Reasons for Denial of Program Assistance [24 CFR 982.202(b), 24 CFR 5.2005(b)]

HUD rules prohibit denial of program assistance to the program based on any of the following criteria:

- Age, disability, race, color, religion, sex, or national origin (See Chapter 2 for additional information about fair housing and equal opportunity requirements.)
- Where a family lives prior to admission to the program
- Where the family will live with assistance under the program. Although eligibility is not affected by where the family will live, there may be restrictions on the family's ability to

move outside CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM jurisdiction under portability. (See Chapter 10.)

- Whether members of the family are unwed parents, recipients of public assistance, or children born out of wedlock
- Whether the family includes children
- Whether a family decides to participate in a family self-sufficiency program
- Whether or not a qualified applicant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking if the applicant is otherwise qualified for assistance (See section 3-III.G.)

3-III.B. MANDATORY DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE [24 CFR 982.553(a)]

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deny assistance in the following cases:

• Any member of the household has been evicted from federally-assisted housing in the last 5 years for drug-related criminal activity. HUD permits, but does not require, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to admit an otherwise-eligible family if the household member has completed a **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**-approved drug rehabilitation program or the circumstances which led to eviction no longer exist (e.g., the person involved in the criminal activity no longer lives in the household).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The PHA will admit an otherwise-eligible family who was evicted from federallyassisted housing within the past 5 years for drug-related criminal activity, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is able to verify that the household member who engaged in the criminal activity has completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program approved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, or the person who committed the crime, is no longer living in the household.

• CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that any household member is currently engaged in the use of illegal drugs.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Currently engaged in is defined as any use of illegal drugs during the previous six months.

• CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has reasonable cause to believe that any household member's current use or pattern of use of illegal drugs, or current abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol, may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In determining reasonable cause, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider all credible evidence, including but not limited to, any record of convictions, arrests, or evictions of household members related to the use of illegal drugs or the abuse of alcohol. A conviction will be given more weight than an arrest. **CCA SECTION 8**

HOUSING PROGRAM will also consider evidence from treatment providers or community-based organizations providing services to household members.

- Any household member has ever been convicted of drug-related criminal activity for the production or manufacture of methamphetamine on the premises of federally assisted housing
- Any household member is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a state sex offender registration program.
- The applicant does not meet the applicable SSN disclosure, documentation, and verification requirements as specified in 24 CFR 5.216 outlined in Chapter 7II-B.

3-III.C. OTHER PERMITTED REASONS FOR DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE

HUD permits, but does not require, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deny assistance for the reasons discussed in this section.

Criminal Activity [24 CFR 982.553]

HUD permits, but does not require, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deny assistance if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that any household member is currently engaged in, or has engaged in during a reasonable time before the family would receive assistance, certain types of criminal activity.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If any household member is currently engaged in, or has engaged in any of the following criminal activities, within the past five years, the family will be denied assistance.

Drug-related criminal activity, defined by HUD as the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, or use of a drug, or the possession of a drug with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute or use the drug [24 CFR 5.100].

Violent criminal activity, defined by HUD as any criminal activity that has as one of its elements the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force substantial enough to cause, or be reasonably likely to cause, serious bodily injury or property damage [24 CFR 5.100].

Criminal activity that may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents or persons residing in the immediate vicinity; or

Criminal activity that may threaten the health or safety of property owners and management staff, and persons performing contract administration functions or other responsibilities on behalf of the PHA (including a PHA employee or a PHA contractor, subcontractor, or agent).

Immediate vicinity means within a three-block radius of the premises.

Evidence of such criminal activity includes, but is not limited to:

Any conviction for drug-related or violent criminal activity within the past 5 years.

Any arrests for drug-related or violent criminal activity within the past 5 years.

Any record of eviction from public or privately-owned housing as a result of criminal activity within the past 5 years.

A conviction for drug-related or violent criminal activity will be given more weight than an arrest for such activity.

If any family member has any felony convictions within the past 5 years.

If any family member has a history or pattern of numerous misdemeanor judgments within the past 5 years (Defined as 1 or more of like misdemeanors judgments per calendar year).

If at any time prior to the issuance of the Voucher or during the term of the Voucher, the applicant and/or household members have pending criminal court cases or charges which could result in a conviction that violates program policy the application or active tenancy will be terminated.

If any current family member has been incarcerated (including a stay in the local County jail) for criminal activity within the past year to include but not be limited to those who have been incarcerated over CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM five year ban and has just been released MUST wait a period of one (1) year from date of release before applying for assistance to the program.

In making its decision to deny assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the factors discussed in Section 3-III.E. Upon consideration of such factors, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, on a case-by-case basis, decide not to deny assistance.

Previous Behavior in Assisted Housing [24 CFR 982.552(c)]

HUD authorizes **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deny assistance based on the family's previous behavior in assisted housing:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not deny assistance to an otherwise eligible family because the family previously failed to meet its obligations under the Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will deny assistance to an applicant family if:

If any family member violates any family obligation under the program as listed in 24 CFR 982.551.

The family does not provide information that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or HUD determines is necessary in the administration of the program.

The family does not provide complete and true information to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

Any family member has been evicted from federally-assisted housing in the last five years.

Any PHA has ever terminated assistance under the program for any member of the family.

Any family member has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program.

The family owes rent or other amounts to any PHA in connection with the HCV, Certificate, Moderate Rehabilitation or public housing programs, unless the family repays the full amount of the debt prior to being selected from the waiting list.

If the family has not reimbursed any PHA for amounts the PHA paid to an owner under a HAP contract for rent, damages to the unit, or other amounts owed by the family under the lease, unless the family repays the full amount of the debt prior to being selected from the waiting list.

The family has breached the terms of a repayment agreement entered into with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, unless the family repays the full amount of the debt covered in the repayment agreement prior to being selected from the waiting list.

A family member has engaged in or threatened violent or abusive behavior toward **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** personnel.

Abusive or violent behavior towards CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM personnel includes verbal as well as physical abuse or violence. Use of racial epithets, or other language, written or oral, that is customarily used to intimidate may be considered abusive or violent behavior.

Threatening refers to oral or written threats or physical gestures that communicate intent to abuse or commit violence.

In making its decision to deny assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the factors discussed in Section 3-III.E. Upon consideration of such factors, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, on a case-by-case basis, decide not to deny assistance.

3-III.D. SCREENING

Screening for Eligibility

PHAs are authorized to obtain criminal conviction records from law enforcement agencies to screen applicants for admission to the HCV program. This authority assists **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in complying with HUD requirements and PHA policies to deny assistance to applicants who are engaging in or have engaged in certain criminal activities. In order to obtain access to the records **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must require every applicant family to submit a consent form signed by each adult household member [24 CFR 5.903].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will perform a criminal background check for every adult household member through online BIB service utilized by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM at initial lease-up (start of application process) and for each new adult household member coming into the household.

At annual re-exams free public websites will be utilized to perform a criminal background check for every adult household member.

PHAs are required to perform criminal background checks necessary to determine whether any household member is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a state sex offender program in the state where the housing is located, as well as in any other state where a household member is known to have resided [24 CFR 982.553(a)(2)(i)].

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** proposes to deny assistance based on a criminal record or on lifetime sex offender registration information, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must notify the household of the proposed action and must provide the subject of the record and the applicant a copy of the record and an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of the information prior to a denial of admission. [24 CFR 5.903(f) and 5.905(d)].

Screening for Suitability as a Tenant [24 CFR 982.307]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has no liability or responsibility to the owner for the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may opt to conduct additional screening to determine whether an applicant is likely to be a suitable tenant.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not conduct additional screening to determine an applicant family's suitability for tenancy.

The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must inform the owner that screening and selection for tenancy is the responsibility of the owner. An owner may consider a family's history with respect to factors such as: payment of rent and utilities, caring for a unit and premises, respecting the rights of other residents to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing, criminal activity that is a threat to the health, safety or property of others, and compliance with other essential conditions of tenancy.

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to provide prospective owners with the family's current and prior address (as shown in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** records) and the name and address (if known) of the owner at the family's current and prior addresses. HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to provide owners with additional information, as long as families are notified that the information will be provided, and the same type of information is provided to all owners.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not disclose to the owner any confidential information provided in response to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** request for documentation of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking except at the written request or with the written consent of the individual providing the documentation [24 CFR 5.2007(a)(4)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will inform owners of their responsibility to screen prospective tenants, and will, upon request, provide owners with the required known name and address information, at the time of the initial HQS inspection or before. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not provide any additional information to the owner, such as tenancy history, criminal history, etc.

3-III.E. CRITERIA FOR DECIDING TO DENY ASSISTANCE

Evidence [24 CFR 982.553(c)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use the concept of the preponderance of the evidence as the standard for making all admission decisions.

Preponderance of the evidence is defined as evidence which is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it; that is, evidence which as a whole shows that the fact sought to be proved is more probable than not. Preponderance of the evidence may not be determined by the number of witnesses, but by the greater weight of all evidence.

Consideration of Circumstances [24 CFR 982.552(c)(2)]

HUD authorizes **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to consider all relevant circumstances when deciding whether to deny assistance based on a family's past history except in the situations for which denial of assistance is mandated (see Section 3-III.B).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider the following factors prior to making its decision:

The seriousness of the case, especially with respect to how it would affect other residents

The effects that denial of assistance may have on other members of the family who were not involved in the action or failure

The extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, including whether the culpable family member is a minor or a person with disabilities, or (as discussed further in section 3-III.G) a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking

The length of time since the violation occurred, the family's recent history and the likelihood of favorable conduct in the future

As evidence of the likelihood of favorable conduct in the future, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider all of the following: Evidence of employment, education, participation in a work training program, participation in a counseling program, involvement in a community group, a certificate of rehabilitation from the state, and letters of support from parole or probation, case workers, clergy, or community leaders. In the case of drug or alcohol abuse, whether the culpable household member is participating in or has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program or has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the applicant to submit evidence of the household member's current participation in or successful completion of a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program, or evidence of otherwise having been rehabilitated successfully.

Removal of a Family Member's Name from the Application [24 CFR 982.552(c)(2)(ii)]

HUD permits PHAs to impose as a condition of admission, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for an action or failure to act which results in the denial of assistance, to not reside in the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

As a condition of receiving assistance, a family may agree to remove the culpable family member from the application. In such instances, the head of household must certify that the family member will not be permitted to visit or to stay as a guest in the assisted unit other than as required or permitted by a court visitation order.

After admission to the program, the family must present evidence of the former family member's current address upon **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** request.

Reasonable Accommodation [24 CFR 982.552(c)(2)(iv)]

If the family includes a person with disabilities, **CCA'S SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** decision concerning denial of admission is subject to consideration of reasonable accommodation in accordance with 24 CFR Part 8.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the family indicates that the behavior of a family member with a disability is the reason for the proposed denial of assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether the behavior is related to the disability. If so, upon the family's request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether alternative measures are appropriate as a reasonable accommodation. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will only consider accommodations that can reasonably be expected to address the behavior that is the basis of the proposed denial of assistance. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of reasonable accommodation.

3-III.F. NOTICE OF ELIGIBILITY OR DENIAL

If the family is eligible for assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family when it extends the invitation to attend the voucher briefing appointment, as discussed in Chapter 5.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that a family is not eligible for the program for any reason, the family must be notified promptly. The notice must describe: (1) the reasons for which assistance has been denied, (2) the family's right to an informal review, and (3) the process for obtaining the informal review [24 CFR 982.554 (a)]. See Chapter 16, for informal review policies and procedures.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family will be notified of a decision to deny assistance in writing within 10 business days of the determination.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** uses a criminal record or sex offender registration information obtained under 24 CFR 5, Subpart J, as the basis of a denial, a copy of the record must precede the notice to deny, with an opportunity for the applicant to dispute the accuracy and relevance of the information before **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** can move to deny the application. In addition, a copy of the record must be provided to the subject of the record [24 CFR 5.903(f) and 5.905(d)]. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must give the family an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of that record, in the informal review process in accordance with program requirements [24 CFR 982.553(d)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If, based on a criminal record or sex offender registration information, an applicant family appears to be ineligible **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family in writing of the proposed denial and provide a copy of the record to the applicant and to the subject of the record. The family will be given 10 business days to dispute the accuracy and relevance of the information. If the family does not contact **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to dispute the information within that 10-day period, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to dispute the information within that 10-day period, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will proceed with issuing the notice of denial of admission. A family that does not exercise their right to dispute the accuracy of the information prior to issuance of the official denial letter will still be given the opportunity to do so as part of the informal review process.

Notice requirements related to denying assistance to noncitizens are contained in Section 3-II.B.

Notice policies related to denying admission to applicants who may be victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking are contained in Section 3-III.G.

3-III.G. PROHIBITION AGAINST DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE TO VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING

The Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) and the HUD regulation at 24 CFR 5.2005(b) prohibit PHAs from denying an applicant admission to the HCV program "on the basis that the applicant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, if the applicant otherwise qualifies for assistance or admission."

Definitions of key terms used in VAWA are provided in section 16-IX of this plan, where general VAWA requirements and policies pertaining to notification, documentation, and confidentiality are also located.

Notification

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM acknowledges that a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may have an unfavorable history (e.g., a poor credit history, a record of previous damage to an apartment, a prior arrest record) that would warrant denial under CCA's SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies. Therefore, if CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM makes a determination to deny assistance to an applicant family, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will include in its notice of denial the VAWA information described in section 16-IX.C of this plan and will request that an applicant wishing to claim protection under VAWA notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM within 10 business days.

Documentation

Victim Documentation [24 CFR 5.2007]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If an applicant claims the protection against denial of assistance that VAWA provides to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request in writing that the applicant provide documentation supporting the claim in accordance with section 16-IX.D of this plan.

Perpetrator Documentation

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the perpetrator of the abuse is a member of the applicant family, the applicant must provide additional documentation consisting of one of the following:

A signed statement (1) requesting that the perpetrator be removed from the application and (2) certifying that the perpetrator will not be permitted to visit or to stay as a guest in the assisted unit

Documentation that the perpetrator has successfully completed, or is successfully undergoing, rehabilitation or treatment. The documentation must be signed by an employee or agent of a domestic violence service provider or by a medical or other knowledgeable professional from whom the perpetrator has sought or is receiving assistance in addressing the abuse. The signer must attest under penalty of perjury to his or her belief that the rehabilitation was successfully completed or is progressing successfully. The victim and perpetrator must also sign or attest to the documentation.

EXHIBIT 3-1: DETAILED DEFINITIONS RELATED TO DISABILITIES

Person with Disabilities [24 CFR 5.403]

The term *person with disabilities* means a person who has any of the following types of conditions:

• Has a disability, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 423(d)(1)(A), which reads:

Inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months; *or*

In the case of an individual who has attained the age of 55 and is blind (within the meaning of "blindness" as defined in section 416(i)(1) of this title), inability by reason of such blindness to engage in substantial gainful activity, requiring skills or ability comparable to those of any gainful activity in which he has previously engaged with some regularity and over a substantial period of time.

• Has a developmental disability as defined in the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 [42 U.S.C.15002(8)], which defines developmental disability in functional terms as follows:

(A) In General

The term "developmental disability" means a severe, chronic disability of an individual that:

- (i) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical impairments;
- (ii) is manifested before the individual attains age 22;
- (iii) is likely to continue indefinitely;
- (iv) results in substantial functional limitations in 3 or more of the following areas of major life activity: (I) Self-care, (II) Receptive and expressive language, (III) Learning, (IV) Mobility, (V) Self-direction, (VI) Capacity for independent living, (VII) Economic self-sufficiency; and
- (v) reflects the individual's need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic services, individualized supports, or other forms of assistance that are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

(B) Infants and Young Children

An individual from birth to age 9, inclusive, who has a substantial developmental delay or specific congenital or acquired condition, may be considered to have a developmental disability without meeting 3 or more of the criteria described in clauses (i) through (v) of subparagraph (A) if the individual, without services and supports, has a high probability of meeting those criteria later in life.

• Has a physical, mental, or emotional impairment that is expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration; substantially impedes his or her ability to live independently, and is of such a nature that the ability to live independently could be improved by more suitable housing conditions.

People with the acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) or any conditions arising from the etiologic agent for AIDS are not excluded from this definition.

A person whose disability is based solely on any drug or alcohol dependence does not qualify as a person with disabilities for the purposes of this program.

For purposes of reasonable accommodation and program accessibility for persons with disabilities, the term person with disabilities refers to an individual with handicaps.

Individual with Handicaps [24 CFR 8.3]

Individual with handicaps means any person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; has a record of such an impairment; or is regarded as having such an impairment. The term does not include any individual who is an alcoholic or drug abuser whose current use of alcohol or drugs prevents the individual from participating in the program or activity in question, or whose participation, by reason of such current alcohol or drug abuse, would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others. As used in this definition, the phrase:

(1) Physical or mental impairment includes:

- (a) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs; cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genito-urinary; hemic and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; or
- (b) Any mental or psychological disorder, such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities. The term physical or mental impairment includes, but is not limited to, such diseases and conditions as orthopedic, visual, speech and hearing impairments, cerebral palsy, autism, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, mental retardation, emotional illness, drug addiction and alcoholism.
- (2) *Major life activities* means functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working.
- (3) Has a record of such an impairment means has a history of, or has been misclassified as having, a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities.

- (4) Is regarded as having an impairment means:
 - (a) Has a physical or mental impairment that does not substantially limit one or more major life activities but that is treated by a recipient as constituting such a limitation;
 - (b) Has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities only as a result of the attitudes of others toward such impairment; or
 - (c) Has none of the impairments defined in paragraph (1) of this section but is treated by a recipient as having such an impairment.

EXHIBIT 3-2: DEFINITION OF INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION [20 U.S.C. 1001 and 1002]

Eligibility of Students for Assisted Housing Under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937; Supplementary Guidance; Notice [Federal Register, April 10, 2006]

Institution of Higher Education shall have the meaning given this term in the Higher Education Act of 1965 in 20 U.S.C. 1001 and 1002.

Definition of "Institution of Higher Education" From 20 U.S.C. 1001

- (a) Institution of higher education. For purposes of this chapter, other than subchapter IV and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of Title 42, the term "institution of higher education" means an educational institution in any State that
 - (1) Admits as regular students only persons having a certificate of graduation from a school providing secondary education, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate;
 - (2) Is legally authorized within such State to provide a program of education beyond secondary education;
 - (3) Provides an educational program for which the institution awards a bachelor's degree or provides not less than a 2-year program that is acceptable for full credit toward such a degree;
 - (4) Is a public or other nonprofit institution; and
 - (5) Is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association, or if not so accredited, is an institution that has been granted preaccreditation status by such an agency or association that has been recognized by the Secretary for the granting of preaccreditation status, and the Secretary has determined that there is satisfactory assurance that the institution will meet the accreditation standards of such an agency or association within a reasonable time.
- (b) Additional institutions included. For purposes of this chapter, other than subchapter IV and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of Title 42, the term "institution of higher education" also includes—
 - (1) Any school that provides not less than a 1-year program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation and that meets the provision of paragraphs (1), (2), (4), and (5) of subsection (a) of this section; and
 - (2) A public or nonprofit private educational institution in any State that, in lieu of the requirement in subsection (a)(1) of this section, admits as regular students persons who

are beyond the age of compulsory school attendance in the State in which the institution is located.

(c) List of accrediting agencies. For purposes of this section and section 1002 of this title, the Secretary shall publish a list of nationally recognized accrediting agencies or associations that the Secretary determines, pursuant to subpart 2 of part G of subchapter IV of this chapter, to be reliable authority as to the quality of the education or training offered.

Definition of "Institution of Higher Education" From 20 U.S.C. 1002

- (a) Definition of institution of higher education for purposes of student assistance programs
 - (1) Inclusion of additional institutions. Subject to paragraphs (2) through (4) of this subsection, the term "institution of higher education" for purposes of subchapter IV of this chapter and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of title 42 includes, in addition to the institutions covered by the definition in section 1001 of this title—
 - (A) A proprietary institution of higher education (as defined in subsection (b) of this section);
 - (B) A postsecondary vocational institution (as defined in subsection (c) of this section); and
 - (C) Only for the purposes of part B of subchapter IV of this chapter, an institution outside the United States that is comparable to an institution of higher education as defined in section 1001 of this title and that has been approved by the Secretary for the purpose of part B of subchapter IV of this chapter.
 - (2) Institutions outside the United States
 - (A) In general. For the purpose of qualifying as an institution under paragraph (1)(C), the Secretary shall establish criteria by regulation for the approval of institutions outside the United States and for the determination that such institutions are comparable to an institution of higher education as defined in section 1001 of this title (except that a graduate medical school, or a veterinary school, located outside the United States shall not be required to meet the requirements of section 1001 (a)(4) of this title). Such criteria shall include a requirement that a student attending such school outside the United States is ineligible for loans made, insured, or guaranteed under part B of subchapter IV of this chapter unless—
 - (i) In the case of a graduate medical school located outside the United States-
 - (I)(aa) At least 60 percent of those enrolled in, and at least 60 percent of the graduates of, the graduate medical school outside the United States were not persons described in section 1091(a)(5) of this title in the year preceding the year for which a student is seeking a loan under part B of subchapter IV of this chapter; and
 - (bb) At least 60 percent of the individuals who were students or graduates of the graduate medical school outside the United States or Canada (both nationals of the United States and others) taking the examinations administered by the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates received a passing

score in the year preceding the year for which a student is seeking a loan under part B of subchapter IV of this chapter; or

- (II) The institution has a clinical training program that was approved by a State as of January 1, 1992; or
- (ii) In the case of a veterinary school located outside the United States that does not meet the requirements of section 1001(a)(4) of this title, the institution's students complete their clinical training at an approved veterinary school located in the United States.
- (B) Advisory panel
 - (i) In general. For the purpose of qualifying as an institution under paragraph (1)(C) of this subsection, the Secretary shall establish an advisory panel of medical experts that shall—
 - (I) Evaluate the standards of accreditation applied to applicant foreign medical schools; and
 - (II) Determine the comparability of those standards to standards for accreditation applied to United States medical schools.
 - (ii) Special rule if the accreditation standards described in clause (i) are determined not to be comparable, the foreign medical school shall be required to meet the requirements of section 1001 of this title.
- (C) Failure to release information. The failure of an institution outside the United States to provide, release, or authorize release to the Secretary of such information as may be required by subparagraph (A) shall render such institution ineligible for the purpose of part B of subchapter IV of this chapter.
- (D) Special rule. If, pursuant to this paragraph, an institution loses eligibility to participate in the programs under subchapter IV of this chapter and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of title 42, then a student enrolled at such institution may, notwithstanding such loss of eligibility, continue to be eligible to receive a loan under part B while attending such institution for the academic year succeeding the academic year in which such loss of eligibility occurred.
- (3) Limitations based on course of study or enrollment. An institution shall not be considered to meet the definition of an institution of higher education in paragraph (1) if such institution—
 - (A) Offers more than 50 percent of such institution's courses by correspondence, unless the institution is an institution that meets the definition in section 2471 (4)(C) of this title;
 - (B) Enrolls 50 percent or more of the institution's students in correspondence courses, unless the institution is an institution that meets the definition in such section, except that the Secretary, at the request of such institution, may waive the applicability of this subparagraph to such institution for good cause, as determined by the Secretary in the case of an institution of higher education that provides a 2-or 4-year program of

instruction (or both) for which the institution awards an associate or baccalaureate degree, respectively;

- (C) Has a student enrollment in which more than 25 percent of the students are incarcerated, except that the Secretary may waive the limitation contained in this subparagraph for a nonprofit institution that provides a 2-or 4-year program of instruction (or both) for which the institution awards a bachelor's degree, or an associate's degree or a postsecondary diploma, respectively; or
- (D) Has a student enrollment in which more than 50 percent of the students do not have a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent, and does not provide a 2-or 4-year program of instruction (or both) for which the institution awards a bachelor's degree or an associate's degree, respectively, except that the Secretary may waive the limitation contained in this subparagraph if a nonprofit institution demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the institution exceeds such limitation because the institution serves, through contracts with Federal, State, or local government agencies, significant numbers of students who do not have a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent.
- (4) Limitations based on management. An institution shall not be considered to meet the definition of an institution of higher education in paragraph (1) if—
 - (A) The institution, or an affiliate of the institution that has the power, by contract or ownership interest, to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of the institution, has filed for bankruptcy, except that this paragraph shall not apply to a nonprofit institution, the primary function of which is to provide health care educational services (or an affiliate of such an institution that has the power, by contract or ownership interest, to direct or cause the direction of the institution's management or policies) that files for bankruptcy under chapter 11 of title 11 between July 1, 1998, and December 1, 1998; or
 - (B) The institution, the institution's owner, or the institution's chief executive officer has been convicted of, or has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, a crime involving the acquisition, use, or expenditure of funds under subchapter IV of this chapter and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of title 42, or has been judicially determined to have committed fraud involving funds under subchapter IV of this chapter and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of title 42.
- (5) Certification. The Secretary shall certify an institution's qualification as an institution of higher education in accordance with the requirements of subpart 3 of part G of subchapter IV of this chapter.
- (6) Loss of eligibility. An institution of higher education shall not be considered to meet the definition of an institution of higher education in paragraph (1) if such institution is removed from eligibility for funds under subchapter IV of this chapter and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of title 42 as a result of an action pursuant to part G of subchapter IV of this chapter.

- (b) Proprietary institution of higher education
 - (1) Principal criteria. For the purpose of this section, the term "proprietary institution of higher education" means a school that—
 - (A) Provides an eligible program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation;
 - (B) Meets the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 1001 (a) of this title;
 - (C) Does not meet the requirement of paragraph (4) of section 1001 (a) of this title;
 - (D) Is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association recognized by the Secretary pursuant to part G of subchapter IV of this chapter;
 - (E) Has been in existence for at least 2 years; and
 - (F) Has at least 10 percent of the school's revenues from sources that are not derived from funds provided under subchapter IV of this chapter and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of title 42, as determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
 - (2) Additional institutions. The term "proprietary institution of higher education" also includes a proprietary educational institution in any State that, in lieu of the requirement in paragraph (1) of section 1001 (a) of this title, admits as regular students persons who are beyond the age of compulsory school attendance in the State in which the institution is located.
- (c) Postsecondary vocational institution.
 - (1) Principal criteria. For the purpose of this section, the term "postsecondary vocational institution" means a school that—
 - (A) Provides an eligible program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation;
 - (B) Meets the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), (4), and (5) of section 1001 (a) of this title; and
 - (C) Has been in existence for at least 2 years.
 - (2) Additional institutions. The term "postsecondary vocational institution" also includes an educational institution in any State that, in lieu of the requirement in paragraph (1) of section 1001 (a) of this title, admits as regular students persons who are beyond the age of compulsory school attendance in the State in which the institution is located.

Chapter 4

APPLICATIONS, WAITING LIST AND TENANT SELECTION

INTRODUCTION

When a family wishes to receive Section 8 HCV assistance, the family must submit an application that provides **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** with the information needed to determine the family's eligibility. HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to place all families that apply for assistance on a waiting list. When HCV assistance becomes available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must select families from the waiting list in accordance with HUD requirements and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies as stated in the administrative plan and the annual plan.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to adopt a clear approach to accepting applications, placing families on the waiting list, selecting families from the waiting list and must follow this approach consistently. The actual order in which families are selected from the waiting list can be affected if a family has certain characteristics designated by HUD or **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to receive preferential treatment. Funding earmarked exclusively for families with particular characteristics may also alter the order in which families are served.

HUD regulations require that all families have an equal opportunity to apply for and receive housing assistance, and that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** affirmatively further fair housing goals in the administration of the program [24 CFR 982.53, HCV GB p. 4-1]. Adherence to the selection policies described in this chapter ensures that the PHA will be in compliance with all relevant fair housing requirements, as described in Chapter 2.

This chapter describes HUD and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies for taking applications, managing the waiting list and selecting families for HCV assistance. The policies outlined in this chapter are organized into three sections, as follows:

<u>Part I: The Application Process</u>. This part provides an overview of the application process, and discusses how applicants can obtain and submit applications. It also specifies how **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will handle the applications it receives.

Part II: Managing the Waiting List. This part presents the policies that govern how the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S waiting list is structured, when it is opened and closed, and how the public is notified of the opportunity to apply for assistance. It also discusses the process CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use to keep the waiting list current.

<u>Part III: Selection for HCV Assistance</u>. This part describes the policies that guide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in selecting families for HCV assistance as such assistance becomes available. It also specifies how in-person interviews will be used to ensure that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has the information needed to make a final eligibility determination.

PART I: THE APPLICATION PROCESS

4-I.A. OVERVIEW

This part describes the policies that guide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** efforts to distribute and accept applications, and to make preliminary determinations of applicant family eligibility that affect placement of the family on the waiting list. This part also describes the PHA's obligation to ensure the accessibility of the application process to elderly persons, people with disabilities, and people with limited English proficiency (LEP).

4-I.B. APPLYING FOR ASSISTANCE [HCV GB, pp. 4-11 – 4-16, Notice PIH 2009-36]

Any family that wishes to receive HCV assistance must apply for admission to the program. HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to determine the format and content of HCV applications, as well how such applications will be made available to interested families and how applications will be accepted by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must include Form HUD-92006, Supplement to Application for Federally Assisted Housing, as part of the PHA's application.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may use a one- or two-step application process. In a one-step process, the family must provide all of the information necessary to establish family eligibility and level of assistance at application. A one-step process may be used for categories of applicants for which the waiting list is always open, and when it is expected that a family will be selected from the waiting list within 60 days of the date of application.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will, typically, use a two-step application process. This process is used when it is expected that a family will not be selected from the waiting list for at least 60 days from the date of application. Under the two-step application process, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** initially will require families to provide only the information needed to make an initial assessment of the family's eligibility, and to determine the family's placement on the waiting list. The family will be required to provide all of the information necessary to establish family eligibility and level of assistance when the family is selected from the waiting list.

Families may obtain application forms from **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** office during normal business hours. Families may also request – by telephone or by mail – that a form be sent to the family via first class mail. Families may obtain a form via **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** website (www.coastalcommunityaction.com)

Completed applications must be returned to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** by mail, by fax, email to Housing Director or Housing Specialist or submitted in person during normal business hours. Applications must be complete in order to be accepted by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** for processing. If an application is incomplete, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family of the additional information required.

4-I.C. ACCESSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATION PROCESS

Elderly and Disabled Populations [24 CFR 8 and HCV GB, pp. 4-11 – 4-13]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must take a variety of steps to ensure that the application process is accessible to those people who might have difficulty complying with the normal, standard **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** application process. This could include people with disabilities, certain elderly individuals, as well as persons with limited English proficiency (LEP). **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must provide reasonable accommodation to the needs of individuals with disabilities. The application-taking facility and the application process must be fully accessible, or **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must provide an alternate approach that provides full access to the application process. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**'s policies related to providing reasonable accommodations for people with disabilities.

Limited English Proficiency

PHAs are required to take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to their programs and activities by persons with limited English proficiency [24 CFR 1]. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion on **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** policies related to ensuring access to people with limited English proficiency (LEP).

4-I.D. PLACEMENT ON THE WAITING LIST

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must review each complete application received and make a preliminary assessment of the family's eligibility. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must accept applications from families for whom the list is open unless there is good cause for not accepting the application (such as denial of assistance) for the grounds stated in the regulations [24 CFR 982.206(b)(2)]. Where the family is determined to be ineligible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must notify the family in writing [24 CFR 982.201(f)]. Where the family is not determined to be ineligible, the family will be placed on a waiting list of applicants.

No applicant has a right or entitlement to be listed on the waiting list, or to any particular position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.202(c)].

Ineligible for Placement on the Waiting List

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** can determine from the information provided that a family is ineligible, the family will not be placed on the waiting list. Where a family is determined to be ineligible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send written notification of the ineligibility determination within 10 business days of receiving a complete application. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility, and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review and explain the process for doing so (see Chapter 16).

Eligible for Placement on the Waiting List

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

An applicant who has completed a preliminary application and meets preliminary eligibility will be placed on the wait list in accordance to policy (See 4-II.B).

Placement on the waiting list does not indicate that the family is, in fact, eligible for assistance. A final determination of eligibility will be made when the family is selected from the waiting list.

Applicants will be placed on the waiting list according to any preference(s) for which they qualify, and the date and time their complete application is received by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

PART II: MANAGING THE WAITING LIST

4-II.A. OVERVIEW

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must have policies regarding various aspects of organizing and managing the waiting list of applicant families. This includes opening the list to new applicants, closing the list to new applicants, notifying the public of waiting list openings and closings, updating waiting list information, purging the list of families that are no longer interested in or eligible for assistance, as well as conducting outreach to ensure a sufficient number of applicants.

In addition, HUD imposes requirements on how a PHA may structure its waiting list and how families must be treated if they apply for assistance from a PHA that administers more than one assisted housing program.

4-II.B. ORGANIZATION OF THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204 and 205]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S HCV waiting list must be organized in such a manner to allow **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to accurately identify and select families for assistance in the proper order, according to the admissions policies described in this plan.

The waiting list must contain the following information for each applicant listed:

- Applicant name;
- Family unit size;
- Date and time of application;
- Qualification for any local preference;
- Racial or ethnic designation of the head of household.

HUD requires PHAs to maintain a single waiting list for the HCV program unless it serves more than one county or municipality. Such PHAs are permitted, but not required, to maintain a separate waiting list for each county or municipality served.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will maintain a single waiting list for the Section 8 HCV program because it does not serve more than one county.

HUD directs that a family that applies for assistance from the HCV program must be offered the opportunity to be placed on the waiting list for any public housing, project-based voucher or

moderate rehabilitation program **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** operates if 1) the other programs' waiting lists are open, and 2) the family is qualified for the other programs.

HUD permits, but does not require, that PHAs maintain a single merged waiting list for their public housing, Section 8, and other subsidized housing programs.

A family's decision to apply for, receive, or refuse other housing assistance must not affect the family's placement on the HCV waiting list, or any preferences for which the family may qualify.

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u> CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM only has one program no lists to merge.

4-II.C. OPENING AND CLOSING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.206]

Closing the Waiting List

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is permitted to close the waiting list if it has an adequate pool of families to use its available HCV assistance. Alternatively, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may elect to continue to accept applications only from certain categories of families that meet particular preferences or funding criteria.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICYCCA SECTION 8 HOUSING

PROGRAM will close the waiting list when the estimated waiting period for housing assistance for applicants on the list reaches **60** months for the most current applicants. Where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has particular preferences or funding criteria that require a specific category of family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may elect to continue to accept applications from these applicants while closing the waiting list to others.

Reopening the Waiting List

If the waiting list has been closed, it cannot be reopened until **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** publishes a notice in local newspapers of general circulation, minority media, and other suitable media outlets. The notice must comply with HUD fair housing requirements and must specify who may apply, and where and when applications will be received.

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will announce the reopening of the waiting list at least 10 business days prior to the date applications will first be accepted. If the list is only being reopened for certain categories of families, this information will be contained in the notice.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will give public notice by publishing the relevant information in suitable media outlets including, but not limited to:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUISNG PROGRAM website, www.coastalcommunityaction.org;

Carteret News Times;

Through public notices and advertisements in the Local and Public Notice sections of various newspapers that service its jurisdiction;

In applicable, appropriate foreign language publications; By sending notices to:

Community service providers in service area; Housing authorities in service area; and Federal elected officials from service area Local radio stations (Ex. 96.3/103.3); On recorded voice mailbox; and

In lobby of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S Admin office

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will attempt to coordinate with a representative selection of social agencies that serve disable, elderly and Limited English Proficiency populations in order to ensure equal access for these populations. Through these agencies, applicants will be able to access translation services, assistance with completion of their application and other specialized services.

4-II.D. FAMILY OUTREACH [HCV GB, pp. 4-2 to 4-4]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must conduct outreach as necessary to ensure that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has a sufficient number of applicants on the waiting list to use the HCV resources it has been allotted.

Because HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to serve a specified percentage of extremely low income families (see Chapter 4, Part III), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may need to conduct special outreach to ensure that an adequate number of such families apply for assistance [HCV GB, p. 4-20 to 4-21].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM outreach efforts must comply with fair housing requirements. This includes:

- Analyzing the housing market area and the populations currently being served to identify underserved populations
- Ensuring that outreach efforts are targeted to media outlets that reach eligible populations that are underrepresented in the program
- Avoiding outreach efforts that prefer or exclude people who are members of a protected class

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM outreach efforts must be designed to inform qualified families about the availability of assistance under the program. These efforts may include, as needed, any of the following activities:

- Submitting press releases to local newspapers, including minority newspapers
- Developing informational materials and flyers to distribute to other agencies
- Providing application forms to other public and private agencies that serve the low income population
- Developing partnerships with other organizations that serve similar populations, including agencies that provide services for persons with disabilities

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will monitor the characteristics of the population being served and the characteristics of the population as a whole in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction. Targeted outreach efforts will be undertaken if a comparison suggests that certain populations are being underserved.

4-II.E. REPORTING CHANGES IN FAMILY CIRCUMSTANCES

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u>While the family is on the waiting list, the family must immediately inform CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM of changes in contact information, including current residence, mailing address, and phone number. The changes must be submitted in writing. Failure to provide updated information may result in the family's removal from the waiting list.

4-II.F. UPDATING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204]

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to establish policies to use when removing applicant names from the waiting list.

Purging the Waiting List

The decision to withdraw an applicant family that includes a person with disabilities from the waiting list is subject to reasonable accommodation. If the applicant did not respond **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** request for information or updates because of the family member's disability, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must reinstate the applicant family to their former position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(c)(2)].

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u> The waiting list will be updated annually to ensure that all applicants and applicant information is current and timely.

To update the waiting list, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send an update request via first class mail to each family on the waiting list to determine whether the family continues to be interested in, and to qualify for, the program. This update request will be sent to the last address that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has on record for the family. The update request will provide a deadline by which the family must respond and will state that failure to respond will result in the applicant's name being removed from the waiting list. **If the applicant has submitted an update to his/her application within the previous six months CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may, or may not, send an update request as the applicant's information is current.**

The family's response must be in writing and may be delivered in person, by mail, by email or by fax. Responses should be postmarked or received by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM not later than 15 business days from the date of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM letter.

If the family fails to respond within 15 business days, the family will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.

If the notice is returned by the post office with no forwarding address, the applicant will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.

If the notice is returned by the post office with a forwarding address, the notice will be resent to the address indicated. The family will have 15 business days to respond from the date the letter was re-sent.

If a family is removed from the waiting list for failure to respond, the Housing Director may reinstate the family if s/he determines the lack of response was due to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** error, or to circumstances beyond the family's control.

Removal from the Waiting List

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If at any time an applicant family is on the waiting list, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the family is not eligible for assistance (see Chapter 3), the family will be removed from the waiting list.

If a family is removed from the waiting list because **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined the family is not eligible for assistance, a notice will be sent to the family's address of record as well as to any alternate address provided on the initial application. The notice will state the reasons the family was removed from the waiting list and will inform the family how to request an informal review regarding **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** decision (see Chapter 16) [24 CFR 982.201(f)].

PART III: SELECTION FOR HCV ASSISTANCE

4-III.A. OVERVIEW

As vouchers become available, families on the waiting list must be selected for assistance in accordance with the policies described in this part.

The order in which families receive assistance from the waiting list depends on the selection method chosen by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and is impacted in part by any selection preferences that the family qualifies for. The source of HCV funding also may affect the order in which families are selected from the waiting list.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must maintain a clear record of all information required to verify that the family is selected from the waiting list according to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** selection policies [24 CFR 982.204(b) and 982.207(e)].

4-III.B. SELECTION AND HCV FUNDING SOURCES

Special Admissions [24 CFR 982.203]

HUD may award funding for specifically-named families living in specified types of units (e.g., a family that is displaced by demolition of public housing; a non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 or 2 projects). In these cases, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may admit families that are not on the waiting list, or without considering the family's position on the waiting list. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must maintain records showing that such families were admitted with special program funding.

Targeted Funding [24 CFR 982.204(e)]

HUD may award **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** funding for a specified category of families on the waiting list. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must use this funding only to assist the families within the specified category. Within this category of families, the order in which such families are assisted is determined according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u> CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM administers the following types of targeted funding:

50 Non-Elderly Disabled Family (NED)

Regular HCV Funding

Regular HCV funding may be used to assist any eligible family on the waiting list. Families are selected from the waiting list according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

4-III.C. SELECTION METHOD

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must describe the method for selecting applicant families from the waiting list, including the system of admission preferences that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use [24 CFR 982.202(d)].

Local Preferences [24 CFR 982.207; HCV p. 4-16]

PHAs are permitted to establish local preferences, and to give priority to serving families that meet those criteria. HUD specifically authorizes and places restrictions on certain types of local preferences. HUD also permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to establish other local preferences, at its discretion. Any local preferences established must be consistent with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** plan and the consolidated plan, and must be based on local housing needs and priorities that can be documented by generally accepted data sources.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM uses the following local preference system:

Date and time of receipt of a completed application.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will offer a preference to any family that has been terminated from its HCV program due to insufficient program funding.

If all 50 NED vouchers are not fully utilized, the next eligible applicant who meets the criteria as NED will be offered a preference prior to the following preferences, if all 50 NED vouchers are fully utilized the applicant will be placed on the preference this in accordance to the following preferences:

- 1. Homeless preference: (This preference is extended to Violence Against Women Act VAWA)) Homeless or VAWA Families (As defined by Notice: PIH 2006-42 Sec. 5):
 - a. Lack a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence; or
 - b. Have a primary nighttime residence that is a supervised public or private shelter providing temporary accommodations (including welfare hotels, congregate shelters and transitional housing), or an institution providing

temporary residence for individuals intended to be institutionalized, or a public or private place not ordinarily used as a sleeping accommodation for human beings, and

- c. Lack the resources and support networks needed to obtain housing.
- d. Homeless families may maintain their place on the waiting list while completing a transitional housing program.

Families who are residing with friends or relatives on a temporary basis will not be included in the homeless definition.

Includes individuals and families who have been displaced by natural disasters (includes: hurricanes, tornadoes, floods) if they resided in a federally declared disaster or emergency area (victim of fire) and their residence became uninhabitable because of that disaster. Preference is valid for 3 months after the effective date of the disaster declaration.

Includes individuals and families who currently reside in a public housing property in Carteret County and that property is being disposed of or demolished. Preference is valid for 3 months after the date that the property is to be vacated.

- 2. Working preference. Families with at least one adult who has been employed an average of at least 20 hours per week for at least 90 of the last 120 days at the time of selection from the waiting list. Exceptions to these times frames may be made for applicants who have been laid off or had their hours reduced because of seasonal inactivity. Documentation of seasonal employment and the employers' intent to rehire or increase hours is required.
 - a. This preference is automatically extended to elderly families (62 or older) or families whose head or spouse is unable to work because of a disability.
 - b. This preference is also extended to families where all adults are currently unemployed due to temporary illness or pregnancy, but who had met the employment requirements prior to their present condition. Certification from a medical professional will be required. Preference is valid for 30 days after the date that the individual is released to return to work.
 - c. This preference is also extended to families whose sole employable adult member is unable to work because he/she is required to care for seriously disabled family member for whom there are no other care options. Certification from a medical professional will be required.
- 3. All others

Single applications will be treated as any other eligible family on the waiting list and be placed on the waiting list in accordance to whichever local preference the applicant may qualify for.

Income Targeting Requirement [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)]

HUD requires that extremely low-income (ELI) families make up at least 75% of the families admitted to the HCV program during **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** fiscal year. ELI families are those with annual incomes at or below 30% of the area median income. To

ensure this requirement is met, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may skip non-ELI families on the waiting list in order to select an ELI family.

Low income families admitted to the program that are "continuously assisted" under the 1937 Housing Act [24 CFR 982.4(b)], as well as low-income or moderate-income families admitted to the program that are displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing, are not counted for income targeting purposes [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(v)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will monitor progress in meeting the ELI requirement throughout the fiscal year. Extremely low-income families will be selected ahead of other eligible families on an as-needed basis to ensure the income targeting requirement is met.

Order of Selection

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM system of preferences may select families either according to the date and time of application, or by a random selection process [24 CFR 982.207(c)]. When selecting families from the waiting list PHAs are required to use targeted funding to assist only those families who meet the specified criteria, and PHAs are not permitted to skip down the waiting list to a family that it can afford to subsidize when there are not sufficient funds to subsidize the family at the top of the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(d) and (e)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families will be selected from the waiting list based on the targeted funding or selection preference(s) for which they qualify, and in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** hierarchy of preferences, if applicable. Within each targeted funding or preference category, families will be selected on a first-come, first-served basis according to the date and time their complete application is received by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. Documentation will be maintained by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** as to whether families on the list qualify for and are interested in targeted funding. If a higher placed family on the waiting list is not qualified or not interested in targeted funding, there will be a notation maintained so that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** does not have to ask higher placed families each time targeted selections are made.

4-III.D. NOTIFICATION OF SELECTION

When a family has been selected from the waiting list, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must notify the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the family **via telephone to verify if the applicant is:**

- Still interested in obtaining services
- Has preference listed on application
- Meets income qualifications

If unable to notify family via telephone, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will send notification by first class mail. The notice will inform the family of the following:

Time frame to contact office to schedule application interview, including any procedures for rescheduling the interview

Who is required to attend the interview

Documents that must be provided at the interview to document the legal identity of household members, including information about what constitutes acceptable documentation

Other documents and information that should be brought to the interview

If a notification letter is returned to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM with no forwarding address, or the family fails to contact CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM within the required time frame, the family will be removed from the waiting list.

For families who are determined eligible for an application interview:

An interview will be scheduled with the date, time and location given;

The list of documentation needed will be reverified

If a notification letter is returned to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** with no forwarding address, the family will be removed from the waiting list. A notice of denial (see Chapter 3) will be sent to the family's address of record, as well as to any known alternate address.

4-III.E. THE APPLICATION INTERVIEW

HUD recommends that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** obtain the information and documentation needed to make an eligibility determination though a private interview [HCV GB, pg. 4-16]. Being invited to attend an interview does not constitute admission to the program.

Assistance cannot be provided to the family until all SSN documentation requirements are met. However, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that an applicant family is otherwise eligible to participate in the program, the family may retain its place on the waiting list for a period of time determined by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** [Notice PIH 2012-10].

Reasonable accommodation must be made for persons with disabilities who are unable to attend an interview due to their disability.

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u> Families selected from the waiting list are required to participate in an eligibility interview.

The head of household and the spouse/cohead will be strongly encouraged to attend the interview together. However, either the head of household or the spouse/cohead may attend the interview on behalf of the family. Verification of information pertaining to adult members of the household not present at the interview will not begin until signed release forms are returned to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. **These**

release forms must be returned within 14 business days from the date of the first application interview.

The interview will be conducted only if the head of household or spouse/cohead provides appropriate documentation of legal identity. (Chapter 7 provides a discussion of proper documentation of legal identity). If the family representative does not provide the required documentation, the appointment may be rescheduled when the proper documents have been obtained.

Pending disclosure and documentation of social security numbers, CCA SECTION 8 **HOUSING PROGRAM** will allow the family to retain its place on the waiting list for *a* period of 90 calendar days. If not all household members have disclosed their SSNs at the next time CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is issuing vouchers, CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will issue a voucher to the next eligible applicant family on the waiting list.

The family must provide the information necessary to establish the family's eligibility and determine the appropriate level of assistance, as well as completing required forms, providing required signatures, and submitting required documentation. If any materials are missing, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide the family with a written list of items that must be submitted.

Any required documents or information that the family is unable to provide at the interview must be provided within 10 business days of the interview (Chapter 7 provides details about longer submission deadlines for particular items, including documentation of Social Security numbers and eligible noncitizen status). If the family is unable to obtain the information or materials within the required time frame, the family may request an extension. If the required documents and information are not provided within the required time frame (plus any extensions), the family will be sent a notice of denial (See Chapter 3).

An advocate, interpreter, or other assistant may assist the family with the application and the interview process.

Interviews will be conducted in English. For limited English proficient (LEP) applicants, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide translation services in accordance with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S LEP plan.

If the family is unable to attend a scheduled interview, the family should contact CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in advance of the interview to schedule a new appointment. In all circumstances, if a family does not attend a scheduled interview, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send another notification letter with a new interview appointment time. Applicants who fail to attend two scheduled interviews without CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM approval will be denied assistance based on the family's failure to supply information needed to determine eligibility. A notice of denial will be issued in accordance with policies contained in Chapter 3.

4-III.F. COMPLETING THE APPLICATION PROCESS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must verify all information provided by the family (see Chapter 7). Based on verified information, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

must make a final determination of eligibility (see Chapter 3) and must confirm that the family qualified for any special admission, targeted admission, or selection preference that affected the order in which the family was selected from the waiting list.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the family is ineligible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send written notification of the ineligibility determination within 10 business days of the determination. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility, and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review (Chapter 16).

If a family fails to qualify for any criteria that affected the order in which it was selected from the waiting list (e.g. targeted funding, extremely low-income), the family will be returned to its original position on the waiting list. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family in writing that it has been returned to the waiting list, and will specify the reasons for it.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the family is eligible to receive assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will invite the family to attend a briefing in accordance with the policies in Chapter 5.

Chapter 5

BRIEFINGS AND VOUCHER ISSUANCE

INTRODUCTION

This chapter explains the briefing and voucher issuance process. When a family is determined to be eligible for the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure that the family fully understands the way the program operates and the family's obligations under the program. This is accomplished through both an oral briefing and provision of a briefing packet containing written documentation of information the family needs to know. Once the family is fully informed of the program's requirements, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** issues the family a voucher. The voucher includes the unit size the family qualifies for based on **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** subsidy standards, as well as the dates of issuance and expiration of the voucher. The voucher is the document that permits the family to begin its search for a unit, and limits the amount of time the family has to successfully locate an acceptable unit.

This chapter describes HUD regulations and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies related to these topics in two parts:

<u>Part I: Briefings and Family Obligations</u>. This part details the program's requirements for briefing families orally, and for providing written materials describing the program and its requirements. It includes a particular focus on the family's obligations under the program.

Part II: Subsidy Standards and Voucher Issuance. This part discusses the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's standards for determining how many bedrooms a family of a given composition qualifies for, which in turn affects the amount of subsidy the family can receive. It also discusses the policies that dictate how vouchers are issued, and how long families have to locate a unit.

PART I: BRIEFINGS AND FAMILY OBLIGATIONS

5-I.A. OVERVIEW

HUD regulations require **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to conduct mandatory briefings for applicant families. The briefing provides a broad description of owner and family responsibilities, explains **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** procedures, and includes instructions on how to lease a unit. This part describes how oral briefings will be conducted, specifies what written information will be provided to families, and lists the family's obligations under the program.

5-I.B. BRIEFING [24 CFR 982.301]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must give the family an oral briefing and provide the family with a briefing packet containing written information about the program. Families may be briefed individually or in groups. At the briefing, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure effective communication in accordance with Section 504 requirements (Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973), and ensure that the briefing site is accessible to individuals with disabilities. For a more thorough discussion of accessibility requirements, refer to Chapter 2.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Briefings will be conducted in small meetings not to exceed 4 applicant families unless prior approval by the Housing Director has been obtained.

Generally, the head of household is required to attend the briefing. If the head of household is unable to attend, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may approve another adult family member to attend the briefing.

Families that need individual assistance as a reasonable accommodation can ask for an individual briefing. If additional, individual assistance is needed after any group meeting, the individual will receive assistance from the Housing Specialist conducting the briefing or an appropriate (available) PHA staff person.

Briefings will be conducted in English. For limited English proficient (LEP) applicants, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will provide translation services in accordance with the PHA's LEP plan (See Chapter 2).

Notification and Attendance

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families will be notified of their eligibility for assistance at the time they are invited to attend a briefing. The notice will identify who is required to attend the briefing, as well as the date and time of the scheduled briefing.

If the notice is returned by the post office with no forwarding address, the applicant will be denied and their name will not be placed back on the waiting list. If the notice is returned by the post office with a forwarding address, the notice will be re-sent to the address indicated.

Applicants who fail to attend a scheduled briefing will automatically be scheduled for another briefing. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family of the date and time of the second scheduled briefing in writing. Applicants who fail to attend two scheduled briefings, without **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval, will be denied assistance (see Chapter 3).

Oral Briefing [24 CFR 982.301(a)]

Each briefing must provide information on the following subjects:

- How the Housing Choice Voucher program works;
- Family and owner responsibilities;
- Where the family can lease a unit, including renting a unit inside or outside CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM jurisdiction;
- For families eligible under portability, an explanation of portability. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** cannot discourage eligible families from moving under portability;
- For families living in high-poverty census tracts, an explanation of the advantages of moving to areas outside of high-poverty concentrations; and
- For families receiving welfare-to-work vouchers, a description of any local obligations of a welfare-to-work family and an explanation that failure to meet the obligations is grounds for denial of admission or termination of assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** -owned units are available for lease, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will inform the family during the oral briefing that the family has the right to select any eligible unit available for lease, and is not obligated to choose a **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** -owned unit.

Briefing Packet [24 CFR 982.301(b)]

Documents and information provided in the briefing packet must include the following:

- The term of the voucher, and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's policies on any extensions or suspensions of the term. If the PHA allows extensions, the packet must explain how the family can request an extension.
- A description of the method used to calculate the housing assistance payment for a family, including how CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines the payment standard for a family, how CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines total tenant payment for a family, and information on the payment standard and utility allowance schedule.
- An explanation of how CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines the maximum allowable rent for an assisted unit.
- Where the family may lease a unit. For a family that qualifies to lease a unit outside **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** jurisdiction under portability procedures, the information must include an explanation of how portability works.
- The HUD-required tenancy addendum, which must be included in the lease.
- The form the family must use to request approval of tenancy, and a description of the procedure for requesting approval for a tenancy.
- A statement of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policy on providing information about families to prospective owners.
- The CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy standards including when and how exceptions are made.
- The HUD brochure on how to select a unit or the HUD brochure "A Good Place to Live" on how to select a unit that complies with HQS.
- The HUD pamphlet on lead-based paint entitled *Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home*.
- Information on federal, state and local equal opportunity laws and a copy of the housing discrimination complaint form.
- A list of landlords or other parties willing to lease to assisted families or help families find units, especially outside areas of poverty or minority concentration.
- Notice that if the family includes a person with disabilities, the family may request a list of available accessible units known to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.
- The family obligations under the program, including any obligations of a welfare-to-work family.
- The grounds on which CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may terminate assistance for a participant family because of family action or failure to act.

• CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM informal hearing procedures including when the PHA is required to offer a participant family the opportunity for an informal hearing, and how to request the hearing.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is located in a metropolitan FMR area, the following additional information must be included in the briefing packet in order to receive full points under SEMAP Indicator 7, Expanding Housing Opportunities [24 CFR 985.3(g)]:

- Maps showing areas with housing opportunities outside areas of poverty or minority concentration, both within its jurisdiction and its neighboring jurisdiction
- Information about the characteristics of these areas including job opportunities, schools, transportation, and other services
- An explanation of how portability works, including a list of portability contact persons for neighboring PHAs with names, addresses, and telephone numbers

Additional Items to Be Included in the Briefing Packet

In addition to items required by the regulations, PHAs may wish to include supplemental materials to help explain the program to both participants and owners [HCV GB p. 8-7, Notice PIH 2010-19].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide the following additional materials in the briefing packet:

When CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -owned units are available for lease, a written statement that the family has the right to select any eligible unit available for lease and is not obligated to choose a CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -owned unit

Information on how to fill out and file a housing discrimination complaint form

Information about the protections afforded by the Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking (see section 16-IX.C)

Information about the protections afforded by the Protecting Tenants at Foreclosure Act (PTFA) (see section 13-II.G)

"Is Fraud Worth It?" (form HUD-1141-OIG), which explains the types of actions a family must avoid and the penalties for program abuse

"What You Should Know about EIV," a guide to the Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) system published by HUD as an attachment to Notice PIH 2010-19

Procedures for notifying **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of program abuses such as side payments, extra charges, violations of tenant rights and owner failure to repair

The family's rights as a tenant and a program participant

Requirements for reporting changes between annual recertifications

Choosing a unit carefully and only after due consideration

The Family Self Sufficiency program and its advantages

5-I.C. FAMILY OBLIGATIONS

Obligations of the family are described in the housing choice voucher (HCV) regulations and on the voucher itself. These obligations include responsibilities the family is required to fulfill, as well as prohibited actions. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must inform families of these obligations during the oral briefing, and the same information must be included in the briefing packet. When the family's unit is approved and the HAP contract is executed, the family must meet those obligations in order to continue participating in the program. Violation of any family obligation may result in termination of assistance, as described in Chapter 12.

Time Frames for Reporting Changes Required By Family Obligations

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Unless otherwise noted below, when family obligations require the family to respond to a request or notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of a change, notifying **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of the request or change within 10 business days is considered prompt notice.

When a family is required to provide notice to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, the notice must be in writing.

Family Obligations [24 CFR 982.551]

Following is a listing of a participant family's obligations under the HCV program:

- The family must supply any information that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM or HUD determines to be necessary, including submission of required evidence of citizenship or eligible immigration status.
- The family must supply any information requested by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or HUD for use in a regularly scheduled reexamination or interim reexamination of family income and composition.
- The family must disclose and verify social security numbers and sign and submit consent forms for obtaining information.
- Any information supplied by the family must be true and complete.
- The family is responsible for any Housing Quality Standards (HQS) breach by the family caused by failure to pay tenant-provided utilities or appliances, or damages to the dwelling unit or premises beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or guest.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Damages beyond normal wear and tear will be considered to be damages which could be assessed against the security deposit.

• The family must allow **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after reasonable notice, as described in Chapter 8 of this plan.

• The family must not commit any serious or repeated violation of the lease.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine if a family has committed serious or repeated violations of the lease based on available evidence, including but not limited to, a court-ordered eviction or an owner's notice to evict.

Serious and repeated lease violations will include, but not be limited to, nonpayment of rent, disturbance of neighbors, destruction of property, living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises, and criminal activity. Generally, the criterion to be used will be whether or not the reason for the eviction was the fault of the tenant or guests. Any incidents of, or criminal activity related to, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated lease violations by the victim [24 CFR 5.2005(c)(1)].

• The family must notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and the owner before moving out of the unit or terminating the lease.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must comply with lease requirements regarding written notice to the owner. The family must provide written notice to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** at the same time the owner is notified.

- The family must promptly give CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM a copy of any owner eviction notice.
- The family must use the assisted unit for residence by the family. The unit must be the family's only residence.
- The composition of the assisted family residing in the unit must be approved by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. The family must promptly notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in writing of the birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody of a child. The family must request CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM approval to add any other family member as an occupant of the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The request to add a family member must be submitted in writing and approved prior to the person moving into the unit. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine eligibility of the new member in accordance with the policies in Chapter 3.

• The family must promptly notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in writing, within 14 calendar days, if any family member no longer lives in the unit.

- If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has given approval, a foster child or a live-in aide may reside in the unit. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has the discretion to adopt reasonable policies concerning residency by a foster child or a live-in aide, and to define when CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM consent may be given or denied. For policies related to the request and approval/disapproval of foster children, foster adults, and live-in aides, see Chapter 3 (sections I.K and I.M), and Chapter 11 (section II.B).
- The family must not sublease the unit, assign the lease, or transfer the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Subleasing includes receiving payment to cover rent and utility costs by a person living in the unit who is not listed as a family member.

- The family must supply any information requested by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** to verify that the family is living in the unit or information related to family absence from the unit.
- The family must promptly notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** when the family is absent from the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Notice is required under this provision only when all family members will be absent from the unit for an extended period. An extended period is defined as any period greater than 30 calendar days. Written notice must be provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** at the start of the extended absence.

- The family must pay utility bills and provide and maintain any appliances that the owner is not required to provide under the lease [Form HUD-52646, Voucher].
- The family must not own or have any interest in the unit, (other than in a cooperative and owners of a manufactured home leasing a manufactured home space).
- Family members must not commit fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the program. (See Chapter 14, Program Integrity for additional information).
- Family members must not engage in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity or other criminal activity that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises. See Chapter 12 for HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies related to drug-related and violent criminal activity.
- Members of the household must not engage in abuse of alcohol in a way that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises. See Chapter 12 for a discussion of HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies related to alcohol abuse.
- An assisted family or member of the family must not receive HCV program assistance while receiving another housing subsidy, for the same unit or a different unit under any other federal, state or local housing assistance program.

• A family must not receive HCV program assistance while residing in a unit owned by a parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving rental of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities. [Form HUD-52646, Voucher]

PART II: SUBSIDY STANDARDS AND VOUCHER ISSUANCE

5-II.A. OVERVIEW

PHAs must establish subsidy standards that determine the number of bedrooms needed for families of different sizes and compositions. This part presents the policies that will be used to determine the family unit size (also known as the voucher size) a particular family should receive, and the policies that govern making exceptions to those standards PHAs also must establish policies related to the issuance of the voucher, to the voucher term, and to any extensions or suspensions of that term.

5-II.B. DETERMINING FAMILY UNIT (VOUCHER) SIZE [24 CFR 982.402]

For each family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines the appropriate number of bedrooms under **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** subsidy standards and enters the family unit size on the voucher that is issued to the family. The family unit size does not dictate the size of unit the family must actually lease, nor does it determine who within a household will share a bedroom/sleeping room.

The following requirements apply when **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines family unit size:

- The subsidy standards must provide for the smallest number of bedrooms needed to house a family without overcrowding.
- The subsidy standards must be consistent with space requirements under the housing quality standards.
- The subsidy standards must be applied consistently for all families of like size and composition.
- A child who is temporarily away from the home because of placement in foster care is considered a member of the family in determining the family unit size.
- A family that consists of a pregnant woman (with no other persons) must be treated as a twoperson family.
- Any live-in aide (approved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to reside in the unit to care for a family member who is disabled or is at least 50 years of age) must be counted in determining the family unit size;

• Unless a live-in-aide resides with a family, the family unit size for any family consisting of a single person must be either a zero- or one-bedroom unit, as determined under CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy standards.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will assign one bedroom for each two persons within the household, except in the following circumstances:

Live-in aides will be allocated a separate bedroom. The total family unit size is as shown in the table below. As set forth in Section 301 M., any family members of a live-in aide must be identified by the family and approved by

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

No additional bedroom(s) will be allocated to the household for family members of a live-in aide.

Single person families will be allocated one bedroom.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will reference the following chart in determining the appropriate voucher size for a family:

Voucher Size	Persons in Household (Minimum – Maximum)
0 Bedroom	1-1
1 Bedroom	1-4
2 Bedrooms	2-6
3 Bedrooms	3- 8
4 Bedrooms	4- 10
5 Bedrooms	6- -14

These are the standards used to determine acceptability of unit size per HQS standards per HCV Guidebook (page 5-42).

5-II.C. EXCEPTIONS TO SUBSIDY STANDARDS

In determining family unit size for a particular family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may grant an exception to its established subsidy standards if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the exception is justified by the age, sex, health, handicap, or relationship of family members or other personal circumstances [24 CFR 982.402(b)(8)]. Reasons may include, but are not limited to:

- A need for an additional bedroom for medical equipment
- A need for a separate bedroom for reasons related to a family member's disability, medical or health condition

For a single person who is not elderly, disabled, or a remaining family member, an exception cannot override the regulatory limit of a zero or one bedroom [24 CFR 982.402(b)(8)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider granting an exception for any of the reasons specified in the regulation: the age, sex, health, handicap, or relationship of family members or other personal circumstances.

The family must request any exception to the subsidy standards in writing. The request must explain the need or justification for a larger family unit size, and must include appropriate documentation. Requests based on health-related reasons must be verified by a knowledgeable professional source (e.g., doctor or health professional), unless the disability and the disability–related request for accommodation is readily apparent or otherwise known. The family's continued need for an additional bedroom due to special medical equipment must be re-verified at annual reexamination.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the family of its determination within 10 business days of receiving the family's request. If a participant family's request is denied, the notice will inform the family of their right to request an informal hearing.

5-II.D. VOUCHER ISSUANCE [24 CFR 982.302]

When a family is selected from the waiting list (or as a special admission as described in Chapter 4), or when a participant family wants to move to another unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** issues a Housing Choice Voucher, form HUD-52646. This chapter deals only with voucher issuance for applicants. For voucher issuance associated with moves of program participants, please refer to Chapter 10.

The voucher is the family's authorization to search for housing. It specifies the unit size for which the family qualifies, and includes both the date of voucher issuance and date of expiration. It contains a brief description of how the program works and explains the family obligations under the program. The voucher is evidence that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined the family to be eligible for the program, and that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined the family to be eligible to subsidize the family if the family finds an approvable unit. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** does not have any liability to any party by the issuance of the voucher, and the voucher does not give the family any right to participate in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** housing choice voucher program [Voucher, form HUD-52646]

A voucher can be issued to an applicant family only after **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined that the family is eligible for the program based on information received within the 60 days prior to issuance [24 CFR 982.201(e)] and after the family has attended an oral briefing [HCV 8-1].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Vouchers will be issued to eligible applicants immediately following the mandatory briefing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM should have sufficient funds to house an applicant before issuing a voucher. If funds are insufficient to house the family at the top of the waiting list, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must wait until it has adequate funds before it calls another family from the list [HCV GB p. 8-10].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Prior to issuing any vouchers, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether it has sufficient funding in accordance with the policies in Part VIII of Chapter 16.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that there is insufficient funding after a voucher has been issued, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may rescind the voucher and place the affected family back on the waiting list.

5-II.E. VOUCHER TERM, EXTENSIONS, AND SUSPENSIONS

Voucher Term [24 CFR 982.303]

The initial term of a voucher must be at least 60 calendar days. The initial term must be stated on the voucher [24 CFR 982.303(a)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The initial voucher term will be 60 calendar days.

The family must submit a Request for Tenancy Approval and proposed lease within the 60-day period unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** grants an extension.

Extensions of Voucher Term [24 CFR 982.303(b)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has the authority to grant extensions of search time, to specify the length of an extension, and to determine the circumstances under which extensions will be granted. There is no limit on the number of extensions that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** can approve. Discretionary policies related to extension and expiration of search time must be described in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**'s administrative plan [24 CFR 982.54].

PHAs must approve additional search time if needed as a reasonable accommodation to make the program accessible to and usable by a person with disabilities. The extension period must be reasonable for the purpose.

The family must be notified in writing of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**'s decision to approve or deny an extension. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** decision to deny a request for an extension of the voucher term is not subject to informal review [24 CFR 982.554(c)(4)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will approve (by written request from the family) additional extensions up to a maximum of 60 days only in the following circumstances:

It is necessary as a reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities.

It is necessary due to reasons beyond the family's control, as determined by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. Following is a list of extenuating circumstances that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may consider in making its decision. The presence of these circumstances does not guarantee that an extension will be granted:

Serious illness or death in the family

Other family emergency (such as an accident or hospitalization or death)

Whether the family has already submitted requests for tenancy approval that were not approved by the PHA

Whether family size or other special requirements make finding a unit difficult

If the family has been approved by, and is on the waiting list for any Carteret County subsidized or tax credit housing, and the property manager verifies, in writing, the likelihood that an appropriate and affordable sized vacancy will be available within the additional 60-day extension.

Any request for an additional extension must include the reason(s) an additional extension is necessary. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may require the family to provide documentation to support the request.

All requests for extensions to the voucher term must be made in writing and submitted to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** prior to the expiration date of the voucher (or extended term of the voucher).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will decide whether to approve or deny an extension request within 10 business days of the date the request is received, and will immediately provide the family written notice of its decision.

Suspensions of Voucher Term [24 CFR 982.303(c)]

At its discretion, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may adopt a policy to suspend the housing choice voucher term if the family has submitted a Request for Tenancy Approval (RTA) during the voucher term. "Suspension" means stopping the clock on a family's voucher term from the time a family submits the RTA until the time **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approves or denies the request [24 CFR 982.4]. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** determination not to suspend a voucher term is not subject to informal review [24 CFR 982.554(c)(4)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When a Request for Tenancy Approval is received by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, the term of the voucher will be suspended while CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM processes the request.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** denies a request for tenancy, the family will be notified immediately that the clock on the voucher term has restarted. The notice will include the new expiration date of the voucher.

Expiration of Voucher Term

Once a family's housing choice voucher term (including any extensions) expires, the family is no longer eligible to search for housing under the program. If the family still wishes to receive assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may require that the family reapply, or may place the family on the waiting list with a new application date but without requiring reapplication. Such a family does not become ineligible for the program on the grounds that it was unable to locate a unit before the voucher expired [HCV GB p. 8-13].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If an applicant family's voucher term or extension expires before the family has submitted a Request for Tenancy Approval (RTA), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require the family to reapply for assistance. If an RTA that was submitted prior to the expiration date of the voucher is subsequently disapproved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** (after the voucher term has expired), the family will be required to reapply for assistance.

Chapter 6

INCOME AND SUBSIDY DETERMINATIONS

[24 CFR Part 5, Subparts E and F; 24 CFR 982]

INTRODUCTION

A family's income determines eligibility for assistance and is also used to calculate the family's payment and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** subsidy. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the policies and methods described in this chapter to ensure that only eligible families receive assistance and that no family pays more or less than its obligation under the regulations. This chapter describes HUD regulations and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies related to these topics in three parts as follows:

- <u>Part I: Annual Income</u>. HUD regulations specify the sources of income to include and exclude to arrive at a family's annual income. These requirements and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies for calculating annual income are found in Part I.
- <u>Part II: Adjusted Income</u>. Once annual income has been established HUD regulations require CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to subtract from annual income any of five mandatory deductions for which a family qualifies. These requirements and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies for calculating adjusted income are found in Part II.
- <u>Part III: Calculating Family Share and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM</u>_<u>Subsidy</u>. This part describes the statutory formula for calculating total tenant payment (TTP), the use of utility allowances, and the methodology for determining CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy and required family payment.

PART I: ANNUAL INCOME

6-I.A. OVERVIEW

The general regulatory definition of annual income shown below is from 24 CFR 5.609.

5.609 Annual income.

(a) Annual income means all amounts, monetary or not, which:

(1) Go to, or on behalf of, the family head or spouse (even if temporarily absent) or to any other family member; or

(2) Are anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 12-month period following admission or annual reexamination effective date; and

(3) Which are not specifically excluded in paragraph [5.609(c)].

(4) Annual income also means amounts derived (during the 12-month period) from assets to which any member of the family has access.

In addition to this general definition, HUD regulations establish policies for treating specific types of income and assets. The full texts of those portions of the regulations are provided in exhibits at the end of this chapter as follows:

- Annual Income Inclusions (Exhibit 6-1)
- Annual Income Exclusions (Exhibit 6-2)
- Treatment of Family Assets (Exhibit 6-3)
- Earned Income Disallowance for Persons with Disabilities (Exhibit 6-4)
- The Effect of Welfare Benefit Reduction (Exhibit 6-5)

Sections 6-I.B and 6-I.C discuss general requirements and methods for calculating annual income. The rest of this section describes how each source of income is treated for the purposes of determining annual income. HUD regulations present income inclusions and exclusions separately [24 CFR 5.609(b) and 24 CFR 5.609(c)]. In this plan, however, the discussions of income inclusions and exclusions are integrated by topic (e.g., all policies affecting earned income are discussed together in section 6-I.D). Verification requirements for annual income are discussed in Chapter 7.

6-I.B. HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION AND INCOME

Income received by all family members must be counted unless specifically excluded by the regulations. It is the responsibility of the head of household to report changes in family composition. The rules on which sources of income are counted vary somewhat by family member. The chart below summarizes how family composition affects income determinations.

Summary of Income Included and Excluded by Person	
Live-in aides	Income from all sources is excluded [24 CFR 5.609(c)(5)].
Foster child or foster adult	Income from all sources is excluded [24 CFR 5.609(c)(2)].
Head, spouse, or cohead Other adult family members	All sources of income not specifically excluded by the regulations are included.
Children under 18 years of age	Employment income is excluded [24 CFR 5.609(c)(1)].
	All other sources of income, except those specifically excluded by the regulations, are included.
Full-time students 18 years of age or older (not head, spouse,	Employment income above \$480/year is excluded [24 CFR 5.609(c)(11)].
or cohead)	All other sources of income, except those specifically excluded by the regulations, are included.

Temporarily Absent Family Members

The income of family members approved to live in the unit will be counted, even if the family member is temporarily absent from the unit [HCV GB, p. 5-18].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Generally an individual who is or is expected to be absent from the assisted unit for 180 consecutive days or less is considered temporarily absent and continues to be considered a family member. Generally an individual who is or is expected to be absent from the assisted unit for more than 180 consecutive days is considered permanently absent and no longer a family member. Exceptions to this general policy are discussed below.

Absent Students

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When someone who has been considered a family member attends school away from home, the person will continue to be considered a family member unless information becomes available to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** indicating that the student has established a separate household or the family declares that the student has established a separate household.

Absences Due to Placement in Foster Care

Children temporarily absent from the home as a result of placement in foster care are considered members of the family [24 CFR 5.403].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a child has been placed in foster care, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will verify with the appropriate agency whether and when the child is expected to be returned to the home. Unless the agency confirms that the child has been permanently removed from the home, the child will be counted as a family member.

Absent Head, Spouse, or Cohead

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

An employed head, spouse, or cohead absent from the unit more than 180 consecutive days due to employment will continue to be considered a family member.

Family Members Permanently Confined for Medical Reasons

If a family member is confined to a nursing home or hospital on a permanent basis, that person is no longer considered a family member and the income of that person is not counted [HCV GB, p. 5-22].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will request verification from a responsible medical professional and will use this determination. If the responsible medical professional cannot provide a determination, the person generally will be considered temporarily absent. The family may present evidence that the family member is confined on a permanent basis and request that the person not be considered a family member.

When an individual who has been counted as a family member is determined permanently absent, the family is eligible for the medical expense deduction only if the remaining head, spouse, or cohead qualifies as an elderly person or a person with disabilities.

Joint Custody of Dependents

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Dependents that are subject to a joint custody arrangement will be considered a member of the family, if they live with the applicant or participant family at least 183 days (51 percent) or more of the time.

When more than one applicant or participant family is claiming the same dependents as family members, the family with primary custody at the time of the initial examination or reexamination will be able to claim the dependents. If there is a dispute about which family should claim them, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will make the determination based on available documents such as court orders, or an IRS return showing which family has claimed the child for income tax purposes.

Caretakers for a Child

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If neither a parent nor a designated guardian remains in a household receiving HCV assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will take the following actions.

- (1) If a responsible agency has determined that another adult is to be brought into the assisted unit to care for a child for an indefinite period, the designated caretaker will not be considered a family member until a determination of custody or legal guardianship is made.
- (2) If a caretaker has assumed responsibility for a child without the involvement of a responsible agency or formal assignment of custody or legal guardianship, the caretaker will be treated as a visitor for 180 days. After the 180 days has elapsed, the caretaker will be considered a family member unless information is provided that would confirm that the caretaker's role is temporary. In such cases **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will extend the caretaker's status as an eligible visitor.
- (3) At any time that custody or guardianship legally has been awarded to a caretaker, the housing choice voucher will be transferred to the caretaker.
- (4) During any period that a caretaker is considered a visitor, the income of the caretaker is not counted in annual income and the caretaker does not qualify the family for any deductions from income.

6-I.C. ANTICIPATING ANNUAL INCOME

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to count all income "anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 12-month period following admission or annual reexamination effective date" [24 CFR 5.609(a)(2)]. Policies related to anticipating annual income are provided below.

Basis of Annual Income Projection

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM generally will use current circumstances to determine anticipated income for the coming 12-month period. HUD authorizes **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to use other than current circumstances to anticipate income when:

- An imminent change in circumstances is expected [HCV GB, p. 5-17]
- It is not feasible to anticipate a level of income over a 12-month period (e.g., seasonal or cyclic income) [24 CFR 5.609(d)]
- The PHA believes that past income is the best available indicator of expected future income [24 CFR 5.609(d)]

PHAs are required to use HUD's Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) system in its entirety as a third party source to verify employment and income information, and to reduce administrative subsidy payment errors in accordance with HUD administrative guidance [24 CFR 5.233(a)(2)].

HUD allows PHAs to use pay-stubs to project income once EIV data has been received in such cases where the family does not dispute the EIV employer data and where the PHA does not determine it is necessary to obtain additional third-party data.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When EIV is obtained and the family does not dispute the EIV employer data, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use current tenant-provided documents to project annual income. When the tenant-provided documents are pay stubs, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will make every effort to obtain current and consecutive pay stubs dated within the last 60 days.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will obtain written and/or oral third-party verification in accordance with the verification requirements and policy in Chapter 7 in the following cases:

If EIV or other UIV data is not available,

If the family disputes the accuracy of the EIV employer data, and/or

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines additional information is needed.

In such cases, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will review and analyze current data to anticipate annual income. In all cases, the family file will be documented with a clear record of the reason for the decision, and a clear audit trail will be left as to how **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** annualized projected income.

When CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM cannot readily anticipate income based upon current circumstances (e.g., in the case of seasonal employment, unstable working hours, or suspected fraud), CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM May average past actual income received or earned within the last 12 months before the determination date to calculate annual income CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may also request the family to provide documentation of current income. If the family can provide acceptable documentation dated either within the 60-day period preceding the determination date or the 60-day period following the request date, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may use this documentation to calculate annual income.

Any time current circumstances are not used to project annual income, a clear rationale for the decision will be documented in the file. In all such cases the family may present information and documentation to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to show why the historic pattern does not represent the family's anticipated income.

Known Changes in Income

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** verifies an upcoming increase or decrease in income, annual income will be calculated by applying each income amount to the appropriate part of the 12-month period.

Example: An employer reports that a full-time employee who has been receiving \$8/hour will begin to receive \$8.25/hour in the eighth week after the effective date of the reexamination. In such a case the PHA would calculate annual income as follows: $(\$8/hour \times 40 \text{ hours} \times 7 \text{ weeks}) + (\$8.25 \times 40 \text{ hours} \times 45 \text{ weeks}).$

The family may present information that demonstrates that implementing a change before its effective date would create a hardship for the family. In such cases **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will calculate annual income using current circumstances and then require an interim reexamination when the change actually occurs. This requirement will be imposed even if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's**policy on reexaminations does not require interim reexaminations for other types of changes.

When tenant-provided third-party documents are used to anticipate annual income, they will be dated within the last 60 days of the reexamination interview date.

EIV quarterly wages will not be used to project annual income at an annual or interim reexamination.

Projecting Income

In HUD's EIV webcast of January 2008, HUD made clear that PHAs are not to use EIV quarterly wages to project annual income.

6-I.D. EARNED INCOME

Types of Earned Income Included in Annual Income

Wages and Related Compensation

The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services is included in annual income [24 CFR 5.609(b)(1)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For persons who regularly receive bonuses or commissions, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will verify and then average amounts received for the two years preceding admission or reexamination. If only a one-year history is available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the prior year amounts. In either case the family may provide, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider, a credible justification for not using this history to anticipate future bonuses or commissions. If a new employee has not yet received any bonuses or commissions, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will count only the amount estimated by the employer. The file will be documented appropriately.

Some Types of Military Pay

All regular pay, special pay and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces are counted [24 CFR 5.609(b)(8)] <u>except</u> for the special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire [24 CFR 5.609(c)(7)].

Types of Earned Income Not Counted in Annual Income

Temporary, Nonrecurring, or Sporadic Income [24 CFR 5.609(c)(9)]

This type of income (including gifts) is not included in annual income. Sporadic income includes temporary payments from the U.S. Census Bureau for employment lasting no longer than 180 days [Notice PIH 2009-19].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Sporadic income is income that is not received periodically and cannot be reliably predicted. For example, the income of an individual who works occasionally as a handyman would be considered sporadic if future work could not be anticipated and no historic, stable pattern of income existed.

Children's Earnings

Employment income earned by children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years is not included in annual income [24 CFR 5.609(c)(1)]. (See Eligibility chapter for a definition of *foster children*.)

Certain Earned Income of Full-Time Students

Earnings in excess of \$480 for each full-time student 18 years old or older (except for the head, spouse, or cohead) are not counted [24 CFR 5.609(c)(11)]. To be considered "full-time," a student must be considered "full-time" by an educational institution with a degree or certificate program [HCV GB, p. 5-29].

Income of a Live-in Aide

Income earned by a live-in aide, as defined in [24 CFR 5.403], is not included in annual income [24 CFR 5.609(c)(5)]. (See Eligibility chapter for a full discussion of live-in aides.)

Income Earned under Certain Federal Programs

Income from some federal programs is specifically excluded from consideration as income [24 CFR 5.609(c)(17)], including:

- Payments to volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Services Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 5044(g), 5058)
- Payments received under programs funded in whole or in part under the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1552(b))
- Awards under the federal work-study program (20 U.S.C. 1087 uu)
- Payments received from programs funded under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1985 (42 U.S.C. 3056(f))
- Allowances, earnings, and payments to AmeriCorps participants under the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12637(d))
- Allowances, earnings, and payments to participants in programs funded under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2931)

Resident Service Stipend

Amounts received under a resident service stipend are not included in annual income. A resident service stipend is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per individual per month) received by a resident for performing a service for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life in the development. Such services may include, but are not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance, resident initiatives coordination, and serving as a member of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** governing board. No resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time [24 CFR 5.600(c)(8)(iv)].

State and Local Employment Training Programs

Incremental earnings and benefits to any family member resulting from participation in qualifying state or local employment training programs (including training programs not affiliated with a local government) and training of a family member as resident management staff are excluded from annual income. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives and are excluded only for the period during which the family member participates in the training program [24 CFR 5.609(c)(8)(v)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM defines *training program* as "a learning process with goals and objectives, generally having a variety of components, and taking place in a series of sessions over a period to time. It is designed to lead to a higher level of proficiency, and it enhances the individual's ability to obtain employment. It may have performance standards to measure proficiency. Training may include, but is not limited to: (1) classroom training in a specific occupational skill, (2) on-the-job training with wages subsidized by the program, or (3) basic education" [expired Notice PIH 98-2, p. 3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM defines *incremental earnings and benefits* as the difference between: (1) the total amount of welfare assistance and earnings of a family member prior to enrollment in a training program, and (2) the total amount of welfare assistance and earnings of the family member after enrollment in the program [expired Notice PIH 98-2, pp. 3–4].

In calculating the incremental difference, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use as the pre-enrollment income the total annualized amount of the family member's welfare assistance and earnings reported on the family's most recently completed HUD-50058.

End of participation in a training program must be reported in accordance with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's interim reporting requirements.

HUD-Funded Training Programs

Amounts received under training programs funded in whole or in part by HUD [24 CFR 5.609(c)(8)(i)] are excluded from annual income. Eligible sources of funding for the training include operating subsidy, Section 8 administrative fees, and modernization, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME program, and other grant funds received from HUD.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

To qualify as a training program, the program must meet the definition of *training program* provided above for state and local employment training programs.

Earned Income Tax Credit

Earned income tax credit (EITC) refund payments received on or after January 1, 1991 (26 U.S.C. 32(j)), are excluded from annual income [24 CFR 5.609(c)(17)]. Although many families receive the EITC annually when they file taxes, an EITC can also be received throughout the year. The prorated share of the annual EITC is included in the employee's payroll check.

Earned Income Disallowance

The earned income disallowance for persons with disabilities is discussed in section 6-I.E below.

6-I.E. EARNED INCOME DISALLOWANCE FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES [24 CFR 5.617]

The earned income disallowance (EID) encourages people with disabilities to enter the work force by not including the full value of increases in earned income for a period of time. The full text of 24 CFR 5.617 is included as Exhibit 6-4 at the end of this chapter. Eligibility criteria and limitations on the disallowance are summarized below.

Eligibility

This disallowance applies only to individuals in families already participating in the HCV program (not at initial examination). To qualify, the family must experience an increase in annual income that is the result of one of the following events:

- Employment of a family member who is a person with disabilities and who was previously unemployed for one or more years prior to employment. *Previously unemployed* includes a person who annually has earned not more than the minimum wage applicable to the community multiplied by 500 hours. The applicable minimum wage is the federal minimum wage unless there is a higher state or local minimum wage.
- Increased earnings by a family member who is a person with disabilities and whose earnings increase during participation in an economic self-sufficiency or job-training program. A self-sufficiency program includes a program designed to encourage, assist, train, or facilitate the economic independence of HUD-assisted families or to provide work to such families [24 CFR 5.603(b)].
- New employment or increased earnings by a family member who is a person with disabilities and who has received benefits or services under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or any other state program funded under Part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act within the past six months. If the benefits are received in the form of monthly

maintenance, there is no minimum amount. If the benefits or services are received in a form other than monthly maintenance, such as one-time payments, wage subsidies, or transportation assistance, the total amount received over the six-month period must be at least \$500.

Calculation of the Disallowance

Calculation of the earned income disallowance for an eligible member of a qualified family begins with a comparison of the member's current income with his or her "prior income."

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM defines *prior income*, or *prequalifying income*, as the family member's last certified income prior to qualifying for the EID.

The family member's prior, or prequalifying, income remains constant throughout the period that he or she is receiving the EID.

Initial 12-Month Exclusion

During the initial 12-month exclusion period, the full amount (100 percent) of any increase in income attributable to new employment or increased earnings is excluded. The 12 months are cumulative and need not be consecutive.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The initial EID exclusion period will begin on the first of the month following the date an eligible member of a qualified family is first employed or first experiences an increase in earnings.

Second 12-Month Exclusion and Phase-In

During the second 12-month exclusion period, the exclusion is reduced to half (50 percent) of any increase in income attributable to employment or increased earnings. The 12 months are cumulative and need not be consecutive.

Lifetime Limitation

The EID has a four-year (48-month) lifetime maximum. The four-year eligibility period begins at the same time that the initial exclusion period begins and ends 48 months later. The one-time eligibility for the EID applies even if the eligible individual begins to receive assistance from another housing agency, if the individual moves between public housing and Section 8 assistance, or if there are breaks in assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

During the 48-month eligibility period, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will schedule and conduct an interim reexamination each time there is a change in the family member's annual income that affects or is affected by the EID (e.g., when the family member's income falls to a level at or below his/her prequalifying income, when one of the exclusion periods ends, and at the end of the lifetime maximum eligibility period).

6-I.F. BUSINESS INCOME [24 CFR 5.609(b)(2)]

Annual income includes "the net income from the operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the family" [24 CFR 5.609(b)(2)].

Business Expenses

Net income is "gross income less business expense" [HCV GB, p. 5-19].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

To determine business expenses that may be deducted from gross income, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use current applicable Internal Revenue Service (IRS) rules for determining allowable business expenses [see IRS Publication 535], unless a topic is addressed by HUD regulations or guidance as described below.

Business Expansion

HUD regulations do not permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deduct from gross income expenses for business expansion.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Business expansion is defined as any capital expenditures made to add new business activities, to expand current facilities, or to operate the business in additional locations. For example, purchase of a street sweeper by a construction business for the purpose of adding street cleaning to the services offered by the business would be considered a business expansion. Similarly, the purchase of a property by a hair care business to open at a second location would be considered a business expansion.

Capital Indebtedness

HUD regulations do not permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deduct from gross income the amortization of capital indebtedness.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Capital indebtedness is defined as the principal portion of the payment on a capital asset such as land, buildings, and machinery. This means **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will allow as a business expense interest, but not principal, paid on capital indebtedness.

Negative Business Income

If the net income from a business is negative, no business income will be included in annual income; a negative amount will not be used to offset other family income.

Withdrawal of Cash or Assets from a Business

HUD regulations require **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to include in annual income the withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession unless the withdrawal reimburses a family member for cash or assets invested in the business by the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Acceptable investments in a business include cash loans and contributions of assets or equipment. For example, if a member of an assisted family provided an up-front loan of \$2,000 to help a business get started, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not count as income any withdrawals from the business up to the amount of this loan until the loan has been repaid. Investments do not include the value of labor contributed to the business without compensation.

Co-owned Businesses

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a business is co-owned with someone outside the family, the family must document the share of the business it owns. If the family's share of the income is lower than its share of ownership, the family must document the reasons for the difference.

6-I.G. ASSETS [24 CFR 5.609(b)(3) and 24 CFR 5.603(b)]

Overview

There is no asset limitation for participation in the HCV program. However, HUD requires that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** include in annual income the "interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property" [24 CFR 5.609(b)(3)]. This section discusses how the income from various types of assets is determined. For most types of assets, the PHA must determine the value of the asset in order to compute income from the asset. Therefore, for each asset type, this section discusses:

- How the value of the asset will be determined
- How income from the asset will be calculated

Exhibit 6-1 provides the regulatory requirements for calculating income from assets [24 CFR 5.609(b)(3)], and Exhibit 6-3 provides the regulatory definition of *net family assets*. This section begins with a discussion of general policies related to assets and then provides HUD rules and PHA policies related to each type of asset.

General Policies

Income from Assets

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM generally will use current circumstances to determine both the value of an asset and the anticipated income from the asset. As is true for all sources of income, HUD authorizes the PHA to use other than current circumstances to anticipate income when (1) an imminent change in circumstances is expected (2) it is not feasible to anticipate a level of income over 12 months or (3) CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM believes that past income is the best indicator of anticipated income. For example, if a family member owns real property that typically receives rental income but the property is currently vacant, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM can take into consideration past rental income along with the prospects of obtaining a new tenant.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Anytime current circumstances are not used to determine asset income, a clear rationale for the decision will be documented in the file. In such cases the family may present information and documentation to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to show

why the asset income determination does not represent the family's anticipated asset income.

Valuing Assets

The calculation of asset income sometimes requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to make a distinction between an asset's market value and its cash value.

- The market value of an asset is its worth (e.g., the amount a buyer would pay for real estate or the balance in an investment account).
- The cash value of an asset is its market value less all reasonable amounts that would be incurred when converting the asset to cash.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Reasonable costs that would be incurred when disposing of an asset include, but are not limited to, penalties for premature withdrawal, broker and legal fees, and settlement costs incurred in real estate transactions [HCV GB, p. 5-28].

Lump-Sum Receipts

Payments that are received in a single lump sum, such as inheritances, capital gains, lottery winnings, insurance settlements, and proceeds from the sale of property, are generally considered assets, not income. However, such lump-sum receipts are counted as assets only if they are retained by a family in a form recognizable as an asset (e.g., deposited in a savings or checking account) [RHIIP FAQs]. (For a discussion of lump-sum payments that represent the delayed start of a periodic payment, most of which are counted as income, see sections 6-I.H and 6-I.I.)

Imputing Income from Assets [24 CFR 5.609(b)(3)]

When net family assets are \$5,000 or less, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will include in annual income the actual income anticipated to be derived from the assets. When the family has net family assets in excess of \$5,000, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will include in annual income the greater of (1) the actual income derived from the assets or (2) the imputed income. Imputed income from assets is calculated by multiplying the total cash value of all family assets by the current HUD-established passbook savings rate.

Determining Actual Anticipated Income from Assets

It may or may not be necessary for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to use the value of an asset to compute the actual anticipated income from the asset. When the value is required to compute the anticipated income from an asset, the market value of the asset is used. For example, if the asset is a property for which a family receives rental income, the anticipated income is determined by annualizing the actual monthly rental amount received for the property; it is not based on the property's market value. However, if the asset is a savings account, the anticipated income is determined by multiplying the market value of the account by the interest rate on the account.

Withdrawal of Cash or Liquidation of Investments

Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment will be included in income except to the extent that the withdrawal reimburses amounts invested by the family. For example, when a family member retires, the amount received by the family from a retirement plan is not counted

as income until the family has received payments equal to the amount the family member deposited into the retirement fund.

Jointly Owned Assets

The regulation at 24 CFR 5.609(a)(4) specifies that annual income includes "amounts derived (during the 12-month period) from assets to which any member of the family has access."

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If an asset is owned by more than one person and any family member has unrestricted access to the asset, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will count the full value of the asset. A family member has unrestricted access to an asset when he or she can legally dispose of the asset without the consent of any of the other owners.

If an asset is owned by more than one person, including a family member, but the family member does not have unrestricted access to the asset, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will prorate the asset according to the percentage of ownership. If no percentage is specified or provided for by state or local law, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will prorate the asset evenly among all owners.

Assets Disposed Of for Less than Fair Market Value [24 CFR 5.603(b)]

HUD regulations require **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to count as a current asset any business or family asset that was disposed of for less than fair market value during the two years prior to the effective date of the examination/reexamination, except as noted below.

Minimum Threshold

The *HVC Guidebook* permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to set a threshold below which assets disposed of for less than fair market value will not be counted [HCV GB, p. 5-27].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not include the value of assets disposed of for less than fair market value unless the cumulative fair market value of all assets disposed of during the past two years exceeds the gross amount received for the assets by more than \$1,000.

When the two-year period expires, the income assigned to the disposed asset(s) also expires. If the two-year period ends between annual recertifications, the family may request an interim recertification to eliminate consideration of the asset(s).

Assets placed by the family in nonrevocable trusts are considered assets disposed of for less than fair market value except when the assets placed in trust were received through settlements or judgments.

Separation or Divorce

The regulation also specifies that assets are not considered disposed of for less than fair market value if they are disposed of as part of a separation or divorce settlement and the applicant or tenant receives important consideration not measurable in dollar terms.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

All assets disposed of as part of a separation or divorce settlement will be considered assets for which important consideration not measurable in monetary terms has been received. In order to qualify for this exemption, a family member must be subject to a formal separation or divorce settlement agreement established through arbitration, mediation, or court order.

Foreclosure or Bankruptcy

Assets are not considered disposed of for less than fair market value when the disposition is the result of a foreclosure or bankruptcy sale.

Family Declaration

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families must sign a declaration form at initial certification and each annual recertification identifying all assets that have been disposed of for less than fair market value or declaring that no assets have been disposed of for less than fair market value. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may verify the value of the assets disposed of if other information available to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** does not appear to agree with the information reported by the family.

Types of Assets

Checking and Savings Accounts

For regular checking accounts and savings accounts, *cash value* has the same meaning as *market value*. If a checking account does not bear interest, the anticipated income from the account is zero.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In determining the value of a checking account, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the average monthly balance for the last three months.

In determining the value of a savings account, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the current balance.

In determining the anticipated income from an interest-bearing checking or savings account, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will multiply the value of the account by the current rate of interest paid on the account.

Investment Accounts Such as Stocks, Bonds, Saving Certificates, and Money Market Funds

Interest or dividends earned by investment accounts are counted as actual income from assets even when the earnings are reinvested. The cash value of such an asset is determined by deducting from the market value any broker fees, penalties for early withdrawal, or other costs of converting the asset to cash.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In determining the market value of an investment account, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the value of the account on the most recent investment report. How anticipated income from an investment account will be calculated depends on whether the rate of return is known. For assets that are held in an investment account with a known rate of return (e.g., savings certificates), asset income will be calculated based on that known rate (market value multiplied by rate of earnings). When the anticipated rate of return is not known (e.g., stocks), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will calculate asset income based on the earnings for the most recent reporting period.

Equity in Real Property or Other Capital Investments

Equity (cash value) in a property or other capital asset is the estimated current market value of the asset less the unpaid balance on all loans secured by the asset and reasonable costs (such as broker fees) that would be incurred in selling the asset [HCV GB, p. 5-25].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In determining the equity, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine market value by examining recent sales of at least three properties in the surrounding or similar neighborhood that possess comparable factors that affect market value.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will first use the payoff amount for the loan (mortgage) as the unpaid balance to calculate equity. If the payoff amount is not available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the basic loan balance information to deduct from the market value in the equity calculation.

Equity in real property and other capital investments is considered in the calculation of asset income **except** for the following types of assets:

- Equity accounts in HUD homeownership programs [24 CFR5.603(b)]
- The value of a home currently being purchased with assistance under the HCV program Homeownership Option for the first 10 years after the purchase date of the home [24 CFR 5.603(b), Notice PIH 2012-3]
- Equity in owner-occupied cooperatives and manufactured homes in which the family lives [HCV GB, p. 5-25]
- Equity in real property when a family member's main occupation is real estate [HCV GB, p. 5-25]. This real estate is considered a business asset, and income related to this asset will be calculated as described in section 6-I.F.
- Interests in Indian Trust lands [24 CFR 5.603(b)]
- Real property and capital assets that are part of an active business or farming operation [HCV GB, p. 5-25]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must also deduct from the equity the reasonable costs for converting the asset to cash. Using the formula for calculating equity specified above, the net cash value of real property is the market value of the loan (mortgage) minus the expenses to convert to cash

[Notice PIH 2012-3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For the purposes of calculating expenses to convert to cash for real property, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use ten percent of the market value of the home.

A family may have real property as an asset in two ways: (1) owning the property itself and (2) holding a mortgage or deed of trust on the property. In the case of a property owned by a family member, the anticipated asset income generally will be in the form of rent or other payment for the use of the property. If the property generates no income, actual anticipated income from the asset will be zero.

In the case of a mortgage or deed of trust held by a family member, the outstanding balance (unpaid principal) is the cash value of the asset. The interest portion only of payments made to the family in accordance with the terms of the mortgage or deed of trust is counted as anticipated asset income.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines the net cash value of real property as set forth in Exhibit 6-3(b). In the case of capital investments owned jointly with others not living in a family's unit, a prorated share of the property's cash value will be counted as an asset unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the family receives no income from the property and is unable to sell or otherwise convert the asset to cash.

Trusts

A *trust* is a legal arrangement generally regulated by state law in which one party (the creator or grantor) transfers property to a second party (the trustee) who holds the property for the benefit of one or more third parties (the beneficiaries).

Revocable Trusts

If any member of a family has the right to withdraw the funds in a trust, the value of the trust is considered an asset [HCV GB, p. 5-25]. Any income earned as a result of investment of trust funds is counted as actual asset income, whether the income is paid to the family or deposited in the trust.

Nonrevocable Trusts

In cases where a trust is not revocable by, or under the control of, any member of a family, the value of the trust fund is not considered an asset. However, any income distributed to the family from such a trust is counted as a periodic payment or a lump-sum receipt, as appropriate [24 CFR 5.603(b)]. (Periodic payments are covered in section 6-I.H. Lump-sum receipts are discussed earlier in this section.)

Retirement Accounts

Company Retirement/Pension Accounts

In order to correctly include or exclude as an asset any amount held in a company retirement or pension account by an employed person, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must know whether the money is accessible before retirement [HCV GB, p. 5-26].

While a family member is employed, only the amount the family member can withdraw without retiring or terminating employment is counted as an asset [HCV GB, p. 5-26].

After a family member retires or terminates employment, any amount distributed to the family member is counted as a periodic payment or a lump-sum receipt, as appropriate [HCV GB, p. 5-26], except to the extent that it represents funds invested in the account by the family member. (For more on periodic payments, see section 6-I.H.) The balance in the account is counted as an asset only if it remains accessible to the family member.

IRA, Keogh, and Similar Retirement Savings Accounts

IRA, Keogh, and similar retirement savings accounts are counted as assets even though early withdrawal would result in a penalty [HCV GB, p. 5-25].

Personal Property

Personal property held as an investment, such as gems, jewelry, coin collections, antique cars, etc., is considered an asset [HCV GB, p. 5-25].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In determining the value of personal property held as an investment, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the family's estimate of the value. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may obtain an appraisal to confirm the value of the asset if there is reason to believe that the family's estimated value is off by \$50 or more. The family must cooperate with the appraiser, but cannot be charged any costs related to the appraisal.

Generally, personal property held as an investment generates no income until it is disposed of. If regular income is generated (e.g., income from renting the personal property), the amount that is expected to be earned in the coming year is counted as actual income from the asset.

Necessary items of personal property are not considered assets [24 CFR 5.603(b)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Necessary personal property consists of only those items not held as an investment, and may include clothing, furniture, household furnishings, jewelry, and vehicles, including those specially equipped for persons with disabilities.

Life Insurance

The cash value of a life insurance policy available to a family member before death, such as a whole life or universal life policy, is included in the calculation of the value of the family's assets [HCV GB 5-25]. The cash value is the surrender value. If such a policy earns dividends or interest that the family could elect to receive, the anticipated amount of dividends or interest is counted as income from the asset whether or not the family actually receives it.

6-I.H. PERIODIC PAYMENTS

Periodic payments are forms of income received on a regular basis. HUD regulations specify periodic payments that are and are not included in annual income.

Periodic Payments <u>Included</u> in Annual Income

- Periodic payments from sources such as <u>social security</u>, <u>unemployment and welfare</u> <u>assistance</u>, <u>annuities</u>, <u>insurance policies</u>, <u>retirement funds</u>, <u>and pensions</u>. However, periodic payments from retirement accounts, annuities, and similar forms of investments are counted only after they exceed the amount contributed by the family [24 CFR 5.609(b)(4) and (b)(3)].
- <u>Disability or death benefits and lottery receipts</u> paid periodically, rather than in a single lump sum [24 CFR 5.609(b)(4) and HCV, p. 5-14].

Lump-Sum Payments for the Delayed Start of a Periodic Payment

Most lump-sums received as a result of delays in processing periodic payments, such as unemployment or welfare assistance, are counted as income. However, lump-sum receipts for the delayed start of periodic social security or supplemental security income (SSI) payments are not counted as income [CFR 5.609(b)(4)]. Additionally, any deferred disability benefits that are received in a lump-sum or in prospective monthly amounts from the Department of Veterans Affairs are to be excluded from annual income [FR Notice 11/24/08].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When a delayed-start payment is received and reported during the period in which CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is processing an annual reexamination, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will adjust the family share and PHA subsidy retroactively for the period the payment was intended to cover. The family may pay in full any amount due or request to enter into a repayment agreement with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

Treatment of Overpayment Deductions from Social Security Benefits

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must make a special calculation of annual income when the Social Security Administration (SSA) overpays an individual, resulting in a withholding or deduction from his or her benefit amount until the overpayment is paid in full. The amount and duration of the withholding will vary depending on the amount of the overpayment and the percent of the benefit rate withheld. Regardless of the amount withheld or the length of the withholding period, the PHA must use the reduced benefit amount after deducting only the amount of the overpayment withholding from the gross benefit amount [Notice PIH 2012-10].

Periodic Payments Excluded from Annual Income

• Payments received for the <u>care of foster children or foster adults</u> (usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the assisted family, who are unable to live alone) [24 CFR 5.609(c)(2)]. Kinship guardianship assistance payments (Kin-GAP) and other similar guardianship payments are treated the same as foster care payments and are likewise excluded from annual income [Notice PIH 2012-1].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will exclude payments for the care of foster children and foster adults, including California Kinship Guardian Assistant Payments (Kin_GAP) per PIH 2008-40 only if the care is provided through an official arrangement with a local welfare agency [HCV GB, p. 5-18].

- Amounts paid by a state agency to a family with a <u>member who has a developmental</u> <u>disability and is living at home</u> to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep the developmentally disabled family member at home [24 CFR 5.609(c)(16)].
- Amounts received under the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (42 U.S.C. 1626(c)) [24 CFR 5.609(c)(17)].
- Amounts received under the <u>Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990</u> (42 U.S.C. 9858q) [24 CFR 5.609(c)(17)].
- <u>Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)</u> refund payments (26 U.S.C. 32(j)) [24 CFR 5.609(c)(17)]. *Note:* EITC may be paid periodically if the family elects to receive the amount due as part of payroll payments from an employer.
- Lump-sums received as a result of <u>delays in processing Social Security and SSI payments</u> (see section 6-I.J.) [24 CFR 5.609(b)(4)].
- Lump-sums or prospective monthly amounts received as deferred <u>disability benefits from the</u> <u>Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)</u> [FR Notice 11/24/08].

6-I.I. PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF EARNINGS

Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment and disability compensation, worker's compensation, and severance pay, are counted as income [24 CFR 5.609(b)(5)] if they are received either in the form of periodic payments or in the form of a lump-sum amount or prospective monthly amounts for the delayed start of a periodic payment. If they are received in a one-time lump sum (as a settlement, for instance), they are treated as lump-sum receipts [24 CFR 5.609(c)(3)]. (See also the discussion of periodic payments in section 6-I.H and the discussion of lump-sum receipts in section 6-I.G.)

6-I.J. WELFARE ASSISTANCE

Overview

Welfare assistance is counted in annual income. Welfare assistance includes Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and any payments to individuals or families based on need that are made under programs funded separately or jointly by federal, state, or local governments [24 CFR 5.603(b)].

Sanctions Resulting in the Reduction of Welfare Benefits [24 CFR 5.615]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must make a special calculation of annual income when the welfare agency imposes certain sanctions on certain families. The full text of the regulation at 24 CFR 5.615 is provided as Exhibit 6-5. The requirements are summarized below. This rule applies only if a family was receiving HCV assistance at the time the sanction was imposed.

Covered Families

The families covered by 24 CFR 5.615 are those "who receive welfare assistance or other public assistance benefits ('welfare benefits') from a State or other public agency ('welfare agency') under a program for which Federal, State or local law requires that a member of the family must participate in an economic self-sufficiency program as a condition for such assistance" [24 CFR 5.615(b)]

Imputed Income

When a welfare agency imposes a sanction that reduces a family's welfare income because the family commits fraud or fails to comply with the agency's economic self-sufficiency program or work activities requirement, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must include in annual income "imputed" welfare income. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must request that the welfare agency inform **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** when the benefits of an HCV participant family are reduced. The imputed income is the amount the family would have received if the family had not been sanctioned.

This requirement does not apply to reductions in welfare benefits: (1) at the expiration of the lifetime or other time limit on the payment of welfare benefits, (2) if a family member is unable to find employment even though the family member has complied with the welfare agency economic self-sufficiency or work activities requirements, or (3) because a family member has not complied with other welfare agency requirements [24 CFR 5.615(b)(2)].

Offsets

The amount of the imputed income is offset by the amount of additional income the family begins to receive after the sanction is imposed. When the additional income equals or exceeds the imputed welfare income, the imputed income is reduced to zero [24 CFR 5.615(c)(4)].

6-I.K. PERIODIC AND DETERMINABLE ALLOWANCES [24 CFR 5.609(b)(7)]

Annual income includes periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony and child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from organizations or from persons not residing with an assisted family.

Alimony and Child Support

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must count alimony or child support amounts awarded as part of a divorce or separation agreement.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICYCCA SECTION 8 HOUSING

PROGRAM will count court-awarded amounts for alimony and child support unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** verifies that: (1) the payments are not being made, and (2) the family has made reasonable efforts to collect amounts due, including filing with courts or agencies responsible for enforcing payments [HCV GB, pp. 5-23 and 5-47].

Families who do not have court-awarded alimony and child support awards are not required to seek a court award and are not required to take independent legal action to obtain collection.

Regular Contributions or Gifts

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must count as income regular monetary and nonmonetary contributions or gifts from persons not residing with an assisted family [24 CFR 5.609(b)(7)]. Temporary, nonrecurring, or sporadic income and gifts are not counted [24 CFR 5.609(c)(9)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Examples of regular contributions include: (1) regular payment of a family's bills (e.g., utilities, telephone, rent, credit cards, and car payments), (2) cash or other liquid assets provided to any family member on a regular basis, and (3) "in-kind" contributions such as groceries and clothing provided to a family on a regular basis.

Nonmonetary contributions will be valued at the cost of purchasing the items, as determined by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. For contributions that may vary from month to month (e.g., utility payments), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will include an average amount based upon past history.

6-I.L. STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE [24 CFR 5.609(b)(9)]

In 2005, Congress passed a law (for section 8 programs only) requiring that certain student financial assistance be included in annual income. Prior to that, the full amount of student financial assistance was excluded. For some students, the full exclusion still applies.

Student Financial Assistance <u>Included</u> in Annual Income [24 CFR 5.609(b)(9) and FR 4/10/06]

The regulation requiring the inclusion of certain student financial assistance applies only to students who satisfy all of the following conditions:

- They are enrolled in an institution of higher education, as defined under the Higher Education Act (HEA) of 1965.
- They are seeking or receiving Section 8 assistance on their own—that is, apart from their parents—through the HCV program, the project-based certificate program, the project-based voucher program, or the moderate rehabilitation program.
- They are under 24 years of age **OR** they have no dependent children.

For students who satisfy these three conditions, any financial assistance in excess of tuition received: (1) under the 1965 HEA, (2) from a private source, or (3) from an institution of higher education, as defined under the 1965 HEA, must be included in annual income.

To determine annual income in accordance with the above requirements, the PHA will use the definitions of *dependent child, institution of higher education,* and *parents* in section 3-II.E, along with the following definitions [FR 4/10/06, pp. 18148-18150]:

- Assistance under the Higher Education Act of 1965 includes Pell Grants, Federal Supplement Educational Opportunity Grants, Academic Achievement Incentive Scholarships, State Assistance under the Leveraging Educational Assistance Partnership Program, the Robert G. Byrd Honors Scholarship Program, and Federal Work Study programs.
- Assistance from private sources means assistance from nongovernmental sources, including parents, guardians, and other persons not residing with the student in an HCV assisted unit.
- *Tuition* will have the meaning given this term by the institution of higher education in which the student is enrolled.

Student Financial Assistance <u>Excluded</u> from Annual Income [24 CFR 5.609(c)(6)]

Any student financial assistance not subject to inclusion under 24 CFR 5.609(b)(9) is fully excluded from annual income under 24 CFR 5.609(c)(6), whether it is paid directly to the student or to the educational institution the student is attending. This includes any financial assistance received by:

- Students residing with parents who are seeking or receiving Section 8 assistance
- Students who are enrolled in an educational institution that does **not** meet the 1965 HEA definition of *institution of higher education*
- Students who are over 23 AND have at least one dependent child, as defined in section 3-II.E
- Students who are receiving financial assistance through a governmental program not authorized under the 1965 HEA.

6-I.M. ADDITIONAL EXCLUSIONS FROM ANNUAL INCOME

Other exclusions contained in 24 CFR 5.609(c) that have not been discussed earlier in this chapter include the following:

- Reimbursement of medical expenses [24 CFR 5.609(c)(4)]
- Amounts received by participants in other publicly assisted programs which are specifically for or in reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred and which are made solely to allow participation in a specific program [24 CFR 5.609(c)(8)(iii)]
- Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security Income eligibility and benefits because they are set aside for use under a <u>Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS)</u> [(24 CFR 5.609(c)(8)(ii)]
- <u>Reparation payments</u> paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims filed under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era [24 CFR 5.609(c)(10)]
- Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child [24 CFR 5.609(c)(12)]
- <u>Refunds or rebates on property taxes</u> paid on the dwelling unit [24 CFR 5.609(c)(15)]
- Amounts paid by a state agency to a family with a member who has a <u>developmental</u> <u>disability and is living at home</u> to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep the developmentally disabled family member at home [24 CFR 5.609(c)(16)]
- Amounts specifically <u>excluded by any other federal statute</u> [24 CFR 5.609(c)(17)]. HUD publishes an updated list of these exclusions periodically. It includes:
 - (a) The value of the allotment provided to an eligible household under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2017 (b))
 - (b) Payments to Volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Services Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 5044(g), 5058)
 - (c) Payments received under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1626(c))
 - (d) Income derived from certain submarginal land of the United States that is held in trust for certain Indian tribes (25 U.S.C. 459e)

- (e) Payments or allowances made under the Department of Health and Human Services' Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (42 U.S.C. 8624(f))
- (f) Payments received under programs funded in whole or in part under the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1552(b)) (Effective July 1, 2000, references to Job Training Partnership Act shall be deemed to refer to the corresponding provision of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2931).)
- (g) Income derived from the disposition of funds to the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians (Pub. L. 94-540, 90 Stat. 2503-04)
- (h) The first \$2,000 of per capita shares received from judgment funds awarded by the Indian Claims Commission or the U. S. Claims Court, the interests of individual Indians in trust or restricted lands, including the first \$2,000 per year of income received by individual Indians from funds derived from interests held in such trust or restricted lands (25 U.S.C. 1407-1408)
- (i) Payments received from programs funded under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1985 (42 U.S.C. 3056(f))
- (j) Payments received on or after January 1, 1989, from the Agent Orange Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in *In Re Agent*-product liability litigation, M.D.L. No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.)
- (k) Payments received under the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980 (25 U.S.C. 1721)
- (l) The value of any child care provided or arranged (or any amount received as payment for such care or reimbursement for costs incurred for such care) under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858q)
- (m) Earned income tax credit (EITC) refund payments received on or after January 1, 1991 (26 U.S.C. 32(j))
- (n) Payments by the Indian Claims Commission to the Confederated Tribes and Bands of Yakima Indian Nation or the Apache Tribe of Mescalero Reservation (Pub. L. 95-433)
- (o) Allowances, earnings and payments to AmeriCorps participants under the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12637(d))
- (p) Any allowance paid under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 1805 to a child suffering from spina bifida who is the child of a Vietnam veteran (38 U.S.C. 1805)
- (q) Any amount of crime victim compensation (under the Victims of Crime Act) received through crime victim assistance (or payment or reimbursement of the cost of such assistance) as determined under the Victims of Crime Act because of the commission of a crime against the applicant under the Victims of Crime Act (42 U.S.C. 10602)
- (r) Allowances, earnings and payments to individuals participating in programs under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2931)

PART II: ADJUSTED INCOME

6-II.A. INTRODUCTION

Overview

HUD regulations require PHAs to deduct from annual income any of five mandatory deductions for which a family qualifies. The resulting amount is the family's adjusted income. Mandatory deductions are found in 24 CFR 5.611.

5.611(a) Mandatory deductions. In determining adjusted income, the responsible entity [PHA] must deduct the following amounts from annual income:

(1) \$480 for each dependent;

(2) \$400 for any elderly family or disabled family;

(3) The sum of the following, to the extent the sum exceeds three percent of annual income:

(i) Unreimbursed medical expenses of any elderly family or disabled family;

(ii) Unreimbursed reasonable attendant care and auxiliary apparatus expenses for each member of the family who is a person with disabilities, to the extent necessary to enable any member of the family (including the member who is a person with disabilities) to be employed. This deduction may not exceed the earned income received by family members who are 18 years of age or older and who are able to work because of such attendant care or auxiliary apparatus; and

(4) Any reasonable child care expenses necessary to enable a member of the family to be employed or to further his or her education.

This part covers policies related to these mandatory deductions. Verification requirements related to these deductions are found in Chapter 7.

Anticipating Expenses

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Generally, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use current circumstances to anticipate expenses. When possible, for costs that are expected to fluctuate during the year (e.g., child care during school and nonschool periods and cyclical medical expenses), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will estimate costs based on historic data and known future costs.

If a family has an accumulated debt for medical or disability assistance expenses, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will include as an eligible expense the portion of the debt that the family expects to pay during the period for which the income determination is being made. However, amounts previously deducted will not be allowed even if the amounts were not paid as expected in a preceding period. The **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may require the family to provide documentation of payments made in the preceding year.

6-II.B. DEPENDENT DEDUCTION

A deduction of \$480 is taken for each dependent [24 CFR 5.611(a)(1)]. *Dependent* is defined as any family member other than the head, spouse, or cohead who is under the age of 18 or who is 18 or older and is a person with disabilities or a full-time student. Foster children, foster adults, and live-in aides are never considered dependents [24 CFR 5.603(b)].

6-II.C. ELDERLY OR DISABLED FAMILY DEDUCTION

A single deduction of \$400 is taken for any elderly or disabled family [24 CFR 5.611(a)(2)]. An *elderly family* is a family whose head, spouse, cohead, or sole member is 62 years of age or older, and a *disabled family* is a family whose head, spouse, cohead, or sole member is a person with disabilities [24 CFR 5.403].

6-II.D. MEDICAL EXPENSES DEDUCTION [24 CFR 5.611(a)(3)(i)]

Unreimbursed medical expenses may be deducted to the extent that, in combination with any disability assistance expenses, they exceed three percent of annual income.

The medical expense deduction is permitted only for families in which the head, spouse, or cohead is at least 62 or is a person with disabilities. If a family is eligible for a medical expense deduction, the medical expenses of all family members are counted [VG, p. 28].

Definition of *Medical Expenses*

HUD regulations define *medical expenses* at 24 CFR 5.603(b) to mean "medical expenses, including medical insurance premiums, that are anticipated during the period for which annual income is computed, and that are not covered by insurance."

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY The most current IRS Publication 502, *Medical and Dental Expenses*, will be used to determine the costs that qualify as medical expenses.

Summary of Allowable Medical Expenses from IRS Publication 502		
Services of medical professionals	Substance abuse treatment programs	
Surgery and medical procedures that are necessary, legal, noncosmetic	Psychiatric treatment	
Services of medical facilities	Ambulance services and some costs of transportation related to medical	
Hospitalization, long-term care, and in- home nursing services	expenses The cost and care of necessary	
Prescription medicines and insulin, but <u>not</u> nonprescription medicines even if recommended by a doctor	equipment related to a medical condition (e.g., eyeglasses/lenses, hearing aids, crutches, and artificial teeth)	
Improvements to housing directly related to medical needs (e.g., ramps for a wheel chair, handrails)	Cost and continuing care of necessary service animals	

Note: This chart provides a summary of eligible medical expenses only. Detailed information is provided in IRS Publication 502. Medical expenses are considered only to the extent they are not reimbursed by insurance or some other source.

Families That Qualify for Both Medical and Disability Assistance Expenses

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

This policy applies only to families in which the head, spouse, or cohead is 62 or older or is a person with disabilities.

When expenses anticipated by a family could be defined as either medical or disability assistance expenses, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider them medical expenses unless it is clear that the expenses are incurred exclusively to enable a person with disabilities to work.

6-II.E. DISABILITY ASSISTANCE EXPENSES DEDUCTION [24 CFR 5.603(b) and 24 CFR 5.611(a)(3)(ii)]

Reasonable expenses for attendant care and auxiliary apparatus for a disabled family member may be deducted if they: (1) are necessary to enable a family member 18 years or older to work, (2) are not paid to a family member or reimbursed by an outside source, (3) in combination with any medical expenses, exceed three percent of annual income, and (4) do not exceed the earned income received by the family member who is enabled to work.

Earned Income Limit on the Disability Assistance Expense Deduction

A family can qualify for the disability assistance expense deduction only if at least one family member (who may be the person with disabilities) is enabled to work [24 CFR 5.603(b)].

The disability expense deduction is capped by the amount of "earned income received by family members who are 18 years of age or older and who are able to work" because of the expense [24 CFR 5.611(a)(3)(ii)]. The earned income used for this purpose is the amount verified before any earned income disallowances or income exclusions are applied.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must identify the family members enabled to work as a result of the disability assistance expenses. In evaluating the family's request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider factors such as how the work schedule of the relevant family members relates to the hours of care provided, the time required for transportation, the relationship of the family members to the person with disabilities, and any special needs of the person with disabilities that might determine which family members are enabled to work.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the disability assistance expenses enable more than one family member to work, the expenses will be capped by the sum of the family members' incomes.

Eligible Disability Expenses

Examples of auxiliary apparatus are provided in the *HCV Guidebook* as follows: "Auxiliary apparatus are items such as wheelchairs, ramps, adaptations to vehicles, or special equipment to enable a blind person to read or type, but only if these items are directly related to permitting the disabled person or other family member to work" [HCV GB, p. 5-30].

HUD advises PHAs to further define and describe auxiliary apparatus [VG, p. 30].

Eligible Auxiliary Apparatus

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Expenses incurred for maintaining or repairing an auxiliary apparatus are eligible. In the case of an apparatus that is specially adapted to accommodate a person with disabilities (e.g., a vehicle or computer), the cost to maintain the special adaptations (but not maintenance of the apparatus itself) is an eligible expense. The cost of service animals trained to give assistance to persons with disabilities, including the cost of acquiring the animal, veterinary care, food, grooming, and other continuing costs of care, will be included.

Eligible Attendant Care

The family determines the type of attendant care that is appropriate for the person with disabilities.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Attendant care includes, but is not limited to, reasonable costs for home medical care, nursing services, in-home or center-based care services, interpreters for persons with hearing impairments, and readers for persons with visual disabilities.

Attendant care expenses will be included for the period that the person enabled to work is employed plus reasonable transportation time. The cost of general housekeeping and personal services is not an eligible attendant care expense. However, if the person enabled to work is the person with disabilities, personal services necessary to enable the person with disabilities to work are eligible.

If the care attendant also provides other services to the family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will prorate the cost and allow only that portion of the expenses attributable to attendant care that enables a family member to work. For example, if the care provider also cares for a child who is not the person with disabilities, the cost of care must be prorated. Unless otherwise specified by the care provider, the calculation will be based upon the number of hours spent in each activity and/or the number of persons under care.

Payments to Family Members

No disability assistance expenses may be deducted for payments to a member of an assisted family [24 CFR 5.603(b)]. However, expenses paid to a relative who is not a member of the assisted family may be deducted if they are not reimbursed by an outside source.

Necessary and Reasonable Expenses

The family determines the type of care or auxiliary apparatus to be provided and must describe how the expenses enable a family member to work. The family must certify that the disability assistance expenses are necessary and are not paid or reimbursed by any other source.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines the reasonableness of the expenses based on typical costs of care or apparatus in the locality. A family may present, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider, the family's justification for costs that exceed typical costs in the area.

Families That Qualify for Both Medical and Disability Assistance Expenses

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

This policy applies only to families in which the head or spouse is 62 or older or is a person with disabilities.

When expenses anticipated by a family could be defined as either medical or disability assistance expenses, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider them medical expenses unless it is clear that the expenses are incurred exclusively to enable a person with disabilities to work.

6-II.F. CHILD CARE EXPENSE DEDUCTION

HUD defines *child care expenses* at 24 CFR 5.603(b) as "amounts anticipated to be paid by the family for the care of children under 13 years of age during the period for which annual income is computed, but only where such care is necessary to enable a family member to actively seek employment, be gainfully employed, or to further his or her education and only to the extent such amounts are not reimbursed. The amount deducted shall reflect reasonable charges for child care. In the case of child care necessary to permit employment, the amount deducted shall not exceed the amount of employment income that is included in annual income."

Clarifying the Meaning of Child for This Deduction

Child care expenses do not include child support payments made to another on behalf of a minor who is not living in an assisted family's household [VG, p. 26]. However, child care expenses for foster children that are living in the assisted family's household, are included when determining the family's child care expenses [HCV GB, p. 5-29].

Qualifying for the Deduction

Determining Who Is Enabled to Pursue an Eligible Activity

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must identify the family member(s) enabled to pursue an eligible activity. The term *eligible activity* in this section means any of the activities that may make the family eligible for a child care deduction (seeking work, pursuing an education, or being gainfully employed).

In evaluating the family's request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider factors such as how the schedule for the claimed activity relates to the hours of care provided, the time required for transportation, the relationship of the family member(s) to the child, and any special needs of the child that might help determine which family member is enabled to pursue an eligible activity.

Seeking Work

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the child care expense being claimed is to enable a family member to seek employment, the family must provide evidence of the family member's efforts to obtain employment at each reexamination. The deduction may be reduced or denied if the family member's job search efforts are not commensurate with the child care expense being allowed by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

Furthering Education

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the child care expense being claimed is to enable a family member to further his or her education, the member must be enrolled in school (academic or vocational) or participating in a formal training program. The family member is not required to be a full-time student, but the time spent in educational activities must be commensurate with the child care claimed.

Being Gainfully Employed

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the child care expense being claimed is to enable a family member to be gainfully employed, the family must provide evidence of the family member's employment during the time that child care is being provided. Gainful employment is any legal work activity (full- or part-time) for which a family member is compensated.

Earned Income Limit on Child Care Expense Deduction

When a family member looks for work or furthers his or her education, there is no cap on the amount that may be deducted for child care – although the care must still be necessary and reasonable. However, when child care enables a family member to work, the deduction is capped by "the amount of employment income that is included in annual income" [24 CFR 5.603(b)].

The earned income used for this purpose is the amount of earned income verified after any earned income disallowances or income exclusions are applied.

When the person who is enabled to work is a person with disabilities who receives the earned income disallowance (EID) or a full-time student whose earned income above \$480 is excluded, child care costs related to enabling a family member to work may not exceed the portion of the person's earned income that actually is included in annual income. For example, if a family member who qualifies for the EID makes \$15,000 but because of the EID only \$5,000 is included in annual income, child care expenses are limited to \$5,000.

The PHA must not limit the deduction to the least expensive type of child care. If the care allows the family to pursue more than one eligible activity, including work, the cap is calculated in proportion to the amount of time spent working [HCV GB, p. 5-30].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When the child care expense being claimed is to enable a family member to work, only one family member's income will be considered for a given period of time. When more than one family member works during a given period, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will limit allowable child care expenses to the earned income of the lowest-paid member.

Eligible Child Care Expenses

The type of care to be provided is determined by the assisted family. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not refuse to give a family the child care expense deduction because there is an adult family member in the household that may be available to provide child care [VG, p. 26].

Allowable Child Care Activities

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For school-age children, costs attributable to public or private school activities during standard school hours are not considered. Expenses incurred for supervised activities after school or during school holidays (e.g., summer day camp, after-school sports league) are allowable forms of child care.

The costs of general housekeeping and personal services are not eligible. Likewise, child care expenses paid to a family member who lives in the family's unit are not eligible; however, payments for child care to relatives who do not live in the unit are eligible.

If a child care provider also renders other services to a family or child care is used to enable a family member to conduct activities that are not eligible for consideration, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will prorate the costs and allow only that portion of the expenses that is attributable to child care for eligible activities. For example, if the care provider also cares for a child with disabilities who is 13 or older, the cost of care will be prorated. Unless otherwise specified by the child care provider, the calculation will be based upon the number of hours spent in each activity and/or the number of persons under care.

Necessary and Reasonable Costs

Child care expenses will be considered necessary if: (1) a family adequately explains how the care enables a family member to work, actively seek employment, or further his or her education, and (2) the family certifies, and the child care provider verifies, that the expenses are not paid or reimbursed by any other source.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Child care expenses will be considered for the time required for the eligible activity plus reasonable transportation time. For child care that enables a family member to go to school, the time allowed may include not more than one study hour for each hour spent in class.

To establish the reasonableness of child care costs, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the schedule of child care costs from the local welfare agency. Families may present, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider, justification for costs that exceed typical costs in the area.

PART III: CALCULATING FAMILY SHARE AND PHA SUBSIDY

6-III.A. OVERVIEW OF RENT AND SUBSIDY CALCULATIONS

TTP Formula [24 CFR 5.628]

HUD regulations specify the formula for calculating the total tenant payment (TTP) for an assisted family. TTP is the highest of the following amounts, rounded to the nearest dollar:

- 30 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income (adjusted income is defined in Part II)
- 10 percent of the family's monthly gross income (annual income, as defined in Part I, divided by 12)
- The welfare rent (in as-paid states only)
- A minimum rent between \$0 and \$50 that is established by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has authority to suspend and exempt families from minimum rent when a financial hardship exists, as defined in section 6-III.B.

The amount that a family pays for rent and utilities (the family share) will never be less than the family's TTP but may be greater than the TTP depending on the rent charged for the unit the family selects.

Welfare Rent [24 CFR 5.628]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Welfare rent does not apply in this locality.

Minimum Rent [24 CFR 5.630]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The minimum rent for this locality is \$50.00.

Family Share [24 CFR 982.305(a)(5)]

If a family chooses a unit with a gross rent (rent to owner plus an allowance for tenant-paid utilities) that exceeds **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** applicable payment standard: (1) the family will pay more than the TTP, and (2) at initial occupancy **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not approve the tenancy if it would require the family share to exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income. The income used for this determination must have been verified no earlier than 60 days before the family's voucher was issued. (For a discussion of the application of payment standards, see section 6-III.C.)

PHA Subsidy [24 CFR 982.505(b)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will pay a monthly housing assistance payment (HAP) for a family that is equal to the lower of (1) the applicable payment standard for the family minus the family's TTP or (2) the gross rent for the family's unit minus the TTP. (For a discussion of the application of payment standards, see section 6-III.C.)

Utility Reimbursement [24 CFR 982.514(b)]

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** subsidy for a family exceeds the rent to owner, the family is due a utility reimbursement. HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to pay the reimbursement to the family or directly to the utility provider.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make utility reimbursements to the family.

6-III.B. FINANCIAL HARDSHIPS AFFECTING MINIMUM RENT [24 CFR 5.630]

Overview

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM establishes a minimum rent greater than zero, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must grant an exemption from the minimum rent if a family is unable to pay the minimum rent because of financial hardship.

The financial hardship exemption applies only to families required to pay the minimum rent. If a family's TTP is higher than the minimum rent, the family is not eligible for a hardship exemption. If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that a hardship exists, the family share is the highest of the remaining components of the family's calculated TTP.

HUD-Defined Financial Hardship

Financial hardship includes the following situations:

(1) The family has lost eligibility for or is awaiting an eligibility determination for a federal, state, or local assistance program. This includes a family member who is a noncitizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence under the Immigration and Nationality Act who would be entitled to public benefits but for Title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Act of 1996.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A hardship will be considered to exist only if the loss of eligibility has an impact on the family's ability to pay the minimum rent.

For a family waiting for a determination of eligibility, the hardship period will end as of the first of the month following: (1) implementation of assistance, if approved, or (2) the decision to deny assistance. A family whose request for assistance is denied may request a hardship exemption based upon one of the other allowable hardship circumstances.

(2) The family would be evicted because it is unable to pay the minimum rent.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For a family to qualify under this provision, the cause of the potential eviction must be the family's failure to pay rent to the owner or tenant-paid utilities.

- (3) Family income has decreased because of changed family circumstances, including the loss of employment.
- (4) A death has occurred in the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In order to qualify under this provision, a family must describe how the death has created a financial hardship (e.g., because of funeral-related expenses or the loss of the family member's income).

(5) The family has experienced other circumstances determined by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has not established any additional hardship criteria.

Implementation of Hardship Exemption

Determination of Hardship

When a family requests a financial hardship exemption, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must suspend the minimum rent requirement beginning the first of the month following the family's request.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM then determines whether the financial hardship exists and whether the hardship is temporary or long-term.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM defines temporary hardship as a hardship expected to last 90 days or less. Long-term hardship is defined as a hardship expected to last more than 90 days.

When the minimum rent is suspended, the family share reverts to the highest of the remaining components of the calculated TTP. The example below demonstrates the effect of the minimum rent exemption.

Example: Impact of Minimum Rent Exemption		
Assume the PHA has established a minimum rent of \$35.		
Family Share – No Hardship	Family Share – With Hardship	
\$0 30% of monthly adjusted income	\$0 30% of monthly adjusted income	
\$15 10% of monthly gross income	\$15 10% of monthly gross income	
N/A Welfare rent	N/A Welfare rent	
\$35 Minimum rent	\$35 Minimum rent	
Minimum rent applies.	Hardship exemption granted.	

TTP = \$35	TTP = \$15
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CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

To qualify for a hardship exemption, a family must submit a request for a hardship exemption in writing. The request must explain the nature of the hardship and how the hardship has affected the family's ability to pay the minimum rent.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make the determination of hardship within 30 calendar days.

No Financial Hardship

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines there is no financial hardship, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will reinstate the minimum rent and require the family to repay the amounts suspended.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the family to repay the suspended amount within 30 calendar days of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's notice that a hardship exemption has not been granted.

Temporary Hardship

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that a qualifying financial hardship is temporary, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must suspend the minimum rent for the 90-day period beginning the first of the month following the date of the family's request for a hardship exemption.

At the end of the 90-day suspension period, the family must resume payment of the minimum rent and must repay **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** the amounts suspended. HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to offer a reasonable repayment agreement, on terms and conditions established by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** also may determine that circumstances have changed and the hardship is now a long-term hardship.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will enter into a repayment agreement in accordance with the procedures found in Chapter 16 of this plan.

Long-Term Hardship

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the financial hardship is longterm, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must exempt the family from the minimum rent requirement for so long as the hardship continues. The exemption will apply from the first of the month following the family's request until the end of the qualifying hardship. When the financial hardship has been determined to be long-term, the family is not required to repay the minimum rent.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The hardship period ends when any of the following circumstances apply:

(1) At an interim or annual reexamination, the family's calculated TTP is greater than the minimum rent.

- (2) For hardship conditions based on loss of income, the hardship condition will continue to be recognized until new sources of income are received that are at least equal to the amount lost. For example, if a hardship is approved because a family no longer receives a \$60/month child support payment, the hardship will continue to exist until the family receives at least \$60/month in income from another source or once again begins to receive the child support.
- (3) For hardship conditions based upon hardship-related expenses, the minimum rent exemption will continue to be recognized until the cumulative amount exempted is equal to the expense incurred.

6-III.C. APPLYING PAYMENT STANDARDS [24 CFR 982.505]

Overview

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's schedule of payment standards is used to calculate housing assistance payments for HCV families. This section covers the application of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's payment standards. The establishment and revision of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's payment standard schedule are covered in Chapter 16.

Payment standard is defined as "the maximum monthly assistance payment for a family assisted in the voucher program (before deducting the total tenant payment by the family)" [24 CFR 982.4(b)].

The payment standard for a family is the lower of (1) the payment standard for the family unit size, which is defined as the appropriate number of bedrooms for the family under CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** subsidy standards [24 CFR 982.4(b)], or (2) the payment standard for the size of the dwelling unit rented by the family.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's has established an exception payment standard for a designated part of an FMR area and a family's unit is located in the exception area, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must use the appropriate payment standard for the exception area.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to pay a monthly housing assistance payment (HAP) for a family that is the lower of (1) the payment standard for the family minus the family's TTP or (2) the gross rent for the family's unit minus the TTP.

If during the term of the HAP contract for a family's unit, the owner lowers the rent, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will recalculate the HAP using the lower of the initial payment standard or the gross rent for the unit [HCV GB, p. 7-8].

Changes in Payment Standards

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** revises its payment standards during the term of the HAP contract for a family's unit, it will apply the new payment standards in accordance with HUD regulations.

Decreases

If the amount on the payment standard schedule is decreased during the term of the HAP contract, the lower payment standard generally will be used beginning at the effective date of the family's second regular reexamination following the effective date of the decrease in the payment standard. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine the payment standard for the family as follows:

Step 1: At the first regular reexamination following the decrease in the payment standard, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine the payment standard for the family using the lower of the payment standard for the family unit size or the size of the dwelling unit rented by the family.

Step 2: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will compare the payment standard from step 1 to the payment standard last used to calculate the monthly housing assistance payment for

the family. The payment standard used by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** at the first regular reexamination following the decrease in the payment standard will be the higher of these two payment standards. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will advise the family that the application of the lower payment standard will be deferred until the second regular reexamination following the effective date of the decrease in the payment standard.

Step 3: At the second regular reexamination following the decrease in the payment standard, the lower payment standard will be used to calculate the monthly housing assistance payment for the family unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has subsequently increased the payment standard, in which case the payment standard will be determined in accordance with procedures for increases in payment standards described below.

Increases

If the payment standard is increased during the term of the HAP contract, the increased payment standard will be used to calculate the monthly housing assistance payment for the family beginning on the effective date of the family's first regular reexamination on or after the effective date of the increase in the payment standard.

Families requiring or requesting interim reexaminations will not have their HAP payments calculated using the higher payment standard until their next annual reexamination [HCV GB, p. 7-8].

Changes in Family Unit Size

Irrespective of any increase or decrease in the payment standard, if the family unit size increases or decreases during the HAP contract term, the new family unit size must be used to determine the payment standard for the family beginning at the family's first regular reexamination following the change in family unit size.

Reasonable Accommodation

If a family requires a higher payment standard as a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is allowed to establish a higher payment standard for the family within the basic range.

6-III.D. APPLYING UTILITY ALLOWANCES [24 CFR 982.517]

Overview

A CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -established utility allowance schedule is used in determining family share and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must use the appropriate utility allowance for the size of dwelling unit actually leased by a family rather than the voucher unit size for which the family qualifies using CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy standards. See Chapter 5 for information on the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's subsidy standards.

For policies on establishing and updating utility allowances, see Chapter 16.

Reasonable Accommodation

HCV program regulations require CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to approve a utility allowance amount higher than shown on CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's schedule if a higher allowance is needed as a reasonable accommodation for a family member with a disability. For example, if a family member with a disability requires such an accommodation, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will approve an allowance for air-conditioning, even if CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has determined that an allowance for air-conditioning generally is not needed.

The family must request the higher allowance and provide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** with an explanation of the need for the reasonable accommodation and information about the amount of additional allowance required [HCV GB, p. 18-8].

Utility Allowance Revisions

At reexamination, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must use **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** current utility allowance schedule [24 CFR 982.517(d)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Revised utility allowances will be applied to a family's rent and subsidy calculations at the first annual reexamination that is effective after the allowance is adopted.

6-III.E. PRORATED ASSISTANCE FOR MIXED FAMILIES [24 CFR 5.520]

HUD regulations prohibit assistance to ineligible family members. A *mixed family* is one that includes at least one U.S. citizen or eligible immigrant and any number of ineligible family members. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must prorate the assistance provided to a mixed family. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will first determine assistance as if all family members were eligible and then prorate the assistance based upon the percentage of family members that actually are eligible. For example, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** subsidy for a family is calculated at \$500 and two of four family members are ineligible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** subsidy would be reduced to \$250.

EXHIBIT 6-1: ANNUAL INCOME INCLUSIONS 24 CFR 5.609

(a) Annual income means all amounts, monetary or not, which:

(1) Go to, or on behalf of, the family head or spouse (even if temporarily absent) or to any other family member; or

(2) Are anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 12-month period following admission or annual reexamination effective date; and

(3) Which are not specifically excluded in paragraph (c) of this section.

(4) Annual income also means amounts derived (during the 12-month period) from assets to which any member of the family has access.

(b) Annual income includes, but is not limited to:

(1) The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services;

(2) The net income from the operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the family;

(3) Interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property. Expenditures for amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation is permitted only as authorized in paragraph (b)(2) of this section. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested by the family. Where the family has net family assets in excess of \$5,000, annual income shall include the greater of the actual income derived from all net family assets or a percentage of the value of such assets based on the current passbook savings rate, as determined by HUD;

(4) The full amount of periodic amounts received from Social Security, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, disability or death benefits, and other similar types of periodic receipts, including a lumpsum amount or prospective monthly amounts for the delayed start of a periodic amount (except as provided in paragraph (c)(14) of this section); (5) Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment and disability compensation, worker's compensation and severance pay (except as provided in paragraph (c)(3) of this section);

(6) Welfare assistance payments.

(i) Welfare assistance payments made under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program are included in annual income only to the extent such payments:

(A) Qualify as assistance under the TANF program definition at 45 CFR 260.31¹; and

(B) Are not otherwise excluded under paragraph (c) of this section.

(ii) If the welfare assistance payment includes an amount specifically designated for shelter and utilities that is subject to adjustment by the welfare assistance agency in accordance with the actual cost of shelter and utilities, the amount of welfare assistance income to be included as income shall consist of:

(A) The amount of the allowance or grant exclusive of the amount specifically designated for shelter or utilities; plus

(B) The maximum amount that the welfare assistance agency could in fact allow the family for shelter and utilities. If the family's welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under this paragraph shall be the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.

(7) Periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony and child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from organizations or from persons not residing in the dwelling; (8) All regular pay, special pay and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces (except as provided in paragraph (c)(7) of this section)

¹ Text of 45 CFR 260.31 follows.

(9) For section 8 programs only and as provided in 24 CFR 5.612, any financial assistance, in excess of amounts received for tuition, that an individual receives under the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), from private sources, or from an institution of higher education (as defined under the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002)), shall be considered income to that individual, except that financial assistance described in this paragraph is not considered annual income for persons over the age of 23 with dependent children. For purposes of this paragraph, "financial assistance" does not include loan proceeds for the purpose of determining income.

HHS DEFINITION OF "ASSISTANCE"

45 CFR: GENERAL TEMPORARY Assistance for Needy Families

260.31 What does the term "assistance" mean?

(a)(1) The term "assistance" includes cash, payments, vouchers, and other forms of benefits designed to meet a family's ongoing basic needs (i.e., for food, clothing, shelter, utilities, household goods, personal care items, and general incidental expenses).

(2) It includes such benefits even when they are:

(i) Provided in the form of payments by a TANF agency, or other agency on its behalf, to individual recipients; and

(ii) Conditioned on participation in work experience or community service (or any other work activity under 261.30 of this chapter). (3) Except where excluded under paragraph(b) of this section, it also includessupportive services such as transportationand child care provided to families who arenot employed.

(b) [The definition of "assistance"] excludes: (1) Nonrecurrent, short-term benefits that:

(i) Are designed to deal with a specific crisis situation or episode of need;

(ii) Are not intended to meet recurrent or ongoing needs; and

(iii) Will not extend beyond four months.

(2) Work subsidies (i.e., payments to employers or third parties to help cover the costs of employee wages, benefits, supervision, and training); (3) Supportive services such as child care and transportation provided to families who are employed;

(4) Refundable earned income tax credits;

(5) Contributions to, and distributions from, Individual Development Accounts;

(6) Services such as counseling, case management, peer support, child care information and referral, transitional services, job retention, job advancement, and other employment-related services that do not provide basic income support; and (7) Transportation benefits provided under a Job Access or Reverse Commute project, pursuant to section 404(k) of [the Social Security] Act, to an individual who is not otherwise receiving assistance.

EXHIBIT 6-2: ANNUAL INCOME EXCLUSIONS²

24 CFR 5.609

(c) Annual income does not include the following:

(1) Income from employment of children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years;

(2) Payments received for the care of foster children or foster adults (usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to live alone);

(3) Lump-sum additions to family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's compensation), capital gains and settlement for personal or property losses (except as provided in paragraph (b)(5) of this section);

(4) Amounts received by the family that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of medical expenses for any family member;

(5) Income of a live-in aide, as defined in Sec. 5.403;

(6) Subject to paragraph (b)(9) of this section, the full amount of student financial assistance paid directly to the student or to the educational institution;

(7) The special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire;

(8) (i) Amounts received under training programs funded by HUD;

(ii) Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security

Income eligibility and benefits because they are set aside for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS);

(iii) Amounts received by a participant in other publicly assisted programs which are specifically for or in reimbursement of out-ofpocket expenses incurred (special equipment, clothing, transportation, child care, etc.) and which are made solely to allow participation in a specific program;

(iv) Amounts received under a resident service stipend. A resident service stipend is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per month) received by a resident for performing a service for the PHA or owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life in the development. Such services may include, but are not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance, resident initiatives coordination, and serving as a member of the PHA's governing board. No resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time;

(v) Incremental earnings and benefits resulting to any family member from participation in qualifying State or local employment training programs (including training programs not affiliated with a local government) and training of a family member as resident management staff. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives, and are excluded only for the period during which the family member participates in the employment training program;

 $^{^{2}}$ FR Notice 11/24/08 makes note of pending revisions to this regulation, namely the exclusion of any deferred disability benefits received in lump-sum or prospective monthly amounts from the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA). At the time of publication, 24 CFR 5.609 had yet to be updated.

(9) Temporary, nonrecurring or sporadic income (including gifts);

(10) Reparation payments paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims filed under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era;

(11) Earnings in excess of \$480 for each fulltime student 18 years old or older (excluding the head of household and spouse);

(12) Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child;

(13) [Reserved]

(14) Deferred periodic amounts from supplemental security income and social security benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts.

(15) Amounts received by the family in the form of refunds or rebates under State or local law for property taxes paid on the dwelling unit;

(16) Amounts paid by a State agency to a family with a member who has a developmental disability and is living at home to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep the developmentally disabled family member at home; or

(17) Amounts specifically excluded by any other Federal statute from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits under a category of assistance programs that includes assistance under any program to which the exclusions set forth in 24 CFR 5.609(c) apply. A notice will be published in the Federal Register and distributed to PHAs and housing owners identifying the benefits that qualify for this exclusion. Updates will be published and distributed when necessary. [See the following chart for a list of benefits that qualify for this exclusion.] Sources of Income Excluded by Federal Statute from Consideration as Income for Purposes of Determining Eligibility or Benefits

a) The value of the allotment provided to an eligible household under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 2017 (b));

b) Payments to Volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Services Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 5044(g), 5058);

c) Payments received under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1626(c));

d) Income derived from certain submarginal land of the United States that is held in trust for certain Indian tribes (25 U.S.C. 459e);

e) Payments or allowances made under the Department of Health and Human Services' Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (42 U.S.C. 8624(f));

f) Payments received under programs funded in whole or in part under the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1552(b); (effective July 1, 2000, references to Job Training Partnership Act shall be deemed to refer to the corresponding provision of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2931);

g) Income derived from the disposition of funds to the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians (Pub.L- 94-540, 90 Stat. 2503-04);

h) The first \$2000 of per capita shares received from judgment funds awarded by the Indian Claims Commission or the U. S. Claims Court, the interests of individual Indians in trust or restricted lands, including the first \$2000 per year of income received by individual Indians from funds derived from interests held in such trust or restricted lands (25 U.S.C. 1407-1408);

i) Amounts of scholarships funded under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, including awards under federal work-study program or under the Bureau of Indian Affairs student assistance programs (20 U.S.C. 1087uu);

j) Payments received from programs funded under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1985 (42 U.S.C. 3056(f));

k) Payments received on or after January 1, 1989, from the Agent Orange
Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in In Re Agent-product liability litigation, M.D.L. No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.);

 Payments received under the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980 (25 U.S.C. 1721);

m) The value of any child care provided or arranged (or any amount received as payment for such care or reimbursement for costs incurred for such care) under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858q);

n) Earned income tax credit (EITC) refund payments received on or after January 1, 1991 (26 U.S.C. 32(j)); o) Payments by the Indian Claims
 Commission to the Confederated Tribes
 and Bands of Yakima Indian Nation or
 the Apache Tribe of Mescalero
 Reservation (Pub. L. 95-433);

p) Allowances, earnings and payments to AmeriCorps participants under the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12637(d));

q) Any allowance paid under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 1805 to a child suffering from spina bifida who is the child of a Vietnam veteran (38 U.S.C. 1805);

r) Any amount of crime victim compensation (under the Victims of Crime Act) received through crime victim assistance (or payment or reimbursement of the cost of such assistance) as determined under the Victims of Crime Act because of the commission of a crime against the applicant under the Victims of Crime Act (42 U.S.C. 10602); and

s) Allowances, earnings and payments to individuals participating in programs under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2931).

EXHIBIT 6-3: TREATMENT OF FAMILY ASSETS

24 CFR 5.603(b) Net Family Assets

(1) Net cash value after deducting reasonable costs that would be incurred in disposing of real property, savings, stocks, bonds, and other forms of capital investment, excluding interests in Indian trust land and excluding equity accounts in HUD homeownership programs. The value of necessary items of personal property such as furniture and automobiles shall be excluded.

(2) In cases where a trust fund has been established and the trust is not revocable by, or under the control of, any member of the family or household, the value of the trust fund will not be considered an asset so long as the fund continues to be held in trust. Any income distributed from the trust fund shall be counted when determining annual income under Sec. 5.609. (3) In determining net family assets, PHAs or owners, as applicable, shall include the value of any business or family assets disposed of by an applicant or tenant for less than fair market value (including a disposition in trust, but not in a foreclosure or bankruptcy sale) during the two years preceding the date of application for the program or reexamination, as applicable, in excess of the consideration received therefor. In the case of a disposition as part of a separation or divorce settlement, the disposition will not be considered to be for less than fair market value if the applicant or tenant receives important consideration not measurable in dollar terms.

(4) For purposes of determining annual income under Sec. 5.609, the term "net family assets" does not include the value of a home currently being purchased with assistance under part 982, subpart M of this title. This exclusion is limited to the first 10 years after the purchase date of the home.

EXHIBIT 6-4: EARNED INCOME DISALLOWANCE FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

24 CFR 5.617 Self-sufficiency incentives for persons with disabilities–Disallowance of increase in annual income.

(a) Applicable programs. The disallowance of increase in annual income provided by this section is applicable only to the following programs: HOME Investment Partnerships Program (24 CFR part 92); Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (24 CFR part 574); Supportive Housing Program (24 CFR part 583); and the Housing Choice Voucher Program (24 CFR part 982).

(b) *Definitions*. The following definitions apply for purposes of this section.

Disallowance. Exclusion from annual income.

Previously unemployed includes a person with disabilities who has earned, in the twelve months previous to employment, no more than would be received for 10 hours of work per week for 50 weeks at the established minimum wage.

Qualified family. A family residing in housing assisted under one of the programs listed in paragraph (a) of this section or receiving tenant-based rental assistance under one of the programs listed in paragraph (a) of this section.

(1) Whose annual income increases as a result of employment of a family member who is a person with disabilities and who was previously unemployed for one or more years prior to employment;

(2) Whose annual income increases as a result of increased earnings by a family member who is a person with disabilities during participation in any economic self-sufficiency or other job training program; or

(3) Whose annual income increases, as a result of new employment or increased earnings of a family member who is a person with disabilities, during or within six months after receiving assistance, benefits or services under any state program for temporary assistance for needy families funded under Part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act, as determined by the responsible entity in consultation with the local agencies administering temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) and Welfare-to-Work (WTW) programs. The TANF program is not limited to monthly income maintenance, but also includes such benefits and services as one-time payments, wage subsidies and transportation assistance-- provided that the total amount over a six-month period is at least \$500.

(c) Disallowance of increase in annual income—

(1) Initial twelve month exclusion. During the cumulative twelve month period beginning on the date a member who is a person with disabilities of a qualified family is first employed or the family first experiences an increase in annual income attributable to employment, the responsible entity must exclude from annual income (as defined in the regulations governing the applicable program listed in paragraph (a) of this section) of a qualified family any increase in income of the family member who is a person with disabilities as a result of employment over prior income of that family member. (2) Second twelve month exclusion and phasein. During the second cumulative twelve month period after the date a member who is a person with disabilities of a qualified family is first employed or the family first experiences an increase in annual income attributable to employment, the responsible entity must exclude from annual income of a qualified family fifty percent of any increase in income of such family member as a result of employment over income of that family member prior to the beginning of such employment.

(3) Maximum four year disallowance. The disallowance of increased income of an individual family member who is a person with disabilities as provided in paragraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) is limited to a lifetime 48 month period. The disallowance only applies for a maximum of twelve months for disallowance under paragraph (c)(1) and a maximum of twelve months for disallowance under paragraph (c)(2), during the 48 month period starting from the initial exclusion under paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(*d*) *Inapplicability to admission.* The disallowance of increases in income as a result of employment of persons with disabilities under this section does not apply for purposes of admission to the program (including the determination of income eligibility or any income targeting that may be applicable).

EXHIBIT 6-5: THE EFFECT OF WELFARE BENEFIT REDUCTION

24 CFR 5.615

Public housing program and Section 8 tenant-based assistance program: How welfare benefit reduction affects family income.

(a) Applicability. This section applies to covered families who reside in public housing (part 960 of this title) or receive Section 8 tenant-based assistance (part 982 of this title).

(b) *Definitions*. The following definitions apply for purposes of this section:

Covered families. Families who receive welfare assistance or other public assistance benefits ("welfare benefits") from a State or other public agency ("welfare agency") under a program for which Federal, State, or local law requires that a member of the family must participate in an economic self-sufficiency program as a condition for such assistance.

Economic self-sufficiency program. See definition at Sec. 5.603.

Imputed welfare income. The amount of annual income not actually received by a family, as a result of a specified welfare benefit reduction, that is nonetheless included in the family's annual income for purposes of determining rent.

Specified welfare benefit reduction.

(1) A reduction of welfare benefits by the welfare agency, in whole or in part, for a family member, as determined by the welfare agency, because of fraud by a family member in connection with the welfare program; or because of welfare agency sanction against a family member for noncompliance with a welfare agency requirement to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program.

(2) "Specified welfare benefit reduction" does not include a reduction or termination of welfare benefits by the welfare agency: (i) at expiration of a lifetime or other time limit on the payment of welfare benefits;

(ii) because a family member is not able to obtain employment, even though the family member has complied with welfare agency economic self-sufficiency or work activities requirements; or

(iii) because a family member has not complied with other welfare agency requirements.

(c) Imputed welfare income.

(1) A family's annual income includes the amount of imputed welfare income (because of a specified welfare benefits reduction, as specified in notice to the PHA by the welfare agency), plus the total amount of other annual income as determined in accordance with Sec. 5.609.

(2) At the request of the PHA, the welfare agency will inform the PHA in writing of the amount and term of any specified welfare benefit reduction for a family member, and the reason for such reduction, and will also inform the PHA of any subsequent changes in the term or amount of such specified welfare benefit reduction. The PHA will use this information to determine the amount of imputed welfare income for a family.

(3) A family's annual income includes imputed welfare income in family annual income, as determined at the PHA's interim or regular reexamination of family income and composition, during the term of the welfare benefits reduction (as specified in information provided to the PHA by the welfare agency). (4) The amount of the imputed welfare income is offset by the amount of additional income a family receives that commences after the time the sanction was imposed. When such additional income from other sources is at least equal to the imputed

(5) The PHA may not include imputed welfare income in annual income if the family was not an assisted resident at the time of sanction.

(d) Review of PHA decision.

(1) Public housing. If a public housing tenant claims that the PHA has not correctly calculated the amount of imputed welfare income in accordance with HUD requirements, and if the PHA denies the family's request to modify such amount, the PHA shall give the tenant written notice of such denial, with a brief explanation of the basis for the PHA determination of the amount of imputed welfare income. The PHA notice shall also state that if the tenant does not agree with the PHA determination, the tenant may request a grievance hearing in accordance with part 966, subpart B of this title to review the PHA determination. The tenant is not required to pay an escrow deposit pursuant to Sec. 966.55(e) for the portion of tenant rent attributable to the imputed welfare income in order to obtain a grievance hearing on the PHA determination.

(2) Section 8 participant. A participant in the Section 8 tenant-based assistance program may request an informal hearing, in accordance with Sec. 982.555 of this title, to review the PHA determination of the amount of imputed welfare income that must be included in the family's annual income in accordance with this section. If the family claims that such amount is not correctly calculated in accordance with HUD requirements, and if the PHA denies the family's request to modify such amount, the PHA shall give the family written notice of such denial, with a brief explanation of the basis for the PHA determination of the amount of imputed welfare income. Such notice shall also state that if the family does not agree with the PHA determination, the family may request an informal hearing on the determination under the PHA hearing procedure.

(e) PHA relation with welfare agency.

(1) The PHA must ask welfare agencies to inform the PHA of any specified welfare benefits reduction for a family member, the reason for such reduction, the term of any such reduction, and any subsequent welfare agency determination affecting the amount or term of a specified welfare benefits reduction. If the welfare agency determines a specified welfare benefits reduction for a family member, and gives the PHA written notice of such reduction, the family's annual incomes shall include the imputed welfare income because of the specified welfare benefits reduction.

(2) The PHA is responsible for determining the amount of imputed welfare income that is included in the family's annual income as a result of a specified welfare benefits reduction as determined by the welfare agency, and specified in the notice by the welfare agency to the PHA. However, the PHA is not responsible for determining whether a reduction of welfare benefits by the welfare agency was correctly determined by the welfare agency in accordance with welfare program requirements and procedures, nor for providing the opportunity for review or hearing on such welfare agency determinations.

(3) Such welfare agency determinations are the responsibility of the welfare agency, and the family may seek appeal of such determinations through the welfare agency's normal due process procedures. The PHA shall be entitled to rely on the welfare agency notice to the PHA of the welfare agency's determination of a specified welfare benefits reduction.

Chapter 7

VERIFICATION

[24 CFR 982.516, 24 CFR 982.551, 24 CFR 5.230, Notice PIH 2010-19]

INTRODUCTION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must verify all information that is used to establish the family's eligibility and level of assistance and is required to obtain the family's consent to collect the information. Applicants and program participants must cooperate with the verification process as a condition of receiving assistance. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must not pass on the cost of verification to the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will follow the verification guidance provided by HUD in Notice PIH 2010-19 and any subsequent guidance issued by HUD. This chapter summarizes those requirements and provides supplementary **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies.

Part I describes the general verification process. More detailed requirements related to individual factors are provided in subsequent parts including family information (Part II), income and assets (Part III), and mandatory deductions (Part IV).

Verification policies, rules and procedures will be modified as needed to accommodate persons with disabilities. All information obtained through the verification process will be handled in accordance with the records management policies of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

PART I: GENERAL VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

7-I.A. FAMILY CONSENT TO RELEASE OF INFORMATION [24 CFR 982.516 AND 982.551, 24 CFR 5.230]

The family must supply any information that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or HUD determines is necessary to the administration of the program and must consent to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** verification of that information [24 CFR 982.551].

Consent Forms

It is required that all adult applicants and participants sign form HUD-9886, Authorization for Release of Information. The purpose of form HUD-9886 is to facilitate automated data collection and computer matching from specific sources and provides the family's consent only for the specific purposes listed on the form. HUD and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may collect information from State Wage Information Collection Agencies (SWICAs) and current and former employers of adult family members. Only HUD is authorized to collect information directly from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Social Security Administration (SSA). Adult family members must sign other consent forms as needed to collect information relevant to the family's eligibility and level of assistance.

Penalties for Failing to Consent [24 CFR 5.232]

If any family member who is required to sign a consent form fails to do so, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will deny admission to applicants and terminate assistance of participants. The family may request an informal review (applicants) or informal hearing (participants) in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** procedures.

7-I.B. OVERVIEW OF VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

HUD's Verification Hierarchy [Notice PIH 2010-19]

HUD authorizes **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to use six methods to verify family information and specifies the circumstances in which each method will be used. In general HUD requires PHAs to use the most reliable form of verification that is available and to document the reasons when **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** uses a lesser form of verification.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In order of priority, the forms of verification that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use are:

Up-front Income Verification (UIV) using HUD's Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) system

Up-front Income Verification (UIV) using a non-HUD system

Written Third-Party Verification (may be provided by applicant or participant)

Written Third-party Verification Form

Oral Third-party Verification

Self-Certification

Each of the verification methods is discussed in subsequent sections below.

Requirements for Acceptable Documents

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any documents used for verification must be the original (not photocopies) and generally must be dated within 60 days of the date they are provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. The documents must not be damaged, altered or in any way illegible.

Print-outs from Web pages are considered original documents.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff member who views the original document must make a photocopy, annotate the copy with the name of the person who provided the document and the date the original was viewed, and sign the copy.

Any family self-certifications must be made in a format acceptable to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

File Documentation

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must document in the file how the figures used in income and rent calculations were determined. All verification attempts, information obtained, and decisions reached during the verification process will be recorded in the family's file in sufficient detail to demonstrate that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has followed all of the verification policies set forth in this plan. The record should be sufficient to enable a staff member or HUD reviewer to understand the process followed and conclusions reached.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will document, in the family file, the following:

Reported family annual income

Value of assets

Expenses related to deductions from annual income

Other factors influencing the adjusted income or income-based rent determination

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is unable to obtain 3rd party verification, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will document in the family file the reason that third-party verification was not available [24 CFR 960.259(c)(1); Notice PIH 2010-19].

7-I.C. UP-FRONT INCOME VERIFICATION (UIV)

Up-front income verification (UIV) refers to a PHA's use of the verification tools available from independent sources that maintain computerized information about earnings and benefits. UIV will be used to the extent that these systems are available to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

There may be legitimate differences between the information provided by the family and UIVgenerated information. If the family disputes the accuracy of UIV data, no adverse action can be taken until **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has independently verified the UIV information and the family has been granted an opportunity to contest any adverse findings through the informal review/hearing process of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

See Chapter 6 for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** policy on the use of UIV/EIV to project annual income.

Upfront Income Verification Using HUD's Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System (Mandatory)

HUD's EIV system contains data showing earned income, unemployment benefits, social security benefits, and SSI benefits for participant families. HUD requires PHAs to use the EIV system in its entirety. The following policies apply to the use of HUD's EIV system.

EIV Income Reports

The data shown on income reports is updated quarterly. Data may be between 3 and 6 months old at the time reports are generated.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will obtain income reports for annual reexaminations on a monthly basis. Reports will be generated as part of the regular reexamination process.

Income reports will be compared to family-provided information as part of the annual reexamination process. Income reports may be used in the calculation of annual income, as described in Chapter 6-I.C. Income reports may also be used to meet the regulatory requirement for third party verification, as described above. Policies for resolving discrepancies between income reports and family-provided information will be resolved as described in Chapter 6-I.C. and in this chapter.

Income reports will be used in interim reexaminations to identify any discrepancies between reported income and income shown in the EIV system, and as necessary to verify and calculate earned income, unemployment benefits, Social Security and/or SSI benefits. EIV will also be used to verify that families claiming zero income are not receiving income from any of these sources.

Income reports will be retained in participant files with the applicable annual or interim reexamination documents.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines through income reports and third-party verification that a family has concealed or under-reported income, corrective action will be taken pursuant to the policies in Chapter 14, Program Integrity.

EIV Discrepancy Reports

The EIV discrepancy report is a tool for identifying families who may have concealed or underreported income. Data in the discrepancy report represents income for past reporting periods and may be between 6 months and 30 months old at the time reports are generated.

Families who have not concealed or under-reported income may appear on the discrepancy report in some circumstances, such as loss of a job or addition of new family members.

Income discrepancies may be identified through use of the EIV "Income Discrepancy Report" or by review of the discrepancy tab for the individual family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will generate the Income Discrepancy Report at least once every 6 months.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that a participant appearing on the Income Discrepancy Report has not concealed or under-reported income, the participant's name will be placed on a list of "false positive" reviews. To avoid multiple reviews in this situation, participants appearing on this list will be eliminated from discrepancy processing until a subsequent interim or annual reexamination has been completed.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the EIV discrepancy tab during processing of annual and interim reexaminations.

When it appears that a family may have concealed or under-reported income, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request written third-party verification of the income in question.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines through file review and third-party verification that a family has concealed or under-reported income, corrective action will be taken pursuant to the policies in Chapter 14, Program Integrity.

EIV Identity Verification

The EIV system verifies tenant identities against SSA records. These records are compared to PIC data for a match on social security number, name, and date of birth.

PHAs are required to use EIV's *Identity Verification Report* on a monthly basis to improve the availability of income information in EIV [Notice PIH 2012-10].

When identity verification for a participant fails, a message will be displayed within the EIV system and no income information will be displayed.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will identify participants whose identity verification has failed by reviewing EIV's *Identity Verification Report* on a monthly basis.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will attempt to resolve PIC/SSA discrepancies by obtaining appropriate documentation from the participant. When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that discrepancies exist due to **CCA**

SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM errors such as spelling errors or incorrect birth dates, the errors will be corrected promptly.

Upfront Income Verification Using Non-HUD Systems (Optional)

In addition to mandatory use of the EIV system, HUD encourages PHAs to utilize other upfront verification sources.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will inform all applicants and participants of its use of the following UIV resources during the admission and reexamination process:

HUD's EIV system

The Work Number

7-I.D. THIRD-PARTY WRITTEN AND ORAL VERIFICATION

HUD's current verification hierarchy defines two types of written third-party verification. The more preferable form, "written third-party verification," consists of an original document generated by a third-party source, which may be received directly from a third-party source or provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** by the family. If written third-party verification is not available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must attempt to obtain a "written third-party verification form." This is a standardized form used to collect information from a third party.

Written Third-Party Verification [Notice PIH 2010-19]

Written third-party verification documents must be original and authentic and may be supplied by the family or received from a third-party source.

Examples of acceptable tenant-provided documents include, but are not limited to: pay stubs, payroll summary reports, employer notice or letters of hire and termination, SSA benefit verification letters, bank statements, child support payment stubs, welfare benefit letters and/or printouts, and unemployment monetary benefit notices.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to obtain, at minimum, two current and consecutive pay stubs for determining annual income from wages.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may reject documentation provided by the family if the document is not an original, if the document appears to be forged, or if the document is altered, mutilated, or illegible.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Third-party documents provided by the family must be dated within 60 days of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's request date.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that third-party documents provided by the family are not acceptable, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will explain the reason to the family and request additional documentation.

As verification of earned income, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request pay stubs covering the 60-day period prior to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** request.

Written Third-Party Verification Form

When upfront verification is not available and the family is unable to provide written third-party documents, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must request a written third-party verification form. HUD's position is that this traditional third-party verification method presents administrative burdens and risks which may be reduced through the use of family-provided third-party documents.

A written third-party verification form is mandatory when there is an unreported source of income or a substantial difference in reported income (\$2400 annually or more) and there is no UIV or tenant-provided documentation to support the income discrepancy.

PHAs may mail, fax, or e-mail third-party written verification form requests to third-party sources.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will send third-party verification forms directly to the third party.

Third-party verification forms will be sent when third-party verification documents are unavailable or are rejected by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

Oral Third-Party Verification [Notice PIH 2010-19]

For third-party oral verification, PHAs contact sources, identified by UIV techniques or by the family, by telephone or in person.

Oral third-party verification is mandatory if neither form of written third-party verification is available.

Third-party oral verification may be used when requests for written third-party verification forms have not been returned within a reasonable time—e.g., 10 business days.

PHAs should document in the file the date and time of the telephone call or visit, the name of the person contacted, the telephone number, as well as the information confirmed.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In collecting third-party oral verification, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff will record in the family's file the name and title of the person contacted, the date and time of the conversation (or attempt), the telephone number used, and the facts provided.

Third-party oral verification will be used after 10 business days have lapsed from submission of third-party written verification request non-response.

When any source responds verbally to the initial written request for verification **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will accept the verbal response as oral verification but will also request that the source complete and return any verification forms that were provided.

When Third-Party Verification is Not Required [Notice PIH 2010-19]

Third-party verification may not be available in all situations. HUD has acknowledged that it may not be cost-effective or reasonable to obtain third-party verification of income, assets, or expenses when these items would have a minimal impact on the family's total tenant payment.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the family cannot provide original documents, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will pay the service charge required to obtain third-party verification, unless it is not cost effective in which case a self-certification will be acceptable as the only means of verification. The cost of verification will not be passed on to the family.

The cost of postage and envelopes to obtain third-party verification of income, assets, and expenses is not an unreasonable cost [VG, p. 18].

Primary Documents

Third-party verification is not required when legal documents are the primary source, such as a birth certificate or other legal documentation of birth.

Imputed Assets

HUD permits PHAs to accept a self-certification from a family as verification of assets disposed of for less than fair market value [HCV GB, p. 5-28].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will accept a self-certification from a family as verification of assets disposed of for less than fair market value.

7-I.E. SELF-CERTIFICATION

Self-certification, or "tenant declaration," is used as a last resort when CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is unable to obtain third-party verification.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** relies on a tenant declaration for verification of income, assets, or expenses, the family's file must be documented to explain why third-party verification was not available.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When information cannot be verified by a third party or by review of documents, family members will be required to submit self-certifications attesting to the accuracy of the information they have provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may require a family to certify that a family member does <u>not</u> receive a particular type of income or benefit.

The self-certification must be made in a format acceptable to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and must be signed by the family member whose information or status is being verified.

PART II: VERIFYING FAMILY INFORMATION

7-II.A. VERIFICATION OF LEGAL IDENTITY

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u> CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING

PROGRAM will require families to furnish verification of legal identity for each household member.

Verification of Legal Identity for Adults	Verification of Legal Identity for Children
Certificate of birth, naturalization papers	Certificate of birth
Church issued baptismal certificate	Adoption papers
Current, valid driver's license or Department of Motor Vehicles identification card	Custody agreement Health and Human Services ID
U.S. military discharge (DD 214)	School records U.S. passport
U.S. passport Employer identification card	

If a document submitted by a family is illegible or otherwise questionable, more than one of these documents may be required.

If none of these documents can be provided and at **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** discretion, a third party who knows the person may attest to the person's identity. The certification must be provided in a format acceptable to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.**

Legal identity will be verified on an as needed basis.

7-II.B. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS [24 CFR 5.216, Notice PIH 2012-10]

The family must provide documentation of a valid social security number (SSN) for each member of the household, with the exception of individuals who do not contend eligible immigration status. Exemptions also include, existing program participants who were at least 62 years of age as of January 31, 2010, and had not previously disclosed an SSN.

Note that an individual who previously declared to have eligible immigration status may not change his or her declaration for the purpose of avoiding compliance with the SSN disclosure and documentation requirements or penalties associated with noncompliance with these requirements. Nor may the head of household opt to remove a household member from the family composition for this purpose.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must accept the following documentation as acceptable evidence of the social security number:

An original SSN card issued by the Social Security Administration (SSA)

An original SSA-issued document, which contains the name and SSN of the individual

An original document issued by a federal, state, or local government agency, which contains the name and SSN of the individual

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may only reject documentation of an SSN provided by an applicant or participant if the document is not an original document, if the original document has been altered, mutilated, or is not legible, or if the document appears to be forged.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will explain to the applicant or participant the reasons the document is not acceptable and request that the individual obtain and submit acceptable documentation of the SSN to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** within 90 days.

In the case of Moderate Rehabilitation Single Room Occupancy (SRO) individuals, the required documentation must be provided within 90 calendar days from the date of admission into the program. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must grant one additional 90-day extension if it determines that the applicant's failure to comply was due to circumstances that were beyond the applicant's control and could not have been reasonably foreseen.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will grant one additional 90-day extension if needed for reasons beyond the participant's control such as delayed processing of the SSN application by the SSA, natural disaster, fire, death in the family, or other emergency. If the individual fails to comply with SSN disclosure and documentation requirements upon expiration of the provided time period, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will terminate the individual's assistance.

When the participant requests to add a new household member who is at least 6 years of age, or who is under the age of 6 and has an SSN, the participant must provide the complete and accurate SSN assigned to each new member at the time of reexamination or recertification, in

addition to the documentation required to verify it. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not add the new household member until such documentation is provided.

When a participant requests to add a new household member who is under the age of 6 and has not been assigned an SSN, the participant must provide the SSN assigned to each new child and the required documentation within 90 calendar days of the child being added to the household. A 90-day extension will be granted if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the participant's failure to comply was due to unforeseen circumstances and was outside of the participant's control. During the period **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is awaiting documentation of the SSN, the child will be counted as part of the assisted household.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will grant one additional 90-day extension if needed for reasons beyond the participant's control such as delayed processing of the SSN application by the SSA, natural disaster, fire, death in the family, or other emergency.

Social security numbers must be verified only once during continuously-assisted occupancy.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify each disclosed SSN by:

Obtaining documentation from applicants and participants that is acceptable as evidence of social security numbers. If the family is an applicant, assistance cannot be provided until proper documentation of the SSN for all applicable household members have been provided within the required timeframe for receipt of documentation as outlined in Chapter 4.

The social security numbers of household members, such as live-in aids, must be verified for the purpose of conducting criminal background checks.

Making a copy of the original documentation submitted, returning it to the individual, and retaining a copy in the file folder

Once the individual's verification status is classified as "verified," **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, at its discretion, remove and destroy copies of documentation accepted as evidence of social security numbers. The retention of the EIV Summary Report or Income Report is adequate documentation of an individual's SSN.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Once an individual's status is classified as "verified" in HUD's EIV system, the PHA will remove and destroy copies of documentation accepted as evidence of social security numbers by no later than the next annual reexamination.

7-II.C. DOCUMENTATION OF AGE

A birth certificate or other official record of birth is the preferred form of age verification for all family members. For elderly family members an original document that provides evidence of the receipt of social security retirement benefits is acceptable.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If an official record of birth or evidence of social security retirement benefits cannot be provided, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require the family to submit other documents that support the reported age of the family member (e.g., school records, driver's license if birth year is recorded) and to provide a self-certification.

Age must be verified only once during continuously-assisted occupancy.

7-II.D. FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS

Applicants and program participants are required to identify the relationship of each household member to the head of household. Definitions of the primary household relationships are provided in the Eligibility chapter.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Family relationships are verified only to the extent necessary to determine a family's eligibility and level of assistance. Certification by the head of household normally is sufficient verification of family relationships.

Marriage

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u> Certification by the head of household is normally sufficient verification. If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has reasonable doubts about a marital relationship, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the family to document the marriage.

A marriage certificate generally is required to verify that a couple is married.

In the case of a common law marriage, the couple must demonstrate that they hold themselves to be married (e.g., by telling the community they are married, calling each other husband and wife, using the same last name, filing joint income tax returns).

Separation or Divorce

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Certification by the head of household is normally sufficient verification. If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has reasonable doubts about a separation or divorce, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the family to document the divorce, or separation.

A certified copy of a divorce decree, signed by a court officer, is required to document that a couple is divorced.

A copy of a court-ordered maintenance or other court record is required to document a separation.

If no court document is available, documentation from a community-based agency will be accepted.

Absence of Adult Member

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If an adult member who was formerly a member of the household is reported to be permanently absent, the family must provide evidence to support that the person is no longer a member of the family (e.g., documentation of another address at which the person resides such as a lease or utility bill).

Foster Children and Foster Adults

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Third-party verification from the state or local government agency responsible for the placement of the individual with the family is required.

7-II.E. VERIFICATION OF STUDENT STATUS

General Requirements

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM requires families to provide information about the student status of all students who are 18 years of age or older. This information will be verified only if:

The family reports full-time student status for an adult other than the head, spouse, or cohead.

The family reports child care expenses to enable a family member to further his or her education.

The family includes a student enrolled in an institution of higher education.

Restrictions on Assistance to Students Enrolled in Institutions of Higher Education

This section applies only to students who are seeking assistance on their own, separately from their parents. It does not apply to students residing with parents who are seeking or receiving HCV assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In accordance with the verification hierarchy described in section 7-1.B, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether the student is exempt from the restrictions in 24 CFR 5.612 by verifying any one of the following exemption criteria:

The student is enrolled at an educational institution that does not meet the definition of *institution of higher education* in the Higher Education Act of 1965 (see section Exhibit 3-2).

The student is at least 24 years old.

The student is a veteran, as defined in section 3-II.E.

The student is married.

The student has at least one dependent child, as defined in section 3-II.E.

The student is a person with disabilities, as defined in section 3-II.E, and was receiving assistance prior to November 30, 2005.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM cannot verify at least one of these exemption criteria, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conclude that the student is subject to the restrictions on assistance at 24 CFR 5.612. In addition to verifying the student's income eligibility, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will then proceed to verify either the student's parents' income eligibility (see section 7-III.J) or the student's independence from his/her parents (see below).

Independent Student

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify a student's independence from his/her parents to determine that the student's parents' income is not relevant for determining the student's eligibility by doing all of the following:

Either reviewing and verifying previous address information to determine whether the student has established a household separate from his/her parents for at least one year or reviewing and verifying documentation relevant to determining whether the student meets the U.S. Department of Education's definition of *independent student* (see section 3-II.E)

Reviewing prior year income tax returns to verify whether a parent has claimed the student as a dependent

Requesting and obtaining written certification directly from the student's parents identifying the amount of support they will be providing to the student, even if the amount of support is \$0.

7-II.F. DOCUMENTATION OF DISABILITY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must verify the existence of a disability in order to allow certain income disallowances and deductions from income. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is not permitted to inquire about the nature or extent of a person's disability [24 CFR 100.202(c)]. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not inquire about a person's diagnosis or details of treatment for a disability or medical condition. If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM receives a verification document that provides such information, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not place this information in the tenant file. Under no circumstances will CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM request a participant's medical record(s). For more information on health care privacy laws, see the Department of Health and Human Services' website at www.os.dhhs.gov.

The above cited regulation does not prohibit the following inquiries, provided these inquiries are made of all applicants, whether or not they are persons with disabilities [VG, p. 24]:

- Inquiry into an applicant's ability to meet the requirements of ownership or tenancy
- Inquiry to determine whether an applicant is qualified for a dwelling available only to persons with disabilities or to persons with a particular type of disability

- Inquiry to determine whether an applicant for a dwelling is qualified for a priority available to persons with disabilities or to persons with a particular type of disability
- Inquiring whether an applicant for a dwelling is a current illegal abuser or addict of a controlled substance
- Inquiring whether an applicant has been convicted of the illegal manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance

Family Members Receiving SSA Disability Benefits

Verification of the receipt of disability benefits from the Social Security Administration (SSA) is sufficient verification of disability for the purpose of qualifying for waiting list preferences (if applicable) or certain income disallowances and deductions [VG, p. 23].

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY</u> For family members claiming disability who receive disability benefits from the SSA, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** will attempt to obtain information about disability benefits through the HUD Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) system. If documentation from HUD's EIV System is not available, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will request a current (dated within the last 60 days) SSA benefit verification letter from each family member claiming disability status. If the family is unable to provide the document(s), CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will ask the family to request a benefit verification letter by either calling SSA at 1-800-772-1213, or by requesting it from www.ssa.gov. Once the applicant or participant receives the benefit verification letter they will be required to provide it to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

Family Members Not Receiving SSA Disability Benefits

Receipt of veteran's disability benefits, worker's compensation, or other non-SSA benefits based on the individual's claimed disability are not sufficient verification that the individual meets HUD's definition of disability in 24 CFR 5.403.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For family members claiming disability who do not receive disability benefits from the SSA, a knowledgeable professional must provide third-party verification that the family member meets the HUD definition of disability. See the Eligibility chapter for the HUD definition of disability. The knowledgeable professional will verify whether the family member does or does not meet the HUD definition.

7-II.G. CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE IMMIGRATION STATUS [24 CFR 5.508]

Overview

Housing assistance is not available to persons who are not citizens, nationals, or eligible immigrants. Prorated assistance is provided for "mixed families" containing both eligible and ineligible persons. A detailed discussion of eligibility requirements is in the Eligibility chapter. This verifications chapter discusses HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM verification requirements related to citizenship status.

The family must provide a certification that identifies each family member as a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national, an eligible noncitizen or an ineligible noncitizen and submit the documents

discussed below for each family member. Once eligibility to receive assistance has been verified for an individual it need not be collected or verified again during continuously-assisted occupancy. [24 CFR 5.508(g)(5)]

U.S. Citizens and Nationals

HUD requires a declaration for each family member who claims to be a U.S. citizen or national. The declaration must be signed personally by any family member 18 or older and by a guardian for minors.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may request verification of the declaration by requiring presentation of a birth certificate, United States passport or other appropriate documentation.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Family members who claim U.S. citizenship or national status will not be required to provide a U.S. birth certificate, United States passport, Employment Authorization card, Temporary resident card or other appropriate documentation, as provided by Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, as amended.

Eligible Immigrants

Documents Required

All family members claiming eligible immigration status must declare their status in the same manner as U.S. citizens and nationals.

The documentation required for eligible noncitizens varies depending upon factors such as the date the person entered the U.S., the conditions under which eligible immigration status has been granted, age, and the date on which the family began receiving HUD-funded assistance. Exhibit 7-2 at the end of this chapter summarizes documents family members must provide.

PHA Verification [HCV GB, pp. 5-3 and 5-7]

For family members age 62 or older who claim to be eligible immigrants, proof of age is required in the manner described in 7-II.C. of this plan. No further verification of eligible immigration status is required.

For family members under the age of 62 who claim to be eligible immigrants, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must verify immigration status with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will follow all USCIS protocols for verification of eligible immigration status.

7-II.H. VERIFICATION OF PREFERENCE STATUS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must verify any preferences claimed by an applicant.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Homeless Preference:

Applicant must provide written certification by a public or private facility providing shelter, the police, or a social services agency. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** designates agencies for this purpose. Any suitable agency may verify.

Written certification (**CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM standard form provided**) from public housing agencies must be obtained to determine that the applicant has applied for assistance and has either been placed on the waiting list or is ineligible for assistance.

Prior to issuing the voucher, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** requires a second certification from the same source that the applicant is not yet permanently housed and has been continuously homeless or temporarily housed since claiming the preference.

VAWA Preference:

Families claiming VAWA (domestic violence) will receive written notification that they MUST complete, sign and submit the following documentation within 14 business days of the date of the written notification.

Completion of HUD-50066 form and/or (discretion of Housing Director):

Written verification obtained from:

- 1. A Federal, State, tribal, territorial, or local police record or court record.
- 2. Document signed and attested to by an employee, agent or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney or a medical professional, from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, or the effects of abuse. By providing such document said professional attests to this incident or incidents being bona fide under penalty of perjury (28 U.S.C. 1746). This document MUST be signed by the victim of domestic violence, or stalking.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM reserves the right to request additional documentation for verification purposes.

The family must certify that they abuser will not return to the household without the advanced written approval of the **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. Before giving approval, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require verification of the following:

That the family members involved have been or are currently enrolled in a counseling program;

Statement from social worker, psychologist or other professional familiar with the abuser

that he/she was received or is actively receiving counseling/treatment and is unlikely to continue the abuse;

Statement from local law enforcement agency that no complaints have been filed since the date of the preference approval.

Working Preference:

This preference is available for families with at least one member who is employed or to families whose head or spouse is receiving the income based on their ability to work. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require a statement from the employer. If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is unable to obtain a statement from the employer, at least, 3 months of continuous paystubs will be used.

Disability Preference:

This preference is available for families whose head, co-head or spouse has a disability as defined in this Administration Plan. This preference is automatically extended to families in which the sole adult member is unable to work because he/she MUST stay home to care for a disabled child(ren).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require appropriate documentation from a knowledgeable professional. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not inquire as to the nature of the disability except as to verify necessity for accessible unit.

Award letter or other proof of eligibility for Social Security Disability or Supplemental

Security Income will be acceptable.

PART III: VERIFYING INCOME AND ASSETS

Chapter 6, Part I of this plan describes in detail the types of income that are included and excluded and how assets and income from assets are handled. Any assets and income reported by the family must be verified. This part provides PHA policies that supplement the general verification procedures specified in Part I of this chapter.

7-III.A. EARNED INCOME

Tips

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Unless tip income is included in a family member's W-2 by the employer, persons who work in industries where tips are standard will be required to sign a certified estimate of tips received for the prior year and tips anticipated to be received in the coming year.

7-III.B. BUSINESS AND SELF EMPLOYMENT INCOME

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Business owners and self-employed persons will be required to provide:

An audited financial statement for the previous fiscal year if an audit was conducted. If an audit was not conducted, a statement of income and expenses must be submitted and the business owner or self-employed person must certify to its accuracy.

All schedules completed for filing federal and local taxes in the preceding year.

If accelerated depreciation was used on the tax return or financial statement, an accountant's calculation of depreciation expense, computed using straight-line depreciation rules.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide a format for any person who is unable to provide such a statement to record income and expenses for the coming year. The business owner/self-employed person will be required to submit the information requested and to certify to its accuracy at all future reexaminations.

At any reexamination **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may request documents that support submitted financial statements such as manifests, appointment books, cash books, or bank statements.

If a family member has been self-employed less than three (3) months, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will accept the family member's certified estimate of income and schedule an interim reexamination in three (3) months. If the family member has been self-employed for three (3) to twelve (12) months **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require the family to provide documentation of income and expenses for this period and use that information to project income.

7-III.C. PERIODIC PAYMENTS AND PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF EARNINGS

Social Security/SSI Benefits

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

To verify the SS/SSI benefits of applicants, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request a current (dated within the last 60 days) SSA benefit verification letter from each family member that receives social security benefits. If the family is unable to provide the document(s), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will help the applicant request a benefit verification letter from SSA's Web site at <u>www.socialsecurity.gov</u> or ask the family to request one by calling SSA at 1-800-772-1213. Once the applicant has received the benefit verification letter they will be required to provide it to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

To verify the SS/SSI benefits of participants, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will obtain information about social security/SSI benefits through the HUD EIV System, and confirm with the participant(s) that the current listed benefit amount is correct. If the participant disputes the EIV-reported benefit amount, or if benefit information is not available in HUD systems, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request a current SSA benefit verification letter from each family member that receives social security benefits. If the family is unable to provide the document(s) **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will help the participant request a benefit verification letter from SSA's Web site at <u>www.socialsecurity.gov</u> or ask the family to request one by calling SSA at 1-800-772-1213. Once the participant has received the benefit verification letter they will be required to provide it to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

7-III.D. ALIMONY OR CHILD SUPPORT

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The way **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will seek verification for alimony and child support differs depending on whether the family declares that it receives regular payments.

If the family declares that it *receives regular payments*, verification will be sought in the following order.

Copy of the receipts and/or payment stubs for the 60 days prior to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** request

Third-party verification form from the state or local child support enforcement agency

Third-party verification form from the person paying the support

Family's self-certification of amount received and of the likelihood of support payments being received in the future, or that support payments are not being received.

If the family declares that it *receives irregular or no payments*, in addition to the verification process listed above, the family must provide evidence that it has taken all reasonable efforts to collect amounts due. This may include:

A statement from any agency responsible for enforcing payment that shows the family has requested enforcement and is cooperating with all enforcement efforts

If the family has made independent efforts at collection, a written statement from the attorney or other collection entity that has assisted the family in these efforts

Note: Families are not required to undertake independent enforcement action.

7-III.E. ASSETS AND INCOME FROM ASSETS

Assets Disposed of for Less than Fair Market Value

The family must certify whether any assets have been disposed of for less than fair market value in the preceding two years. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** needs to verify only those certifications that warrant documentation [HCV GB, p. 5-28].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify the value of assets disposed of only if:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM does not already have a reasonable estimation of its value from previously collected information, or

The amount reported by the family in the certification appears obviously in error.

Example 1: An elderly participant reported a \$10,000 certificate of deposit at the last annual reexamination and the PHA verified this amount. Now the person reports that she has given this \$10,000 to her son. The PHA has a reasonable estimate of the value of the asset; therefore, reverification of the value of the asset is not necessary.

Example 2: A family member has disposed of its 1/4 share of real property located in a desirable area and has valued her share at approximately 5,000. Based upon market conditions, this declaration does not seem realistic. Therefore, the PHA will verify the value of this asset.

7-III.F. NET INCOME FROM RENTAL PROPERTY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must provide:

A current executed lease for the property that shows the rental amount or certification from the current tenant

A self-certification from the family members engaged in the rental of property providing an estimate of expenses for the coming year and the most recent IRS Form 1040 with Schedule E (Rental Income). If schedule E was not prepared, the PHA will require the family members involved in the rental of property to provide a self-certification of income and expenses for the previous year and may request documentation to support the statement including: tax statements, insurance invoices, bills for reasonable maintenance and utilities, and bank statements or amortization schedules showing monthly interest expense.

7-III.G. RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will accept written third-party documents supplied by the family as evidence of the status of retirement accounts.

The type of original document that will be accepted depends upon the family member's retirement status.

Before retirement, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will accept an original document from the entity holding the account with a date that shows it is the most recently scheduled statement for the account but in no case earlier than 6 months from the effective date of the examination.

Upon retirement, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will accept an original document from the entity holding the account that reflects any distributions of the account balance, any lump sums taken and any regular payments.

After retirement, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will accept an original document from the entity holding the account dated no earlier than 12 months before that reflects any distributions of the account balance, any lump sums taken and any regular payments.

7-III.H. INCOME FROM EXCLUDED SOURCES

A detailed discussion of excluded income is provided in Chapter 6, Part I.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must obtain verification for income exclusions only if, without verification, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** would not be able to determine whether the income is to be excluded. For example: If a family's 16 year old has a job at a fast food restaurant, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will confirm that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** records verify the child's age but will not require thirdparty verification of the amount earned. However, if a family claims the earned income disallowance for a source of income, both the source and the income must be verified.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will reconcile differences in amounts reported by the third party and the family only when the excluded amount is used to calculate the family share (as is the case with the earned income disallowance). In all

other cases, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will report the amount to be excluded as indicated on documents provided by the family.

7-III.I. ZERO ANNUAL INCOME STATUS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will check UIV sources and/or request information from third-party sources to verify that certain forms of income such as unemployment benefits, TANF, SSI, etc., are not being received by families claiming to have zero annual income.

7-III.J. STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Any financial assistance, in excess of amounts received for tuition, that a person attending an institution of higher education receives under the Higher Education Act of 1965, from private sources, or from an institution of higher education must be considered income unless the student is over the age of 23 with dependent children or is residing with parents who are seeking or receiving HCV assistance [24 CFR 5.609(b)(9) and FR 4/10/06].

For students over the age of 23 with dependent children or students residing with parents who are seeking or receiving HCV assistance, the full amount of student financial assistance is excluded from annual income [24 CFR 5.609(c)(6)]. The full amount of student financial assistance is also excluded for students attending schools that do not qualify as institutions of higher education (as defined in Exhibit 3-2). Excluded amounts are verified only if, without verification, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** would not be able to determine whether or to what extent the income is to be excluded (see section 7-III.H).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For a student subject to having a portion of his/her student financial assistance included in annual income in accordance with 24 CFR 5.609(b)(9), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request written third-party verification of both the source and the amount. Family-provided documents from the educational institution attended by the student will be requested, as well as documents generated by any other person or entity providing such assistance, as reported by the student.

In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request written verification of the student's tuition amount.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is unable to obtain third-party written verification of the requested information, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will pursue other forms of verification following the verification hierarchy in section 7-I.B.

7-III.K. PARENTAL INCOME OF STUDENTS SUBJECT TO ELIGIBILITY RESTRICTIONS

If a student enrolled at an institution of higher education is under the age of 24, is not a veteran, is not married, does not have a dependent child, and is not a person with disabilities receiving HCV assistance as of November 30, 2005, the income of the student's parents must be considered when determining income eligibility, unless the student is determined independent from his or her parents in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policy [24 CFR 5.612 and FR 4/10/06, p. 18146].

This provision does not apply to students residing with parents who are seeking or receiving HCV assistance. It is limited to students who are seeking or receiving assistance on their own, separately from their parents.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to determine the income eligibility of a student's parents, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will request an income declaration and certification of income from the appropriate parent(s) (as determined in section 3-II.E). CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will send the request directly to the parents, who will be required to certify to their income under penalty of perjury. The parents will be required to submit the information directly to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. The required information must be submitted (postmarked) within 10 business days of the date of the PHA's request or within any extended timeframe approved by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM reserves the right to request and review supporting documentation at any time if it questions the declaration or certification. Supporting documentation may include, but is not limited to, Internal Revenue Service (IRS) tax returns, consecutive and original pay stubs, bank statements, pension benefit statements, benefit award letters, and other official and authentic documents from a federal, state, or local agency.

PART IV: VERIFYING MANDATORY DEDUCTIONS

7-IV.A. DEPENDENT AND ELDERLY/DISABLED HOUSEHOLD DEDUCTIONS

The dependent and elderly/disabled family deductions require only that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** verify that the family members identified as dependents or elderly/disabled persons meet the statutory definitions. No further verifications are required.

Dependent Deduction

See Chapter 6 (6-II.B.) for a full discussion of this deduction. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must verify that:

• Any person under the age of 18 for whom the dependent deduction is claimed is not the head, spouse, or cohead of the family and is not a foster child

• Any person age 18 or older for whom the dependent deduction is claimed is not a foster adult or live-in aide, and is a person with a disability or a full time student

Elderly/Disabled Family Deduction

See Eligibility chapter for a definition of elderly and disabled families and Chapter 6 (6-II.C.) for a discussion of the deduction. The PHA must verify that the head, spouse, or cohead is 62 years of age or older or a person with disabilities.

7-IV.B. MEDICAL EXPENSE DEDUCTION

Policies related to medical expenses are found in 6-II.D. The amount of the deduction will be verified following the standard verification procedures described in Part I.

Amount of Expense

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Medical expenses will be verified through:

Written third-party documents provided by the family, such as pharmacy printouts or receipts.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make a best effort to determine what expenses from the past are likely to continue to occur in the future. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will also accept evidence of monthly payments or total payments that will be due for medical expenses during the upcoming 12 months.

Written third-party verification forms, if the family is unable to provide acceptable documentation.

If third-party or document review is not possible, written family certification as to costs anticipated to be incurred during the upcoming 12 months.

In addition, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must verify that:

- The household is eligible for the deduction.
- The costs to be deducted are qualified medical expenses.
- The expenses are not paid for or reimbursed by any other source.
- Costs incurred in past years are counted only once.

Eligible Household

The medical expense deduction is permitted only for households in which the head, spouse, or cohead is at least 62, or a person with disabilities. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must verify that the family meets the definition of an elderly or disabled family provided in the Eligibility chapter and as described in Chapter 7 (7-IV.A.) of this plan.

Qualified Expenses

To be eligible for the medical expenses deduction, the costs must qualify as medical expenses. See Chapter 6 (6-II.D.) for the PHA's policy on what counts as a medical expense.

Unreimbursed Expenses

To be eligible for the medical expenses deduction, the costs must not be reimbursed by another source.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family will be required to certify that the medical expenses are not paid or reimbursed to the family from any source.

Expenses Incurred in Past Years

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When anticipated costs are related to on-going payment of medical bills incurred in past years, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will verify:

The anticipated repayment schedule

The amounts paid in the past, and

Whether the amounts to be repaid have been deducted from the family's annual income in past years

7-IV.C. DISABILITY ASSISTANCE EXPENSES

Policies related to disability assistance expenses are found in 6-II.E. The amount of the deduction will be verified following the standard verification procedures described in Part I.

Amount of Expense

Attendant Care

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will accept written third-party documents provided by the family.

If family-provided documents are not available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will provide a third-party verification form directly to the care provider requesting the needed information.

Expenses for attendant care will be verified through:

Written third-party documents provided by the family, such as receipts or cancelled checks.

Third-party verification form signed by the provider, if family-provided documents are not available.

If third-party verification is not possible, written family certification as to costs anticipated to be incurred for the upcoming 12 months.

Auxiliary Apparatus

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Expenses for auxiliary apparatus will be verified through:

Written third-party documents provided by the family, such as billing statements for purchase of auxiliary apparatus, or other evidence of monthly payments or total payments that will be due for the apparatus during the upcoming 12 months.

Third-party verification form signed by the provider, if family-provided documents are not available.

If third-party verification is not possible, written family certification of estimated apparatus costs for the upcoming 12 months.

In addition, the PHA must verify that:

- The family member for whom the expense is incurred is a person with disabilities (as described in 7-II.F above).
- The expense permits a family member, or members, to work (as described in 6-II.E.).
- The expense is not reimbursed from another source (as described in 6-II.E.).

Family Member is a Person with Disabilities

To be eligible for the disability assistance expense deduction, the costs must be incurred for attendant care or auxiliary apparatus expense associated with a person with disabilities. The PHA will verify that the expense is incurred for a person with disabilities (See 7-II.F.).

Family Member(s) Permitted to Work

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must verify that the expenses claimed actually enable a family member, or members, (including the person with disabilities) to work.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will request third-party verification from a rehabilitation agency or knowledgeable medical professional indicating that the person with disabilities requires attendant care or an auxiliary apparatus to be employed, or that the attendant care or auxiliary apparatus enables another family member, or members, to work (See 6-II.E.). This documentation may be provided by the family.

If third-party verification has been attempted and is either unavailable or proves unsuccessful, the family must certify that the disability assistance expense frees a family member, or members (possibly including the family member receiving the assistance), to work.

Unreimbursed Expenses

To be eligible for the disability expenses deduction, the costs must not be reimbursed by another source.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family will be required to certify that attendant care or auxiliary apparatus expenses are not paid by or reimbursed to the family from any source.

7-IV.D. CHILD CARE EXPENSES

Policies related to child care expenses are found in Chapter 6 (6-II.F). The amount of the deduction will be verified following the standard verification procedures described in Part I of this chapter. In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must verify that:

- The child is eligible for care.
- The costs claimed are not reimbursed.
- The costs enable a family member to pursue an eligible activity.
- The costs are for an allowable type of child care.
- The costs are reasonable.

Eligible Child

To be eligible for the child care deduction, the costs must be incurred for the care of a child under the age of 13. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will verify that the child being cared for (including foster children) is under the age of 13 (See 7-II.C.).

Unreimbursed Expense

To be eligible for the child care deduction, the costs must not be reimbursed by another source.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family will be required to certify that the child care expenses are not paid by or reimbursed to the family from any source.

Pursuing an Eligible Activity

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must verify that the family member(s) that the family has identified as being enabled to seek work, pursue education, or be gainfully employed, are actually pursuing those activities.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Information to be Gathered

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify information about how the schedule for the claimed activity relates to the hours of care provided, the time required for transportation, the time required for study (for students), the relationship of the family member(s) to the child, and any special needs of the child that might help determine which family member is enabled to pursue an eligible activity.

Seeking Work

Whenever possible **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use documentation from a state or local agency that monitors work-related requirements (e.g., welfare or unemployment). In such cases **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request family-provided verification from the agency of the member's job seeking efforts to date, and require the family to submit to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** any reports provided to the other agency.

In the event third-party verification is not available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will provide the family with a form on which the family member must record job search efforts. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will review this information at each subsequent reexamination for which this deduction is claimed.

Furthering Education

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will request third-party documentation to verify that the person permitted to further his or her education by the child care is enrolled and provide information about the timing of classes for which the person is registered. The documentation may be provided by the family.

Gainful Employment

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will seek third-party verification of the work schedule of the person who is permitted to work by the child care. In cases in which two or more family members could be permitted to work, the work schedules for all relevant family members may be verified. The documentation may be provided by the family.

Allowable Type of Child Care

The type of care to be provided is determined by the family, but must fall within certain guidelines, as discussed in Chapter 6.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify that the type of child care selected by the family is allowable, as described in Chapter 6 (6-II.F).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify that the fees paid to the child care provider cover only child care costs (e.g., no housekeeping services or personal services) and are paid only for the care of an eligible child (e.g., prorate costs if some of the care is provided for ineligible family members).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify that the child care provider is not an assisted family member. Verification will be made through the head of household's declaration of family members who are expected to reside in the unit.

Reasonableness of Expenses

Only reasonable child care costs can be deducted.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The actual costs the family incurs will be compared with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** established standards of reasonableness for the type of care in the locality to ensure that the costs are reasonable.

If the family presents a justification for costs that exceed typical costs in the area, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request additional documentation, as required, to support a determination that the higher cost is appropriate.

EXHIBIT 7-1: SUMMARY OF DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS FOR NONCITIZENS [HCV GB, pp. 5-9 and 5-10]

- All noncitizens claiming eligible status must sign a declaration of eligible immigrant status on a form acceptable to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.
- Except for persons 62 or older, all noncitizens must sign a verification consent form
- Additional documents are required based upon the person's status.

Elderly Noncitizens

• A person 62 years of age or older who claims eligible immigration status also must provide proof of age such as birth certificate, passport, or documents showing receipt of SS old-age benefits.

All other Noncitizens

• Noncitizens that claim eligible immigration status also must present the applicable USCIS document. Acceptable USCIS documents are listed below.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
 Form I-551 Alien Registration Receipt Card (for permanent resident aliens) Form I-94 Arrival-Departure Record 	 Form I-94 Arrival-Departure Record with no annotation accompanied by: A final court decision granting asylum
 annotated with one of the following: "Admitted as a Refugee Pursuant to Section 207" "Section 208" or "Asylum" "Section 243(h)" or "Deportation stayed by Attorney General" "Paroled Pursuant to Section 221 (d)(5) of the USCIS" 	 (but only if no appeal is taken); A letter from a USCIS asylum officer granting asylum (if application is filed on or after 10/1/90) or from a USCIS district director granting asylum (application filed before 10/1/90); A court decision granting withholding of deportation; or A letter from an asylum officer granting withholding or deportation (if application filed on or after 10/1/90).
• Form I-688 Temporary Resident Card annotated "Section 245A" or Section 210".	Form I-688B Employment Authorization Card annotated "Provision of Law 274a. 12(11)" or "Provision of Law 274a.12".
• A receipt issued by the USCIS indicating that an application for issuance of a replacement document in one of the above listed categories has been made and the applicant's entitlement to the document has been verified; or	
• Other acceptable evidence. If other documents are determined by the USCIS to constitute	

acceptable evidence of eligible immigration status, they will be announced by notice published in the *Federal Register*

Chapter 8

HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS AND RENT REASONABLENESS DETERMINATIONS

[24 CFR 982 Subpart I and 24 CFR 982.507]

INTRODUCTION

HUD requires that all units occupied by families receiving Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) assistance meet HUD's Housing Quality Standards (HQS) and permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to establish additional requirements. The use of the term "HQS" in this plan refers to the combination of both HUD and PHA-established requirements. HQS inspections are required before the Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract is signed and at least annually during the term of the contract.

HUD also requires PHAs to determine that units rented by families assisted under the HCV program have rents that are reasonable when compared to comparable unassisted units in the market area.

This chapter explains HUD and PHA requirements related to housing quality and rent reasonableness as follows:

<u>Part I. Physical Standards</u>. This part discusses the physical standards required of units occupied by HCV-assisted families and identifies decisions about the acceptability of the unit that may be made by the family based upon the family's preference. It also identifies life-threatening conditions that must be addressed on an expedited basis.

<u>Part II. The Inspection Process</u>. This part describes the types of inspections **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will make and the steps that will be taken when units do not meet HQS.

<u>Part III. Rent Reasonableness Determinations</u>. This part discusses the policies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use to make rent reasonableness determinations.

Special HQS requirements for homeownership, manufactured homes, and other special housing types are discussed in Chapter 15 to the extent that they apply in this jurisdiction.

PART I: PHYSICAL STANDARDS

8-I.A. GENERAL HUD REQUIREMENTS

HUD Performance and Acceptability Standards

HUD's performance and acceptability standards for HCV-assisted housing are provided in 24 CFR 982.401. These standards cover the following areas:

- Sanitary facilities
- Food preparation and refuse disposal
- Space and Security
- Thermal Environment
- Illumination and electricity
- Structure and materials
- Interior Air Quality
- Water Supply
- Lead-based paint
- Access
- Site and neighborhood
- Sanitary condition
- Smoke Detectors

A summary of HUD performance criteria is provided in Exhibit 8-1. Additional guidance on these requirements is found in the following HUD resources:

- Housing Choice Voucher Guidebook, Chapter 10.
- HUD Housing Inspection Manual for Section 8 Housing
- HUD Inspection Form, form HUD-52580 (3/01) and Inspection Checklist, form HUD-52580-A (9/00)
- HUD Notice 2003-31, Accessibility Notice: Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 and the Fair Housing Act of 1988.

Tenant Preference Items

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to enforce minimum HQS but also requires that certain judgments about acceptability be left to the family. For example, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure that the unit contains the required sanitary facilities, but the family decides whether the cosmetic condition of the facilities is acceptable. Exhibit 8-2 summarizes those items that are considered tenant preferences.

Modifications to Provide Accessibility

Under the Fair Housing Act of 1988 an owner must not refuse the request of a family that contains a person with a disability to make necessary and reasonable modifications to the unit. Such modifications are at the family's expense. The owner may require restoration of the unit to its original condition if the modification would interfere with the owner or next occupant's full enjoyment of the premises. The owner may not increase a customarily required security deposit. However, the landlord may negotiate a restoration agreement that requires the family to restore the unit and, if necessary to ensure the likelihood of restoration, may require the tenant to pay a reasonable amount into an interest bearing escrow account over a reasonable period of time. The interest in any such account accrues to the benefit of the tenant. The owner may also require reasonable assurances that the quality of the work will be acceptable and that any required building permits will be obtained. [24 CFR 100.203; Notice 2003-31].

Modifications to units to provide access for a person with a disability must meet all applicable HQS requirements and conform to the design, construction, or alteration of facilities contained in the UFAS and the ADA Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG) [28 CFR 35.151(c) and Notice 2003-31] See Chapter 2 of this plan for additional information on reasonable accommodations for persons with disabilities.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any owner that intends to negotiate a restoration agreement or require an escrow account must submit the agreement(s) to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** for review.

8-I.B. ADDITIONAL LOCAL REQUIREMENTS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may impose additional quality standards as long as the additional criteria are not likely to adversely affect the health or safety of participant families or severely restrict housing choice. HUD approval is required if more stringent standards are imposed. HUD approval is not required if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** additions are clarifications of HUD's acceptability criteria or performance standards [24 CFR 982.401(a)(4)].

Thermal Environment [HCV GB p.10-7]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must define a "healthy living environment" for the local climate. This may be done by establishing a temperature that the heating system must be capable of maintaining, that is appropriate for the local climate.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The heating system must be capable of maintaining an interior temperature of 65 degrees Fahrenheit between October 1 and May 1.

Clarifications of HUD Requirements

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

As permitted by HUD, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUISNG PROGRAM** has adopted the following specific requirements that elaborate on HUD standards.

Walls

In areas where plaster or drywall is sagging, severely cracked, or otherwise damaged, it must be repaired or replaced.

Any interior surfaces with significant peeling or shipping paint must be scraped and painted with unleaded paint or suitable material.

Any exterior surfaces with serious peeling or chipping paint must be scraped and painted with unleaded paint or other suitable material.

Windows

Window sashes must be in good condition, solid and intact, and properly fitted to the window frame. Damaged or deteriorated sashes must be replaced.

Windows must be weather-stripped as needed to ensure a weather-tight seal.

Window screens must be in good condition (applies only if screens are present).

Window cracks that present a hazard to the safety or health of the family must be replaced or otherwise secured.

In homes that have no air conditioning, sufficient window or door screens must be provided to provide adequate air circulation.

Doors

All exterior doors must be weather-tight to avoid any air or water infiltration, be lockable, have no holes, have all trim intact, and have a threshold.

All interior doors must have no holes, have all trim intact, and be openable without the use of a key.

Floors

All wood floors must be sanded to a smooth surface and sealed. Any loose or warped boards must be resecured and made level. If they cannot be leveled, they must be replaced.

All floors must be in a finished state. Raw wood or unsealed concrete is not permitted.

All floors should have some type of baseshoe, trim, or sealing for a "finished look." Vinyl baseshoe is permitted.

Sinks

All sinks and commode water lines must have shut off valves, unless faucets are wall mounted.

All worn or cracked toilet seats and tank lids must be replaced and toilet tank lid must fit properly.

All sinks must have functioning stoppers.

Security

If window security bars or security screens are present on emergency exit windows, they must be equipped with a quick release system. The owner is responsible for ensuring that the family is instructed on the use of the quick release system.

Owners are responsible for providing smoke detectors. Tenants are responsible for replacing old batteries for battery powered units. Tenants will be instructed not to tamper with smoke detectors or remove batteries unless for replacing old batteries.

Owners are responsible for provide carbon monoxide detectors (where applicable). Tenants are responsible for replacing old batteries for battery powered units. Tenants will be instructed not to tamper with carbon monoxide detectors or remove batteries unless for replacing old batteries.

Sanitary Conditions

The home must be free from sanitary deficiencies that have the effect of damaging the owner's property or presenting health and safety risks for the family.

Kitchen appliances must be maintained so as to prevent malfunction and to keep them sanitary and in good working condition.

Bathroom fixtures must not present health hazards from the buildup of dirt and grime in sinks, tubs or toilet bowls.

Floors must be free from accumulated dirt and debris, and carpets should be shampooed as necessary to maintain cleanliness.

Accumulated clutter, storage boxes and bags, etc. must not prevent access to electrical outlets, doors or windows and must not be placed near hot water heaters or furnaces.

Manufactured Homes

Flooring insulation and underpinnings must be in good condition and not hanging.

If skirting is present, it must be in good repair – No missing pieces and/or large holes in skirting.

8-I.C. LIFE THREATENING CONDITIONS [24 CFR 982.404(a)]

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to define life threatening conditions and to notify the owner or the family (whichever is responsible) of the corrections required. The responsible party must correct life threatening conditions within 24 hours of PHA notification.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The following are considered life threatening conditions:

Any condition that jeopardizes the security of the unit

Major plumbing leaks or flooding, waterlogged ceiling or floor in imminent danger of falling

Natural or LPgas or fuel oil leaks or fumes

Any electrical problem or condition that could result in shock or fire

Absence of a working heating system when outside temperature is below **50** degrees Fahrenheit **and temperature inside unit is below 60 degrees Fahrenheit.**

Utilities not in service, including no running hot water

Conditions that present the imminent possibility of injury

Obstacles that prevent safe entrance or exit from the unit

Absence of a functioning toilet in the unit

Broken glass where someone could be injured

Inoperable smoke detectors

Inoperable carbon monoxide detectors

In those cases where there is leaking gas or potential of fire or other threat to public safety, and the responsible party cannot be notified or it is impossible to make the repair, proper authorities will be notified by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

If an owner fails to correct life threatening conditions as required by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, the housing assistance payment will be abated and the HAP contract will be terminated. See 8-II-G.

If a family fails to correct a family caused life threatening condition as required by **CCA SECTION 8 HOSUING PROGRAM**, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may terminate the family's assistance. See 8-II.H.

The owner will be required to repair an inoperable smoke detector unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the family has intentionally disconnected it (by removing batteries or other means). In this case, the family will be required to repair the smoke detector within 24 hours.

8-I.D. OWNER AND FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES [24 CFR 982.404]

Family Responsibilities

The family is responsible for correcting the following HQS deficiencies:

- Tenant-paid utilities not in service
- Failure to provide or maintain family-supplied appliances
- Damage to the unit or premises caused by a household member or guest beyond normal wear and tear. "Normal wear and tear" is defined as items which could not be charged against the tenant's security deposit under state law or court practice.

Owner Responsibilities

The owner is responsible for all HQS violations not listed as a family responsibility above, even if the violation is caused by the family's living habits (e.g., vermin infestation). However, if the family's actions constitute a serious or repeated lease violation the owner may take legal action to evict the family.

8-I.E. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILDREN WITH ENVIRONMENTAL INTERVENTION BLOOD LEAD LEVEL [24 CFR 35.1225]

If a PHA is notified by a public health department or other medical health care provider, or verifies information from a source other than a public health department or medical health care provider, that a child of less than 6 years of age, living in an HCV-assisted unit has been identified as having an environmental intervention blood lead level, **CCA SECTION 8 HSOUING PROGRAM** must complete a risk assessment of the dwelling unit. The risk assessment must be completed in accordance with program requirements, and the result of the risk assessment must be immediately provided to the owner of the dwelling unit. In cases where the public health department has already completed an evaluation of the unit, this information must be provided to the owner.

Within 30 days after receiving the risk assessment report from **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, or the evaluation from the public health department, the owner is required to complete the reduction of identified lead-based paint hazards in accordance with the lead-based paint regulations [24 CFR 35.1325 and 35.1330]. If the owner does not complete the "hazard reduction" as required, the dwelling unit is in violation of HQS and the PHA will take action in accordance with Section 8-II.G.

PHA reporting requirements, and data collection and record keeping responsibilities related to children with an environmental intervention blood lead level are discussed in Chapter 16.

8-I.F. VIOLATION OF HQS SPACE STANDARDS [24 CFR 982.403]

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that a unit does not meet the HQS space standards because of an increase in family size or a change in family composition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must issue the family a new voucher, and the family and PHA must try to find an acceptable unit as soon as possible. If an acceptable unit is available for rental by the family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must terminate the HAP contract in accordance with its terms.

PART II: THE INSPECTION PROCESS

8-II.A. OVERVIEW [24 CFR 982.405]

Types of Inspections

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM conducts the following types of inspections as needed. Each type of inspection is discussed in the paragraphs that follow.

- *Initial Inspections*. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** conducts initial inspections in response to a request from the family to approve a unit for participation in the HCV program. The unit must pass the HQS inspection before the effective date of the HAP Contract.
- Annual Inspections. HUD requires CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to inspect each unit under lease at least annually to confirm that the unit still meets HQS. The inspection may be conducted in conjunction with the family's annual reexamination but also may be conducted separately.
- *Special Inspections*. A special inspection may be requested by the owner, the family, or a third party as a result of problems identified with a unit between annual inspections.
- *Quality Control Inspections.* HUD requires that a sample of units be reinspected by a supervisor or other qualified individual to ensure that HQS are being enforced correctly and uniformly by all inspectors.

Inspection of PHA-owned Units [24 CFR 982.352(b)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must obtain the services of an independent entity to perform all HQS inspections in cases where an HCV family is receiving assistance in a PHA-owned unit. A PHA-owned unit is defined as a unit that is owned by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** that administers the assistance under the consolidated ACC (including a unit owned by an entity substantially controlled by the PHA). The independent agency must communicate the results of each inspection to the family and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. The independent agency must be approved by HUD, and may be the unit of general local government for **CCA SECTION 8 HOSUING PROGRAM** jurisdiction (unless the PHA is itself the unit of general local government or an agency of such government).

Inspection Costs

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not charge the family or owner for unit inspections [24 CFR 982.405(e)]. In the case of inspections of PHA-owned units, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may compensate the independent agency from ongoing administrative fee for inspections performed. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and the independent agency may not charge the family any fee or charge for the inspection [24 CFR.982.352(b)].

Notice and Scheduling

The family must allow **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to inspect the unit at reasonable times with reasonable notice [24 CFR 982.551(d)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Both the family and the owner will be given reasonable notice of all inspections. Except in the case of a life threatening emergency, reasonable notice is considered to be not less than 48 hours. Inspections may be scheduled between **7:30** a.m. and **5:00** p.m. Generally inspections will be conducted on business days only. In the case of a life threatening emergency, the PHA will give as much notice as possible, given the nature of the emergency.

Owner and Family Inspection Attendance

HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to set policy regarding family and owner presence at the time of inspection [HCV GB p. 10-27].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When a family occupies the unit at the time of inspection all adult family members must be present for the inspection. The presence of the owner or the owner's representative is encouraged but is not required.

At initial inspection of a vacant unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will inspect the unit in the presence of the owner or owner's representative. The presence of a family representative is permitted, but is not required.

8-II.B. INITIAL HQS INSPECTION [24 CFR 982.401(a)]

Timing of Initial Inspections

HUD requires the unit to pass HQS before the effective date of the lease and HAP Contract. HUD requires PHAs with fewer than 1,250 budgeted units to complete the initial inspection, determine whether the unit satisfies HQS, and notify the owner and the family of the determination within 15 days of submission of the Request for Tenancy Approval (RTA). For PHAs with 1,250 or more budgeted units, to the extent practicable such inspection and determination must be completed within 15 days. The 15-day period is suspended for any period during which the unit is not available for inspection [982.305(b)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will complete the initial inspection, determine whether the unit satisfies HQS, and notify the owner and the family of the determination within 15 days of submission of the Request for Tenancy Approval (RTA).

Inspection Results and Reinspections

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If any HQS violations are identified, the owner will be notified of the deficiencies and be given a time frame (up to 30 calendar days) to correct them. If requested by the owner, the time frame for correcting the deficiencies may be extended by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM for good cause. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

will reinspect the unit within 5 business days of the date the owner notifies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** that the required corrections have been made.

If the time period for correcting the deficiencies (or any PHA-approved extension) has elapsed, or the unit fails HQS at the time of the reinspection, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the owner and the family that the unit has been rejected and that the family must search for another unit. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may agree to conduct a second reinspection, for good cause, at the request of the family and owner.

Following a failed reinspection, the family may submit a new Request for Tenancy Approval for the unit if the family has not found another unit by the time the owner completes all repairs and the family continues to wish to live in the unit.

Utilities

Generally, at initial lease-up the owner is responsible for demonstrating that all utilities are in working order including those utilities that the family will be responsible for paying.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If utility service is not available for testing at the time of the initial inspection, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will allow the utilities to be placed in service after the unit has met all other HQS requirements. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will reinspect the unit to confirm that utilities are operational before the

HAP contract is executed by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

Appliances

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the family is responsible for supplying the stove and/or refrigerator, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will allow the stove and refrigerator to be placed in the unit after the unit has met all other HQS requirements. The required appliances must be in place before the HAP contract is executed by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will execute the HAP contract based upon a certification from the family that the appliances have been installed and are working. A confirmatory inspection will be scheduled within 30 days of HAP contract approval.

8-II.C. ANNUAL HQS INSPECTIONS [24 CFR 982.405(a)]

Scheduling the Inspection

Each unit under HAP contract must have an annual inspection no more than 12 months after the most recent inspection.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If an adult family member cannot be present on the scheduled date, the family should request that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** reschedule the inspection. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and family will agree on a new inspection date that generally should take place within 5 business days of the originally-scheduled date. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may schedule an inspection more than 5 business days after the original date for good cause.

If the family misses the first scheduled appointment without requesting a new inspection date, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will automatically schedule a second inspection. If the family misses **or cancels** two scheduled inspections without PHA approval, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the family to have violated its obligation to make the unit available for inspection **and this will** result in termination of the family's assistance in accordance with Chapter 12.

8-II.D. SPECIAL INSPECTIONS [HCV GB, p. 10-30]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a special inspection if the owner, family, or another source reports HQS violations in the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

During a special inspection, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** generally will inspect only those deficiencies that were reported. However, the inspector will record any additional HQS deficiencies that are observed and will require the responsible party to make the necessary repairs.

If the annual inspection has been scheduled or is due within 90 days of the date the special inspection is scheduled **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may elect to conduct a full annual inspection.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may also conduct a special inspection based on information from third parties such as neighbors or public officials.

A move-out inspection may be requested by the owner and/or the family as a special inspection and MUST be conducted within 24 hours of the client moving out of the unit AND returning the keys the owner or the family moving without notice.

8-II.E. QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTIONS [24 CFR 982.405(b); HCV GB, p. 10-32]

HUD requires a PHA supervisor or other qualified person to conduct quality control inspections of a sample of units to ensure that each inspector is conducting accurate and complete inspections and that there is consistency in the application of the HQS.

The unit sample must include only units that have been inspected within the preceding 3 months. The selected sample will include (1) each type of inspection (initial, annual, and special), (2) inspections completed by each inspector, and (3) units from a cross-section of neighborhoods.

8-II.F. INSPECTION RESULTS AND REINSPECTIONS FOR UNITS UNDER HAP CONTRACT

Notification of Corrective Actions

The owner and the family will be notified in writing of the results of all inspections. When an inspection identifies HQS failures, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine (1) whether or not the failure is a life threatening condition and (2) whether the family or owner is responsible.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When life threatening conditions are identified, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will immediately notify both parties by telephone, facsimile, or email. The notice will specify who is responsible for correcting the violation. The corrective actions must be taken within 24 hours of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** notice.

When failures that are not life threatening are identified, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send the owner and the family a written notification of the inspection results within 5 business days of the inspection. The written notice will specify who is responsible for correcting the violation, and the time frame within which the failure must be corrected. Generally not more than 30 days will be allowed for the correction.

The notice of inspection results will inform the owner that if life threatening conditions are not corrected within 24 hours, and non-life threatening conditions are not corrected within the specified time frame (or any PHA-approved extension), the owner's HAP will be abated in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policy (see 8-II.G.). Likewise, in the case of family caused deficiencies, the notice will inform the family that if corrections are not made within the specified time frame (or any PHA-approved extension, if applicable) the family's assistance will be terminated in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policy (see Chapter 12).

Extensions

For conditions that are life-threatening, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** cannot grant an extension to the 24 hour corrective action period. For conditions that are not life-threatening, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may grant an exception to the required time frames for correcting the violation, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that an extension is appropriate [24 CFR 982.404].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

Extensions will be granted in cases where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined that the owner has made a good faith effort to correct the deficiencies and is unable to for reasons beyond the owner's control. Reasons may include, but are not limited to:

A repair cannot be completed because required parts or services are not available.

A repair cannot be completed because of weather conditions.

A reasonable accommodation is needed because the family includes a person with disabilities.

The owner has a good history of HQS compliance.

The repairs are expensive (such as exterior painting or roof repair) and the owner needs time to obtain the funds.

The length of the extension will be determined on a case by case basis, but will not exceed 60 days, except in the case of delays caused by weather conditions. In the case of weather conditions, extensions may be continued until the weather has improved sufficiently to make repairs possible. The necessary repairs must be made within 15 calendar days, once the weather conditions have subsided.

Reinspections – Verification of Corrective Actions

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Per Notice PIH 2012-15, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify the completion of corrective actions immediately following the end of the corrective period, or any PHA approved extension by:

Written self-certification by the owner AND/OR

Written self-certification by the family OR

A receipt of repair from a vendor (copy of completed work order) OR

A photo of completed repair OR

By CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM reinspection

Any CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM-authorized written self-certification will be by means of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM self-certification form. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will verify the self-certified completion of corrective actions, receipt of repair or photo of repair at the next onsite inspection. At the next on-site inspection, if the corrective items have failed to be corrected, the owner and family will no longer be eligible for self-certification, receipt of repair or photo of repairs. Reinspection of corrective actions will be required.

The family and owner will be given reasonable notice of the reinspection appointment. If the deficiencies have not been corrected by the time of the reinspection, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send a notice of abatement to the owner, or in the case of family caused violations, a notice of termination to the family, in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies. If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is unable to gain entry to the unit in order to conduct the scheduled reinspection, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the family to have violated its obligation to make the unit available for inspection. This may result in termination of the family's assistance in accordance with Chapter 12.

8-II.G. ENFORCING OWNER COMPLIANCE

If the owner fails to maintain the dwelling unit in accordance with HQS, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING** must take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the owner obligations.

HAP Abatement

If an owner fails to correct HQS deficiencies by the time specified by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING**, HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING** to abate housing assistance payments no later than the first of the month following the specified correction period (including any approved extension) [24 CFR 985.3(f)]. No retroactive payments will be made to the owner for the period of time the rent was abated. Owner rents are not abated as a result of HQS failures that are the family's responsibility.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A Notice of Abatement will be sent to the owner. The notice of abatement states that the family is not responsible for CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S portion of the rent that is abated.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make all HAP abatements effective the first of the month following the expiration of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** specified correction period (including any extension).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will inspect abated units within 5 business days of the owner's notification that the work has been completed. Payment will resume effective on the day the unit passes inspection.

During any abatement period the family continues to be responsible for its share of the rent. The owner must not seek payment from the family for abated amounts and may not use the abatement as cause for eviction.

HAP Contract Termination

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must decide how long any abatement period will continue before the HAP contract will be terminated. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** should not terminate the contract until the family finds another unit, provided the family does so in a reasonable time [HCV GB p. 10-29] and must give the owner reasonable notice of the termination. **CCA SECTION 8 HOSUING PROGRAM** will issue a voucher to permit the family to move to another unit as described in Chapter 10.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The maximum length of time that a HAP may be abated is 90 days. However, if the owner completes corrections and notifies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** before the termination date of the HAP contract, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may rescind the termination notice if (1) the family still resides in the unit and wishes to remain in the unit and (2) the unit passes inspection.

Reasonable notice of HAP contract termination by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is 30 days.

8-II.H. ENFORCING FAMILY COMPLIANCE WITH HQS [24 CFR 982.404(b)]

Families are responsible for correcting any HQS violations listed in paragraph 8.I.D. If the family fails to correct a violation within the period allowed by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** (and any extensions), CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate the family's assistance, according to the policies described in Chapter 12.

TIME FRAME FOR CORRECTIONS:

LIFE-THREATENING: WITHIN 24 HOURS

NON-EMERGENCY: WITHIN 30 DAYS

If the owner carries out a repair for which the family is responsible under the lease, the owner may bill the family for the cost of the repair.

PART III: RENT REASONABLENESS [24 CFR 982.507]

8-III.A. OVERVIEW

No HAP contract can be approved until **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined that the rent for the unit is reasonable. The purpose of the rent reasonableness test is to ensure that a fair rent is paid for each unit rented under the HCV program.

HUD regulations define a reasonable rent as one that does not exceed the rent charged for comparable, unassisted units in the same market area. HUD also requires that owners not charge more for assisted units than for comparable units on the premises. This part explains the method used to determine whether a unit's rent is reasonable.

PHA-owned Units [24 CFR 982.352(b)]

In cases where an HCV family is receiving assistance in a PHA-owned unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must obtain the services of an independent entity to determine rent reasonableness in accordance with program requirements, and to assist the family in negotiating the contract rent when the family requests assistance. A PHA-owned unit is defined as a unit that is owned by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** that administers the assistance under the consolidated ACC (including a unit owned by an entity substantially controlled by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**). The independent agency must communicate the results of the rent reasonableness determination to the family and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. The independent agency must be approved by HUD, and may be the unit of general local government for CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM jurisdiction (unless CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is itself the unit of general local government or an agency of such government).

8-III.B. WHEN RENT REASONABLENESS DETERMINATIONS ARE REQUIRED

Owner-initiated Rent Determinations

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must make a rent reasonableness determination at initial occupancy and whenever the owner requests a rent adjustment.

The owner and family first negotiate the rent for a unit. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** (or independent agency in the case of PHA-owned units) will assist the family with the negotiations upon request. At initial occupancy **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine whether the proposed rent is reasonable before a HAP Contract is signed. The owner must not change the rent during the initial lease term. Subsequent requests for rent adjustments must be consistent with the lease between the owner and the family. Rent increases will not be approved unless any failed items identified by the most recent HQS inspection have been corrected.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

After the initial occupancy period, the owner may request a rent adjustment in accordance with the owner's lease. For rent increase requests after initial lease-up, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may request owners to provide information about the rents charged for other units on the premises, if the premises include more than 4 units. In evaluating the proposed rents in comparison to other units on the premises **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider unit size and length of tenancy in the other units.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine whether the requested increase is reasonable within 10 business days of receiving the request from the owner. The request MUST be submitted on CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Rental Increase form. The owner will be notified of the determination in writing.

All rents adjustments will be effective the first of the month following 60 days after CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S receipt of the owner's request or no more than 90 days from date of receipt.

PHA- and HUD-Initiated Rent Reasonableness Determinations

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to make a determination of rent reasonableness (even if the owner has not requested a change) if there is a 5 percent decrease in the Fair Market Rent that goes into effect at least 60 days before the contract anniversary date. HUD also may direct the PHA to make a determination at any other time. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may decide that a new determination of rent reasonableness is needed at any time.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

In addition to the instances described above, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will make a determination of rent reasonableness at any time after the initial occupancy period if: (1) **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the initial rent reasonableness determination was in error or (2) CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that the information provided by the owner about the unit or other units on the same premises was incorrect.

8-III.C. HOW COMPARABILITY IS ESTABLISHED

Factors to Consider

HUD requires PHAs to take into consideration the factors listed below when determining rent comparability. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may use these factors to make upward or downward adjustments to the rents of comparison units when the units are not identical to the HCV-assisted unit.

- Location and age
- Unit size including the number of rooms and square footage of rooms
- The type of unit including construction type (e.g., single family, duplex, garden, low-rise, high-rise)
- The quality of the units including the quality of the original construction, maintenance and improvements made
- Amenities, services, and utilities included in the rent

Units that Must Not be Used as Comparables

Comparable units must represent unrestricted market rents. Therefore, units that receive some form of federal, state, or local assistance that imposes rent restrictions cannot be considered comparable units. These include units assisted by HUD through any of the following programs: Section 8 project-based assistance, Section 236 and Section 221(d)(3) Below Market Interest Rate (BMIR) projects, HOME or Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program-assisted units in which the rents are subsidized; units subsidized through federal, state, or local tax credits; units subsidized by the Department of Agriculture rural housing programs, and units that are rent-controlled by local ordinance.

Note: Notice PIH 2011-46, issued August 17, 2011, provides further guidance on the issue of what constitutes an assisted unit.

Rents Charged for Other Units on the Premises

The Request for Tenancy Approval (HUD-52517) requires owners to provide information, on the form itself, about the rent charged for other unassisted comparable units on the premises if the premises include more than 4 units.

By accepting CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM payment each month the owner certifies that the rent is not more than the rent charged for comparable unassisted units on the premises. If asked to do so, the owner must give CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM information regarding rents charged for other units on the premises.

8-III.D. PHA RENT REASONABLENESS METHODOLOGY

How Market Data is Collected

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will collect and maintain data on market rents in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction. Information sources include newspapers, realtors, market surveys, inquiries of owners and other available sources. The data will be maintained by bedroom size and market areas. Market areas may be defined by zip codes, census tract, neighborhood, and identifiable natural or manmade boundaries. The data will be updated on an ongoing basis and rent information that is more than 12 months old will be eliminated from the database.

How Rents are Determined

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The rent for a unit proposed for HCV assistance will be compared to the rent charged for comparable units in the same market area. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will develop a range of prices for comparable units by bedroom size within defined market areas. Units proposed for HCV assistance will be compared to the units within this rent range. Because units may be similar, but not exactly like the unit proposed for HCV assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may make adjustments to the range of prices to account for these differences.

The adjustment must reflect the local market. Not all differences in units require adjustments (e.g., the presence or absence of a garbage disposal may not affect the rent in some market areas).

Adjustments may vary by unit type (e.g., a second bathroom may be more valuable in a three-bedroom unit than in a two-bedroom).

The adjustment must reflect the rental value of the difference—not its construction costs (e.g., it might cost \$20,000 to put on a new roof, but the new roof might not make any difference in what a tenant would be willing to pay because rental units are presumed to have functioning roofs).

When a comparable project offers rent concessions (e.g., first month rent-free, or reduced rent) reported monthly rents will be adjusted accordingly. For example, if a comparable project reports rents of 500/month but new tenants receive the first month's rent free, the actual rent for the unit would be calculated as follows: $500 \times 11 \text{ months} = 5500/12 \text{ months} = actual monthly rent of $488.$

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the owner of the rent **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** can approve based upon its analysis of rents for comparable units. The owner may submit information about other comparable units in the market area. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will confirm the accuracy of the information provided and consider this additional information when making rent determinations. The owner must submit any additional information within 5 business days of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** request for information or the owner's request to submit information.

EXHIBIT 8-1: OVERVIEW OF HUD HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS

Note: This document provides an overview of HQS. For more detailed information see the following documents:

- 24 CFR 982.401, Housing Quality Standards (HQS)
- Housing Choice Voucher Guidebook, Chapter 10.
- HUD Housing Inspection Manual for Section 8 Housing
- HUD Inspection Form, form HUD-52580 (3/01) and Inspection Checklist, form HUD-52580-A (9/00)

Sanitary Facilities

The dwelling unit must include sanitary facilities within the unit. The sanitary facilities must be usable in privacy and must be in proper operating condition and adequate for personal cleanliness and disposal of human waste.

Food Preparation and Refuse Disposal

The dwelling unit must have space and equipment suitable for the family to store, prepare, and serve food in a sanitary manner.

Space and Security

The dwelling unit must provide adequate space and security for the family. This includes having at least one bedroom or living/sleeping room for each two persons.

Thermal Environment

The unit must have a safe system for heating the dwelling unit. Air conditioning is not required but if provided must be in proper operating condition. The dwelling unit must not contain unvented room heaters that burn gas, oil, or kerosene. Portable electric room heaters or kitchen stoves with built-in heating units are not acceptable as a primary source of heat for units located in climatic areas where permanent heat systems are required.

Illumination and Electricity

Each room must have adequate natural or artificial illumination to permit normal indoor activities and to support the health and safety of occupants. The dwelling unit must have sufficient electrical sources so occupants can use essential electrical appliances. Minimum standards are set for different types of rooms. Once the minimum standards are met, the number, type and location of electrical sources are a matter of tenant preference.

Structure and Materials

The dwelling unit must be structurally sound. Handrails are required when four or more steps (risers) are present, and protective railings are required when porches, balconies, and stoops are thirty inches or more off the ground. The elevator servicing the unit must be working [if there is one]. Manufactured homes must have proper tie-down devices capable of surviving wind loads common to the area.

Interior Air Quality

The dwelling unit must be free of air pollutant levels that threaten the occupants' health. There must be adequate air circulation in the dwelling unit. Bathroom areas must have one openable window or other adequate ventilation. Any sleeping room must have at least one window. If a window was designed to be opened, it must be in proper working order.

Water Supply

The dwelling unit must be served by an approved public or private water supply that is sanitary and free from contamination. Plumbing fixtures and pipes must be free of leaks and threats to health and safety.

Lead-Based Paint

Lead-based paint requirements apply to dwelling units built prior to 1978 that are occupied or can be occupied by families with children under six years of age, excluding zero bedroom dwellings. Owners must:

- Disclose known lead-based paint hazards to prospective tenants before the lease is signed,
- provide all prospective families with "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home",
- Stabilize deteriorated painted surfaces and conduct hazard reduction activities when identified by the PHA
- Notify tenants each time such an activity is performed
- Conduct all work in accordance with HUD safe practices
- As part of ongoing maintenance ask each family to report deteriorated paint.

For units occupied by environmental intervention blood lead level (lead poisoned) children under six years of age, a risk assessment must be conducted (paid for by the PHA). If lead hazards are identified during the risk assessment, the owner must complete hazard reduction activities.

See HCV GB p. 10-15 for a detailed description of these requirements. For additional information on lead-based paint requirements see 24 CFR 35, Subparts A, B, M, and R.

Access

Use and maintenance of the unit must be possible without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire.

Site and Neighborhood

The site and neighborhood must be reasonably free from disturbing noises and reverberations,

excessive trash or vermin, or other dangers to the health, safety, and general welfare of the occupants.

Sanitary Condition

The dwelling unit and its equipment must be in sanitary condition and free of vermin and rodent infestation. The unit must have adequate barriers to prevent infestation.

Smoke Detectors

Smoke detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 (or its successor standards). If the dwelling unit is occupied by any person with a hearing impairment, smoke detectors must have an appropriate alarm system as specified in NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

Hazards and Heath/Safety

The unit, interior and exterior common areas accessible to the family, the site, and the surrounding neighborhood must be free of hazards to the family's health and safety.

EXHIBIT 8-2: SUMMARY OF TENANT PREFERENCE AREAS RELATED TO HOUSING QUALITY

Note: This document provides an overview of unit and site characteristics and conditions for which the family determines acceptability. For more detailed information see the following documents:

- Housing Choice Voucher Guidebook, Chapter 10.
- HUD Housing Inspection Manual for Section 8 Housing
- HUD Inspection Form, form HUD-52580 (3/01) and Inspection Checklist, form HUD-52580-A (9/00)

Provided the minimum housing quality standards have been met, HUD permits the family to determine whether the unit is acceptable with regard to the following characteristics.

- *Sanitary Facilities*. The family may determine the adequacy of the cosmetic condition and quality of the sanitary facilities, including the size of the lavatory, tub, or shower; the location of the sanitary facilities within the unit; and the adequacy of the water heater.
- *Food Preparation and Refuse Disposal.* The family selects size and type of equipment it finds acceptable. When the family is responsible for supplying cooking appliances, the family may choose to use a microwave oven in place of a conventional oven, stove, or range. When the owner is responsible for providing cooking appliances, the owner may offer a microwave oven in place of an oven, stove, or range only if other subsidized and unsubsidized units on the premises are furnished with microwave ovens only. The adequacy of the amount and type of storage space, the cosmetic conditions of all equipment, and the size and location of the kitchen are all determined by the family.
- *Space and Security*. The family may determine the adequacy of room sizes and room locations. The family is also responsible for deciding the acceptability of the type of door and window locks.

- *Energy conservation items*. The family may determine whether the amount of insulation, presence of absence of storm doors and windows and other energy conservation items are acceptable.
- *Illumination and Electricity*. The family may determine whether the location and the number of outlets and fixtures (over and above those required to meet HQS standards) are acceptable or if the amount of electrical service is adequate for the use of appliances, computers, or stereo equipment.
- (6) *Structure and Materials*. Families may determine whether minor defects, such as lack of paint, or worn flooring or carpeting will affect the livability of the unit.
- (7) *Indoor Air*. Families may determine whether window and door screens, filters, fans, or other devices for proper ventilation are adequate to meet the family's needs. However, if screens are present they must be in good condition.
- (8) *Sanitary Conditions*. The family determines whether the sanitary conditions in the unit, including minor infestations, are acceptable.
- (9) *Neighborhood conditions*. Families may determine whether neighborhood conditions such as the presence of drug activity, commercial enterprises, and convenience to shopping will affect the livability of the unit.

Families have no discretion with respect to lead-based paint standards and smoke detectors.

Chapter 9

GENERAL LEASING POLICIES

INTRODUCTION

Chapter 9 covers the lease-up process from the family's submission of a Request for Tenancy Approval to execution of the HAP contract.

In order for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to assist a family in a particular dwelling unit, or execute a Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contract with the owner of a dwelling unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine that all the following program requirements are met:

- The unit itself must qualify as an eligible unit [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The unit must be inspected by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and meet the Housing Quality Standards (HQS) [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The lease offered by the owner must be approvable and must include the required Tenancy Addendum [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The rent to be charged by the owner for the unit must be reasonable [24 CFR 982.305(a)]
- The owner must be an eligible owner, approvable by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM**, with no conflicts of interest [24 CFR 982.306]
- <u>For families initially leasing a unit only</u>: Where the gross rent of the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the share of rent to be paid by the family cannot exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income [24 CFR 982.305(a)]

9-I.A. TENANT SCREENING

CCA SECTION 8 HOSUING PROGRAM has no liability or responsibility to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy [24 CFR 982.307(a)(1)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may elect to screen applicants for family behavior or suitability for tenancy. See Chapter 3 for a discussion of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** policies with regard to screening applicant families for program eligibility [24 CFR 982.307(a)(1)].

The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit. At or before **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval of the tenancy, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must inform the owner that screening and selection for tenancy is the responsibility of the owner [24 CFR 982.307(a)(2)]. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must also inform the owner or manager or his/her rights and obligations under the Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) [24 CFR 5.2005(a)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUISNG PROGRAM must provide the owner with the family's current and prior address (as shown in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** records) and the name and address (if known to **CCA SECITON 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**) of the landlord at the family's current and prior address [24 CFR 982.307(b)(1)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is permitted, but not required, to offer the owner other information in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** possession about the family's tenancy [24 CFR 982.307(b)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUISNG PROGRAM'S policy on providing information to the owner must be included in the family's briefing packet [24 CFR 982.307(b)(3)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not disclose to the owner any confidential information provided in response to a PHA request for documentation of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking except at the written request or with the written consent of the individual providing the documentation [24 CFR 5.2007(b)(4)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not screen applicants for family behavior or suitability for tenancy.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not provide additional screening information to the owner.

9-I.B. REQUESTING TENANCY APPROVAL [Form HUD-52517]

After the family is issued a voucher, the family must locate an eligible unit, with an owner or landlord willing to participate in the voucher program. Once a family finds a suitable unit and the owner is willing to lease the unit under the program, the owner and the family must request **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to approve the assisted tenancy in the selected unit.

The owner and the family must submit two documents to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM:

- Completed Request for Tenancy Approval (RTA) Form HUD-52517
- Copy of the proposed lease, including the HUD-prescribed Tenancy Addendum Form HUD-52641-A

The RTA contains important information about the rental unit selected by the family, including the unit address, number of bedrooms, structure type, year constructed, utilities included in the rent, and the requested beginning date of the lease, necessary for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to determine whether to approve the assisted tenancy in this unit.

Owners must certify to the most recent amount of rent charged for the unit and provide an explanation for any difference between the prior rent and the proposed rent.

Owners must certify that they are not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has granted a request for reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities who is a member of the tenant household.

For units constructed prior to 1978, owners must either 1) certify that the unit, common areas, and exterior have been found to be free of lead-based paint by a certified inspector; or 2) attach a lead-based paint disclosure statement.

Owners must certify ownership of property by providing documentation of ownership. If owner is represented by a property management company, owner must provide a copy of the property management agreement. Both the RTA and the proposed lease must be submitted no later than the expiration date stated on the voucher. [HCV GB p.8-15].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The RTA must be signed by both the family and the owner.

The owner may submit the RTA on behalf of the family.

Completed RTA (including the proposed dwelling lease) must be submitted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, **by email** or by fax.

The family may submit on behalf of the owner, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not process, more than one (1) RTA at a time.

When the family submits the RTA CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the RTA for completeness.

If the RTA is incomplete (including lack of signature by family, owner, or both), or if the dwelling lease is not submitted with the RTA, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family and the owner of the deficiencies.

Missing information and/or missing documents will only be accepted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, **by email**, or by fax. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not accept missing information over the phone.

When the family submits the RTA and proposed lease, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will also review the terms of the RTA for consistency with the terms of the proposed lease.

If the terms of the RTA are not consistent with the terms of the proposed lease, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family and the owner of the discrepancies.

Corrections to the terms of the RTA and/or the proposed lease will only be accepted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, **by email**, or by fax. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not accept corrections by phone.

Because of the time sensitive nature of the tenancy approval process, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will attempt to communicate with the owner and family by phone, fax, or email. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use mail when the parties can't be reached by phone, fax, or email.

9-I.C. OWNER PARTICIPATION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PORGRAM does not formally approve an owner to participate in the HCV program. However, there are a number of criteria where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may deny approval of an assisted tenancy based on past owner behavior, conflict of interest, or other owner-related issues. No owner has a right to participate in the HCV program [24 CFR 982.306(e)]

See Chapter 13 for a full discussion of owner qualification to participate in the HCV program.

9-I.D. ELIGIBLE UNITS

There are a number of criteria that a dwelling unit must meet in order to be eligible for assistance under the voucher program. Generally, a voucher-holder family may choose any available rental dwelling unit on the market in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction. This includes the dwelling unit they are currently occupying.

Ineligible Units [24 CFR 982.352(a)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may <u>not</u> assist a unit under the voucher program if the unit is a public housing or Indian housing unit; a unit receiving project-based assistance under section 8 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437f); nursing homes, board and care homes, or facilities providing continual psychiatric, medical, or nursing services; college or other school dormitories; units on the grounds of penal, reformatory, medical, mental, and similar public or private institutions; a unit occupied by its owner or by a person with any interest in the unit.

PHA-Owned Units [24 CFR 982.352(b)]

Otherwise eligible units that are owned or substantially controlled by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM issuing the voucher may also be leased in the voucher program. In order for a CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -owned unit to be leased under the voucher program, the unit must not be ineligible housing and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must inform the family, both orally and in writing, that the family has the right to select any eligible unit available for lease and that the family is free to select a CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -owned unit without any pressure or steering by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM does not have any eligible **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** -owned units available for leasing under the voucher program.

Special Housing Types [24 CFR 982 Subpart M]

HUD regulations permit, but do not generally require, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to permit families to use voucher assistance in a number of special housing types in accordance with the specific requirements applicable to those programs. These special housing types include single room occupancy (SRO) housing, congregate housing, group home, shared housing, manufactured home space (where the family owns the manufactured home and leases only the space), cooperative housing and homeownership option. See Chapter 15 for specific information and policies on any of these housing types that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has chosen to allow.

The regulations do require **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to permit use of any special housing type if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

Duplicative Assistance [24 CFR 982.352(c)]

A family may not receive the benefit of HCV tenant-based assistance while receiving the benefit of any of the following forms of other housing subsidy, for the same unit or for a different unit:

- Public or Indian housing assistance;
- Other Section 8 assistance (including other tenant-based assistance);
- Assistance under former Section 23 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (before amendment by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974);
- Section 101 rent supplements;
- Section 236 rental assistance payments;
- Tenant-based assistance under the HOME Program;
- Rental assistance payments under Section 521 of the Housing Act of 1949 (a program of the Rural Development Administration);
- Any local or State rent subsidy;
- Section 202 supportive housing for the elderly;
- Section 811 supportive housing for persons with disabilities; (11) Section 202 projects for non-elderly persons with disabilities (Section 162 assistance); or
- Any other duplicative federal, State, or local housing subsidy, as determined by HUD. For this purpose, 'housing subsidy' does not include the housing component of a welfare payment, a social security payment received by the family, or a rent reduction because of a tax credit.

Housing Quality Standards (HQS) [24 CFR 982.305 and 24 CFR 982.401]

In order to be eligible, the dwelling unit must be in decent, safe and sanitary condition. This determination is made using HUD's Housing Quality Standards (HQS) and/or equivalent state or local standards approved by HUD. See Chapter 8 for a full discussion of the HQS standards, as well as the process for HQS inspection at initial lease-up.

Unit Size

In order to be eligible, the dwelling unit must be appropriate for the number of persons in the household. A family must be allowed to lease an otherwise acceptable dwelling unit with fewer bedrooms than the number of bedrooms stated on the voucher issued to the family, provided the unit meets the applicable HQS space requirements [24 CFR 982.402(d)]. The family must be allowed to lease an otherwise acceptable dwelling unit with more bedrooms than the number of bedrooms stated on the voucher issued to the family. See Chapter 5 for a full discussion of subsidy standards.

Rent Reasonableness [24 CFR 982.305 and 24 CFR 982.507]

In order to be eligible, the dwelling unit must have a reasonable rent. The rent must be reasonable in relation to comparable unassisted units in the area and must not be in excess of rents charged by the owner for comparable, unassisted units on the premises. See Chapter 8 for a full discussion of rent reasonableness and the rent reasonableness determination process.

Rent Burden [24 CFR 982.508]

Where a family is initially leasing a unit and the gross rent of the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the dwelling unit rent must be at a level where the family's share of rent does not exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income. See Chapter 6 for a discussion of calculation of gross rent, the use of payment standards, and calculation of family income, family share of rent and HAP.

9-I.E. LEASE AND TENANCY ADDENDUM

The family and the owner must execute and enter into a written dwelling lease for the assisted unit. This written lease is a contract between the tenant family and the owner; **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not a party to this contract.

The tenant must have legal capacity to enter a lease under State and local law. 'Legal capacity' means that the tenant is bound by the terms of the lease and may enforce the terms of the lease against the owner [24 CFR 982.308(a)]

Lease Form and Tenancy Addendum [24 CFR 982.308]

If the owner uses a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants in the locality or the premises, the lease must be in such standard form. If the owner does not use a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants, the owner may use another form of lease. The HAP contract prescribed by HUD contains the owner's certification that if the owner uses a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants, the lease is in such standard form.

All provisions in the HUD-required Tenancy Addendum must also be added word-for-word to the owner's standard lease form, for use with the assisted family. The Tenancy Addendum includes the tenancy requirements for the program and the composition of the household as approved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. As a part of the lease, the tenant shall have the right to enforce the Tenancy Addendum against the owner and the terms of the Tenancy Addendum shall prevail over any other provisions of the lease.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM does not provide a model or standard dwelling lease for owners to use in the HCV program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will have the HUD-prescribed tenancy addendum available in English and Spanish. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM can have the HUD-prescribed tenancy addendum made available in Arabic, Cambodian, Chinese, Creole, French, Hmong, Korean, Russian, and Vietnamese.

Lease Information [24 CFR 982.308(d)]

The assisted dwelling lease must contain all of the required information as listed below:

- The names of the owner and the tenant:
- The unit rented (address, apartment number, and any other information needed to identify the contract unit)
- The term of the lease (initial term and any provisions for renewal)

- The amount of the monthly rent to owner
- A specification of what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the owner, and what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the family

Term of Assisted Tenancy

The initial term of the assisted dwelling lease must be for at least one year [24 CFR 982.309]. The initial lease term is also stated in the HAP contract.

The HUD program regulations permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to approve a shorter initial lease term if certain conditions are met.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not approve an initial lease term of less than one (1) year. Lease terms presented by owners must be consistent with their usual and customary business practices and generally accepted practices in the community.

During the initial term of the lease, the owner may not raise the rent to owner [24 CFR 982.309].

Any provisions for renewal of the dwelling lease will be stated in the dwelling lease [HCV Guidebook, pg. 8-22]. There are no HUD requirements regarding any renewal extension terms, except that they must be in the dwelling lease if they exist.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may execute the HAP contract even if there is less than one year remaining from the beginning of the initial lease term to the end of the last expiring funding increment under the consolidated ACC. [24 CFR 982.309(b)].

Security Deposit [24 CFR 982.313 (a) and (b)]

The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may prohibit security deposits in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. However, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** chooses to do so, language to this effect must be added to Part A of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** contract [Form HUD-52641].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant in accord with State and local law and in an amount not in excess of amounts charged in private market practice and not in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants.

Separate Non-Lease Agreements between Owner and Tenant

Owners may not demand or accept any rent payment from the family in excess of the rent to the owner minus **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** housing assistance payments to the owner [24 CFR 982.451(b)(4)].

The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises [24 CFR 982.510(c)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM permits owners and families to execute separate, non-lease agreements for services, appliances (other than range and refrigerator) and other items that are not included in the lease.

Any items, appliances, or other services that are customarily provided to unassisted families as part of the dwelling lease with those families, or are permanently installed in the dwelling unit must be included in the dwelling lease for the assisted family. These items, appliances or services cannot be placed under a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and family. Side payments for additional rent, or for items, appliances or services customarily provided to unassisted families as part of the dwelling lease for those families, are prohibited.

Any items, appliances, or other services that are <u>not</u> customarily provided to unassisted families as part of the dwelling lease with those families, are <u>not</u> permanently installed in the dwelling unit and where the family has the sole option of <u>not</u> utilizing the item, appliance or service, may be included in a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and the family.

The family is not liable and cannot be held responsible under the terms of the assisted dwelling lease for any charges pursuant to a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and the family. Non-payment of any charges pursuant to a separate non-lease agreement between the owner and the family cannot be a cause for eviction or termination of tenancy under the terms of the assisted dwelling lease.

PHA Review of Lease

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the dwelling lease for compliance with all applicable requirements.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the dwelling lease is incomplete or incorrect, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family and the owner of the deficiencies. Missing and corrected lease information will only be accepted as hard copies, in-person, by mail, by **email**, or by fax. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not accept missing and corrected information over the phone

Because the initial leasing process is time-sensitive, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will attempt to communicate with the owner and family by phone, fax, or email. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use mail when the parties can't be reached by phone, fax, or email.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is permitted, but is not required, to review the lease to determine if the lease complies with State and local law and is permitted to decline to approve the tenancy if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the lease does not comply with State or local law [24 CFR 982.308(c)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The PHA will not review the owner's lease for compliance with state/local law.

9-I.F. TENANCY APPROVAL [24 CFR 982.305]

After receiving the family's Request for Tenancy Approval, with proposed dwelling lease, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must promptly notify the family and owner whether the assisted tenancy is approved.

Prior to approving the assisted tenancy and execution of a HAP contract, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure that all required actions and determinations, discussed in Part I of this chapter have been completed.

These actions include ensuring that the unit is eligible; the unit has been inspected by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and meets the Housing Quality Standards (HQS); the lease offered by the owner is approvable and includes the required Tenancy Addendum; the rent to be charged by the owner for the unit must is reasonable; where the family is initially leasing a unit and the gross rent of the unit exceeds the applicable payment standard for the family, the share of rent to be paid by the family does not exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income [24 CFR 982.305(a)]; the owner is an eligible owner, not disapproved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, with no conflicts of interest [24 CFR 982.306]; the family and the owner have executed the lease, including the Tenancy Addendum, and the leadbased paint disclosure information [24 CFR 982.305(b)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will complete its determination within 10 business days of receiving all required information.

If the terms of the RTA/proposed lease are changed for any reason, including but not limited to negotiation with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will obtain corrected copies of the RTA and proposed lease, signed by the family and the owner.

Corrections to the RTA/proposed lease will only be accepted as hard copies, inperson, by mail, by email, or by fax. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** will accept corrections over the phone if subsequently confirmed in writing.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that the tenancy cannot be approved for any reason, the owner and the family will be notified in writing and given the opportunity to address any reasons for disapproval. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** will instruct the owner and family of the steps that are necessary to approve the tenancy.

Where the tenancy is not approvable because the unit is not approvable, the family must continue to search for eligible housing within the timeframe of the issued voucher.

If the tenancy is not approvable due to rent affordability (including rent burden and rent reasonableness), CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will attempt to negotiate the rent with the owner. If a new, approvable rent is negotiated, the tenancy will be approved. If the owner is not willing to negotiate an approvable rent, the family must continue to search for eligible housing within the timeframe of the issued voucher including any suspension period.

9-I.G. HAP CONTRACT EXECUTION [24 CFR 982.305]

The HAP contract is a written agreement between CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and the owner of the dwelling unit occupied by a housing choice voucher assisted family. Under the HAP contract, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM agrees to make housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of a specific family occupying a specific unit and obliges the owner to comply with all program requirements.

The HAP contract format is prescribed by HUD.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has given approval for the family of the assisted tenancy, the owner and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM execute the HAP contract.

The term of the HAP contract must be the same as the term of the lease [24 CFR 982.451(a)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is permitted to execute a HAP contract even if the funding currently available does not extend for the full term of the HAP contract.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must make a best effort to ensure that the HAP contract is executed before the beginning of the lease term. Regardless, the HAP contract must be executed no later than 60 calendar days from the beginning of the lease term.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not pay any housing assistance payment to the owner until the HAP contract has been executed. If the HAP contract is executed during the period of 60 calendar days from the beginning of the lease term, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** will pay housing assistance payments after execution of the HAP contract (in

accordance with the terms of the HAP contract), to cover the portion of the lease term before execution of the HAP contract (a maximum of 60 days).

Any HAP contract executed after the 60 day period is void, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not pay any housing assistance payment to the owner.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will offer owners who have not previously participated in the HCV program information regarding HAP contract requirements and the Tenancy Addendum. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may waive this requirement on a case-by-case basis, if it determines that the owner is sufficiently familiar with the requirements and responsibilities under the HCV program.

The owner and the assisted family will execute the dwelling lease and the owner must provide a copy to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will ensure that the owner has provided a copy of the dwelling lease to the assisted family. The owner and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will execute the HAP contract. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not execute the HAP contract until the owner has submitted IRS form W-9. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will ensure that the owner receives a copy of the executed HAP contract. **An executed contract indicates a signed contract by both CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and the owner or the owner's representative.

See Chapter 13 for a discussion of the HAP contract and contract provisions.

9-I.H. CHANGES IN LEASE OR RENT [24 CFR 982.308]

If the tenant and the owner agree to any changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must remain in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

Generally, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval of tenancy and execution of a new HAP contract are not required for changes in the lease. However, under certain circumstances, voucher assistance in the unit shall not be continued unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner. These circumstances include:

- Changes in lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances
- Changes in lease provisions governing the term of the lease
- The family moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex

In these cases, if the HCV assistance is to continue, the family must submit a new Request for Tenancy Approval (RTA) along with a new dwelling lease containing the altered terms. A new tenancy must then be approved in accordance with this chapter.

Where the owner is changing the amount of rent, the owner must notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least 60 days before any such changes go into effect [24 CFR 982.308(g)(4)]. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will agree to such an increase only if the amount of the rent to owner is considered reasonable according to the rent reasonableness standards discussed in Chapter 8. If the requested rent is <u>not</u> found to be reasonable, the owner must either reduce the requested rent increase, or give the family notice in accordance with the terms of the lease.

No rent increase is permitted during the initial term of the lease [24 CFR 982.309(a)(3)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Where the owner is requesting a rent increase, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether the requested increase is reasonable within 10 business days of receiving the request from the owner. The owner will be notified of the determination in writing.

Rent increases will go into effect on the first of the month following the 60 day period after the owner notifies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of the rent change or on the date specified by the owner, whichever is later. **Rent increase requests are required to be submitted on CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** *Rental Increase Request Form, any other forms of written requests will be denied.*

Chapter 10

MOVING WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE AND PORTABILITY

INTRODUCTION

Freedom of choice is a hallmark of the housing choice voucher (HCV) program. In general, therefore, HUD regulations impose few restrictions on where families may live or move with HCV assistance. This chapter sets forth HUD regulations and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies governing moves within or outside **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction in two parts:

Part I: Moving with Continued Assistance. This part covers the general rules that apply to all moves by a family assisted under CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S HCV program, whether the family moves to another unit within CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction or to a unit outside CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction under portability.

<u>Part II: Portability</u>. This part covers the special rules that apply to moves by a family under portability, whether the family moves out of or into **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction. This part also covers the special responsibilities that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has under portability regulations and procedures.

PART I: MOVING WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE

10-I.A. ALLOWABLE MOVES

HUD lists six regulatory conditions under which an assisted family is allowed to move to a new unit with continued assistance. Permission to move is subject to the restrictions set forth in section 10-I.B.

- The family has a right to terminate the lease on notice to the owner (for the owner's breach or otherwise) and has given a notice of termination to the owner in accordance with the lease [24 CFR 982.314(b)(3)]. If the family terminates the lease on notice to the owner, the family must give the PHA a copy of the notice at the same time [24 CFR 982.314(d)(1)].
- The lease for the family's unit has been terminated by mutual agreement of the owner and the family [24 CFR 982.314(b)(1)(ii)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the family and the owner mutually agree to terminate the lease for the family's unit, the family must give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** a copy of the termination agreement.

- The owner has given the family a notice to vacate, has commenced an action to evict the family, or has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the family [24 CFR 982.314(b)(2)]. The family must give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** a copy of any owner eviction notice [24 CFR 982.551(g)].
- The family or a member of the family is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and the move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member [24 CFR 982.314(b)(4)]. This condition applies even when the family has moved out of its unit in violation of the lease, with or without prior notification to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, if the family or family member who is the victim reasonably believed that he or she was imminently threatened by harm from further violence if he or she remained in the unit [24 CFR 982.314(b)(4), 24 CFR 982.353(b)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a family requests permission to move with continued assistance based on a claim that the move is necessary to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request documentation in accordance with section 16-IX.D of this plan.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM reserves the right to waive the documentation requirement if it determines that a statement or other corroborating evidence from the family or family member will suffice. In such cases CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will document the waiver in the family's file.

- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has terminated the assisted lease for the family's unit for the owner's breach [24 CFR 982.314(b)(1)(i)].
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that the family's current unit does not meet the HQS space standards because of an increase in family size or a change in family composition. In such cases, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must issue the family a new voucher, and the family and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must try to find an acceptable unit as soon as possible. If an acceptable unit is available for the family, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate the HAP contract for the family's old unit in accordance with the HAP contract terms and must notify both the family and the owner of the termination. The HAP contract terminates at the end of the calendar month that follows the calendar month in which CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM gives notice to the owner. [24 CFR 982.403(a) and (c)]

10-I.B. RESTRICTIONS ON MOVES

A family's right to move is generally contingent upon the family's compliance with program requirements [24 CFR 982.1(b)(2)]. HUD specifies two conditions under which a PHA may deny a family permission to move and two ways in which a PHA may restrict moves by a family.

Denial of Moves

HUD regulations permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to deny a family permission to move under the following conditions:

Insufficient Funding

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may deny a family permission to move either within or outside **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** does not have sufficient funding for continued assistance [24 CFR 982.314(e)(1)]. However, Notice PIH 2011-3 significantly restricts the ability of PHAs to deny permission to move due to insufficient funding and places further requirements on PHAs regarding moves denied due to lack of funding. The requirements found in this notice are mandatory.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will deny a family permission to move on grounds that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM does not have sufficient funding for continued assistance if (a) the move is initiated by the family, not the owner or CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM; (b) CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM can demonstrate that the move will, in fact, result in higher subsidy costs; and (c) CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM can demonstrate, in accordance with the policies in Part VIII of Chapter 16, that it does not have sufficient funding in its annual budget to accommodate the higher subsidy costs.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will create a list of families whose moves have been denied due to insufficient funding. When funds become available, the families on this list will take precedence over families on the waiting list. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use the same procedures for notifying families with open requests to move when funds become available as it uses for notifying families on the waiting list (see section 4-III.D). The families who have been denied due to insufficient funding will remain open (on the list) for CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's consideration for a period of no more than 180 days from the date of the family's request. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify a family with an open request in writing if and when CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that is has sufficient funds to allow the move.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will inform the family of its policy regarding moves denied due to insufficient funding in a letter to the family at the time the move is denied.

This policy applies to moves within CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's jurisdiction as well as to moves outside it under portability.

Grounds for Denial or Termination of Assistance

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may deny a family permission to move if it has grounds for denying or terminating the family's assistance [24 CFR 982.314(e)(2)]. **VAWA** allows exceptions to these grounds for denial or termination of assistance for families who are otherwise in compliance with program obligations, but have moved to protect the health or safety of an individual who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, and who reasonably believed he or she was imminently threatened by harm from further violence if they remained in the unit. [Pub.L. 109-162]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has grounds for denying or terminating a family's assistance, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will act on those grounds in accordance with the regulations and policies set forth in Chapters 3 and 12, respectively. In general, it will not deny a family permission to move for this reason; however, it retains the discretion to do so under special circumstances. **Refer to sections 3-III.G and 12-II.E for VAWA provisions.**

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may deny permission to move if:

The family has violated a family obligation.

The family owes CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM money.

The Housing Director may make exceptions to these restrictions if there is an emergency reason for the move over which the participant has no control.

Restrictions on Elective Moves [24 CFR 982.314(c)]

HUD regulations permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to prohibit any elective move by a participant family during the family's initial lease term. They also permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to prohibit more than one elective move by a participant family during any 12-month period. However, such prohibitions, if adopted, do not apply when the family or a member of the family is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and the move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member. (For the policy on documentation of abuse, see section 10-I.A.)

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not deny a family permission to make an elective move during the family's initial lease term provided the family and owner agree to the lease termination in writing. This policy applies to moves within CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's jurisdiction, and, except during the first 12 months after a nonresident applicant has been admitted to the program, to moves outside of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction under portability. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will deny a family permission to make more than one elective move during any 12-month period. This policy applies to all assisted families residing in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider exceptions to these policies for the following reasons: to protect the health or safety of a family member (e.g., lead-

based paint hazards, domestic violence, witness protection programs), to accommodate a change in family circumstances (e.g., new employment, school attendance in a distant area), or to address an emergency situation over which a family has no control.

In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will allow exceptions to these policies for purposes of reasonable accommodation of a family member who is a person with disabilities (see Chapter 2).

10-I.C. MOVING PROCESS

Notification

If a family wishes to move to a new unit, the family must notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and the owner before moving out of the old unit or terminating the lease on notice to the owner [24 CFR 982.314(d)(2)]. If the family wishes to move to a unit outside **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** jurisdiction under portability, the notice to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must specify the area where the family wishes to move [24 CFR 982.314(d)(2), Notice PIH 2011-3]. The notices must be in writing [24 CFR 982.5].

Approval

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Upon receipt of a family's notification that it wishes to move, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether the move is approvable in accordance with the regulations and policies set forth in sections 10-I.A and 10-I.B. Within 10 **business days following receipt of the family's notification, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will either issue the family a voucher or notify it in writing of its determination that the move is not approvable.**

Reexamination of Family Income and Composition

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For families approved to move to a new unit within CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will perform a new annual reexamination, **if required**, in accordance with the policies set forth in Chapter 11 of this plan.

For families moving into or families approved to move out of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction under portability, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will follow the policies set forth in Part II of this chapter.

Voucher Issuance and Briefing

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For families approved to move to a new unit within CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will issue a new voucher within 10 business days of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S written approval to move. No briefing is required for these families. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will follow the policies set forth in Chapter 5 on voucher term, extension, and expiration. If a family does not locate a new unit within the term of the voucher and any extensions, the family may remain in its current unit with continued voucher assistance if the owner agrees and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approves. Otherwise, the family will lose its assistance.

For families moving into or families approved to move out of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction under portability, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will follow the policies set forth in Part II of this chapter.

Housing Assistance Payments [24 CFR 982.311(d)]

When a family moves out of an assisted unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not make any housing assistance payment to the owner for any month **after** the month the family moves out. The owner may keep the housing assistance payment for the month when the family moves out of the unit.

If a participant family moves from an assisted unit with continued tenant-based assistance, the term of the assisted lease for the new assisted unit may begin during the month the family moves out of the first assisted unit. Overlap of the last housing assistance payment (for the month when the family moves out of the old unit) and the first assistance payment for the new unit, is not considered to constitute a duplicative housing subsidy.

A move within the same building or project, or between buildings owned by the same owner, will be processed like any other move except that there will be NO OVERLAPPING ASSISTANCE.

PART II: PORTABILITY

10-II.A. OVERVIEW

Within the limitations of the regulations and this plan, a participant family or an applicant family that has been issued a voucher has the right to use tenant-based voucher assistance to lease a unit anywhere in the United States providing that the unit is located within the jurisdiction of a PHA administering a tenant-based voucher program [24 CFR 982.353(b)]. The process by which a family obtains a voucher from one PHA and uses it to lease a unit in the jurisdiction of another PHA is known as portability. The first PHA is called the **initial PHA**. The second is called the **receiving PHA**.

The receiving PHA has the option of administering the family's voucher for the initial PHA or absorbing the family into its own program. Under the first option, the receiving PHA bills the initial PHA for the family's housing assistance payments and the fees for administering the family's voucher. Under the second option, the receiving PHA pays for the family's assistance out of its own program funds, and the initial PHA has no further relationship with the family.

The same PHA commonly acts as the initial PHA for some families and as the receiving PHA for others. Each role involves different responsibilities. The PHA will follow the rules and policies in section 10-II.B when it is acting as the initial PHA for a family. It will follow the rules and policies in section 10-II.C when it is acting as the receiving PHA for a family.

10-II.B. INITIAL PHA ROLE

Allowable Moves under Portability

A family may move with voucher assistance only to an area where there is at least one PHA administering a voucher program [24 CFR 982.353(b)]. If there is more than one PHA in the area, the initial PHA may choose the receiving PHA [24 CFR 982.355(b)].

Applicant families that have been issued vouchers as well as participant families may qualify to lease a unit outside **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** jurisdiction under portability. The initial PHA, in accordance with HUD regulations and PHA policy, determines whether a family qualifies.

Applicant Families

Under HUD regulations, most applicant families qualify to lease a unit outside **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction under portability. However, HUD gives **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** discretion to deny a portability move by an applicant family for the same two reasons that it may deny any move by a participant family: insufficient funding and grounds for denial or termination of assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In determining whether or not to deny an applicant family permission to move under portability because **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** lacks sufficient funding or has grounds for denying assistance to the family, the **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will follow the policies established in section 10-I.B of this chapter.

In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may establish a policy denying the right to portability to nonresident applicants during the first 12 months after they are admitted to the program [24 CFR 982.353(c)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If neither the head of household nor the spouse/cohead of an applicant family had a domicile (legal residence) in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction at the time the family's application for assistance was submitted, the family must live in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction with voucher assistance for at least 12 months before requesting portability.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider exceptions to this policy for purposes of reasonable accommodation (see Chapter 2) or reasons related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. However, any exception to this policy is subject to the approval of the receiving PHA [24 CFR 982.353(c)(3)].

Participant Families

The initial PHA must not provide portable assistance for a participant if a family has moved out of its assisted unit in violation of the lease [24 CFR 982.353(b)]. The Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) creates an exception to this prohibition for families who are otherwise in compliance with program obligations but have moved to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and who reasonably believed he or she was imminently threatened by harm from further violence if he or she remained in the unit [24 CFR 982.353(b)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a participant family is within the first year of assisted occupancy they cannot exercise portability except in the following circumstances:

The receiving PHA and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM agree to the move.

The family's move relates to an opportunity for education, job training or

employment. The move must be greater than 50 miles from the family's

current residence, and the relevant opportunity must be verified.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine whether a participant family may move out of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction with continued assistance in accordance with the regulations and policies set forth here and in sections 10-I.A and 10-I.B of this chapter. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the family of its determination in accordance with the approval policy set forth in section 10-I.C of this chapter.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not permit families to exercise portability:

If the family is in violation of a family obligation.

If the family owes money to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

Determining Income Eligibility

Applicant Families

An applicant family may lease a unit in a particular area under portability only if the family is income eligible for admission to the voucher program in that area [24 CFR 982.353(d)(3)]. The family must specify the area to which the family wishes to move [Notice 2011-3].

The initial PHA is responsible for determining whether the family is income eligible in the area to which the family wishes to move [24 CFR 982.355(c)(1)]. If the applicant family is not income eligible in that area, the PHA must inform the family that it may not move there and receive voucher assistance [Notice PIH 2011-3].

Participant Families

The income eligibility of a participant family is not redetermined if the family moves to a new jurisdiction under portability [24 CFR 982.353(d)(2), 24 CFR 982.355(c)(1)].

Reexamination of Family Income and Composition

No new reexamination of family income and composition is required for an applicant family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For a participant family approved to move out of its jurisdiction under portability, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** generally will conduct a reexamination of family

income and composition only if the family's annual reexamination must be completed on or before the initial billing deadline specified on form HUD-52665, Family Portability Information.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make any exceptions to this policy necessary to remain in compliance with HUD regulations.

Briefing

The regulations and policies on briefings set forth in Chapter 5 of this plan require CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to provide information on portability to all applicant families that qualify to lease a unit outside CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction under the portability procedures. Therefore, no special briefing is required for these families.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A formal briefing will be required for all participant families wishing to move outside the PHA's jurisdiction under portability. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will provide the name, address, and phone of the contact for the PHA in the jurisdiction to which they wish to move. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will advise the family that they will be under the RHA's policies and procedures, including subsidy standards and voucher extension policies.

Voucher Issuance and Term

An applicant family has no right to portability until after the family has been issued a voucher [24 CFR 982.353(b)]. In issuing vouchers to applicant families, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will follow the regulations and procedures set forth in Chapter 5. A new voucher is not required for portability purposes.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For families approved to move under portability, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will issue a new voucher within 10 business days of the later of; the family's notification that it wishes to move, or if a reexamination is required, the completion date of the reexamination.

The initial term of the voucher will be 60 days.

Voucher Extensions and Expiration

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will approve **no** extensions to a voucher issued to an applicant or participant family porting out of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction except under the following circumstances: (a) the initial term of the voucher will expire before the portable family will be issued a voucher by the receiving PHA, (b) the family decides to return to the initial PHA's jurisdiction and search for a unit there, or (c) the family decides to search for a unit in a third PHA's jurisdiction. In such cases, the policies on voucher extensions set forth in Chapter 5,

section 5-II.E, of this plan will apply, including the requirement that the family apply for an extension in writing prior to the expiration of the initial voucher term.

To receive or continue receiving assistance under the initial PHA's voucher program, a family that moves to another PHA's jurisdiction under portability must be under HAP contract in the receiving PHA's jurisdiction within 60 days following the expiration date of the initial PHA's voucher term (including any extensions). (See below under "Initial Billing Deadline" for one exception to this policy.)

Preapproval Contact with the Receiving PHA

Prior to approving a family's request to move under portability, the initial PHA must contact the receiving PHA via e-mail or other confirmed delivery method to determine whether the receiving PHA will administer or absorb the family's voucher. Based on the receiving PHA's response, the initial PHA must determine whether it will approve or deny the move [Notice PIH 2011-3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM</u> will use e-mail **or fax**, when possible, to contact the receiving PHA regarding whether the receiving PHA will administer or absorb the family's voucher.

Initial Notification to the Receiving PHA

After approving a family's request to move under portability, the initial PHA must promptly notify the receiving PHA to expect the family [24 CFR 982.355(c)(2)]. This means that the initial PHA must contact the receiving PHA directly on the family's behalf [Notice PIH 2011-3]. The initial PHA must also advise the family how to contact and request assistance from the receiving PHA [24 CFR 982.355(c)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Because the portability process is time-sensitive, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the receiving PHA by phone, fax, or e-mail to expect the family. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will also ask the receiving PHA to provide any information the family may need upon arrival, including the name, fax, email and telephone number of the staff person responsible for business with incoming portable families and procedures related to appointments for voucher issuance. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will pass this information along to the family **via written format**. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will also ask for the name, address, telephone number, fax and email of the person responsible for processing the billing information.

Sending Documentation to the Receiving PHA

The initial PHA is required to send the receiving PHA the following documents:

- Form HUD-52665, Family Portability Information, with Part I filled out [Notice PIH 2011-3]
- A copy of the family's voucher [Notice PIH 2011-3]

- A copy of the family's most recent form HUD-50058, Family Report, or, if necessary in the case of an applicant family, family and income information in a format similar to that of form HUD-50058 [24 CFR 982.355(c)(4), Notice PIH 2011-3]
- Copies of the income verifications backing up the form HUD-50058, including a copy of the family's current EIV data [24 CFR 982.355(c)(4), Notice PIH 2011-3]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In addition to these documents, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will provide the following information, if available, to the receiving PHA:

Social security numbers (SSNs) - only if initial applicants

Documentation of SSNs for all nonexempt household members whose SSNs have not been verified through the EIV system – **only if initial applicants**

Documentation of legal identity

Documentation of citizenship or eligible immigration status

Documentation of participation in the earned income disallowance (EID) benefit

Documentation of participation in a family self-sufficiency (FSS) program

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the family in writing regarding any information provided to the receiving PHA [HCV GB, p. 13-3].

Initial Billing Deadline [Notice PIH 2011-3]

When the initial PHA sends form HUD-52665 to the receiving PHA, it specifies in Part I the deadline by which it must receive the initial billing notice from the receiving PHA. This deadline is 60 days following the expiration date of the voucher issued to the family by the initial PHA. If the initial PHA does not receive a billing notice by the deadline and does not intend to honor a late billing submission, it must contact the receiving PHA to determine the status of the family. If the receiving PHA reports that the family is not yet under HAP contract, the initial PHA may refuse to accept a late billing submission. If the receiving PHA reports that the family is under HAP contract and the receiving PHA cannot absorb the family, the initial PHA must accept a late billing submission; however, it may report to HUD the receiving PHA's failure to comply with the deadline.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has not received an initial billing notice from the receiving PHA by the deadline specified on form HUD-52665, it will contact the receiving PHA by phone, fax, or e-mail on the next business day. If the **receiving** PHA **fails to respond or** reports that the family is not yet under HAP contract, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will inform the receiving PHA that it will not honor a late billing submission and will return any subsequent billings that it receives on behalf of the family. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send the receiving PHA a written confirmation of its decision **via fax or e-mail**.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will allow an exception to this policy if the family includes a person with disabilities and the late billing is a result of a reasonable accommodation granted to the family by the receiving PHA.

Monthly Billing Payments [24 CFR 982.355(e), Notice PIH 2011-3]

If the receiving PHA is administering the family's voucher, the initial PHA is responsible for making billing payments in a timely manner. The first billing amount is due within 30 calendar days after the initial PHA receives Part II of form HUD-52665 from the receiving PHA. Subsequent payments must be **received** by the receiving PHA no later than the fifth business day of each month. The payments must be provided in a form and manner that the receiving PHA is able and willing to accept.

The initial PHA may not terminate or delay making payments under existing portability billing arrangements as a result of overleasing or funding shortfalls. The PHA must manage its tenant-based program in a manner that ensures that it has the financial ability to provide assistance for families that move out of its jurisdiction under portability and are not absorbed by receiving PHAs as well as for families that remain within its jurisdiction.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will utilize direct deposit (**if direct deposit is functional or viable option**) to ensure that the payment is received by the deadline unless the receiving PHA notifies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** that direct deposit is not acceptable to them.

Annual Updates of Form HUD-50058

If the initial PHA is being billed on behalf of a portable family, it should receive an updated form HUD-50058 each year from the receiving PHA. If the initial PHA fails to receive an updated 50058 by the family's annual reexamination date, the initial PHA should contact the receiving PHA to verify the status of the family.

Denial or Termination of Assistance [24 CFR 982.355(c)(9)]

If the initial PHA has grounds for denying or terminating assistance for a portable family that has not been absorbed by the receiving PHA, the initial PHA may act on those grounds at any time. (For PHA policies on denial and termination, see Chapters 3 and 12, respectively.)

10-II.C. RECEIVING PHA ROLE

If a family has a right to lease a unit in the receiving PHA's jurisdiction under portability, the receiving PHA must provide assistance for the family [24 CFR 982.355(10)].

The receiving PHA's procedures and preferences for selection among eligible applicants do not apply, and the receiving PHA's waiting list is not used [24 CFR 982.355(10)]. However, the family's unit, or voucher, size is determined in accordance with the subsidy standards of the receiving PHA [24 CFR 982.355(7)], and the amount of the family's housing assistance payment is determined in the same manner as for other families in the receiving PHA's voucher program [24 CFR 982.355(e)(2)].

Responding to Initial PHA's Request

The receiving PHA must respond via e-mail or other confirmed delivery method to the initial PHA's inquiry to determine whether the family's voucher will be billed or absorbed. If the receiving PHA informs the initial PHA that it will be absorbing the voucher, the receiving PHA cannot reverse its decision at a later date [Notice PIH 2011-3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use e-mail **or fax**, when possible, to notify the initial PHA whether it will administer or absorb the family's voucher.

Initial Contact with Family

When a family moves into the PHA's jurisdiction under portability, the family is responsible for promptly contacting the PHA and complying with the PHA's procedures for incoming portable families [24 CFR 982.355(c)(3)].

If the voucher issued to the family by the initial PHA has expired, the receiving PHA does not process the family's paperwork but instead refers the family back to the initial PHA [Notice PIH 2011-3].

When a portable family requests assistance from the receiving PHA, the receiving PHA must promptly inform the initial PHA whether the receiving PHA will bill the initial PHA for assistance on behalf of the portable family or will absorb the family into its own program [24 CFR 982.355©(5)]. If the PHA initially bills the initial PHA for the family's assistance, it may later decide to absorb the family into its own program [Notice PIH 2008-43] (See later under "Absorbing a Portable Family" for more on this topic.)

If for any reason the receiving PHA refuses to process or provide assistance to a family under the portability procedures, the family must be given the opportunity for an informal review or hearing [Notice PIH 2011-3]. (For more on this topic, see later under "Denial or Termination of Assistance.")

Briefing

HUD allows the receiving PHA to require a briefing for an incoming portable family as long as the requirement does not unduly delay the family's search [Notice PIH 2011-3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the family to attend a briefing. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will provide the family with a briefing packet (as described in Chapter 5) and will provide (as described in Chapter 5) a detailed, oral briefing.

Income Eligibility and Reexamination

HUD allows the receiving PHA to conduct its own income reexamination of a portable family [24 CFR 982.355(c)(4)]. However, the receiving PHA may not delay voucher issuance or unit approval until the reexamination process is complete unless the reexamination is necessary to determine that an applicant family is income eligible for admission to the program in the area where the family wishes to lease a unit [Notice PIH 2011-3, 24 CFR 982.201(b)(4)]. The receiving PHA does not redetermine income eligibility for a portable family that was already receiving assistance in the initial PHA's voucher program [24 CFR 982.355(c)(1)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For any family moving into its jurisdiction under portability, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will conduct a new reexamination of family income and composition. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not delay issuing the family a voucher for this reason. Nor will CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM delay approving a unit for the family until the reexamination process is complete unless the family is an applicant and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM cannot otherwise confirm that the family is income eligible for admission to the program in the area where the unit is located.

In conducting its own reexamination, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will rely upon any verifications provided by the initial PHA to the extent that they (a) accurately reflect the family's current circumstances and (b) were obtained within the last 120 days. Any new information may be verified by documents provided by the family and adjusted, if necessary, when third party verification is received.

Voucher Issuance

When a family moves into its jurisdiction under portability, the receiving PHA is required to issue the family a voucher [24 CFR 982.355(b)(6)]. The family must submit a request for tenancy approval to the receiving PHA during the term of the receiving PHA's voucher [24 CFR 982.355(c)(6)].

Timing of Voucher Issuance

HUD expects the receiving PHA to issue the voucher within two weeks after receiving the family's paperwork from the initial PHA if the information is in order, the family has contacted the receiving PHA, and the family complies with the receiving PHA's procedures [Notice PIH 2011-3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When a family ports into its jurisdiction, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will issue the family a voucher based on the paperwork provided by the initial PHA unless the family's paperwork from the initial PHA is incomplete, the family's voucher from the initial PHA has expired or the family does not comply with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** procedures. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will update the family's information when verification has been completed.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a criminal background check on all adult household members. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not delay issuing the family a voucher or otherwise delay approval of a unit until this process is completed. However, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may take subsequent action (e.g. terminating the family's participation in the program due to criminal background or failing to disclose necessary information) against the family based on the results.

Voucher Term

The term of the receiving PHA's voucher may not expire before the term of the initial PHA's voucher [24 CFR 982.355(c)(6)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S voucher will expire on the same date as the initial PHA's voucher.

Voucher Extensions [24 CFR 982.355(c)(6), *Notice* 2011-3]

The receiving PHA may provide additional search time to the family beyond the expiration date of the initial PHA's voucher; however, if it does so, it must inform the initial PHA of the extension. It must also bear in mind the billing deadline provided by the initial PHA. Unless willing and able to absorb the family, the receiving PHA should ensure that any voucher expiration date would leave sufficient time to process a request for tenancy approval, execute a HAP contract, and deliver the initial billing to the initial PHA.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM generally will not extend the term of the voucher that it issues to an incoming portable family unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** plans to absorb the family into its own program, in which case it will follow the policies on voucher extension set forth in section 5-II.E.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider an exception to this policy as a reasonable accommodation to a person with disabilities (see Chapter 2).

Notifying the Initial PHA

The receiving PHA must promptly notify the initial PHA if the family has leased an eligible unit under the program or if the family fails to submit a request for tenancy approval for an eligible unit within the term of the receiving PHA's voucher [24 CFR 982.355(c)(8)]. The receiving PHA is required to use Part II of form HUD-52665, Family Portability Information, for this purpose [24 CFR 982.355(e)(5), Notice PIH 2011-3]. (For more on this topic and the deadline for notification, see below under "Administering a Portable Family's Voucher.")

If an incoming portable family ultimately decides not to lease in the jurisdiction of the receiving PHA but instead wishes to return to the initial PHA's jurisdiction or to search in another jurisdiction, the receiving PHA must refer the family back to the initial PHA. In such a case the voucher of record for the family is once again the voucher originally issued by the initial PHA. Any extension of search time provided by the receiving PHA's voucher is only valid for the family's search in the receiving PHA's jurisdiction [Notice PIH 2011-3].

Administering a Portable Family's Voucher

Initial Billing Deadline

If a portable family's search for a unit is successful and the receiving PHA intends to administer the family's voucher, the receiving PHA must submit its initial billing notice (Part II of form HUD-52665) (a) no later than 10 business days following the date the receiving PHA **executes** a HAP contract on behalf of the family **and** (b) in time that the notice will be **received** no later than 60 days following the expiration date of the family's voucher issued by the initial PHA [Notice PIH 2011-3]. A copy of the family's form HUD-50058, Family Report, completed by the receiving PHA must be attached to the initial billing notice. The receiving PHA may send these documents by mail, fax, or e-mail.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will send its initial billing notice by fax or e-mail to meet the billing deadline. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will **only** send the notice by regular mail **upon request of the receiving PHA**.

If the receiving PHA fails to send the initial billing within 10 business days following the date the HAP contract is executed, it is required to absorb the family into its own program unless (a) the initial PHA is willing to accept the late submission or (b) HUD requires the initial PHA to honor the late submission (e.g., because the receiving PHA is overleased) [Notice PIH 2011-3].

Ongoing Notification Responsibilities [Notice PIH 2011-3, HUD-52665]

Annual Reexamination. The receiving PHA must send the initial PHA a copy of a portable family's updated form HUD-50058 after each annual reexamination for the duration of time the receiving PHA is billing the initial PHA on behalf of the family, regardless of whether there is a change in the billing amount.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will send a copy of the updated HUD-50058 by **e-mail or fax (receipt of updated HUD-50058 via regular mail is available upon request only)** at the same time **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and owner are notified of the reexamination results.

Change in Billing Amount. The receiving PHA is required to notify the initial PHA, using form HUD-52665, of any change in the billing amount for the family as a result of:

- A change in the HAP amount (because of a reexamination, a change in the applicable payment standard, a move to another unit, etc.)
- An abatement or subsequent resumption of the HAP payments
- Termination of the HAP contract
- Payment of a damage/vacancy loss claim for the family
- Termination of the family from the program

The timing of the notice of the change in the billing amount should correspond with the notification to the owner and the family in order to provide the initial PHA with advance notice of the change. Under no circumstances should the notification be later than 10 business days following the effective date of the change in the billing amount. If the receiving PHA fails to send Form HUD-52665 within 10 days of effective date of billing changes, the initial PHA is not responsible for any increase prior to notification.

Late Payments [Notice PIH 2011-3]

If the initial PHA fails to make a monthly payment for a portable family by the fifth business day of the month, the receiving PHA must promptly notify the initial PHA in writing of the deficiency. The notice must identify the family, the amount of the billing payment, the date the billing payment was due, and the date the billing payment was received (if it arrived late). The receiving PHA must send a copy of the notification to the Office of Public Housing (OPH) in the HUD area office with jurisdiction over the receiving PHA. If the initial PHA fails to correct the problem by the second month following the notification, the receiving PHA may request by memorandum to the director of the OPH with jurisdiction over the receiving PHA that HUD transfer the unit in question. A copy of the initial notification and any subsequent correspondence between the PHAs on the matter must be attached. The receiving PHA must send a copy of the initial PHA. If the OPH decides to grant the transfer, the

billing arrangement on behalf of the family ceases with the transfer, but the initial PHA is still responsible for any outstanding payments due to the receiving PHA.

Overpayments [Notice PIH 2011-3]

In all cases where the receiving PHA has received billing payments for billing arrangements no longer in effect, the receiving PHA is responsible for returning the full amount of the overpayment (including the portion provided for administrative fees) to the initial PHA.

In the event that HUD determines billing payments have continued for at least three months because the receiving PHA failed to notify the initial PHA that the billing arrangement was terminated, the receiving PHA must take the following steps:

- Return the full amount of the overpayment, including the portion provided for administrative fees, to the initial PHA.
- Once full payment has been returned, notify the Office of Public Housing in the HUD area office with jurisdiction over the receiving PHA of the date and the amount of reimbursement to the initial PHA.

At HUD's discretion, the receiving PHA will be subject to the sanctions spelled out in Notice PIH 2011-3.

Denial or Termination of Assistance

At any time, the receiving PHA may make a determination to deny or terminate assistance to a portable family for family action or inaction [24 CFR 982.355(c)(9), 24 CFR 982.355(c)(10)].

In the case of a termination, the PHA should provide adequate notice of the effective date to the initial PHA to avoid having to return a payment. In no event should the receiving PHA fail to notify the initial PHA later than 10 business days following the effective date of the termination of the billing arrangement [Notice PIH 2011-3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** elects to deny or terminate assistance for a portable family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the initial PHA within 10 business days after the informal review or hearing if the denial or termination is upheld. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will base its denial or termination decision on the policies set forth in Chapter 3 or Chapter 12, respectively. The informal review or hearing will be held in accordance with the policies in Chapter 16. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will furnish the initial PHA with a copy of the review or hearing decision.

Absorbing a Portable Family

The receiving PHA may absorb an incoming portable family into its own program when the PHA executes a HAP contract on behalf of the family or at any time thereafter providing that (a) the PHA has funding available under its annual contributions contract (ACC) and (b) absorbing the family will not result in overleasing [24 CFR 982.355(d)(1), Notice PIH 2011-3].

If the receiving PHA absorbs a family from the point of admission, the admission will be counted against the income targeting obligation of the receiving PHA [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(vii)].

If the receiving PHA absorbs a family after providing assistance for the family under a billing arrangement with the initial PHA, HUD encourages the receiving PHA to provide adequate advance notice to the initial PHA to avoid having to return an overpayment. The receiving PHA must specify the effective date of the absorption of the family [Notice PIH 2011-3].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** decides to absorb a portable family upon the execution of a HAP contract on behalf of the family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will notify the initial PHA by the initial billing deadline specified on form HUD-52665. The effective date of the HAP contract will be the effective date of the absorption.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** decides to absorb a family after that, it will provide the initial PHA with 30 days' advance notice.

Following the absorption of an incoming portable family, the family is assisted with funds available under the consolidated ACC for the receiving PHA's voucher program [24 CFR 982.355(d)], and the receiving PHA becomes the initial PHA in any subsequent moves by the family under portability.

Chapter 11

REEXAMINATIONS

INTRODUCTION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to reexamine each family's income and composition at least annually, and to adjust the family's level of assistance accordingly. Interim reexaminations are also needed in certain situations. This chapter discusses both annual and interim reexaminations, and the recalculation of family share and subsidy that occurs as a result. HUD regulations and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies concerning reexaminations are presented in three parts:

<u>Part I: Annual Reexaminations</u>. This part discusses the process for conducting annual reexaminations.

<u>Part II: Interim Reexaminations</u>. This part details the requirements for families to report changes in family income and composition between annual reexaminations.

<u>Part III: Recalculating Family Share and Subsidy Amount</u>. This part discusses the recalculation of family share and subsidy amounts based on the results of annual and interim reexaminations.

Policies governing reasonable accommodation, family privacy, required family cooperation, and program abuse, as described elsewhere in this plan, apply to both annual and interim reexaminations.

PART I: ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS [24 CFR 982.516]

11-I.A. OVERVIEW

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must conduct a reexamination of family income and composition at least annually. This includes gathering and verifying current information about family composition, income, and expenses. Based on this updated information, the family's income and rent must be recalculated. This part discusses the schedule for annual reexaminations, the information to be collected and verified, and annual reexamination effective dates.

11-I.B. SCHEDULING ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must establish a policy to ensure that the annual reexamination for each family is completed *within* a 12-month period, and may require reexaminations more frequently [HCV GB p. 12-1].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will begin the annual reexamination process 90 days in advance of its scheduled effective date. Generally, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will schedule annual reexamination effective dates to coincide with the family's anniversary date.

Anniversary date is defined as 12 months from the effective date of the family's last annual reexamination or, during a family's first year in the program, from the effective date of the family's initial examination (admission).

If the family moves to a new unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will perform a new annual reexamination.

Annually, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will perform a reexamination to be effective no later than twelve months from the anniversary date. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may schedule an annual reexamination for completion prior to the anniversary date for administrative purposes.

Notification of and Participation in the Annual Reexamination Process

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to obtain the information needed to conduct annual reexaminations. How that information will be collected is left to the discretion of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** should give tenants who were not provided the opportunity the option to complete Form HUD-92006 at this time [Notice PIH 2009-36].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families generally are required to participate in an annual reexamination interview, which must be attended by the head of household **and all members of the household who are 18 years of age or older or who are emancipated minors. This interview will be conducted during the annual housing quality standards inspection.** If participation in an in-person interview poses a hardship because of a family member's disability, the family should contact **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to request a reasonable accommodation (see Chapter 2).

Notification of annual reexamination interview/inspection will be sent by first-class mail and will contain the date **and** time **of the inspection**. In addition, it will inform the family of the information and documentation that must be **on hand at the time of the interview**.

If the family is unable to **keep the** scheduled interview, the family should contact **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in advance of the interview to schedule a new appointment. If a family does not attend the scheduled interview, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send a second notification with a new interview appointment time. If a family fails to attend two scheduled interviews without CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM approval, or if the notice is returned by the post office with no forwarding address, a notice of termination (see Chapter 12) will be sent to the family's address of record, and to any alternate address provided in the family's file.

An advocate, interpreter, or other assistant may assist the family in the interview process. The family and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must execute a certification attesting to the role and assistance of any such third party.

11-I.C. CONDUCTING ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS

As part of the annual reexamination process, families are required to provide updated information to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM regarding the family's income, expenses, and composition [24 CFR 982.551(b)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families will be asked to obtain and have at the interview/inspection all required information (as described in the reexamination notice). The required information will include a CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -designated reexamination form, an Authorization for the Release of Information/Privacy Act Notice, as well as supporting documentation related to the family's income, expenses, and family composition.

Any required documents or information that the family is unable to provide at the time of the interview must be provided within 10 business days of the interview. If the family is unable to obtain the information or materials within the required time frame, the family may request an extension.

If the family does not provide the required documents or information within the required time frame (plus any extensions), the family will be sent a notice of termination (See Chapter 12).

The information provided by the family generally must be verified in accordance with the policies in Chapter 7. Unless the family reports a change, or CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** has reason to believe a change has occurred in information previously reported by the family, certain types of information that are verified at admission typically do not need to be re-verified on an annual basis. These include:

- Legal identity
- Age
- Social security numbers
- A person's disability status •
- Citizenship or immigration status

If adding a new CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM approved family member to the unit causes overcrowding according to the Housing Quality Standards (HQS) (see Chapter 8), CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must issue the family a new voucher, and the family and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must try to find an acceptable unit as soon as possible. If an acceptable unit is available for rental by the family, CCA SECTION 8

HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate the HAP contract in accordance with its terms [24 CFR 982.403].

11-I.D. DETERMINING ONGOING ELIGIBILITY OF CERTAIN STUDENTS [24 CFR 982.552(b)(5)]

Section 327 of Public Law 109-115 established new restrictions on the ongoing eligibility of certain students (both part- and full-time) who are enrolled in institutions of higher education.

If a student enrolled in an institution of higher education is under the age of 24, is not a veteran, is not married, does not have a dependent child, and is not a person with disabilities receiving HCV assistance as of November 30, 2005, the student's eligibility must be reexamined along with the income eligibility of the student's parents on an annual basis. In these cases, both the student and the student's parents must be income eligible for the student to continue to receive HCV assistance. If, however, a student in these circumstances is determined independent from his or her parents in accordance with PHA policy, the income of the student's parents will not be considered in determining the student's ongoing eligibility.

Students who reside with parents in an HCV assisted unit are not subject to this provision. It is limited to students who are receiving assistance on their own, separately from their parents.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

During the annual reexamination process, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine the ongoing eligibility of each student who is subject to the eligibility restrictions in 24 CFR 5.612 by reviewing the student's individual income as well as the income of the student's parents. If the student has been determined "independent" from his/her parents based on the policies in Sections 3-II.E and 7-II.E, the parents' income will not be reviewed.

If the student is no longer income eligible based on his/her own income or the income of his/her parents, the student's assistance will be terminated in accordance with the policies in Section 12-I.D.

If the student continues to be income eligible based on his/her own income and the income of his/her parents (if applicable), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will process a reexamination in accordance with the policies in this chapter.

11-I.E. EFFECTIVE DATES

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must establish policies concerning the effective date of changes that result from an annual reexamination [24 CFR 982.516].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In general, an *increase* in the family share of the rent that results from an annual reexamination will take effect on the family's anniversary date, and the family will be notified at least 30 days in advance.

If less than 30 days remain before the scheduled effective date, the increase will take effect on the first of the month following the end of the 30-day notice period.

If a family moves to a new unit, the increase will take effect on the effective date of the new lease and HAP contract, and no 30-day notice is required.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** chooses to schedule an annual reexamination for completion prior to the family's anniversary date for administrative purposes, the effective date will be determined by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, but will always allow for the 30-day notice period.

If the family causes a delay in processing the annual reexamination, *increases* in the family share of the rent will be applied retroactively, to the scheduled effective date of the annual reexamination. The family will be responsible for any overpaid subsidy and may be offered a repayment agreement in accordance with the policies in Chapter 16.

In general, a *decrease* in the family share of the rent that results from an annual reexamination will take effect on the family's anniversary date.

If a family moves to a new unit, the decrease will take effect on the effective date of the new lease and HAP contract.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** chooses to schedule an annual reexamination for completion prior to the family's anniversary date for administrative purposes, the effective date will be determined by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

If the family causes a delay in processing the annual reexamination, d*ecreases* in the family share of the rent will be applied prospectively, from the first day of the month following completion of the reexamination processing.

Delays in reexamination processing are considered to be caused by the family if the family fails to provide information requested by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM by the date specified, and this delay prevents CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM from completing the reexamination as scheduled.

PART II: INTERIM REEXAMINATIONS [24 CFR 982.516]

11-II.A. OVERVIEW

Family circumstances may change throughout the period between annual reexaminations. HUD and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies dictate what kinds of information about changes in family circumstances must be reported, and under what circumstances **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must process interim reexaminations to reflect those changes. HUD regulations also permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to conduct interim reexaminations of income or family composition at any time. When an interim reexamination is conducted, only those factors that have changed are verified and adjusted [HCV GB, p. 12-10].

In addition to specifying what information the family must report, HUD regulations permit the family to request an interim determination if other aspects of the family's income or composition changes. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must complete the interim reexamination within a reasonable time after the family's request.

This part includes HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies describing what changes families are required to report, what changes families may choose to report, and how CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will process both CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM - and family-initiated interim reexaminations.

11-II.B. CHANGES IN FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must adopt policies prescribing when and under what conditions the family must report changes in family composition. However, due to family obligations under the program, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has limited discretion in this area.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA_SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct interim reexaminations to account for any changes in household composition that occur between annual reexaminations.

New Family Members Not Requiring Approval

The addition of a family member as a result of birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody does not require **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval. However, the family is required to promptly notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of the addition [24 CFR 982.551(h)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must inform **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of the birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody of a child within 10 business days. **Upon CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S receipt of the required documentation,** children who join the family as a result of birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody will be added to the family. New Family and Household Members Requiring Approval With the exception of children who join the family as a result of birth, adoption, or courtawarded custody, a family must request **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval to add a new family member [24 CFR 982.551(h)(2)] or other household member (live-in aide or foster child) [24 CFR 982.551(h)(4)].

When any new family member is added, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must conduct a reexamination to determine any new income or deductions associated with the additional family member and to make appropriate adjustments in the family share of the rent and the HAP payment [24 CFR 982.516(e)].

If a change in family size causes a violation of Housing Quality Standards (HQS) space standards (see Chapter 8), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must issue the family a new voucher, and the family and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must try to find an acceptable unit as soon as possible. If an acceptable unit is available for rental by the family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must terminate the family's HAP contract in accordance with its terms [24 CFR 982.403].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families must request **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval to add a new family member, live-in aide, foster child, or foster adult. This includes any person not on the lease who is expected to stay in the unit for more than 14 consecutive days or 45 cumulative days within a 12-month period and therefore no longer qualifies as a "guest." Requests must be made in writing and approved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** prior to the individual moving into the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not approve the addition of a new family or household member unless the individual meets **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** eligibility criteria (see Chapter 3) and documentation requirements (see Chapter 7, Part II). Additions to the family or household are at SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's discretion and will not be unreasonably denied.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not approve the addition of a foster child or foster adult if it will cause a violation of HQS space standards.

If, as set forth in Part VIII of Chapter 16, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that it lacks adequate funds to continue subsidizing all current participants, in accordance with HUD requirements, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not approve the addition of a new family member if it will cause a violation of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy standards.

When CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S approval of a new family or household member does not cause a violation of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S subsidy standards, and the family intends to remain in place, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the landlord's written approval of the added family or household member within 10 business days of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S approval of addition of new member. If the landlord fails to provide that written approval, the family will be issued a new voucher and required to move before adding the family or household member. When CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S approval of a new family or household member will cause overcrowding according to SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy standards, the family will be issued a new voucher with an additional bedroom and will be required to move.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that an individual does not meet CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S eligibility criteria or documentation requirements, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the family in writing of its decision to deny approval of the new family or household member and the reasons for the denial.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make its determination within 10 business days of receiving all information required to verify the individual's eligibility.

Departure of a Family or Household Member

Families must promptly notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** if any family member no longer lives in the unit

[24 CFR 982.551(h)(3)]. Because household members are considered when determining the family unit (voucher) size [24 CFR 982.402], **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** also needs to know when any live-in aide, foster child, or foster adult ceases to reside in the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a household member ceases to reside in the unit, the family must inform **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** within 10 business days. This requirement also applies to a family member who has been considered temporarily absent at the point that the family concludes the individual is permanently absent.

If a live-in aide, foster child, or foster adult ceases to reside in the unit, the family must inform **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** within 10 business days.

11-II.C. CHANGES AFFECTING INCOME OR EXPENSES

Interim reexaminations can be scheduled either because **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has reason to believe that changes in income or expenses may have occurred, or because the family reports a change. When a family reports a change, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may take different actions depending on whether the family reported the change voluntarily, or because it was required to do so.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -Initiated Interim Reexaminations

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -initiated interim reexaminations are those that are scheduled based on circumstances or criteria defined by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. They are not scheduled because of changes reported by the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA_SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct interim reexaminations in each of the following instances:

For families receiving the Earned Income Disallowance (EID), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will conduct an interim reexamination at the start and conclusion of the second 12 month exclusion period (50 percent phase-in period).

If the family has reported zero income, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will conduct an interim reexamination every 3 months as long as the family continues to report that they have no income.

If at the time of the annual reexamination, it is not feasible to anticipate a level of income for the next 12 months (e.g. seasonal or cyclic income), **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will schedule an interim reexamination to coincide with the end of the period for which it is feasible to project income.

If at the time of the annual reexamination, tenant-provided documents were used on a provisional basis due to the lack of third-party verification, and third-party verification becomes available, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will conduct an interim reexamination.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may conduct an interim reexamination at any time in order to correct an error in a previous reexamination, or to investigate a tenant fraud complaint.

Family-Initiated Interim Reexaminations

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must adopt policies prescribing when and under what conditions the family must report changes in family income or expenses [24 CFR 982.516(c)]. In addition, HUD regulations require that the family be permitted to obtain an interim reexamination any time the family has experienced a change in circumstances since the last determination [24 CFR 982.516(b)(2)].

Required Reporting

HUD regulations give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** the freedom to determine the circumstances under which families will be required to report changes affecting income.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families are required to report all increases in earned income, including new employment, within 10 business days of the date the change takes effect.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct interim reexaminations for families that qualify for the earned income disallowance (EID), and only when the EID family's share of rent will change as a result of the increase. In all other cases, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will note the information in the tenant file, but will not conduct an interim reexamination.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct an interim reexamination when the family's income has increased or decreased due to a change of income caused by but not limited to:

- Receipt of Social Security
- Receipt of SSI or other disability payments
- Receipt of Child Support
- Employment including self-employment
- Alimony
- Worker's Compensation
- Unemployment Benefits

Optional Reporting

The family may request an interim reexamination any time the family has experienced a change in circumstances since the last determination [24 CFR 982.516(b)(2)]. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must process the request if the family reports a change that will result in a reduced family income [HCV GB, p. 12-9].

If a family reports a decrease in income from the loss of welfare benefits due to fraud or noncompliance with a welfare agency requirement to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program, the family's share of the rent will not be reduced [24 CFR 5.615]. For more information regarding the requirement to impute welfare income see Chapter 6.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a family reports a change that it was not required to report and that would result in an increase in the family share of the rent, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will note the information in the tenant file, but will not conduct an interim reexamination.

If a family reports a change that it was not required to report and that would result in a decrease in the family share of rent, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will conduct an interim reexamination. See Section 11-II.D. for effective dates.

Families may report changes in income or expenses at any time.

11-II.D. PROCESSING THE INTERIM REEXAMINATION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family may notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM of changes in** writing except as a reasonable accommodation for person with disabilities.

Generally, the family will not be required to attend an interview for an interim reexamination. However, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that an interview is warranted, the family may be required to attend.

Based on the type of change reported, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine the documentation the family will be required to submit. The family must submit any required information or documents within 10 business days of receiving a request from **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. This time frame may be extended for good cause with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** approval. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will accept required documentation by mail, by email, by fax, or in person.

Effective Dates

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must establish the time frames in which any changes that result from an interim reexamination will take effect [24 CFR 982.516(d)]. The changes may be applied either retroactively or prospectively, depending on whether there is to be an increase or a decrease in the family share of the rent, and whether the family reported any required information within the required time frames [HCV GB, p. 12-10].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the family share of the rent is to *increase*:

The increase generally will be effective on the first of the month following 30 days' notice to the family.

If a family fails to report a change within the required time frames, or fails to provide all required information within the required time frames, the increase will be applied retroactively, to the date it would have been effective had the information been provided on a timely basis. The family will be responsible for any overpaid subsidy and may be offered a repayment agreement in accordance with the policies in Chapter 16. The family will be liable for any overpaid housing assistance an must enter into a repayment agreement with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in which the overpayment of assistance is at or above \$100.

If the family share of the rent is to *decrease*:

The decrease will be effective on the first day of the month following the month in which the change was reported and all required documentation was submitted. In cases where the change cannot be verified until after the date the change would have become effective, the change will be made retroactively.

PART III: RECALCULATING FAMILY SHARE AND SUBSIDY AMOUNT

11-III.A. OVERVIEW

After gathering and verifying required information for an annual or interim reexamination, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must recalculate the family share of the rent and the subsidy amount, and notify the family and owner of the changes [24 CFR 982.516(d)(2), HCV 12-6 and 12-10]. While the basic policies that govern these calculations are provided in Chapter 6, this part lays out policies that affect these calculations during a reexamination.

11-III.B. CHANGES IN PAYMENT STANDARDS AND UTILITY ALLOWANCES

In order to calculate the family share of the rent and HAP amount correctly, changes in payment standards, subsidy standards, or utility allowances may need to be updated and included in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** calculations.

Specific policies governing how subsidy standards, payment standards, and utility allowances are applied are discussed below.

Payment Standards [24 CFR 982.505]

The family share of the rent and HAP calculations must use the correct payment standard for the family, taking into consideration the family unit size, the size of unit, and the area in which the unit is located [HCV GB, p. 12-5]. See Chapter 6 for information on how to select the appropriate payment standard.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** changes its payment standards or the family's situation changes, new payment standards are applied at the following times:

- If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S payment standard amount changes during the term of the HAP contract, the date on which the new standard is applied depends on whether the standard has increased or decreased:
 - If the payment standard amount has *increased*, the increased payment standard will be applied at the *first annual* reexamination following the effective date of the increase in the payment standard.
 - If the payment standard amount has *decreased*, the decreased payment standard will be applied at the *second annual* reexamination following the effective date of the decrease in the payment standard.
- If the family moves to a new unit, or a new HAP contract is executed due to changes in the lease (even if the family remains in place) the current payment standard applicable to the family will be used when the new HAP contract is processed.

Subsidy Standards [24 CFR 982.505(c)(4)]

If there is a change in the family unit size that would apply to a family during the HAP contract term, either due to a change in family composition, or a change in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** subsidy standards (see Chapter 5), the new family unit size must be used to determine the payment standard amount for the family at the family's *first annual* reexamination following the change in family unit size.

Utility Allowances [24 CFR 982.517(d)]

The family share of the rent and HAP calculations must reflect any changes in the family's utility arrangement with the owner, or in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** utility

allowance schedule [HCV GB, p. 12-5]. Chapter 16 discusses how utility allowance schedules are established.

When there are changes in the utility arrangement with the owner, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must use the utility allowances in effect at the time the new lease and HAP contract are executed.

At reexamination, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must use **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** current utility allowance schedule [24 CFR 982.517(d)(2)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Revised utility allowances will be applied to a family's rent and subsidy calculations at the first annual reexamination after the allowance is adopted.

11-III.C. NOTIFICATION OF NEW FAMILY SHARE AND HAP AMOUNT

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must notify the owner and family of any changes in the amount of the HAP payment [HUD-52641, HAP Contract]. The notice must include the following information [HCV GB, p. 12-6]:

- The amount and effective date of the new HAP payment
- The amount and effective date of the new family share of the rent
- The amount and effective date of the new tenant rent to owner

The family must be given an opportunity for an informal hearing regarding **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** determination of their annual or adjusted income, and the use of such income to compute the housing assistance payment [24 CFR 982.555(a)(1)(i)] (see Chapter 16).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The notice to the family will include the annual and adjusted income amounts that were used to calculate the family share of the rent and the housing assistance payment. The notice also will state the procedures for requesting an informal hearing.

11-III.D. DISCREPANCIES

During an annual or interim reexamination, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may discover that information previously reported by the family was in error, or that the family intentionally misrepresented information. In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may discover errors made by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. When errors resulting in the overpayment or underpayment of subsidy are discovered, corrections will be made in accordance with the policies in Chapter 13.

Chapter 12

TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE AND TENANCY

HUD regulations specify the reasons for which **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** can terminate a family's assistance, and the ways in which such terminations must take place. They also dictate the circumstances under which an owner may terminate the tenancy of an assisted family. This chapter presents the policies that govern voluntary and involuntary terminations of assistance, and termination of tenancy by the owner. It is presented in three parts:

<u>Part I: Grounds for Termination of Assistance</u>. This part discusses various reasons that a family's assistance may be terminated, including voluntary termination by the family, termination because the family no longer qualifies to receive subsidy, and termination by the PHA based on the family's behavior.

<u>Part II: Approach to Termination of Assistance</u>. This part describes the policies that govern how an involuntary termination takes place. It specifies the alternatives that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may consider in lieu of termination, the criteria **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must use when deciding what action to take, and the steps the PHA must take when terminating a family's assistance.

<u>Part III: Termination of Tenancy by the Owner.</u> This part presents the policies that govern the owner's right to terminate an assisted tenancy.

PART I: GROUNDS FOR TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

12-I.A. OVERVIEW

HUD <u>requires</u> **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to terminate assistance for certain offenses and when the family no longer requires assistance. HUD <u>permits</u> **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to terminate assistance for certain other actions family members take or fail to take. In addition, a family may decide to stop receiving HCV assistance at any time by notifying **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

12-I.B. FAMILY NO LONGER REQUIRES ASSISTANCE [24 CFR 982.455]

As a family's income increases, the amount of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** subsidy goes down. If the amount of HCV assistance provided by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** drops to zero and remains at zero for 180 consecutive calendar days the family's assistance terminates automatically.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a participating family receiving zero assistance experiences a change in circumstances that would cause the HAP payment to rise above zero, the family must notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of the changed circumstances and request an interim reexamination before the expiration of the 180-day period.

The family is still required to follow all regulations of the program until the expiration of the 180-day period or they choose to terminate assistance, whichever comes first.

12-I.C. FAMILY CHOOSES TO TERMINATE ASSISTANCE

The family may request that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** terminate the family's assistance at any time.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The request to terminate assistance should be made in writing and signed by the head of household, spouse, or cohead. Before terminating the family's assistance, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will follow the notice requirements in Section 12-II.F.

12-I.D. MANDATORY TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to terminate assistance in the following circumstances.

Eviction [24 CFR 982.552(b)(2), 24 CFR 5.2005(c)(1)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate assistance whenever a family is evicted from a unit assisted under the HCV program for a serious or repeated violation of the lease. As discussed further in section 12-II.E, incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease by the victim or threatened victim of such violence or stalking.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A family will be considered *evicted* if the family moves after a legal eviction order has been issued, whether or not physical enforcement of the order was necessary.

If a family moves after the owner has given the family an eviction notice for serious or repeated lease violations but before a legal eviction order has been issued, termination of assistance is not mandatory. In such cases **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether the family has committed serious or repeated violations of the lease based on available evidence and may terminate assistance or take any of the alternative measures described in section 12-II.C. In making its decision, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the factors described in sections 12-II.D and 12-II.E. Upon consideration of such factors, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, on a case-by-case basis, choose not to terminate assistance.

Serious and repeated lease violations will include, but not be limited to, nonpayment of rent, disturbance of neighbors, destruction of property, or living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises and criminal activity. Generally, the criterion to be used will be whether or not the reason for the eviction was the fault of the tenant or guests.

Failure to Provide Consent [24 CFR 982.552(b)(3)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate assistance if any family member fails to sign and submit any consent form they are required to sign for a reexamination. See Chapter 7 for a complete discussion of consent requirements.

Failure to Document Citizenship [24 CFR 982.552(b)(4) and [24 CFR 5.514(c)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate assistance if (1) a family fails to submit required documentation within the required timeframe concerning any family member's citizenship or immigration status; (2) a family submits evidence of citizenship and eligible immigration status in a timely manner, but United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) primary and secondary verification does not verify eligible immigration status of the family; or (3) a family member, as determined by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, has knowingly permitted another individual who is not eligible for assistance to reside (on a permanent basis) in the unit.

For (3) above, such termination must be for a period of at least 24 months. This does not apply to ineligible noncitizens already in the household where the family's assistance has been prorated. See Chapter 7 for a complete discussion of documentation requirements.

Failure to Disclose and Document Social Security Numbers [24 CFR 5.218(c), Notice PIH 2012-10]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate assistance if a participant family fails to disclose the complete and accurate social security numbers of each household member and the documentation necessary to verify each social security number.

However, if the family is otherwise eligible for continued program assistance, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the family's failure to meet the SSN disclosure and documentation requirements was due to circumstances that could not have been foreseen and were outside of the family's control, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may defer the family's termination and provide the opportunity to comply with the requirement within a period not to exceed 90 calendar days from the date **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determined the family to be noncompliant.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will defer the family's termination and provide the family with the opportunity to comply with the requirement for a period of 90 calendar days for circumstances beyond the participant's control such as delayed processing of the SSN application by the SSA, natural disaster, fire, death in the family, or other emergency, if there is a reasonable likelihood that the participant will be able to disclose an SSN by the deadline.

Methamphetamine Manufacture or Production [24 CFR 982.553(b)(1)(ii)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate assistance if any household member has ever been convicted of the manufacture or production of methamphetamine on the premises of federally-assisted housing.

Failure of Students to Meet Ongoing Eligibility Requirements [24 CFR 982.552(b)(5) and FR 4/10/06]

If a student enrolled at an institution of higher education is under the age of 24, is not a veteran, is not married, does not have dependent children, is not residing with his/her parents in an HCV assisted household, and is not a person with disabilities receiving HCV assistance as of

November 30, 2005, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must the terminate the student's assistance if, at the time of reexamination, either the student's income or the income of the student's parents (if applicable) exceeds the applicable income limit.

If a participant household consists of both eligible and ineligible students, the eligible students shall not be terminated, but must be issued a voucher to move with continued assistance in accordance with program regulations and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies, or must be given the opportunity to lease in place if the terminated ineligible student members elect to move out of the assisted unit.

Death of the Sole Family Member [24 CFR 982.311(d) and Notice PIH 2010-9]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must immediately terminate program assistance for deceased single member households.

12-I.E. MANDATORY POLICIES AND OTHER AUTHORIZED TERMINATIONS

Mandatory Policies [24 CFR 982.553(b) and 982.551(l)]

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to establish policies that permit **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to terminate assistance if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that:

- Any household member is currently engaged in any illegal use of a drug, or has a pattern of illegal drug use that interferes with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents
- Any household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol may threaten the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents
- Any household member has violated the family's obligation not to engage in any drugrelated criminal activity
- Any household member has violated the family's obligation not to engage in violent criminal activity

Use of Illegal Drugs and Alcohol Abuse

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate a family's assistance if any household member is currently engaged in any illegal use of a drug, or has a pattern of illegal drug use that interferes with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate assistance if any household member's abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol threatens the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

Currently engaged in is defined as any use of illegal drugs during the previous six months.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider all credible evidence, including but not limited to, any record of arrests, convictions, or eviction of household members related to the use of illegal drugs or abuse of alcohol.

In making its decision to terminate assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider alternatives as described in Section 12-II.C and other factors described in Sections 12-II.D and 12-II.E. Upon consideration of such alternatives and factors, the PHA may, on a case-by-case basis, choose not to terminate assistance.

Upon consideration of such alternatives and factors, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may, on a case-by-case basis, choose not to terminate assistance.

Drug-Related and Violent Criminal Activity [24 CFR 5.100]

Drug means a controlled substance as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).

Drug-related criminal activity is defined by HUD as the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, or use of a drug, or the possession of a drug with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute or use the drug.

Violent criminal activity means any criminal activity that has as one of its elements the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force substantial enough to cause, or be reasonably likely to cause, serious bodily injury or property damage.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate a family's assistance if any household member has violated the family's obligation not to engage in any drug-related or violent criminal activity during participation in the HCV program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider all credible evidence, including but not limited to, any record of arrests and/or convictions of household members related to drug-related or violent criminal activity, and any eviction or notice to evict based on drug-related or violent criminal activity.

In making its decision to terminate assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider alternatives as described in Section 12-II.C and other factors described in Sections 12-II.D and 12-II.E. Upon consideration of such alternatives and factors, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, on a case-by-case basis, choose not to terminate assistance.

If at any time prior to the issuance of the Voucher or during the term of the Voucher, the head of household, co-head, spouse and/or other household members have pending criminal court cases or charges which could result in a conviction that violates program policy tenancy will be terminated.

If the head of household, co-head, spouse and/or other household members are incarcerated (including a stay in a County jail) for criminal activity during tenancy, the tenancy will be terminated.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may waive the requirement regarding drugrelated criminal activity if:

The person demonstrates successful completion of a credible rehabilitation program approved by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, or

The circumstances leading to the violation no longer exist because the person who engaged in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity is no longer in the household due to death or incarceration.

Other Authorized Reasons for Termination of Assistance [24 CFR 982.552(c), 24 CFR 5.2005(c)]

HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to terminate assistance under a number of other circumstances. It is left to the discretion of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** whether such circumstances in general warrant consideration for the termination of assistance. As discussed further in section 12-II.E, the Violence against Women Act of 2005 explicitly prohibits PHAs from considering incidents of, or criminal activity directly related to, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking as reasons for terminating the assistance of a victim of such abuse.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not terminate a family's assistance because of the family's failure to meet its obligations under the Family Self-Sufficiency program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate a family's assistance if:

The family has failed to comply with any family obligations under the program. See Exhibit 12-1 for a listing of family obligations and related PHA policies.

Any family member has been evicted from federally-assisted housing in the last five years.

Any PHA has ever terminated assistance under the program for any member of the family.

Any family member has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program.

The family currently owes rent or other amounts to any PHA in connection with the HCV, Certificate, Moderate Rehabilitation or public housing programs.

The family has not reimbursed any PHA for amounts the PHA paid to an owner under a HAP contract for rent, damages to the unit, or other amounts owed by the family under the lease.

The family has breached the terms of a repayment agreement entered into with the PHA.

A family member has engaged in or threatened violent or abusive behavior toward **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** personnel.

Abusive or violent behavior towards CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM *personnel* includes verbal as well as physical abuse or violence. Use of racial epithets, or other language, written or oral, that is customarily used to intimidate may be considered abusive or violent behavior. *Threatening* refers to oral or written threats or physical gestures that communicate intent to abuse or commit violence.

In making its decision to terminate assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider alternatives as described in Section 12-II.C and other factors described in Sections 12-II.D and 12-II.E. Upon consideration of such alternatives and factors, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, on a case-by-case basis, choose not to terminate assistance.

Family Absence from the Unit [24 CFR 982.312]

The family may be absent from the unit for brief periods. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must establish a policy on how long the family may be absent from the assisted unit. However, the family may not be absent from the unit for a period of more than 180 consecutive calendar days for any reason. Absence in this context means that no member of the family is residing in the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A family is considered absent when no member of the family is residing in its unit. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may use utility bills, statements from neighbors and landlords, scheduled visits (through landlord) to the unit, postal records, letters and any other appropriate methods to determine whether the family or one or more family members is absent.

A family member absent from the assisted unit as a result of being enrolled as a student at an institution of higher education, as defined under Section 201 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002), continues to be a family member unless and until the student establishes a separate household (living in a dorm).

A family must notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in writing, as soon as is reasonable practical, of the absence from the unit (for example, because of travel, hospitalization, imprisonment, etc.) of the entire family, or one or more family members, including a child or children placed in a foster home or otherwise removed from the home by governmental action as follows:

- Before the absence begins if a family knows or believes that the absence will be for more than a total of 30 days (irrespective of whether the days are consecutive or not) per consecutive 12 month period; or
- Upon the occurrence if, as a result of a change in circumstances, an anticipated absence from the unit of a total of 30 or fewer days per consecutive 12 month period becomes an absence of more than 30 days.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine, on a case by case basis, whether adequate notice was given.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate the housing assistance of a family that, or family member who, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, in its sole discretion, determines is absent from the assisted unit for 30 or more days per 12 month period without verifiable good cause (for example, long-term hospitalization).

When CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM terminates the housing assistance of a family or family member for absence from the unit, the family or family member will ordinarily be terminated from the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program.

When CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM terminates the housing assistance of a family for absence from the unit, and the family can provide a reasonable target date for its return, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, at its sole discretion, may allow the family to remain in the program even if its housing assistance payment has ceased. The family will be issued a new voucher, which will then be suspended for the appropriate period of time.

In cases where some members of the family will be absent for more than 30 days per year while others remain in the unit, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may, at its sole discretion, recertify the remaining members. This may result in a smaller unit bedroom count size for the remaining members.

In cases where the adult member(s) of a household are absent, while minors remain in the unit, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will follow the dictates of State and local law and the following policy.

If the only remaining member(s) of an assisted family is/are (a) minor(s) (due, for example, to a custodial parent's death or absence from the unit as defined above, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may, at its sole discretion, allocate the former voucher holder's Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher assistance to a person who was not previously part of the assisted family but who has gained legal custody of the minor(s) (such as a formerly non-custodial parent or grandparent).

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM does not so allocate the former voucher holder's assistance, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the minor(s) residing in the unit that the HAP contract has automatically terminated upon the death, or absence of the sole assisted family member of majority age, and the HAP payment are being terminated.

Whenever a family member is activated by the Federal Government's activation of Reserve or National Guard personnel; and, as a result:

- The family finds it necessary for another adult to temporarily move into a unit solely to serve as a temporary guardian for children residing in the unit the presence of the temporary guardian must be approved by the landlord an the income received by the temporary guardian will not be counted in determining family income. If the temporary guardian is determined to be ineligible for the program due to criminal background, the family will be given a reasonable time, generally 30 days, to find a replacement temporary guardian.
- If all members of the family are temporarily absent from the unit provided the family can return to the unit within 30 days of the conclusion of the active duty service; and the family is not absent from the unit for more than 180 days, the family can retain control of the unit by paying the required rent. If

the length of service extends beyond 180 days, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will seek a waiver of the 180 day limit from HUD.

If the family is absent from the unit for more than 180 consecutive calendar days, the family's assistance will be terminated. Notice of termination will be sent in accordance with Section 12-II.F.

Insufficient Funding [24 CFR 982.454]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may terminate HAP contracts if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines, in accordance with HUD requirements, that funding under the consolidated ACC is insufficient to support continued assistance for families in the program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine whether there is sufficient funding to pay for currently assisted families according to the policies in Part VIII of Chapter 16. If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines there is a shortage of funding, prior to terminating any HAP contracts, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine if any other actions can be taken to reduce program costs.

In the event that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** decides to stop issuing vouchers as a result of a funding shortfall, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not assisting the required number of special purpose vouchers (NED families, HUD-Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (VASH) families, and family unification program (FUP) families), when **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** resumes issuing vouchers, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will issue vouchers first to the special purpose voucher families on its waiting list until it has reached the required number of special purpose vouchers, when applicable.

If after implementing all reasonable cost cutting measures there is not enough funding available to provide continued assistance for current participants, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will terminate HAP contracts as a last resort.

Prior to terminating any HAP contracts, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will inform the local HUD field office. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate the minimum number needed in order to reduce HAP costs to a level within CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'Sannual budget authority.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate HAP contracts due to insufficient funding, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will do so in accordance with the following criteria and instructions:

Families comprising the required number of special purpose vouchers, including nonelderly disabled (NED), HUD-Veteran's Affairs Supportive Housing (HUD-VASH), and family unification program (FUP) will be the last to be terminated.

1. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will recall those vouchers issued to applicants from the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher waiting list who received a voucher but have not yet utilized it, provided that:

- a. The applicant is not a NED family
- 2. In the event that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that funding remains insufficient after CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has recalled the vouchers described immediately above, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a lottery to terminate the assistance of non-elderly, non-disabled single member families provided that:
 - a. The family is not a NED family
- 3. In the event that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that funding remains insufficient after CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has terminated the vouchers described immediately above, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a lottery to terminate the assistance of non-elderly, non-disabled families with no children under the age of 18 provided that:
 - a. The family is not a NED family
- 4. In the event that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that funding remains insufficient after CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has terminated the vouchers described immediately above, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a lottery to terminate the assistance of non-elderly, non-disabled families with children under the age of 18 provided that:
 - a. The family is not a NED family.
- 5. In the event that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that funding remains insufficient after CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has terminated the vouchers described immediately above, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a lottery to terminate the assistance of elderly and disabled families provided that:
 - a. The family is not a NED family.
- 6. In the event that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that funding remains insufficient after CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has terminated the vouchers described immediately above, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a lottery to terminate the assistance of NED families.

Families who have had their HAP contract terminated, or voucher recalled, will be placed at the top of the waiting list to await the next available voucher, in the reverse order that their voucher has been recalled or terminated.

PART II: APPROACH TO TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

12-II.A. OVERVIEW

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required by regulation to terminate a family's assistance if certain program rules are violated. For other types of offenses, the regulations give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** the discretion to either terminate the family's

assistance or to take another action. This part discusses the various actions **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may choose to take when it has discretion, and outlines the criteria **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use to make its decision about whether or not to terminate assistance. It also specifies the requirements for the notice that must be provided before terminating assistance.

12-II.B. METHOD OF TERMINATION [24 CFR 982.552(a)(3)]

The way in which **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** terminates assistance depends upon individual circumstances. HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to terminate assistance by:

- Terminating housing assistance payments under a current HAP contract,
- Refusing to approve a request for tenancy or to enter into a new HAP contract, or
- Refusing to process a request for or to provide assistance under portability procedures.

12-II.C. ALTERNATIVES TO TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE

Change in Household Composition

As a condition of continued assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may require that any household member who participated in or was responsible for an offense no longer resides in the unit [24 CFR 982.552(c)(2)(ii)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

As a condition of continued assistance, the head of household must certify that the culpable family member has vacated the unit and will not be permitted to visit or to stay as a guest in the assisted unit. The family must present evidence of the former family member's current address upon **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** request.

Repayment of Family Debts

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a family owes amounts to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM of \$100 or more, as a condition of continued assistance, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the family to repay the full amount or to enter into a repayment agreement in compliance with the policies as outlined in Chapter 16 for policies on repayment agreements.

12-II.D. CRITERIA FOR DECIDING TO TERMINATE ASSISTANCE

Evidence

For criminal activity, HUD permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to terminate assistance if a *preponderance of the evidence* indicates that a household member has engaged in the activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted [24 CFR 982.553(c)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use the concept of the preponderance of the evidence as the standard for making all termination decisions.

Preponderance of the evidence is defined as evidence which is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it; that is, evidence which as a whole shows that the fact sought to be proved is more probable than not. Preponderance of the evidence may not be determined by the number of witnesses, but by the greater weight of all evidence

Consideration of Circumstances [24 CFR 982.552(c)(2)(i)]

<u>CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM</u> is permitted, but not required, to consider all relevant circumstances when determining whether a family's assistance should be terminated.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider the following factors when making its decision to terminate assistance:

The seriousness of the case, especially with respect to how it would affect other residents

The effects that termination of assistance may have on other members of the family who were not involved in the action or failure

The extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, including whether the culpable family member is a minor or a person with disabilities or (as discussed further in section 12-II.E) a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking

The length of time since the violation occurred, the family's recent history and the likelihood of favorable conduct in the future

In the case of drug or alcohol abuse, whether the culpable household member is participating in or has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program or has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will require the participant to submit evidence of the household member's current participation in or successful completion of a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program, or evidence of otherwise having been rehabilitated successfully.

In the case of program abuse, the dollar amount of the overpaid assistance and whether or not a false certification was signed by the family

Reasonable Accommodation [24 CFR 982.552(c)(2)(iv)]

If the family includes a person with disabilities, the PHA's decision to terminate the family's assistance is subject to consideration of reasonable accommodation in accordance with 24 CFR Part 8.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a family indicates that the behavior of a family member with a disability is the reason for a proposed termination of assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether the behavior is related to the disability. If so, upon the family's request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether alternative measures are appropriate as a reasonable accommodation. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will only consider accommodations that can reasonably be expected to address the behavior that is the basis of the proposed termination of assistance. See Chapter 2 for a discussion of reasonable accommodation.

12-II.E. TERMINATIONS RELATED TO DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, OR STALKING

This section addresses the protections against termination of assistance that the Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) provides for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. For general VAWA requirements and PHA policies pertaining to notification, documentation, and confidentiality, see section 16-IX of this plan, where definitions of key VAWA terms are also located.

VAWA Protections against Termination

VAWA provides four specific protections against termination of HCV assistance for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. (*Note:* The second, third, and fourth protections also apply to terminations of tenancy or occupancy by owners participating in the HCV program. So do the limitations discussed under the next heading.)

First, VAWA provides that a PHA may not terminate assistance to a family that moves out of an assisted unit in violation of the lease, with or without prior notification to the PHA, if the move occurred to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and who reasonably believed he or she was imminently threatened by harm from further violence if he or she remained in the unit [24 CFR 982.314(b)(4)].

Second, it provides that an incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may not be construed either as a serious or repeated lease violation by the victim or as good cause to terminate the assistance of the victim [24 CFR 5.2005(c)(1)].

Third, it provides that criminal activity directly related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may not be construed as cause for terminating the assistance of a tenant if a member of the tenant's household, a guest, or another person under the tenant's control is the one engaging in the criminal activity and the tenant or an immediate family member of the tenant is the actual or threatened victim of the domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking [24 CFR 5.2005(c)(2)].

Fourth, it gives PHAs the authority to terminate assistance to any tenant or lawful occupant who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others without terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing, the victim of the violence [24 CFR 5.2009(a)].

Limitations on VAWA Protections [24 CFR 5.2005(d) and (e)]

VAWA does not limit the authority of a PHA to terminate the assistance of a victim of abuse for reasons unrelated to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking so long as the PHA does not subject the victim to a more demanding standard than it applies to other program participants [24 CFR 5.2005(d)(1)].

Likewise, VAWA does not limit the authority of a PHA to terminate the assistance of a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking if the PHA can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the assisted property if the victim is not terminated from assistance [24 CFR 5.2005(d)(2)].

HUD regulations define *actual and imminent threat* to mean words, gestures, actions, or other indicators of a physical threat that (a) is real, (b) would occur within an immediate time frame, and (c) could result in death or serious bodily harm [24 CFR 5.2005(d)(2) and (e)]. In determining whether an individual would pose an actual and imminent threat, the factors to be considered include:

- The duration of the risk
- The nature and severity of the potential harm
- The likelihood that the potential harm will occur
- The length of time before the potential harm would occur [24 CFR 5.2005(e)]

Even when a victim poses an actual and imminent threat, however, HUD regulations authorize a PHA to terminate the victim's assistance "only when there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat" [24 CFR 5.2005(d)(3)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In determining whether a program participant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking is an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to a property, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the following, and any other relevant, factors:

Whether the threat is toward an employee or tenant other than the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking

Whether the threat is a physical danger beyond a speculative threat

Whether the threat is likely to happen within a short period of time

Whether the threat to other tenants or employees can be eliminated in some other way, such as by helping the victim relocate to a confidential location or seeking a legal remedy to prevent the perpetrator from acting on the threat

If the participant wishes to contest **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** determination that he or she is an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or employees, the participant may do so as part of the informal hearing.

Documentation of Abuse [24 CFR 5.2007]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When an individual facing termination of assistance for reasons related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking claims protection under VAWA, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will request that the individual provide documentation supporting the claim in accordance with the policies in section 16-IX.D of this plan.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM reserves the right to waive the documentation requirement if it determines that a statement or other corroborating

evidence from the individual will suffice. In such cases **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will document the waiver in the individual's file.

Terminating the Assistance of a Domestic Violence Perpetrator

Although VAWA provides protection against termination of assistance for victims of domestic violence, it does not provide such protection for perpetrators. VAWA gives **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** the explicit authority to "terminate assistance to any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others" without terminating assistance to "or otherwise penalizing the victim of such violence who is also a tenant or lawful occupant" [24 CFR 5.2009(a)]. This authority is not dependent on a bifurcated lease or other eviction action by an owner against an individual family member. Further, this authority supersedes any local, state, or other federal law to the contrary. However, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** chooses to exercise this authority, it must follow any procedures prescribed by HUD or by applicable local, state, or federal law regarding termination of assistance. This means that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must follow the same rules when terminating assistance to an individual as it would when terminating the assistance of an entire family [3/16/07 *Federal Register* notice on the applicability of VAWA to HUD programs].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate assistance to a family member if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the family member has committed criminal acts of physical violence against other family members or others. This action will not affect the assistance of the remaining, nonculpable family members.

In making its decision, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider all credible evidence, including, but not limited to, a signed certification (form HUD-50066) or other documentation of abuse submitted to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** by the victim in accordance with this section and section 16-IX.D. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will also consider the factors in section 12-II.D. Upon such consideration, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, on a caseby-case basis, choose not to terminate the assistance of the culpable family member.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** does terminate the assistance of the culpable family member, it will do so in accordance with applicable law, HUD regulations, and the policies in this plan.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Confidentiality Requirements

All information provided to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM regarding domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including the fact that an individual is a victim of such violence or stalking, must be retained in confidence an may neither be entered into any shared data base nor provided to any related entity, except to the extent that the disclosure (a) is requested or consented to by the individual in writing, (b) is required for use in an eviction proceeding, or (c) is otherwise required by applicable law.

12-II.F. TERMINATION NOTICE

HUD regulations require PHAs to provide written notice of termination of assistance to a family only when the family is entitled to an informal hearing. However, since the family's HAP contract and lease will also terminate when the family's assistance terminates [form HUD-52641], it is a good business practice to provide written notification to both owner and family anytime assistance will be terminated, whether voluntarily or involuntarily.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Whenever a family's assistance will be terminated, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send a written notice of termination to the family and to the owner of the family's unit. The notice will state the date on which the termination will become effective. This date generally will be at least 30 calendar days following the date of the termination notice, but exceptions will be made whenever HUD rules, other **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies, or the circumstances surrounding the termination require.

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** notifies an owner that a family's assistance will be terminated, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will, if appropriate, advise the owner of his/her right to offer the family a separate, unassisted lease.

If a family whose assistance is being terminated is entitled to an informal hearing, the notice of termination that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** sends to the family must meet the additional HUD and PHA notice requirements discussed in section 16-III.C of this plan. Although HUD does not require PHAs to include information about the protections against termination of assistance provided by the Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, PHAs have the discretion to include such information.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Whenever **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** decides to terminate a family's assistance because of the family's action or failure to act, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will include in its termination notice the VAWA information described in section 16-IX.C of this plan and will request that a family member wishing to claim protection under VAWA notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** within 10 business days.

Still other notice requirements apply in two situations:

- If a criminal record is the basis of a family's termination, a copy of the record must accompany (or precede) the termination notice, and a copy of the record must also be provided to the subject of the record [24 CFR 982.553(d)].
- If immigration status is the basis of a family's termination, as discussed in section 12-I.D, the special notice requirements in section 16-III.D must be followed.

Notice of Termination Based on Citizenship Status [24 CFR 5.514 (c) and (d)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate assistance if (1) a family fails to submit required documentation within the required timeframe concerning any family member's citizenship or eligible immigration status; (2) evidence of citizenship and eligible immigration status is submitted timely, but USCIS (United States Citizenship and

Immigration Service) primary and secondary verification does not verify eligible immigration status of family; or (3) CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that a family member has knowingly permitted another individual who is not eligible for assistance to reside (on a permanent basis) in the unit. For (3) above, such termination must be for a period of at least 24 months.

The notice of termination must advise the family of the reasons their assistance is being terminated, that they may be eligible for proration of assistance, the criteria and procedures for obtaining relief under the provisions for preservation of families, that they have the right to request an appeal to the USCIS of the results of secondary verification of immigration status and to submit additional documentation or a written explanation in support of the appeal , and that they have the right to request an informal hearing with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM wither upon completion of the USCIS appeal or in lieu of the USCIS appeal. Informal hearing procedures ware contained in Chapter 16.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The notice of terminate will be sent to the family and the owner at least 30 calendar days prior to the effective date of the termination.

12-II.G. HOW TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE AFFECTS THE HAP CONTRACT AND LEASE

When the family's assistance is terminated, the lease and HAP contract terminate automatically [Form HUD-52641].

The owner may offer the family a separate, unassisted lease [HCV GB, p. 15-8].

PART III: TERMINATION OF TENANCY BY THE OWNER

12-III.A. OVERVIEW

Termination of an assisted tenancy is a matter between the owner and the family; **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not directly involved. However, the owner is under some constraints when terminating an assisted tenancy, and the reasons for which a tenancy is terminated dictate whether assistance also will be terminated.

12-III.B. GROUNDS FOR OWNER TERMINATION OF TENANCY [24 CFR 982.310, 24 CFR 5.2005(c), and Form HUD-52641-A, Tenancy Addendum]

During the term of the lease, the owner is not permitted to terminate the tenancy except for serious or repeated violations of the lease, certain violations of state or local law, or other good cause.

Serious or Repeated Lease Violations

The owner is permitted to terminate the family's tenancy for serious or repeated violations of the terms and conditions of the lease, except when the violations are related to incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking and the victim is protected from eviction by the Violence against Women Act of 2005 (see section 12-II.E). A serious lease violation includes failure to pay rent or other amounts due under the lease. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** failure to make a HAP payment to the owner is not a violation of the lease between the family and the owner.

Violation of Federal, State, or Local Law

The owner is permitted to terminate the tenancy if a family member violates federal, state, or local law that imposes obligations in connection with the occupancy or use of the premises.

Criminal Activity or Alcohol Abuse

The owner may terminate tenancy during the term of the lease if any *covered person*—meaning any member of the household, a guest, or another person under the tenant's control—commits any of the following types of criminal activity (for applicable definitions see 24 CFR 5.100):

- Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by, other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises)
- Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises
- Any violent criminal activity on or near the premises
- Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises

However, in the case of criminal activity directly related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant's family is the victim, the criminal activity may not be construed as cause for terminating the victim's tenancy (see section 12-II.E).

The owner may terminate tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household is:

- Fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody, or confinement after conviction for a crime or an attempt to commit a crime that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that, in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor; or
- Violating a condition of probation or parole imposed under federal or state law.

The owner may terminate tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household has engaged in abuse of alcohol that threatens the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

Evidence of Criminal Activity

The owner may terminate tenancy and evict by judicial action a family for criminal activity by a covered person if the owner determines the covered person has engaged in the criminal activity, regardless of whether the covered person has been arrested or convicted for such activity and without satisfying the standard of proof used for a criminal conviction.

Other Good Cause

During the initial lease term, the owner may not terminate the tenancy for "other good cause" unless the owner is terminating the tenancy because of something the family did or failed to do. During the initial lease term or during any extension term, other good cause includes the disturbance of neighbors, destruction of property, or living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises.

After the initial lease term, "other good cause" for termination of tenancy by the owner includes:

- Failure by the family to accept the offer of a new lease or revision
- The owner's desire to use the unit for personal or family use, or for a purpose other than as a residential rental unit
- A business or economic reason for termination of the tenancy (such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, or desire to lease the unit at a higher rent)

After the initial lease term, the owner may give the family notice at any time, in accordance with the terms of the lease.

Note that "other good cause" does **not** include vacating a property that has been foreclosed upon during the lease term prior to the sale of that property. However, the new owner of the property may terminate the tenancy effective on the date of transfer of the unit if the owner will occupy the unit as a primary residence and has provided the tenant a notice to vacate at least 90 days before the effective date of such notice [Notice PIH 2010-49]. Further information on the protections afforded to tenants in the event of foreclosure can be found in Section 13-II.G.

12-III.C. EVICTION [24 CFR 982.310(e) and (f) and Form HUD-52641-A, Tenancy Addendum]

The owner must give the tenant a written notice that specifies the grounds for termination of tenancy during the term of the lease. The tenancy does not terminate before the owner has given this notice, and the notice must be given at or before commencement of the eviction action.

The notice of grounds may be included in, or may be combined with, any owner eviction notice to the tenant.

Owner eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used under state or local law to commence an eviction action. The owner may only evict the tenant from the unit by instituting a court action. The owner must give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** a copy of any eviction notice at the same time the owner notifies the family. The family is also required to give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** a copy of any eviction notice (see Chapter 5).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If the eviction action is finalized in court, the owner must provide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** with documentation related to the eviction, including notice of the eviction date, as soon as possible, but no later than 5 business days following the court-ordered eviction.

12-III.D. DECIDING WHETHER TO TERMINATE TENANCY [24 CFR 982.310(h), 24 CFR 982.310(h)(4)]

An owner who has grounds to terminate a tenancy is not required to do so, and may consider all of the circumstances relevant to a particular case before making a decision. These might include:

- The nature of the offending action
- The seriousness of the offending action;
- The effect on the community of the termination, or of the owner's failure to terminate the tenancy;

- The extent of participation by the leaseholder in the offending action;
- The effect of termination of tenancy on household members not involved in the offending activity;
- The demand for assisted housing by families who will adhere to lease responsibilities;
- The extent to which the leaseholder has shown personal responsibility and taken all reasonable steps to prevent or mitigate the offending action;
- The effect of the owner's action on the integrity of the program.

The owner may require a family to exclude a household member in order to continue to reside in the assisted unit, where that household member has participated in or been culpable for action or failure to act that warrants termination.

In determining whether to terminate tenancy for illegal use of drugs or alcohol abuse by a household member who is no longer engaged in such behavior, the owner may consider whether such household member is participating in or has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program, or has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully (42 U.S.C. 13661). For this purpose, the owner may require the tenant to submit evidence of the household member's current participation in, or successful completion of, a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program or evidence of otherwise having been rehabilitated successfully.

The owner's termination of tenancy actions must be consistent with the fair housing and equal opportunity provisions in 24 CFR 5.105.

An owner's decision to terminate tenancy for incidents related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking is limited by the Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) and the conforming regulations in 24 CFR Part 5, Subpart L. (See section 12-II.E.)

12-III.E. EFFECT OF TENANCY TERMINATION ON THE FAMILY'S ASSISTANCE

If a termination is not due to a serious or repeated violation of the lease, and if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has no other grounds for termination of assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may issue a new voucher so that the family can move with continued assistance (see Chapter 10).

EXHIBIT 12-1: STATEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS

Following is a listing of a participant family's obligations under the HCV program:

- The family must supply any information that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or HUD determines to be necessary, including submission of required evidence of citizenship or eligible immigration status.
- The family must supply any information requested by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** or HUD for use in a regularly scheduled reexamination or interim reexamination of family income and composition.
- The family must disclose and verify social security numbers and sign and submit consent forms for obtaining information.

- Any information supplied by the family must be true and complete.
- The family is responsible for any Housing Quality Standards (HQS) breach by the family caused by failure to pay tenant-provided utilities or appliances, or damages to the dwelling unit or premises beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or guest.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Damages beyond normal wear and tear will be considered to be damages which could be assessed against the security deposit.

- The family must allow **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after reasonable notice, as described in Chapter 8 of this plan.
- The family must not commit any serious or repeated violation of the lease.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine if a family has committed serious or repeated violations of the lease based on available evidence, including but not limited to, a court-ordered eviction or an owner's notice to evict.

Serious and repeated lease violations will include, but not be limited to, nonpayment of rent, disturbance of neighbors, destruction of property, living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises, and criminal activity. Generally, the criterion to be used will be whether or not the reason for the eviction was the fault of the tenant or guests. Any incidents of, or criminal activity related to, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated lease violations by the victim [24 CFR 5.2005(c)(1)].

• The family must notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and the owner before moving out of the unit or terminating the lease.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must comply with lease requirements regarding written notice to the owner. The family must provide written notice to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** at the same time the owner is notified.

- The family must promptly give CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM a copy of any owner eviction notice.
- The family must use the assisted unit for residence by the family. The unit must be the family's only residence.
- The composition of the assisted family residing in the unit must be approved by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. The family must promptly notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in writing of the birth, adoption, or court-awarded custody of a child. The family must request CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM approval to add any other family member as an occupant of the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The request to add a family member must be submitted in writing and approved by the owner and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** prior to the person moving into the unit. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine eligibility of the new member in accordance with the policies in Chapter 3.

- The family must promptly notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in writing if any family member no longer lives in the unit.
- If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has given approval, a foster child or a live-in aide may reside in the unit. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has the discretion to adopt reasonable policies concerning residency by a foster child or a live-in aide, and to define when CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM consent may be given or denied. For policies related to the request and approval/disapproval of foster children, foster adults, and live-in aides, see Chapter 3 (Sections I.K and I.M), and Chapter 11 (Section II.B).
- The family must not sublease the unit, assign the lease, or transfer the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Subleasing includes receiving payment to cover rent and utility costs by a person living in the unit who is not listed as a family member.

- The family must supply any information requested by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to verify that the family is living in the unit or information related to family absence from the unit.
- The family must promptly notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** when the family is absent from the unit.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Notice is required under this provision only when all family members will be absent from the unit for an extended period. An extended period is defined as any period greater than 30 calendar days. Written notice must be provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** at the start of the extended absence.

- The family must pay utility bills and provide and maintain any appliances that the owner is not required to provide under the lease [Form HUD-52646, Voucher].
- The family must not own or have any interest in the unit, (other than in a cooperative and owners of a manufactured home leasing a manufactured home space).
- Family members must not commit fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the program. (See Chapter 14, Program Integrity for additional information).
- Family members must not engage in drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity or other criminal activity that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of other residents and persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises. See Chapter 12 for HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies related to drug-related and violent criminal activity.
- Members of the household must not engage in abuse of alcohol in a way that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the other residents and persons residing in the

immediate vicinity of the premises. See Chapter 12 for a discussion of HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies related to alcohol abuse.

- An assisted family or member of the family must not receive HCV program assistance while receiving another housing subsidy, for the same unit or a different unit under any other federal, state or local housing assistance program.
- A family must not receive HCV program assistance while residing in a unit owned by a parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving rental of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities. [Form HUD-52646, Voucher]

Chapter 13

OWNERS

INTRODUCTION

Owners play a central role in the HCV program by supplying decent, safe, and sanitary housing for participating families.

The term "owner" refers to any person or entity with the legal right to lease or sublease a unit to a participant in the HCV program [24 CFR 982.4(b)]. The term "owner" includes a principal or other interested party [24 CFR 982.453; 24 CFR 982.306(f)], such as a designated agent of the owner.

Owners have numerous responsibilities under the program, including screening and leasing to families, maintaining the dwelling unit, enforcing the lease, and complying with various contractual obligations. However, this chapter is not meant to be an overview of all aspects of owner participation in the HCV program.

The chapter is organized in two parts:

<u>Part I: Owners in the HCV Program</u>. This part discusses the role of an owner in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** HCV program and highlights key owner rights and responsibilities.

<u>Part II: HAP Contracts</u>. This part explains provisions of the HAP contract and the relationship between **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and the owner as expressed in the HAP contract.

For detailed information about HCV program responsibilities and processes, including **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies in key areas, owners will need to refer to several other chapters in this plan. Where appropriate, Chapter 13 will reference the other chapters.

PART I. OWNERS IN THE HCV PROGRAM

13-I.A. OWNER RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION [HCV GB, pp. 2-4 to 2-6]

Recruitment

PHAs are responsible for ensuring that very low income families have access to all types and ranges of affordable housing in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction, particularly housing outside areas of poverty or minority concentration. A critical element in fulfilling this responsibility is for CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to ensure that a sufficient number of owners, representing all types and ranges of affordable housing in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to ensure that a sufficient number of owners, representing all types and ranges of affordable housing in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction, are willing to participate in the HCV program.

To accomplish this objective, PHAs must identify and recruit new owners to participate in the program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct owner outreach to ensure that owners are familiar with the program and its advantages. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will actively recruit property owners with property located outside areas of poverty and minority concentration. These outreach strategies will include:

Distributing printed material about the program to property owners and managers

Contacting property owners and managers by phone or in-person

Participating in community based organizations comprised of private property and apartment owners and managers

Developing working relationships with owners and real estate brokers associations

Outreach strategies will be monitored for effectiveness, and adapted accordingly.

Retention

In addition to recruiting owners to participate in the HCV program, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must also provide the kind of customer service that will encourage participating owners to remain active in the program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

All **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** activities that may affect an owner's ability to lease a unit will be processed as rapidly as possible, in order to minimize vacancy losses for owners.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will give special attention to helping new owners succeed through activities such as:

Providing the owner with a designated CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM contact person.

Coordinating inspection and leasing activities between CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, the owner, and the family.

Initiating telephone contact with the owner to explain the inspection process, and providing resource materials about HUD housing quality standards.

Providing other written information about how the program operates, including answers to frequently asked questions.

Quarterly newsletters will be sent to landlords with updated information and/or refreshers about CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies.

Additional services may be undertaken on an as-needed basis, and as resources permit.

13-I.B. BASIC HCV PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to aid families in their housing search by providing the family with a list of landlords or other parties known to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** who may be willing to lease a unit to the family, or to help the family find a unit. Although **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** cannot maintain a list of owners that are pre-qualified to participate in the program, owners may indicate to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** their willingness to lease a unit to an eligible HCV family, or to help the HCV family find a unit [24 CFR 982.301(b)(11)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Owners that wish to indicate their willingness to lease a unit to an eligible HCV family or to help the HCV family find a unit must notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will maintain a listing of such owners and provide this listing to the HCV family as part of the informational briefing packet **as well as a courtesy listing for available in the reception area of the administrative office.**

When a family approaches an owner to apply for tenancy, the owner is responsible for screening the family and deciding whether to lease to the family, just as the owner would with any

potential tenant. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has no liability or responsibility to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. See chapters 3 and 9 for more detail on tenant family screening policies and process.

If the owner is willing, the family and the owner must jointly complete a Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA, Form HUD 52517), which constitutes the family's request for assistance in the specified unit, and which documents the owner's willingness to lease to the family and to follow the program's requirements. When submitted to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, this document is the first step in the process of obtaining approval for the family to receive the financial assistance it will need in order to occupy the unit. Also submitted with the RFTA is a copy of the owner's proposed dwelling lease, including the HUD-required Tenancy Addendum (Form HUD-52641-A). See Chapter 9 for more detail on request for tenancy approval policies and process.

HUD regulations stipulate that an assisted tenancy can be approved only under certain conditions.

The owner must be qualified to participate in the program [24 CFR 982.306]. Some owners are precluded from participating in the program, or from renting to a particular family, either because of their past history with this or another federal housing program, or because of certain conflicts of interest. Owner qualifications are discussed later in this chapter.

The selected unit must be of a type that is eligible for the program [24 CFR 982.305(a)]. Certain types of dwelling units cannot be assisted under the HCV program. Other types may be assisted under certain conditions. In addition, the owner must document legal ownership of the specified unit. See chapter 9 for more detail on unit eligibility policies and process.

The selected unit must meet HUD's Housing Quality Standards (HQS) and/or equivalent state or local standards approved by HUD [24 CFR 982.305(a)]. The PHA will inspect the owner's dwelling unit at various stages of HCV program participation, to ensure that the unit continues to meet HQS requirements. See chapter 8 for a discussion of the HQS standards, as well as the process for HQS inspections at initial lease-up and throughout the family's tenancy.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must determine that the cost of the unit is reasonable [24 CFR 982.305(a)]. The rent must be reasonable in relation to comparable unassisted units in the area and must not be in excess of rents charged by the owner for comparable, unassisted units on the premises. See chapter 8 for a discussion of requirements and policies on rent reasonableness, rent comparability and the rent reasonableness determination process.

At initial lease-up of a unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine that the share of rent to be paid by the family does not exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income [24 CFR 982.305(a)]. See chapter 6 for a discussion of the calculation of family income, family share of rent and HAP.

The dwelling lease must comply with all program requirements [24 CFR 982.308]. Owners are encouraged to use their standard leases when renting to an assisted family. However, the HCV program requires that the Tenancy Addendum, which helps standardize the tenancy requirements for all assisted families, be added word-for-word to that lease. See chapter 9 for a discussion of the dwelling lease and tenancy addendum, including lease terms and provisions. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and the owner enter into a formal contractual relationship

by executing the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Contract (Form HUD-52641). The HAP contract format is prescribed by HUD. See chapter 9 for a discussion of the HAP contract execution process. Specific HAP contract provisions and responsibilities are discussed in Part II of Chapter 13.

13-I.C. OWNER RESPONSIBILITIES [24 CFR 982.452]

The basic owner responsibilities in the HCV program are outlined in the regulations as follows:

- Performing all of the owner's obligations under the housing assistance payments (HAP) contract and the lease
- Performing all management and rental functions for the assisted unit, including selecting a voucher-holder to lease the unit, and deciding if the family is suitable for tenancy of the unit
- Maintaining the unit in accordance with the Housing Quality Standards (HQS), including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance
- Complying with equal opportunity requirements
- Preparing and furnishing to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM information required under the HAP contract
- Collecting from the family any security deposit, the tenant's contribution to rent (that part of rent to owner not covered by the housing assistance payment from CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM), and any charges for unit damage by the family.
- Enforcing tenant obligations under the dwelling lease
- Paying for utilities and services (unless paid by the family under the lease)
- Making modifications to a dwelling unit occupied or to be occupied by a disabled person [24 CFR 100.203]
- Complying with the Violence against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA) when screening prospective HCV tenants or terminating the tenancy of an HCV family (see 24 CFR Part 5, Subpart L; 24 CFR 982.310(h)(4); and 24 CFR 982.452(b)(1))

13-I.D. OWNER QUALIFICATIONS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM does not formally approve an owner to participate in the HCV program. However, there are a number of criteria where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may deny approval of an assisted tenancy based on past owner behavior, conflict of interest, or other owner-related issues. No owner has a right to participate in the HCV program [24 CFR 982.306(e)].

Owners Barred from Participation [24 CFR 982.306(a) and (b)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must not approve the assisted tenancy if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has been informed that the owner has been debarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation under 24 CFR part 24. HUD may direct **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** not to approve a tenancy request if a court or administrative agency has determined that the owner violated the Fair Housing Act or other federal equal opportunity requirements, or if such an action is pending.

Leasing to Relatives [24 CFR 982.306(d), HCV GB p. 11-2]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must not approve an RFTA if the owner is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may make an exception as a reasonable accommodation for a family member with a disability. The owner is required to certify that no such relationship exists. This restriction applies at the time that the family receives assistance under the HCV program for occupancy of a particular unit. Current contracts on behalf of owners and families that are related may continue, but any new leases or contracts for these families may not be approved.

Conflict of Interest [24 CFR 982.161; HCV GB p. 8-19]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must not approve a tenancy in which any of the following classes of persons has any interest, direct or indirect, during tenure or for one year thereafter:

- Any present or former member or officer of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM (except a participant commissioner)
- Any employee of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, or any contractor, subcontractor or agent of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, who formulates policy or who influences decisions with respect to the programs
- Any public official, member of a governing body, or State or local legislator, who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to the programs
- Any member of the Congress of the United States

HUD may waive the conflict of interest requirements, except for members of Congress, for good cause. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must submit a waiver request to the appropriate HUD Field Office for determination.

Any waiver request submitted by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must include [HCV Guidebook pp.11-2 and 11-3]:

- Complete statement of the facts of the case;
- Analysis of the specific conflict of interest provision of the HAP contract and justification as to why the provision should be waived;
- Analysis of and statement of consistency with state and local laws. The local HUD office, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, or both parties may conduct this analysis. Where appropriate, an opinion by the state's attorney general should be obtained;
- Opinion by the local HUD office as to whether there would be an appearance of impropriety if the waiver were granted;
- Statement regarding alternative existing housing available for lease under the HCV program or other assisted housing if the waiver is denied;
- If the case involves a hardship for a particular family, statement of the circumstances and discussion of possible alternatives;
- If the case involves a public official or member of the governing body, explanation of his/her duties under state or local law, including reference to any responsibilities involving the HCV program;
- If the case involves employment of a family member by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or assistance under the HCV program for an eligible PHA employee, explanation of the responsibilities and duties of the position, including any related to the HCV program;
- If the case involves an investment on the part of a member, officer, or employee of CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, description of the nature of the investment, including disclosure/divestiture plans.

Where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has requested a conflict of interest waiver, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not execute the HAP contract until HUD has made a decision on the waiver request.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In considering whether to request a conflict of interest waiver from HUD, CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider factors the reasons for waiving the requirement; consistency with state and local laws; the existence of alternative housing available to families; the individual circumstances of a particular family; the specific duties of individuals whose positions present a possible conflict of interest; the nature of any financial investment in the property and plans for disclosure/divestiture; and the possible appearance of impropriety.

Owner Actions That May Result in Disapproval of a Tenancy Request [24 CFR 982.306(c)]

HUD regulations permit CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, at CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S discretion, to refuse to approve a request for tenancy if the owner has committed any of a number of different actions.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** disapproves a request for tenancy because an owner is not qualified, it may not terminate the HAP contract for any assisted families that are already living in the owner's properties unless the owner has violated the HAP contract for those units [HCV GB p. 11-4].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will refuse to approve a request for tenancy if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** becomes aware that any of the following are true:

The owner has violated obligations under a HAP contract under Section 8 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437f);

The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program;

The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity;

The owner has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under the tenant-based programs, or with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or leased under any other federal housing program;

The owner has a history or practice of failing to terminate tenancy of tenants of units assisted under Section 8 or any other federally assisted housing program for activity engaged in by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the control of any member of the household that: (i) Threatens the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents; (ii) Threatens the health or safety of other residents, of employees of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, or of owner employees or other persons engaged in management of the housing; (iii) Threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences, by persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises; or (iv) Is drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity;

The owner has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet state or local housing codes; or

The owner has not paid state or local real estate taxes, fines, or assessment.

In considering whether to disapprove owners for any of the discretionary reasons listed above, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider any mitigating factors. Such factors may include, but are not limited to, the seriousness of the violation in relation to program requirements, the impact on the ability of families to lease units under the program, health and safety of participating families, among others. Upon consideration of such circumstances, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may, on a case-by-case basis, choose to approve an owner.

Legal Ownership of Unit

The following represents CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policy on legal ownership of a dwelling unit to be assisted under the HCV program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will only enter into a contractual relationship with the legal owner of a qualified unit. No tenancy will be approved without acceptable documentation of legal ownership (e.g., deed of trust, proof of taxes for most recent year).

13-I.E. NON-DISCRIMINATION [HAP Contract – Form HUD-52641]

The owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability, in connection with any actions or responsibilities under the HCV program and the HAP contract with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

The owner must cooperate with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and with HUD in conducting any equal opportunity compliance reviews and complaint investigations in connection with the HCV program and the HAP contract with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

See Chapter 2 for a more thorough discussion of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity requirements in the HCV program.

PART II. HAP CONTRACTS

13-II.A. OVERVIEW

The HAP contract represents a written agreement between CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** and the owner of the dwelling unit occupied by a HCV assisted family. The contract spells out the owner's responsibilities under the program, as well as CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S obligations. Under the HAP contract, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM agrees to make housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of a specific family occupying a specific unit.

The HAP contract is used for all HCV program tenancies except for assistance under the Section 8 homeownership program, and assistance to families that own a manufactured home and lease the space. See chapter 15 for a discussion of any special housing types included in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S HCV program.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has given approval for the family of the assisted tenancy, the owner and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM execute the HAP contract. See chapter 9 for a discussion of the leasing process, including provisions for execution of the HAP contract.

13-II.B. HAP CONTRACT CONTENTS

The HAP contract format is required by HUD, specifically Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Contract, Form HUD-52641.

The HAP contract contains three parts.

Part A of the contract includes basic **contract information** about the name of the tenant family, address of the contract unit, names of all household members, first and last dates of initial lease term, amount of initial monthly rent to owner, amount of initial housing assistance payment, utilities and appliances to be supplied by owner and tenant, signatures of PHA and owner [HCV Guidebook, pp 11-10 and 11-11].

In general, the HAP contract cannot be modified. However, PHAs do have the discretion to add language to Part A of the HAP contract which prohibits the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practices or in excess of amounts charged to unassisted tenants. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policy on the amount of security deposit an owner may collect is found in chapter 9.

In addition, PHAs have the discretion to add language to Part A of the HAP contract that defines when the housing assistance payment by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is deemed received by the owner (e.g., upon mailing by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or actual receipt by the owner).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has not adopted a policy that defines when the housing assistance payment by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is deemed received by the owner. Therefore, no modifications to the HAP contract will be necessary.

Part B is the body of the contract. It describes in detail program requirements affecting the owner and owner roles and responsibilities under the HCV program. Most of the requirements contained in Part B of the HAP contract are outlined elsewhere in this plan. Topics addressed in Part B include:

- Lease of Contract Unit
- Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services
- Term of HAP Contract
- Provision and Payment of Utilities and Appliances
- Rent to Owner: Reasonable Rent
- PHA Payment to Owner
- Prohibition of Discrimination
- Owner's Breach of HAP Contract
- PHA and HUD Access to Premises and Owner's Records
- Exclusion of Third Party Rights
- Conflict of Interest

- Assignment of the HAP Contract
- Written Notices
- Entire Agreement Interpretation

Part C of the contract includes the <u>Tenancy Addendum</u> (Form HUD-52641-A). The addendum sets forth the tenancy requirements for the program and the composition of the household, as approved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. The owner must sign the HUD Tenancy Addendum with the prospective tenant, and the tenant has the right to enforce the Tenancy Addendum against the owner. The terms of the Tenancy Addendum prevail over any other provisions of the lease.

13-II.C. HAP CONTRACT PAYMENTS

General

During the term of the HAP contract, and subject to the provisions of the HAP contract, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must make monthly HAP payments to the owner on behalf of the family, at the beginning of each month. If a lease term begins after the first of the month, the HAP payment for the first month is prorated for a partial month.

The amount of the HAP payment is determined according to the policies described in Chapter 6, and is subject to change during the term of the HAP contract. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must notify the owner and the family in writing of any changes in the HAP payment.

HAP payments can be made only during the lease term, and only while the family is residing in the unit.

The monthly HAP payment by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is credited toward the monthly rent to owner under the family's lease. The total of the rent paid by the tenant, plus **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** HAP payment, should be equal to the rent specified in the lease (the rent to owner).

The family is not responsible for payment of the HAP payment, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not responsible for payment of the family share of rent.

The family's share of the rent cannot be more than the difference between the total rent to the owner and the HAP payment. The owner may not demand or accept any rent payment from the tenant in excess of this maximum [24 CFR 982.451(b)(4)]. The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises [24 CFR 982.510(c)]. See chapter 9 for a discussion of separate, non-lease agreements for services, appliances and other items that are not included in the lease.

If the owner receives any excess HAP from CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, the excess amount must be returned immediately. If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that the owner is not entitled to all or a portion of the HAP, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may deduct the amount of overpayment from any amounts due to the owner, including amounts due under any other Section 8 HCV contract. See Chapter 16 for additional detail on owner reimbursement of HAP overpayments.

Owner Certification of Compliance

Unless the owner complies with all provisions of the HAP contract, the owner is not entitled to receive housing assistance payments under the HAP contract [HAP Contract – Form HUD-52641].

By endorsing the monthly check from **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, the owner certifies to compliance with the terms of the HAP contract. This includes certification that the owner is maintaining the unit and premises in accordance with HQS; that the contract unit is leased to the tenant family and, to the best of the owner's knowledge, the family resides in the unit as the family's only residence; the rent to owner does not exceed rents charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units on the premises; and that the owner does not receive (other than rent to owner) any additional payments or other consideration for rent of the contract unit during the HAP term.

Late HAP Payments [24 CFR 982.451(a)(5)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is responsible for making HAP payments promptly when due to the owner, in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract. After the first two calendar months of the HAP contract term, the HAP contract provides for penalties if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** fails to make the HAP payment on time.

Penalties for late HAP payments can only be imposed if 1) the penalties are in accordance with generally accepted local rental market practices and law governing penalties for late payment by tenants; 2) it is the owner's normal business practice to charge late payment penalties for both assisted and unassisted families; and 3) the owner charges the assisted family for late payment of the family's share of the rent.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is not required to pay a late payment penalty if HUD determines that the payment is late for reasons beyond **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S**control. In addition, late payment penalties are not required if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** intentionally delays or denies payment as a remedy to an owner breach of the HAP contract [HCV Guidebook p. 11-7].

Termination of HAP Payments [24 CFR 982.311(b)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must continue making housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract as long as the tenant continues to occupy the unit and the HAP contract is not violated.

HAP payments terminate when the HAP contract terminates or when the tenancy is terminated in accordance with the terms of the lease.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The owner is not entitled to any housing assistance payment after the HAP contract terminates, and must return to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM any housing assistance payment received for any period after the HAP contract

terminates. If the owner has initiated eviction proceedings against the family and the family continues to reside in the unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must continue to make housing assistance payments to the owner until the owner has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the tenant.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The owner must inform **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** when the owner has initiated eviction proceedings against the family and the family continues to reside in the unit.

The owner must inform **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** when the owner has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the tenant, and provide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** with a copy of such judgment or determination.

After the owner has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the tenant, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will continue to make HAP payments to the owner until the family actually moves from the unit or until the family is physically evicted from the unit, whichever is earlier. The owner must inform **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of the date when the family actually moves from the unit or the family is physically evicted from the unit or the family evicted from the unit.

13-II.D. BREACH OF HAP CONTRACT [24 CFR 982.453]

Any of the following actions by the owner constitutes a breach of the HAP contract:

- If the owner violates any obligations under the HAP contract including failure to maintain the unit in accordance with HQS
- If the owner has violated any obligation under any other HAP contract under Section 8
- If the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program
- For projects with mortgages insured by HUD or loans made by HUD, if the owner has failed to comply with the regulation ns for the applicable program; or if the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the mortgage or loan
- If the owner has engaged in drug-related criminal activity
- If the owner has committed any violent criminal activity

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that a breach of the HAP contract has occurred, it may exercise any of its rights and remedies under the HAP contract.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM rights and remedies against the owner under the HAP contract include recovery of any HAP overpayment, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or reduction of the housing assistance payment, termination of the payment or termination the HAP contract. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may also obtain additional relief by judicial order or action.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must notify the owner of its determination and provide in writing the reasons for the determination. The notice may require the owner to take corrective action by an established deadline. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must provide the owner with written notice of any reduction in housing assistance payments or the termination of the HAP contract.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Before **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** invokes a remedy against an owner, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will evaluate all information and documents available to determine if the contract has been breached.

If relevant, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will conduct an audit of the owner's records pertaining to the tenancy or unit.

If it is determined that the owner has breached the contract, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider all of the relevant factors including the seriousness of the breach, the effect on the family, the owner's record of compliance and the number and seriousness of any prior HAP contract violations.

13-II.E. HAP CONTRACT TERM AND TERMINATIONS

The term of the HAP contract runs concurrently with the term of the dwelling lease [24 CFR 982.451(a)(2)], beginning on the first day of the initial term of the lease and terminating on the last day of the term of the lease, including any lease term extensions.

The HAP contract and the housing assistance payments made under the HAP contract terminate if [HCV Guidebook pp.11-4 and 11-5, pg. 15-3]:

- The owner or the family terminates the lease;
- The lease expires;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM terminates the HAP contract;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM terminates assistance for the family;
- The family moves from the assisted unit. In this situation, the owner is entitled to keep the housing assistance payment for the month when the family moves out of the unit.
- 180 calendar days have elapsed since CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM made the last housing assistance payment to the owner;
- The family is absent from the unit for longer than the maximum period permitted by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM;
- The Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) between CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and HUD expires
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM elects to terminate the HAP contract.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may elect to terminate the HAP contract in each of the following situations:

Available program funding is not sufficient to support continued assistance for families in the program [24 CFR 982.454];

The unit does not meet HQS size requirements due to change in family composition [24 CFR 982.403] – see chapter 8;

The unit does not meet HQS [24 CFR 982.404] - see chapter 8;

The family breaks up [HUD Form 52641] – see chapter 3;

The owner breaches the HAP contract [24 CFR 982.453(b)] – see Section 13-II.D.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** terminates the HAP contract, the PHA must give the owner and the family written notice. The notice must specify the reasons for the termination and the effective date of the termination. Once a HAP contract is terminated, no further HAP payments may be made under that contract [HCV Guidebook pg.15-4].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In all cases, the HAP contract terminates **the date listed** in which **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** gives written notice to the owner. The owner is not entitled to any housing assistance payment after this period, and must return to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** any housing assistance payment received after this period.

If the family moves from the assisted unit into a new unit, even if the new unit is in the same building or complex as the assisted unit, the HAP contract for the assisted unit terminates. A new HAP contract would be required [HCV GB, p. 11-17].

When the family moves from an assisted unit into a new unit, the term of the HAP contract for the new unit may begin in the same month in which the family moves out of its old unit. This is not considered a duplicative subsidy [HCV GB, p. 8-22].

13-II.F. CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP / ASSIGNMENT OF THE HAP CONTRACT [HUD-52641]

The HAP contract cannot be assigned to a new owner without the prior written consent of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. An owner under a HAP contract must notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in writing prior to a change in the legal ownership of the unit. The owner must supply all information as requested by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

Prior to approval of assignment to a new owner, the new owner must agree to be bound by and comply with the HAP contract. The agreement between the new owner and the former owner must be in writing and in a form that the PHA finds acceptable. The new owner must provide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** with a copy of the executed agreement.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Assignment of the HAP contract will be approved only if the new owner is qualified to become an owner under the HCV program according to the policies in Section 13-I.D. of this chapter.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must receive a signed, written request from the existing owner stating the name and address of the new HAP payee and the effective date of the assignment in order to change the HAP payee under an outstanding HAP contract. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will accept alternate documentation such bill of sale from the new owner(s) and/or death certificate if it is unrealistic to obtain a signed, written request from the existing owner.**

Within 10 business days of receiving the owner's request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will inform the current owner in writing whether the assignment may take place. The new owner must provide a written certification to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM that includes:

A copy of the escrow statement or other document showing the transfer of title and recorded deed;

A copy of the owner's IRS Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, or the social security number of the new owner;

The effective date of the HAP contract assignment;

A written agreement to comply with the terms of the HAP contract; and

Confirmation that the new owner is not a prohibited relative.

If the new owner does not agree to an assignment of the HAP contract, or fails to provide the necessary documents, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will terminate the HAP contract with the old owner. If the new owner wants to offer the family a new lease, and the family elects to stay with continued assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will process the leasing in accordance with the policies in Chapter 9.

13-II.G. FORECLOSURE [HUD-52641 and Notice PIH 2010-49]

Families receiving HCV assistance are entitled to certain protections set forth under the Protecting Tenants at Foreclosure Act (PTFA). Specifically, the HAP contract now contains language stating that in the case of any foreclosure, the immediate successor in interest in the property pursuant to the foreclosure will assume such interest subject to the lease between the prior owner and the tenant, and to the HAP contract between the prior owner and the PHA for the occupied unit. This provision of the HAP contract does not affect any state or local law that provides longer time periods or other additional protections for tenants.

If the PHA learns that a property is in foreclosure, it must take the following actions:

- Make all reasonable efforts to determine the status of the foreclosure and ownership of the property. (Further guidance on how to obtain this information can be found in Notice PIH 2010-49.)
- Continue to make payments to the original owner until ownership legally transfers in accordance with the HAP contract.
- Attempt to obtain a written acknowledgement of the assignment of the HAP contract from the successor in interest. The written agreement should include a request for owner information, such as a tax identification number, and payment instructions from the new owner. Even if the new owner does not acknowledge the assignment of the HAP contract in writing, the assignment is still effective by operation of law.
- Inform the tenant that they must continue to pay rent in accordance with the lease, and if the successor in interest refuses to accept payment or cannot be identified, the tenant should pay rent into escrow. Failure to pay rent may constitute an independent ground for eviction.
- Inform the tenant in the event that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is unable to make HAP payments to the successor in interest due an action or inaction by the successor that prevents such payments (e.g., rejection of payments or failure to maintain the property according to HQS), or due to an inability to identify the successor. CCA SECTION 8

HOUSING PROGRAM should also refer the tenant, as needed, to the local legal aid office in order to ensure adequate protection of the tenant's rights and enforcement of the successor in interest's performance under the HAP contract.

• Make reasonable inquiries to determine whether the unit, in addition to having a tenant receiving HCV assistance, will be or has been assisted under the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP). (For further guidance on cases in where the units have been assisted under the NSP, see Notice PIH 2010-49.)

PHAs are also required to notify HCV applicants who have been issued a voucher, participant heads of household, and current and prospective owners of HCV-assisted housing of the protections afforded to tenants under the PTFA.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide all HCV applicants that have been issued a voucher with information regarding the PTFA at admission (see Section 5-I.B) and to participant heads of household at annual reexamination.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide information regarding the PTFA to prospective owners when they begin their participation in the HCV program, and to current HCV owners one time **in a quarterly newsletter**.

Note that the foreclosure provision of the HAP contract and additional tenant protections under the Protecting Tenants at Foreclosure Act will sunset December 31, 2014.

See Section 12-III.B for a discussion of foreclosure as it pertains to owner termination of tenancy.

Chapter 14

PROGRAM INTEGRITY

INTRODUCTION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is committed to ensuring that subsidy funds made available to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM are spent in accordance with HUD requirements.

This chapter covers HUD and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies designed to prevent, detect, investigate, and resolve instances of program abuse or fraud. It also describes the actions that will be taken in the case of unintentional errors and omissions.

<u>Part I: Preventing, Detecting, and Investigating Errors and Program Abuse</u>. This part presents CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies related to preventing, detecting, and investigating errors and program abuse.

<u>Part II: Corrective Measures and Penalties</u>. This part describes the corrective measures CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must and may take when errors or program abuses are found.

PART I: PREVENTING, DETECTING, AND INVESTIGATING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE

14-I.A. PREVENTING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE

HUD created the Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) system to provide PHAs with a powerful tool for preventing errors and program abuse. PHAs are required to use the EIV system in its entirety in accordance with HUD administrative guidance [24 CFR 5.233]. PHAs are further required to:

- Provide applicants and participants with form HUD-52675, "Debts Owed to PHAs and Terminations"
- Require all adult members of an applicant or participant family to acknowledge receipt of form HUD-52675 by signing a copy of the form for retention in the family file

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM anticipates that the vast majority of families, owners, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** employees intend to and will comply with program requirements and make reasonable efforts to avoid errors.

To ensure that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** HCV program is administered effectively and according to the highest ethical and legal standards, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will employ a variety of techniques to ensure that both errors and intentional program abuse are rare.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will discuss program compliance and integrity issues during the voucher briefing sessions described in Chapter 5.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide each applicant and participant with a copy of "Is Fraud Worth It?" (form HUD-1141-OIG), which explains the types of actions a family must avoid and the penalties for program abuse.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide each applicant and participant with a copy of "What You Should Know about EIV," a guide to the Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) system published by HUD as an attachment to Notice PIH 2010-19. In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require the head of each household to acknowledge receipt of the guide by signing a copy for retention in the family file.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will place a warning statement about the penalties for fraud (as described in 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 1010) on key **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** forms and form letters that request information from a family or owner.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff will be required to review and explain the contents of all HUD- and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -required forms prior to requesting family member signatures.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will **offer** first-time owners (or their agents) **information regarding** HAP contract requirements.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide each **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** employee with the necessary training on program rules and the organization's standards of conduct and ethics.

For purposes of this chapter the term *error* refers to an unintentional error or omission. *Program abuse or fraud* refers to a single act or pattern of actions that constitute a false statement, omission, or concealment of a substantial fact, made with the intent to deceive or mislead.

14-I.B. DETECTING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE

In addition to taking steps to prevent errors and program abuse, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use a variety of activities to detect errors and program abuse.

Quality Control and Analysis of Data

Under the Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP), HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to review a random sample of tenant records annually to determine if the records conform to program requirements and to conduct quality control inspections of a sample of units to ensure HQS compliance [24 CFR, Part 985]. (See Chapter 16 for additional information about SEMAP requirements).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In addition to the SEMAP quality control requirements, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will employ a variety of methods to detect errors and program abuse.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM routinely will use available sources of up-front income verification, including HUD's EIV system, to compare with family-provided information.

At each annual reexamination, current information provided by the family will be compared to information provided at the last annual reexamination to identify inconsistencies and incomplete information.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will compare family-reported income and expenditures to detect possible unreported income.

Independent Audits and HUD Monitoring

OMB Circular A-133 requires all PHAs that expend \$500,000 or more in federal awards annually to have an independent audit (IPA). In addition, HUD conducts periodic on-site and automated monitoring of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** activities and notifies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of errors and potential cases of program abuse.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will use the results reported in any IPA or HUD monitoring reports to identify potential program abuses as well as to assess the effectiveness of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** error detection and abuse prevention efforts.

Individual Reporting of Possible Errors and Program Abuse

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will encourage staff, program participants, and the public to report possible program abuse.

14-I.C. INVESTIGATING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE

When the PHA Will Investigate

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review all referrals, specific allegations, complaints, and tips from any source including other agencies, companies, and individuals, to determine if they warrant investigation. In order for CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to investigate, the allegation must contain at least one independently-verifiable item of information, such as the name of an employer or the name of an unauthorized household member.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will investigate inconsistent information related to the family that is identified through file reviews and the verification process.

Consent to Release of Information [24 CFR 982.516]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may investigate possible instances of error or abuse using all available **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and public records. If necessary, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require HCV families to give consent to the release of additional information.

Analysis and Findings

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will base its evaluation on a preponderance of the evidence collected during its investigation.

Preponderance of the evidence is defined as evidence which is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it; that is, evidence that as a whole shows that the fact sought to be proved is more probable than not. Preponderance of evidence may not be determined by the number of witnesses, but by the greater weight of all evidence

For each investigation the PHA will determine (1) whether an error or program abuse has occurred, (2) whether any amount of money is owed the PHA, and (3) what corrective measures or penalties will be assessed.

Consideration of Remedies

All errors and instances of program abuse must be corrected prospectively. Whether **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will enforce other corrective actions and penalties depends upon the nature of the error or program abuse.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In the case of family-caused errors or program abuse, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will take into consideration (1) the seriousness of the offense and the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, (2) any special circumstances surrounding the case, (3) any mitigating circumstances related to the disability of a family member, (4) the effects of a particular remedy on family members who were not involved in the offense.

In the case of owner-caused errors or program abuse, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will take into consideration (1) the seriousness of the offense, (2) the length of time since the violation has occurred, and (3) the effects of a particular remedy on family members who were not involved in the offense.

Notice and Appeals

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will inform the relevant party in writing of its findings and remedies within 10 business days of the conclusion of the investigation. The notice will include (1) a description of the error or program abuse, (2) the basis on which **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determined the error or program abuses, (3) the remedies to be employed, and (4) the family's right to appeal the results through the informal review or hearing process, if applicable (see Chapter 16).

PART II: CORRECTIVE MEASURES AND PENALTIES

14-II.A. SUBSIDY UNDER- OR OVERPAYMENTS

A subsidy under- or overpayment includes (1) an incorrect housing assistance payment to the owner, (2) an incorrect family share established for the family, and (3) an incorrect utility reimbursement to a family.

Corrections

Whether the incorrect subsidy determination is an overpayment or underpayment of subsidy, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must promptly correct the HAP, family share, and any utility reimbursement prospectively.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Increases in the family share will be implemented only after the family has received 30 days notice.

Any decreases in family share will become effective the first of the month following the discovery of the error.

Reimbursement

Whether the family or owner is required to reimburse **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is required to make retroactive subsidy payments to the owner or family depends upon which party is responsible for the incorrect subsidy payment and whether the action taken was an error or program abuse. Policies regarding reimbursement are discussed in the three sections that follow.

14-II.B. FAMILY-CAUSED ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE

Family obligations and general administrative requirements for participating in the program are discussed throughout this plan. This section deals specifically with errors and program abuse by family members.

An incorrect subsidy determination caused by a family generally would be the result of incorrect reporting of family composition, income, assets, or expenses, but also would include instances in which the family knowingly allows **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to use incorrect information provided by a third party.

Family Reimbursement to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM [HCV GB pp. 22-12 to 22-13]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In the case of family-caused errors or program abuse, the family will be required to repay any excess subsidy received. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, but is not required to, offer the family a repayment agreement in accordance with Chapter 16. If the family fails to repay the excess subsidy, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will terminate the family's assistance in accordance with the policies in Chapter 12. **The family will be required to repay the amount owed before allowed to reapply to the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM for further assistance**.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Reimbursement to Family [HCV GB p. 22-12]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICYCCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not reimburse the family for any underpayment of assistance when the underpayment clearly is caused by the family.

Prohibited Actions

An applicant or participant in the HCV program must not knowingly:

- Make a false statement to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM [Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001].
- Commit fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program [24 CFR 982.552(c)(iv)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any of the following will be considered evidence of family program abuse:

Payment to the owner in excess of amounts authorized by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM for rent, security deposit, and additional services Offering bribes or illegal gratuities to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Board of Commissioners (CCA Board of Directors), employees, contractors, or other CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM representatives

Offering payments or other incentives to the owner or a third party as an inducement for the third party to make false or misleading statements to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** on the family's behalf

Use of a false name or the use of falsified, forged, or altered documents, including but not limited to, (a) falsified social security number(s); (b) birth certificate

Intentional misreporting of family information or circumstances (e.g. income, family composition)

Omitted facts that were obviously known by a family member (e.g., not reporting employment income)

Admission of program abuse by an adult family member

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may determine other actions to be program abuse based upon a preponderance of the evidence, as defined earlier in this chapter.

Penalties for Program Abuse

In the case of program abuse caused by a family **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, at its discretion, impose any of the following remedies.

- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may require the family to repay excess subsidy amounts paid by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, as described earlier in this section.
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may require, as a condition of receiving or continuing assistance, that a culpable family member not reside in the unit. See policies in Chapter 3 (for applicants) and Chapter 12 (for participants).
- **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may deny or terminate the family's assistance following the policies set forth in Chapter 3 and Chapter 12 respectively.
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may refer the family for state or federal criminal prosecution as described in section 14-II.E.

14-II.C. OWNER-CAUSED ERROR OR PROGRAM ABUSE

Owner requirements that are part of the regular process of offering, leasing, and maintaining a unit (e.g., HQS compliance, fair housing) are addressed in the appropriate chapters of this plan. This section focuses on errors and program abuse by owners.

An incorrect subsidy determination caused by an owner generally would be the result of an incorrect owner statement about the characteristics of the assisted unit (e.g., the number of bedrooms, which utilities are paid by the family). It also includes accepting duplicate housing assistance payments for the same unit in the same month, or after a family no longer resides in the unit.

Owner Reimbursement to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

In all cases of overpayment of subsidy caused by the owner, the owner must repay to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM any excess subsidy received. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may recover overpaid amounts by withholding housing assistance payments due for subsequent months, or if the debt is large, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may allow the owner to pay in installments over a period of time [HCV GB p. 22-13].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In cases where the owner has received excess subsidy, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will require the owner to repay the amount owed in accordance with the policies in Section 16-IV.B.

Prohibited Owner Actions

An owner participating in the HCV program must not:

- Make any false statement to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM [Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001].
- Commit fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program [24 CFR 982.453(a)(3)] including:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any of the following will be considered evidence of owner program abuse:

Charging the family rent above or below the amount specified by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

Charging a security deposit other than that specified in the family's lease

Charging the family for services that are provided to unassisted tenants at no extra charge

Knowingly accepting housing assistance payments for any month(s) after the family has vacated the unit or refusing to reimburse CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in a timely manner when CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM brings an overpayment to the owner's attention

Knowingly accepting incorrect or excess housing assistance payments or refusing to reimburse CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM in a timely manner when CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM brings an overpayment to the owner's attention

Offering bribes or illegal gratuities to the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Board of Commissioners (Board of Directors), employees, contractors, or other CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM representatives

Offering payments or other incentives to an HCV family as an inducement for the family to make false or misleading statements to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**

Residing in the unit with an assisted family

Allowing unauthorized persons to live in the assisted unit

Remedies and Penalties

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that the owner has committed program abuse, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may take any of the following actions:

- Require the owner to repay excess housing assistance payments, as discussed earlier in this section and in accordance with the policies in Chapter 16.
- Terminate the HAP contract (See Chapter 13).
- Bar the owner from future participation in any CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM programs.
- Refer the case to state or federal officials for criminal prosecution as described in section 14-II.E.

14-II.D. PHA-CAUSED ERRORS OR PROGRAM ABUSE

The responsibilities and expectations of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff with respect to normal program administration are discussed throughout this plan. This section specifically addresses actions of a **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff member that are considered errors or program abuse related to the HCV program. Additional standards of conduct may be provided in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** personnel policy.

PHA-caused incorrect subsidy determinations include (1) failing to correctly apply HCV rules regarding family composition, income, assets, and expenses, (2) assigning the incorrect voucher size to a family, and (3) errors in calculation.

Repayment to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

Neither a family nor an owner is required to repay an overpayment of subsidy if the error or program abuse is caused by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff [HCV GB. 22-12].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Reimbursement to Family or Owner

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must reimburse a family for any underpayment of subsidy, regardless of whether the underpayment was the result of staff-caused error or staff or owner program abuse. Funds for this reimbursement must come from the PHA's administrative fee reserves [HCV GB p. 22-12].

Prohibited Activities

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any of the following will be considered evidence of program abuse by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff:

Failing to comply with any HCV program requirements for personal gain

Failing to comply with any HCV program requirements as a result of a conflict of interest relationship with any applicant, participant, or owner

Seeking or accepting anything of material value from applicants, participating families, vendors, owners, contractors, or other persons who provide services or materials to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subject to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S gift policy (Addendum 14-1)

Disclosing confidential or proprietary information to outside parties **subject to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S confidentiality policy** (Addendum 14-2)

Gaining profit as a result of insider knowledge of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** activities, policies, or practices

Misappropriating or misusing HCV funds

Destroying, concealing, removing, or inappropriately using any records related to the HCV program

Committing any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any federal housing program

14-II.E. CRIMINAL PROSECUTION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that program abuse by an owner, family, or CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff member has occurred and the amount of overpaid subsidy meets or exceeds the threshold for prosecution under local or state law, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will refer the matter to the appropriate entity for prosecution. When the amount of overpaid assistance meets or exceeds the federal threshold, the case will also be referred to the HUD Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Other criminal violations related to the HCV program will be referred to the appropriate local, state, or federal entity.

14-II.F. FRAUD AND PROGRAM ABUSE RECOVERIES

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may retain a portion of program fraud losses that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** recovers from a family or owner through litigation, court order, or a repayment agreement [24 CFR 982.163].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must be the principal party initiating or sustaining the action to recover amounts due from tenants that are due as a result of fraud and abuse. 24 CFR 792.202 permits **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to retain the greater of:

- 50 percent of the amount it actually collects from a judgment, litigation (including settlement of a lawsuit) or an administrative repayment agreement, or
- Reasonable and necessary costs that the PHA incurs related to the collection including costs of investigation, legal fees, and agency collection fees.

The family must be afforded the opportunity for an informal hearing in accordance with requirements in 24 CFR 982.555.

If HUD incurs costs on behalf of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** related to the collection, these costs must be deducted from the amount retained by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

EXHIBIT 14-1: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM GIFT POLICY

Many of our clients and owners offer gifts as a way of saying thank you for the Housing Authority's rental assistance and/or because of kindness and service from a staff person. Acceptance of a personal gift, however, may leave a gift giver with the impression that a special relationship has been established or with expectation of reciprocity from the Housing Authority staff personal in terms of special treatment, services, etc. this can be particularly problematic given the multicultural groups that we serve and their cultural traditions regarding gifts and in particular, gifts to government officials.

For that reason, the Housing Authority generally requests that staff personal decline gifts of all types. This can be done politely informing the gift giver that Housing Authority employees are not allowed to accept gifts. If the person insists on giving the gift or sends it to the office, the following actions are to be taken:

Occasional Gifts of Food or Beverages

Thank the giver and explain that the food will be shared with all Housing Authority staff.

Acceptance of alcoholic beverages is <u>not</u> allowed in any case. Nor can we accept regular, i.e. more than a couple of times per year, gifts of food or beverages from the same person.

Small Gifts with Estimated Value Under and Over \$20

Under \$20: Assuming that the giver will not take the item back, thank s/he and explain that the item will be donated to the agency, another non-profit organization or a client in need enrolled within one of the agency programs.

Over \$20: Advise your supervisor of receipt of the gift, who will contact the giver and explain that it must be returned. If s/he refuses to accept it, the supervisor will send a letter advising that the item will be donated to the agency, another non-profit organization or a client in need enrolled within one of the agency programs.

Cash, Money Orders, Checks, etc. in Any Amount

Immediately report receipt of any cash, money orders, etc. to your supervisor. A copy will be made for the record and the item will be returned by the most appropriate method, e.g. by mail, in person, etc. depending on the amount. A letter explaining that such gifts should not be made and cannot be accepted will accompany the returned gift.

Exhibit 14-2: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Confidentiality Policy

The Nature and Handling of Confidential Information

A significant amount of date, documents, and personal information is routinely collected in the operation of the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. The agency values the security of information and the privacy rights of employees, employment applicants, program participants and program applicants. In addition, privacy rights are protected by State and federal laws, including the Privacy Act. The intent of this Confidentiality Policy is to highlight the areas in our jobs where we should be aware of confidentiality and show how, as staff of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, we have an important role in understanding and upholding these standards. All of us are responsible for ensuring that the confidential information we have is not deliberately or inadvertently released to people not authorized to see the information.

<u>Communication with Employees, Employee Applicants, Program Participants or Program</u> Applicants

All conversations with employment applicants, program participants and program applicants should be conducted in a private area. Interviews and/or short meets are <u>not</u> to be conducted at the front counter, the lobby or other public areas; they should be held in the privacy of conference rooms, the Housing Director's office, if necessary, and/or the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff cubicles when appropriate.

All clients and/or owners (or potential owners) are to be escorted by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff to conference rooms, Housing Director's office and/or CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff cubicles or any other area within the Administrative office. These individuals must sign in/out at the front reception area and obtain a visitor's badge.

Home visits are to be conducted in as private a location as possible within the home. Home visits are to be conducted with head of household and other members of the household who are authorized by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM contract and the owner lease. It is the responsibility of staff to be aware of the surroundings and honor the privacy of our clients at all times.

No data that contains personal information on employees, employment applicants, program participants, program applicants or participant household members that have received our assistance in the past can be removed from our systems and taken away from CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S office in any format. This includes, but is not limited to, attaching it to an email or copying it onto a laptop, compact disk, thumb drive or any type of storage device that would enable someone to view personal information away from the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM office. If you believe you need to have access to the personal information away from the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM office you must prepare a written justification as to why the information is needed, what it will be used for and what procedures will be taken to safeguard the data and destroy it once it is used. The Executive Director or his/her designee must approve the justification.

Information Designated as "Confidential"

The following information is designated as confidential (list is not all-inclusive):

- Income information
- Social Security numbers
- Date of birth

- EIV data
- Medical reports and information
- Police reports
- HUD disclosure forms
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S internal information forms
- Information relating to one's disability
- Employment applications and related information

Confidential and personal information may not be discussed with anyone outside the agency except as shown below and may be discussed within the agency only on a "need to know" basis. Confidential information should not be discussed in public areas of the office, where other staff or the public may overhear.

Employees also have a responsibility to avoid unnecessary disclosure of non-confidential, but nonetheless personal, information about program participants. This includes but is not limited to:

- Personal information observed during a routine visit to or inspection of a housing unit.
- One's status as participant or resident in the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.
- Personal information that a staff member is privy to due to their work.

The use and release of confidential information is limited as follows:

- You should use confidential information only as needed to perform your legitimate duties.
- You cannot divulge, copy, or release confidential information without the express permission of the participant/applicant or unless the participant/applicant and/or another being is in immediate physical danger.
- You are to discuss confidential information with other staff only in the context of your professional duties.
- You are obligated to disclose information that could present a clear and present danger to another individual.

Release of Participant/Applicant Information To Agencies Or Individuals Outside CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

Except for the agencies listed below, and except for law enforcement agencies that request information in the appropriate format, the release of information will not be permitted unless the participant/applicant has signed a specific release of information form for the person or agency and specified the information that can be released to that person or agency.

• Courts, including information required under a valid subpoena.

- U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, including its contractors and Office of Inspector General.
- Insurance third party administrators.
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S auditor.

Information released to the above agencies should be reviewed by a supervisor prior to such release and must consist only of information specifically relevant to the request.

<u>Use of Employee, Employment Applicant, Program Participant or Program Applicant</u> Information For Marketing Purposes

No information that pertains to any employee, employment applicant, program participant or program applicant, including the name, is to be released for marketing purposed without the prior written consent of the party. The consent form must include the specific information that will be used.

<u>Release Of Employee, Program Participant Or Program Applicant Information To The</u> <u>Participant/Individual</u>

Employees may obtain access to their Personnel Files per CCA Personnel Policies and Procedures Policy Number 202.

A program participant or program applicant may request copies of information maintained in their personal file by filling out a request for release of information. The participant/applicant will be allowed to review the tenant information portion of the file and request copies. The cost of copies is \$.10 per page.

Files

Files contain confidential and personal information including income, Social Security numbers, etc., which could be used for identity theft. It is our job as staff of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to protect people's privacy at all times. All EIV reports will be stored in client files which will be kept in locked filing cabinets.

Retention Of Participant Information

Current information related to the verification of income, assets, family composition and banking obtained to determine eligibility and the level of benefits shall be retained for the time required by HUD following the closing of the participant file. If there is a program violation under investigation or if a program violation had been upheld, the file must be retained for a period of not less than three years following the period of statute of limitations for a fraud claim.

Police reports or other documentation of violent and/or drug related criminal activity are to be retained in a file separate from the participant's tenant record and kept in a locked area, consistent with agency procedures. This information is to be destroyed after it has served the purpose for which it was obtained.

Program and Housing Inspection Staff

Where appropriate, staff will review the purpose of the "Release of Information – HUD form 9886", explaining to the family what type of information will be released and to what agencies that information will be disclosed.

Information that a staff person obtains while in the residence of a participant or applicant can only be disclosed to authorize the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff for business related purposes.

All staff must report to their immediate supervisor any illegal activities, dangerous situations, or health and safety issues or conditions that are observed.

Reporting Improper Disclosures

Security violations may include the disclosure or private data as well as attempts to access unauthorized data and the sharing of User IDs and passwords. Upon the discovery of a possible improper disclosure of UIV information or another security violation by an employee or any other person, the individual making the observation or receiving the information shall contact the supervisor. The supervisor shall immediately document all improper disclosures in writing providing details including who was involved, what was disclosed, how the disclosure occurred, and where and when it occurred. If the individual making the observation or receiving the information is not comfortable speaking with the supervisor, s/he shall contact the Executive Director. Where, upon, the Executive Director shall perform the duties as listed above. Within 24 hours of the discovery of the security violation, the following contacts shall be made:

- The supervisor shall contact and provide the Executive Director with the written documentation;
- The Director of Human Resources for Coastal Community Action, Inc. will be provided with the written documentation;
- If the security violation concerns EIV, the Executive Director shall provide the HUD Field Office Public Housing Director with the written documentation

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will implement any immediately identifiable steps for preventing or diminishing the likelihood of any future unauthorized disclosure.

Within 30 days of the discovery of the security violation, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will access any feedback obtained from HUD, as appropriate, in response to the security violation. If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines that additional corrective actions are warranted, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will implement them in a timely manner.

Summary

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM believes in protecting the personal information of the people that we serve. Not only is this a matter of respect, it is a requirement of local and federal privacy laws. It is your responsibility to understand and protect the privacy rights of the people that you serve. If you are unclear on any part of this policy, please ask your supervisor for more information.

Please be aware that you will be held accountable for compliance with this policy. Civil and criminal penalties including a felony conviction and a fine of up to \$5,000 and/or imprisonment for up to five years, can apply for violation of the federal Privacy Act.

Thank you for your work in respecting the rights of the employees, employment applicants, program participants and program applicants that we work with.

I have read and understand my obligation to comply with this Confidentiality Policy

Signature

Date

<mark>Print Name</mark>

Chapter 15

SPECIAL HOUSING TYPES

[24 CFR 982 Subpart M]

INTRODUCTION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may permit a family to use any of the special housing types discussed in this chapter. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not required to permit families receiving assistance in its jurisdiction to use these housing types, except that PHAs must permit use of any special housing type if needed as a reasonable accommodation for a person with a disability. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** also may limit the number of families who receive HCV assistance in these housing types and cannot require families to use a particular housing type. No special funding is provided for special housing types.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Families will not be permitted to use any special housing types, unless:

- use is needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to a person with disabilities;
- Manufactured Homes
- Manufactured home space rental
- Homeownership

Special housing types include single room occupancy (SRO), congregate housing, group homes, shared housing, cooperative housing, manufactured homes where the family owns the home and leases the space, and homeownership [24 CFR 982.601].

This chapter consists of the following seven parts. Each part contains a description of the housing type and any special requirements associated with it. Except as modified by this chapter, the general requirements of the HCV program apply to special housing types.

Part I: Single Room Occupancy Part II: Congregate Housing Part III: Group Homes Part IV: Shared Housing Part V: Cooperative Housing Part VI: Manufactured Homes (including manufactured home space rental) Part VII: Homeownership

PART I: SINGLE ROOM OCCUPANCY

[24 CFR 982.602 through 982.605]

15-I.A. OVERVIEW

A single room occupancy (SRO) unit provides living and sleeping space for the exclusive use of the occupant but requires the occupant to share sanitary and/or food preparation facilities with others. More than one person may not occupy an SRO unit. HCV regulations do not limit the number of units in an SRO facility, but the size of a facility may be limited by local ordinances.

When providing HCV assistance in an SRO unit, a separate lease and HAP contract are executed for each assisted person, and the standard form of the HAP contract is used.

15-I.B. PAYMENT STANDARD, UTILITY ALLOWANCE, AND HAP CALCULATION

The payment standard for SRO housing is 75 percent of the 0-bedroom payment standard amount on the PHA's payment standard schedule.

The utility allowance for an assisted person residing in SRO housing is 75 percent of the zero bedroom utility allowance.

The HAP for an assisted occupant in an SRO facility is the lower of the SRO payment standard amount minus the TTP or the gross rent for the unit minus the TTP.

15-I.C. HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS (HQS)

HQS requirements described in Chapter 8 apply to SRO housing except as modified below.

- Access: Access doors to the SRO unit must have working locks for privacy. The occupant must be able to access the unit without going through any other unit. Each unit must have immediate access to two or more approved means of exit from the building, appropriately marked and leading to safe and open space at ground level. The SRO unit must also have any other means of exit required by State or local law.
- *Fire Safety*: All SRO facilities must have a sprinkler system that protects major spaces. "Major spaces" are defined as hallways, common areas, and any other areas specified in local fire, building, or safety codes. SROs must also have hard-wired smoke detectors, and any other fire and safety equipment required by state or local law.

Sanitary facilities and space and security standards must meet local code requirements for SRO housing. In the absence of local code standards the requirements discussed below apply [24 CFR 982.605].

- *Sanitary Facilities*: At least one flush toilet that can be used in privacy, a lavatory basin, and a bathtub or shower in proper operating condition must be provided for each six persons (or fewer) residing in the SRO facility. If the SRO units are leased only to men, flush urinals may be substituted for up to one half of the required number of toilets. Sanitary facilities must be reasonably accessible from a common hall or passageway, and may not be located more than one floor above or below the SRO unit. They may not be located below grade unless the SRO units are located on that level.
- *Space and Security*: An SRO unit must contain at least 110 square feet of floor space, and at least four square feet of closet space with an unobstructed height of at least five feet, for use by the occupant. If the closet space is less than four square feet, the habitable floor space in the SRO unit must be increased by the amount of the deficiency. Exterior doors and windows accessible from outside the SRO unit must be lockable.

Because no children live in SRO housing, the housing quality standards applicable to leadbased paint do not apply.

PART II: CONGREGATE HOUSING

[24 CFR 982.606 through 982.609]

15-II.A. OVERVIEW

Congregate housing is intended for use by elderly persons or persons with disabilities. A congregate housing facility contains a shared central kitchen and dining area and a private living area for the individual household that includes at least a living room, bedroom and bathroom. Food service for residents must be provided.

If approved by the PHA, a family member or live-in aide may reside with the elderly person or person with disabilities. The PHA must approve a live-in aide if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

When providing HCV assistance in congregate housing, a separate lease and HAP contract are executed for each assisted family, and the standard form of the HAP contract is used.

15-II.B. PAYMENT STANDARD, UTILITY ALLOWANCE, AND HAP CALCULATION

The payment standard for an individual unit in a congregate housing facility is based on the number of rooms in the private living area. If there is only one room in the unit (not including the bathroom or the kitchen, if a kitchen is provided), the PHA must use the payment standard for a 0-bedroom unit. If the unit has two or more rooms (other than the bathroom and the kitchen), the PHA must use the 1-bedroom payment standard.

The HAP for an assisted occupant in a congregate housing facility is the lower of the applicable payment standard minus the TTP or the gross rent for the unit minus the TTP.

The gross rent for the unit for the purpose of calculating HCV assistance is the shelter portion (including utilities) of the resident's monthly housing expense only. The residents' costs for food service should not be included in the rent for a congregate housing unit.

15-II.C. HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS

HQS requirements as described in Chapter 8 apply to congregate housing except for the requirements stated below.

Congregate housing must have (1) a refrigerator of appropriate size in the private living area of each resident; (2) a central kitchen and dining facilities located within the premises and accessible to the residents, and (3) food service for the residents, that is not provided by the residents themselves.

The housing quality standards applicable to lead-based paint do not apply.

PART III: GROUP HOME

[24 CFR 982.610 through 982.614 and HCV GB p. 7-4]

15-III.A. OVERVIEW

A group home is a state-licensed facility intended for occupancy by elderly persons and/or persons with disabilities. Except for live-in aides, all persons living in a group home, whether assisted or not, must be elderly persons or persons with disabilities. Persons living in a group home must not require continuous medical or nursing care.

A group home consists of bedrooms for residents, which can be shared by no more than two people, and a living room, kitchen, dining area, bathroom, and other appropriate social, recreational, or community space that may be shared with other residents.

No more than 12 persons may reside in a group home including assisted and unassisted residents and any live-in aides.

If approved by the PHA, a live-in aide may live in the group home with a person with disabilities. The PHA must approve a live-in aide if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

When providing HCV assistance in a group home, a separate lease and HAP contract is executed for each assisted family, and the standard form of the HAP contract is used.

15-III.B. PAYMENT STANDARD, UTILITY ALLOWANCE, AND HAP CALCULATION

Unless there is a live-in aide, the family unit size for an assisted occupant of a group home must be 0- or 1-bedroom, depending on the PHA's subsidy standard. If there is a live-in aide, the aide must be counted in determining the household's unit size.

The payment standard used to calculate the HAP is the lower of the payment standard for the family unit size or the prorata share of the payment standard for the group home size. The prorata share is calculated by dividing the number of persons in the assisted household by the number of persons (assisted and unassisted) living in the group home.

The HAP for an assisted occupant in a group home is the lower of the payment standard minus the TTP or the gross rent minus the TTP.

The utility allowance for an assisted occupant in a group home is the prorata share of the utility allowance for the group home.

The rents paid for participants residing in group homes are subject to generally applicable standards for rent reasonableness. The rent for an assisted person must not exceed the prorata portion of the reasonable rent for the group home. In determining reasonable rent, the PHA should consider whether sanitary facilities and facilities for food preparation and service are common facilities or private facilities.

15-III.C. HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS

HQS requirements described in Chapter 8 apply to group homes except for the requirements stated below.

- *Sanitary Facilities*: A group home must have at least one bathroom in the facility, with a flush toilet that can be used in privacy, a fixed basin with hot and cold running water, and a shower or bathtub with hot and cold running water. A group home may contain private or common bathrooms. However, no more than four residents can be required to share a bathroom.
- *Food Preparation and Service*: Group home units must contain a kitchen and dining area with adequate space to store, prepare, and serve food. The facilities for food preparation and service may be private or may be shared by the residents. The kitchen must contain a range, an oven, a refrigerator, and a sink with hot and cold running water. The sink must drain into an approvable public or private disposal system.
- *Space and Security*: Group homes must contain at least one bedroom of appropriate size for every two people, and a living room, kitchen, dining area, bathroom, and other appropriate social, recreational, or community space that may be shared with other residents.
- *Structure and Material*: To avoid any threat to the health and safety of the residents, group homes must be structurally sound. Elevators must be in good condition. Group homes must be accessible to and usable by residents with disabilities.
- *Site and Neighborhood*: Group homes must be located in a residential setting. The site and neighborhood should be reasonably free from hazards to the health, safety, and general welfare of the residents, and should not be subject to serious adverse conditions, such as:
 - Dangerous walks or steps
 - Instability
 - Flooding, poor drainage
 - Septic tank back-ups
 - Sewage hazards
 - Mud slides
 - Abnormal air pollution
 - Smoke or dust
 - Excessive noise
 - Vibrations or vehicular traffic
 - Excessive accumulations of trash

- Vermin or rodent infestation, and
- Fire hazards.

The housing quality standards applicable to lead-based paint do not apply.

PART IV: SHARED HOUSING

[24 CFR 982.615 through 982.618]

15-IV.A. OVERVIEW

Shared housing is a single housing unit occupied by an assisted family and another resident or residents. The shared unit consists of both common space for use by the occupants of the unit and separate private space for each assisted family.

An assisted family may share a unit with other persons assisted under the HCV program or with other unassisted persons. The owner of a shared housing unit may reside in the unit, but housing assistance may not be paid on behalf of the owner. The resident owner may not be related by blood or marriage to the assisted family.

If approved by the PHA, a live-in aide may reside with the family to care for a person with disabilities. The PHA must approve a live-in aide if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

When providing HCV assistance in shared housing, a separate lease and HAP contract are executed for each assisted family, and the standard form of the HAP contract is used.

15-IV.B. PAYMENT STANDARD, UTILITY ALLOWANCE AND HAP CALCULATION

The payment standard for a family in shared housing is the lower of the payment standard for the family unit size or the prorata share of the payment standard for the shared housing unit size.

The prorata share is calculated by dividing the number of bedrooms available for occupancy by the assisted family in the private space by the total number of bedrooms in the unit.

The HAP for a family in shared housing is the lower of the payment standard minus the TTP or the gross rent minus the TTP. The utility allowance for an assisted family living in shared housing is the prorata share of the utility allowance for the shared housing unit.

The rents paid for families living in shared housing are subject to generally applicable standards for rent reasonableness. The rent paid to the owner for the assisted family must not exceed the pro-rata portion of the reasonable rent for the shared unit. In determining reasonable rent, the PHA should consider whether sanitary and food preparation areas are private or shared.

15-IV.C. HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS

The PHA may not give approval to reside in shared housing unless the entire unit, including the portion of the unit available for use by the assisted family under its lease, meets the housing quality standards.

HQS requirements described in Chapter 8 apply to shared housing except for the requirements stated below.

- *Facilities Available for the Family*: Facilities available to the assisted family, whether shared or private, must include a living room, a bathroom, and food preparation and refuse disposal facilities.
- *Space and Security*: The entire unit must provide adequate space and security for all assisted and unassisted residents. The private space for each assisted family must contain at least one bedroom for each two persons in the family. The number of bedrooms in the private space of an assisted family must not be less than the family unit size. A 0-bedroom or 1-bedroom unit may not be used for shared housing.

PART V: COOPERATIVE HOUSING

[24 CFR 982.619]

15-V.A. OVERVIEW

This part applies to rental assistance for a cooperative member residing in cooperative housing. It does not apply to assistance for a cooperative member who has purchased membership under the HCV homeownership option, or to rental assistance for a family that leases a cooperative housing unit from a cooperative member.

A cooperative is a form of ownership (nonprofit corporation or association) in which the residents purchase memberships in the ownership entity. Rather than being charged "rent" a cooperative member is charged a "carrying charge."

When providing HCV assistance in cooperative housing, the standard form of the HAP contract is used.

15-V.B. PAYMENT STANDARD, UTILITY ALLOWANCE AND HAP CALCULATION

The payment standard and utility allowance are determined according to regular HCV program requirements.

The HAP for a cooperative housing unit is the lower of the payment standard minus the TTP or the monthly carrying charge for the unit, plus any utility allowance, minus the TTP. The monthly carrying charge includes the member's share of the cooperative debt service, operating expenses, and necessary payments to cooperative reserve funds. The carrying charge does not include down payments or other payments to purchase the cooperative unit or to amortize a loan made to the family for this purpose.

15-V.C. HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS

All standard HQS requirements apply to cooperative housing units. There are no additional HQS requirements.

PART VI: MANUFACTURED HOMES

[24 CFR 982.620 through 982.624]

15-VI.A. OVERVIEW

A manufactured home is a manufactured structure, transportable in one or more parts, hat is built on a permanent chassis, and designed for use as a principal place of residence. HCV-assisted families may occupy manufactured homes in two different ways.

(1) A family can choose to rent a manufactured home already installed on a space and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must permit it. In this instance program rules are the same as when a family rents any other residential housing, except that there are special HQS requirements as provided in 15-VI.D below.

(2) HUD also permits an otherwise eligible family that owns a manufactured home to rent a space for the manufactured home and receive HCV assistance with the rent for the space. PHAs may, but are not required to, provide assistance for such families.

15-VI.B. SPECIAL POLICIES FOR MANUFACTURED HOME OWNERS WHO LEASE A SPACE

Family Income

In determining the annual income of families leasing manufactured home spaces, the value of the family's equity in the manufactured home in which the family resides is not counted as a family asset.

Lease and HAP Contract

There is a separate Tenancy Addendum (Form 52642-a) and separate HAP Contract (Form 52642) for this special housing type.

15-VI.C. PAYMENT STANDARD, UTILITY ALLOWANCE AND HAP CALCULATION

Payment Standards

The FMR for a manufactured home space is generally 40 percent of the published FMR for a 2bedroom unit or, where approved by HUD, the 40th percentile of the rental distribution of manufactured home spaces for the FMR area. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may establish a payment standard for manufactured home spaces that is between 90-110 percent of the FMR for manufactured home spaces.

Utility Allowance

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must establish utility allowances for manufactured home space rental. For the first 12 months of the initial lease term only, the allowance must include an amount for a utility hook-up charge if the family actually incurred a hook-up charge because of a move. This allowance will not be given to a family that leases in place. Utility allowances for manufactured home space must not include the costs of digging a well or installing a septic system.

Space Rent

The space rent is the sum of the rent to the owner for the manufactured home space, any charges for maintenance and management provided by the owner, and the utility allowance for tenant-paid utilities.

Housing Assistance Payment

The HAP for a manufactured home space under the housing choice voucher program is the lower of the payment standard minus the TTP or the (gross) manufactured home space rent minus the TTP.

Rent Reasonableness

Initially, and annually thereafter the PHA must determine that the rent for the manufactured home space is reasonable based on rents for comparable manufactured home spaces. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must consider the location and size of the space, and any services and maintenance to be provided by the owner. By accepting the monthly HAP check, the owner certifies that the rent does not exceed rents charged by the owner for comparable unassisted spaces in the manufactured home park or elsewhere.

15-VI.D. HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS

Under either type of occupancy described in 15-VI.A above, the manufactured home must meet all HQS performance requirements and acceptability criteria discussed in Chapter 8 of this plan. In addition, the following requirement applies:

Manufactured Home Tie-Down

A manufactured home must be placed on the site in a stable manner, and must be free from hazards such as sliding or wind damage. The home must be securely anchored by a tie-down device that distributes and transfers the loads imposed by the unit to appropriate ground anchors to resist overturning and sliding.

PART VII: HOMEOWNERSHIP

[24 CFR 982.625 through 982.643]

15-VII.A. OVERVIEW [24 CFR 982.625]

The homeownership option is used to assist a family residing in a home purchased and owned by one or more members of the family. A family assisted under this option may be newly admitted or an existing participant in the HCV program. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must have the capacity to operate a successful HCV homeownership program as defined by the regulations.

There are two forms of homeownership assistance a PHA may offer under this option: monthly homeownership assistance payments, or a single down payment assistance grant. PHAs may choose to offer either or both forms of homeownership assistance, or choose not to offer either. If a PHA offers both forms of assistance, a family must choose which form of assistance to receive.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must offer either form of homeownership assistance if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. It is the sole responsibility of **CCA SECTION 8**

HOUSING PROGRAM to determine whether it is reasonable to implement a homeownership program as a reasonable accommodation. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine what is reasonable based on the specific circumstances and individual needs of the person with a disability. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may determine that it is not reasonable to offer homeownership assistance as a reasonable accommodation in cases where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has otherwise opted not to implement a homeownership program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must approve a live-in aide if needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the program is readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities.

15-VII.B. FAMILY ELIGIBILITY [24 CFR 982.627]

The family must meet all of the requirements listed below before the commencement of homeownership assistance. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may also establish additional initial requirements as long as they are described in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM administrative plan.

- The family must have been admitted to the Housing Choice Voucher program.
- The family must qualify as a first-time homeowner, or may be a cooperative member.
- The family must meet the Federal minimum income requirement. The family must have a gross annual income equal to the Federal minimum wage multiplied by 2000, based on the income of adult family members who will own the home. The PHA may establish a higher income standard for families. However, a family that meets the federal minimum income requirement (but not CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S requirement) will be considered to meet the minimum income requirement if it can demonstrate that it has been pre-qualified or pre-approved for financing that is sufficient to purchase an eligible unit.
- For disabled families, the minimum income requirement is equal to the current SSI monthly payment for an individual living alone, multiplied by 12.
- For elderly or disabled families, welfare assistance payments for adult family members who will own the home will be included in determining whether the family meets the minimum income requirement. It will not be included for other families.
- For disabled and elderly families, there will be no additional minimum income requirement. For non-disabled families, the minimum income requirement will be the Federal minimum wage times 2000 year. The requirements of 982.627(c)(3) will be applicable.
 - Minimum Wage
 - \$7.25 beginning 7/24/2009
- The family must satisfy the employment requirements by demonstrating that one or more adult members of the family who will own the home at commencement of homeownership assistance is currently employed on a full-time basis (the term 'full-time employment' means not less than an average of 30 hours per week); and has been continuously so employed during the year before commencement of homeownership assistance for the family.

- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will count self-employment in a business when determining whether the family meets the employment requirement.
- The employment requirement does not apply to elderly and disabled families. In addition, if a family, other than an elderly or disabled family includes a person with disabilities, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must grant an exemption from the employment requirement if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that it is needed as a reasonable accommodation.
- The family has not defaulted on a mortgage securing debt to purchase a home under the homeownership option
- Except for cooperative members who have acquired cooperative membership shares prior to commencement of homeownership assistance, no family member has a present ownership interest in a residence at the commencement of homeownership assistance for the purchase of any home.
- Except for cooperative members who have acquired cooperative membership shares prior to the commencement of homeownership assistance, the family has entered a contract of sale in accordance with 24 CFR 982.631(c).
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will impose additional eligibility requirements. To be eligible to participate in the homeownership option, families must meet the following criteria:
 - The family has had no family-caused violations of HUD's Housing Quality standards within the past year.
 - The family is not within the initial period of a HAP Contract.
 - The family does not owe money to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM or any other PHA.

15-VII.C. SELECTION OF FAMILIES [24 CFR 982.626]

Unless otherwise provided (under the homeownership option), CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may limit homeownership assistance to families or purposes defined by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, and may prescribe additional requirements for commencement of homeownership assistance for a family. Any such limits or additional requirements must be described in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM administrative plan.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** limits the number of families that may participate in the homeownership option, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must establish a system by which to select families to participate.

15-VII.D. ELIGIBLE UNITS [24 CFR 982.628]

In order for a unit to be eligible, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine that the unit satisfies all of the following requirements:

• The unit must meet HUD's "eligible housing" requirements. The unit may not be any of the following:

- A public housing or Indian housing unit;
- A unit receiving Section 8 project-based assistance;
- A nursing home, board and care home, or facility providing continual psychiatric, medical or nursing services;
- A college or other school dormitory;
- On the grounds of penal, reformatory, medical, mental, or similar public or private institutions.
- The unit must be under construction or already exist at the time the family enters into the contract of sale.
- The unit must be a one-unit property or a single dwelling unit in a cooperative or condominium.
- The unit must have been inspected by the PHA and by an independent inspector designated by the family.
- The unit must meet Housing Quality Standards (see Chapter 8).
- For a unit where the family will not own fee title to the real property (such as a manufactured home), the home must have a permanent foundation and the family must have the right to occupy the site for at least 40 years.
- For CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -owned units all of the following conditions must be satisfied:
 - CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM informs the family, both orally and in writing, that the family has the right to purchase any eligible unit and a CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -owned unit is freely selected by the family without CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM pressure or steering;
 - The unit is not ineligible housing;
 - CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM obtains the services of an independent agency to inspect the unit for compliance with HQS, review the independent inspection report, review the contract of sale, determine the reasonableness of the sales price and any CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM provided financing. All of these actions must be completed in accordance with program requirements.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must not approve the unit if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has been informed that the seller is debarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation.

15-VII.E. ADDITIONAL PHA REQUIREMENTS FOR SEARCH AND PURCHASE [24 CFR 982.629]

It is the family's responsibility to find a home that meets the criteria for voucher homeownership assistance. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may establish the maximum time that will be allowed for a family to locate and purchase a home, and may require the family to report on their progress in finding and purchasing a home. If the family is unable to purchase a home within the maximum time established by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, **CCA**

SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may issue the family a voucher to lease a unit or place the family's name on the waiting list for a voucher.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family will be allowed 120 days to identify a unit and submit a sales contract to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM for review. The family will be allowed an additional 120 days to close on the home. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may grant extensions to either of these periods for good cause. The length of the extension(s) will be determined on a case-by-case, but no case will an extension exceed a total of 125 days. The maximum amount of time a family will be given to locate and complete the purchase of a home under the homeownership option is 365 days.

During these periods, the family will continue to receive HCV rental assistance in accordance with any applicable lease and HAP contract until the family vacates the rental unit for its purchased home.

All requests for extensions must be submitted in writing to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM prior to the expiration of the period for which the extension is being requested. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will approve or disapprove the extension request within 10 business days. The family will be notified of the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S decision in writing.

15-VII.F. HOMEOWNERSHIP COUNSELING [24 CFR 982.630]

Before commencement of homeownership assistance for a family, the family must attend and satisfactorily complete the pre-assistance homeownership and housing counseling program required by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. HUD suggests the following topics for the PHA-required pre-assistance counseling:

- Home maintenance (including care of the grounds);
- Budgeting and money management;
- Credit counseling;
- How to negotiate the purchase price of a home;
- How to obtain homeownership financing and loan pre-approvals, including a description of types of financing that may be available, and the pros and cons of different types of financing;
- How to find a home, including information about homeownership opportunities, schools, and transportation in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM jurisdiction;
- Advantages of purchasing a home in an area that does not have a high concentration of lowincome families and how to locate homes in such areas;
- Information on fair housing, including fair housing lending and local fair housing enforcement agencies; and

• Information about the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) (RESPA), state and Federal truth-in-lending laws, and how to identify and avoid loans with oppressive terms and conditions.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may adapt the subjects covered in pre-assistance counseling (as listed) to local circumstances and the needs of individual families.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may also offer additional counseling after commencement of homeownership assistance (ongoing counseling). If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** offers a program of ongoing counseling for participants in the homeownership option, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** shall have discretion to determine whether the family is required to participate in the ongoing counseling.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If required by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, families must attend and

Complete post-purchase ongoing homeownership counseling.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** does not use a HUD-approved housing counseling agency to provide the counseling, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** should ensure that its counseling program is consistent with the counseling provided under HUD's Housing Counseling program.

15-VII.G. HOME INSPECTIONS, CONTRACT OF SALE, AND PHA DISAPPROVAL OF SELLER [24 CFR 982.631]

Home Inspections

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not commence monthly homeownership assistance payments or provide down payment assistance grants for a family until **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has inspected the unit and has determined that the unit passes HQS.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When the family locates a home it wishes to purchase and submits a copy of its purchase offer/contract, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct a housing quality standards (HQS) inspection within 10 business days. Any items found not to meet HQS must be repaired before the unit can be determined eligible for the homeownership program.

While the family is receiving homeownership assistance, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will conduct an HQS inspection annually.

An independent professional inspector selected by and paid for by the family must also inspect the unit. The independent inspection must cover major building systems and components, including foundation and structure, housing interior and exterior, and the roofing, plumbing, electrical, and heating systems. The independent inspector must be qualified to report on property conditions, including major building systems and components.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not require the family to use an independent inspector selected by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. The independent inspector may not be **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** employee or contractor, or other person

under control of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may establish standards for qualification of inspectors selected by families under the homeownership option.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family must hire an independent professional inspector, whose report must be submitted to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM for review. This inspector must be a member of the American Society of Home Inspectors (ASHI) or other recognized professional society, or a licensed engineer. The inspector may not be a CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM employee.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may disapprove a unit for assistance based on information in the independent inspector's report, even if the unit was found to comply with HQS.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the professional report in a timely fashion and, based on the presence of major physical problems, may disapprove the purchase of the home.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM disapproves the purchase of a home, the family will be notified in writing of the reasons for the disapproval.

Contract of Sale

Before commencement of monthly homeownership assistance payments or receipt of a down payment assistance grant, a member or members of the family must enter into a contract of sale with the seller of the unit to be acquired by the family. The family must give **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** a copy of the contract of sale. The contract of sale must:

- Specify the price and other terms of sale by the seller to the purchaser;
- Provide that the purchaser will arrange for a pre-purchase inspection of the dwelling unit by an independent inspector selected by the purchaser;
- Provide that the purchaser is not obligated to purchase the unit unless the inspection is satisfactory to the purchaser;
- Provide that the purchaser is not obligated to pay for any necessary repairs; and
- Contain a certification from the seller that the seller has not been debarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation under CFR part 24.

Disapproval of a Seller

In its administrative discretion, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may deny approval of a seller for the same reasons a **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may disapprove an owner under the regular HCV program [see 24 CFR 982.306(c)].

15-VII.H. FINANCING [24 CFR 982.632]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may establish requirements for financing purchase of a home under the homeownership option. This may include requirements concerning

qualification of lenders, terms of financing, restrictions concerning debt secured by the home, lender qualifications, loan terms, and affordability of the debt. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must establish policies describing these requirements in the administrative plan.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not require that families acquire financing from one or more specified lenders, thereby restricting the family's ability to secure favorable financing terms.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

As a check against predatory lending, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the loans for features, such as balloon payments, adjustable rate mortgages, and unusually high interest rates, all of which are prohibited. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may approve "seller financing" or "ownerheld" mortgages on a case-by-case basis. Beyond these basic criteria, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will rely on the lenders to determine that the loan will be affordable to program participants.

The mortgage the family applies for must require a minimum down payment of at least 3% of the sales price with 1% of the down payment coming from the purchaser's personal funds. Exceptions may apply for government assisted programs such as Habitat for Humanity or Rural Housing Development (USDA). CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not require that the family have any more than the minimum of 1% of their own money in the transaction. However, in cases where a lender is requiring a larger amount, the family may be held to the underwriting guidelines set by their lending institution.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will approve a family's request to utilize its Family Self-Sufficiency escrow account for down payment and/or closing costs when purchasing a unit under the HCV homeownership option. The family must be in good-standing within the FSS program as well as the HCV program and be working towards the goals of completion as outlined in the FSS contract.

15-VII.I. CONTINUED ASSISTANCE REQUIREMENTS; FAMILY OBLIGATIONS [24 CFR 982.633]

Homeownership assistance may only be paid while the family is residing in the home. If the family moves out of the home, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not continue homeownership assistance after the month when the family moves out. The family or lender is not required to refund to the PHA the homeownership assistance for the month when the family moves out.

Before commencement of homeownership assistance, the family must execute a statement in which the family agrees to comply with all family obligations under the homeownership option.

The family must comply with the following obligations:

- The family must comply with the terms of the mortgage securing debt incurred to purchase the home, or any refinancing of such debt.
- The family may not convey or transfer ownership of the home, except for purposes of financing, refinancing, or pending settlement of the estate of a deceased family member. Use and occupancy of the home are subject to 24 CFR 982.551 (h) and (i).
- The family must supply information to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or HUD as specified in 24 CFR 982.551(b). The family must further supply any information required by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** or HUD concerning mortgage financing or refinancing, sale or transfer of any interest in the home, or homeownership expenses.
- The family must notify CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM before moving out of the home.
- The family must notify **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** if the family defaults on the mortgage used to purchase the home.
- No family member may have any ownership interest in any other residential property.
- The family must comply with the obligations of a participant family described in 24 CFR 982.551, except for the following provisions which do not apply to assistance under the homeownership option: 24 CFR 982.551(c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (j).
- Any HQS failed items noted on any inspection after the initial inspection will have to be corrected by the family within 30-calendar days as a condition of continued assistance. Exigent health and safety items will have to be corrected by the family within 24 hours.

• 15-VII.J. MAXIMUM TERM OF HOMEOWNER ASSISTANCE [24 CFR 982.634]

Except in the case of a family that qualifies as an elderly or disabled family, other family members (described below) shall not receive homeownership assistance for more than:

- Fifteen years, if the initial mortgage incurred to finance purchase of the home has a term of 20 years or longer; or
- Ten years, in all other cases.

The maximum term described above applies to any member of the family who:

- Has an ownership interest in the unit during the time that homeownership payments are made; or
- Is the spouse of any member of the household who has an ownership interest in the unit during the time homeownership payments are made.

In the case of an elderly family, the exception only applies if the family qualifies as an elderly family at the start of homeownership assistance. In the case of a disabled family, the exception applies if at any time during receipt of homeownership assistance the family qualifies as a disabled family.

If, during the course of homeownership assistance, the family ceases to qualify as a disabled or elderly family, the maximum term becomes applicable from the date homeownership assistance commenced. However, such a family must be provided at least 6 months of homeownership

assistance after the maximum term becomes applicable (provided the family is otherwise eligible to receive homeownership assistance).

If the family has received such assistance for different homes, or from different PHAs, the total of such assistance terms is subject to the maximum term described in this part.

15-VII.K. HOMEOWNERSHIP ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS AND HOMEOWNERSHIP EXPENSES [24 CFR 982.635]

The monthly homeownership assistance payment is the lower of: the voucher payment standard minus the total tenant payment, or the monthly homeownership expenses minus the total tenant payment.

In determining the amount of the homeownership assistance payment, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use the same payment standard schedule, payment standard amounts, and subsidy standards as those described in elsewhere in this plan for the Housing Choice Voucher program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may pay the homeownership assistance payments directly to the family, or at **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** discretion, to a lender on behalf of the family. If the assistance payment exceeds the amount due to the lender, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must pay the excess directly to the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S housing assistance payment will be paid directly to the lender unless the mortgage company refuses to accept payments from more than one source. In such case, the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S housing assistance payment will be paid directly to the family. If the assistance payment exceeds the amount due to the lender, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must pay the excess directly to the family.

Homeownership assistance for a family terminates automatically 180 calendar days after the last homeownership assistance payment on behalf of the family. However, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may grant relief from this requirement in those cases where automatic termination would result in extreme hardship for the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In order for CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to consider granting relief from the requirement to automatically terminate homeownership assistance 180 days following CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S last housing assistance payment on behalf of the family, the family must submit a request to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM at least 30 days prior to the date of automatic termination. The request must include an explanation of the circumstances that will cause an extreme hardship for the family (e.g., the imminent loss of income or employment) as well as documentation supporting the request. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine on a case-by-case basis whether to grant relief from the requirement and for what period of time. In no case will CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM postpone termination beyond an additional 90 days. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must adopt policies for determining the amount of homeownership expenses to be allowed by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in accordance with HUD requirements.

Homeownership expenses (not including cooperatives) only include amounts allowed by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to cover:

- Principal and interest on initial mortgage debt, any refinancing of such debt, and any mortgage insurance premium incurred to finance purchase of the home;
- Real estate taxes and public assessments on the home;
- Home insurance;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM allowance for maintenance expenses;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM allowance for costs of major repairs and replacements;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM utility allowance for the home;
- Principal and interest on mortgage debt incurred to finance costs for major repairs, replacements or improvements for the home. If a member of the family is a person with disabilities, such debt may include debt incurred by the family to finance costs needed to make the home accessible for such person, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that allowance of such costs as homeownership expenses is needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the homeownership option is readily accessible to and usable by such person;
- Land lease payments where a family does not own fee title to the real property on which the home is located; [see 24 CFR 982.628(b)].
- For a condominium unit, condominium operating charges or maintenance fees assessed by the condominium homeowner association.

Homeownership expenses for a cooperative member may only include amounts allowed by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to cover:

- The cooperative charge under the cooperative occupancy agreement including payment for real estate taxes and public assessments on the home;
- Principal and interest on initial debt incurred to finance purchase of cooperative membership shares and any refinancing of such debt;
- Home insurance;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM allowance for maintenance expenses;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM allowance for costs of major repairs and replacements;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM utility allowance for the home; and
- Principal and interest on debt incurred to finance major repairs, replacements or improvements for the home. If a member of the family is a person with disabilities, such debt may include debt incurred by the family to finance costs needed to make the home accessible

for such person, if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determines that allowance of such costs as homeownership expenses is needed as a reasonable accommodation so that the homeownership option is readily accessible to and usable by such person.

• Cooperative operating charges or maintenance fees assessed by the cooperative homeowner association.

15-VII.L. PORTABILITY [24 CFR 982.636, 982.637, 982.353(b) and (c), 982.552, 982.553]

Subject to the restrictions on portability included in HUD regulations and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** policies, a family may exercise portability if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is administering a voucher homeownership program and accepting new homeownership families. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may absorb the family into its voucher program, or bill the initial PHA.

The family must attend the briefing and counseling sessions required by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will determine whether the financing for, and the physical condition of the unit, are acceptable. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must promptly notify the initial PHA if the family has purchased an eligible unit under the program, or if the family is unable to purchase a home within the maximum time established by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

15-VII.M. MOVING WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE [24 CFR 982.637]

A family receiving homeownership assistance may move with continued tenant-based assistance. The family may move with voucher rental assistance or with voucher homeownership assistance. Continued tenant-based assistance for a new unit cannot begin so long as any family member holds title to the prior home.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

For families participating in the homeownership option, requests to move will be approved and/or denied in accordance with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies in Chapter 10.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not require additional counseling of any families who move with continued assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may deny permission to move to a new unit with continued voucher assistance as follows:

- Lack of funding to provide continued assistance.
- At any time, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may deny permission to move with continued rental or homeownership assistance in accordance with 24 CFR 982.638, regarding denial or termination of assistance.
- In accordance with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S policy regarding number of moves within a 12-month period.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must deny the family permission to move to a new unit with continued voucher rental assistance if:

• The family defaulted on an FHA-insured mortgage; and

• The family fails to demonstrate that the family has conveyed, or will convey, title to the home, as required by HUD, to HUD or HUD's designee; and the family has moved, or will move, from the home within the period established or approved by HUD.

15-VII.N. DENIAL OR TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE [24 CFR 982.638]

At any time, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may deny or terminate homeownership assistance in accordance with HCV program requirements in 24 CFR 982.552 (Grounds for denial or termination of assistance) or 24 CFR 982.553 (Crime by family members).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may also deny or terminate assistance for violation of participant obligations described in 24 CFR Parts 982.551 or 982.633 and in accordance with its own policy.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must terminate voucher homeownership assistance for any member of family receiving homeownership assistance that is dispossessed from the home pursuant to a judgment or order of foreclosure on any mortgage (whether FHA insured or non-FHA) securing debt incurred to purchase the home, or any refinancing of such debt.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will terminate a family's homeownership assistance if the family violates any of the homeowner obligations listed in Section 1, as well as for any of the reasons listed in Section 2 of form HUD-52649, Statement of Homeowner Obligations Housing Choice Homeownership Voucher Program.

In making its decision to terminate homeownership assistance, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider alternatives as described in Section 12-II.C and other factors described in Section 12-II.D. Upon consideration of such alternatives and factors, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may, on caseby-case basis, choose not to terminate assistance.

Termination notices will be sent in accordance with the requirements and policies set forth in Section 12-II.F.

Chapter 16

PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

INTRODUCTION

This chapter discusses administrative policies and practices that are relevant to the activities covered in this plan. The policies are discussed in seven parts as described below:

<u>Part I: Administrative Fee Reserve</u>. This part describes **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** policies with regard to oversight of expenditures from its administrative fee reserve.

<u>Part II: Setting Program Standards and Schedules.</u> This part describes what payment standards are, and how they are updated, as well as how utility allowances are established and revised.

<u>Part III: Informal Reviews and Hearings</u>. This part outlines the requirements and procedures for informal reviews and hearings, and for informal hearings regarding citizenship status.

<u>Part IV: Owner or Family Debts to</u> CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. This part describes policies for recovery of monies that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** has overpaid on behalf of families, or to owners, and describes the circumstances under which CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will offer repayment agreements to owners and families. Also discussed are the consequences for failure to make payments in accordance with a repayment agreement.

<u>Part V: Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP)</u>. This part describes what the SEMAP scores represent, how they are established, and how those scores affect **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

<u>Part VI: Record-Keeping</u>. All aspects of the program involve certain types of recordkeeping. This part outlines the privacy rights of applicants and participants and record retention policies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will follow.

Part VII: Reporting and Record Keeping for Children with Environmental Intervention Blood Lead Level. This part describes **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** responsibilities for reporting, data collection, and record keeping relative to children with environmental intervention blood lead levels that are less than six years of age, and are receiving HCV assistance.

<u>Part VIII: Determination of Insufficient Funding</u>. This part describes **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** policies for determining if there is sufficient funding to issue vouchers, to approve moves to higher cost units or areas, and to continue assistance for all participant families.

Part IX: Violence against Women Act (VAWA): Notification, Documentation, <u>Confidentiality</u>. This part contains key terms used in VAWA and describes requirements related to notifying families and owners about their rights and responsibilities under VAWA; requesting documentation from victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking; and maintaining the confidentiality of information obtained from victims.

PART I: ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE [24 CFR 982.155]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must maintain an administrative fee reserve for the program to pay program administrative expenses in excess of administrative fees paid by HUD for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** fiscal year. If funds in the administrative fee reserve are not needed to cover **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** administrative expenses, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may use these funds for other housing purposes permitted by Federal, State and local law.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has not adequately administered any Section 8 program, HUD may prohibit use of funds in the administrative fee reserve, and may direct **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to use funds in the reserve to improve administration of the program or to reimburse ineligible expenses. HUD also may prohibit use of the funds for certain purposes.

HUD requires **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** Board of Commissioners or other authorized officials to establish the maximum amount that may be charged against the administrative fee reserve without specific approval.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Expenditures from the administrative fee reserve will be made in accordance with all applicable Federal requirements. Expenditures will not exceed \$5,000per occurrence without the prior approval of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Board of Directors. Expenditures under \$5,000 will be approved by the Executive Director and will be processed per CCA agency-wide policy.

PART II: SETTING PROGRAM STANDARDS AND SCHEDULES

16-II.A. OVERVIEW

Although many of the program's requirements are established centrally by HUD, the HCV program's regulations recognize that some flexibility is required to allow **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to adapt the program to local conditions. This part discusses how **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** establishes and updates certain schedules and standards that are used to administer the program locally. Details about how these schedules are applied to individual families are provided in other chapters. The schedules and standards discussed here include:

- *Payment Standards*, which dictate the maximum subsidy a family can receive (application of the payment standards is discussed in Chapter 6); and
- *Utility Allowances*, which specify how a family's payment should be adjusted to account for tenant-paid utilities (application of utility allowances is discussed in Chapter 6).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Copies of the payment standard and utility allowance schedules are available for review in CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM offices during normal business hours and on the agency website Families, owners, and members of the public may submit written comments on the schedules discussed in this part, at any time, for consideration during the next revision cycle.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will maintain documentation to support its annual review of payment standards and utility allowance schedules. This documentation will be retained for at least 3 years.

16-II.B. PAYMENT STANDARDS [24 CFR 982.503; HCV GB, Chapter 7]

The payment standard sets the maximum subsidy payment a family can receive from **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** each month [24 CFR 982.505(a)]. Payment standards are based on fair market rents (FMRs) published annually by HUD. FMRs are set at a percentile within the rent distribution of standard quality rental housing units in each FMR area. For most jurisdictions FMRs are set at the 40th percentile of rents in the market area.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must establish a payment standard schedule that establishes payment standard amounts for each FMR area within **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction, and for each unit size within each of the FMR areas. For each unit size, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may establish a single payment standard amount for the whole FMR area, or may set different payment standards for different parts of the FMR area. Unless HUD grants an exception, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is required to establish a payment standard within a "basic range" established by HUD – between 90 and 110 percent of the published FMR for each unit size.

Updating Payment Standards

When HUD updates its FMRs, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must update its payment standards if the standards are no longer within the basic range [24 CFR 982.503(b)]. HUD may require **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to make further adjustments if it determines that rent burdens for assisted families in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** jurisdiction are unacceptably high 24 CFR 982.503(g)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the appropriateness of the payment standards on an annual basis when the new FMR is published. In addition to ensuring the payment standards are always within the "basic range" **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the following factors when determining whether an adjustment should be made to the payment standard schedule:

Funding Availability: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the budget to determine the impact projected subsidy adjustments will have on funding available for the program and the number of families served. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will compare the number of families who could be served under revised payment standard amounts with the number assisted under current payment standard amounts.

Rent Burden of Participating Families: Rent burden will be determined by identifying the percentage of families, for each unit size, that are paying more than 30 percent of their monthly adjusted income as the family share. When 40 percent or more of families, for any given unit size, are paying more than 30

percent of adjusted monthly income as the family share, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider increasing the payment standard. In evaluating rent burdens, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will not include families renting a larger unit than their family unit size.

Quality of Units Selected: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the quality of units selected by participant families when making the determination of the percent of income families are paying for housing, to ensure that payment standard increases are only made when needed to reach the midrange of the market.

Changes in Rent to Owner: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may review a sample of the units to determine how often owners are increasing or decreasing rents and the average percent of increases/decreases by bedroom size.

Unit Availability: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the availability of units for each unit size, particularly in areas with low concentrations of poor and minority families.

Lease-up Time and Success Rate: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will consider the percentage of families that are unable to locate suitable housing before the voucher expires and whether families are leaving the jurisdiction to find affordable housing.

Rents in the Market Area: CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will review the rents of units for each unit size in the market area.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Changes to payment standard amounts will be effective on December 1st of every year unless, based on the proposed FMRs, it appears that one or more of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** current payment standard amounts will be outside the basic range when the final FMRs are published. In that case, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** payment standards will be effective October 1st instead of December 1st.

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has already processed reexaminations that will be effective on or after October 1st, and the effective date of the payment standards is October 1st, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will make retroactive adjustments to any such reexaminations if the new payment standard amount is higher than the one used by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** at the time the reexamination was originally processed.

Exception Payment Standards [982.503(c)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must request HUD approval to establish payment standards that are higher than the basic range. At HUD's sole discretion, HUD may approve a payment standard amount that is higher than the basic range for a designated part of the FMR area. HUD may approve an exception payment standard amount (in accordance with program requirements) for all units, or for all units of a given size, leased by program families in the exception area. Any PHA with jurisdiction in the exception area may use the HUD-approved exception payment standard amount. The total population of all HUD-approved exception areas in an FMR area may not include more than 50 percent of the population of the FMR area.

Unit-by-Unit Exceptions [24 CFR 982.503(c)(2)(ii), 24 CFR 982.505(d), Notice PIH 2010-26]

Unit-by-unit exceptions to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** payment standards generally are not permitted. However, an exception may be made as a reasonable accommodation for a family that includes a person with disabilities. (See Chapter 2 for a discussion of reasonable accommodations.) This type of exception does not affect **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** payment standard schedule.

When needed as a reasonable accommodation, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may make an exception to the payment standard without HUD approval if the exception amount does not exceed 110 percent of the applicable FMR for the unit size [HCV GB 7-9]. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may request HUD approval for an exception to the payment standard for a particular family if the required amount falls between 110 and 120 percent of the FMR.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A family that requires a reasonable accommodation may request a higher payment standard at the time the Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA) is submitted. The family must document the need for the exception. In order to approve an exception, or request an exception from HUD, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must determine that:

There is a shortage of affordable units that would be appropriate for the family;

The family's TTP would otherwise exceed 40 percent of adjusted monthly income; and

The rent for the unit is reasonable.

"Success Rate" Payment Standard Amounts [24 CFR 982.503(e)]

If a substantial percentage of families have difficulty finding a suitable unit, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may request a "success rate payment standard" that applies to the entire jurisdiction. If approved by HUD, a success rate payment standard allows **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to set its payment standards at 90-110 percent of a higher FMR (the 50th, rather than the 40th percentile FMR). To support the request, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must demonstrate that during the most recent 6-month period for which information is available:

- Fewer than 75 percent of families who were issued vouchers became participants;
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM had established payment standards for all unit sizes, and for the entire jurisdiction, at 110 percent of the published FMR; and
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM had a policy of allowing voucher holders who made sustained efforts to locate units at least 90 days to search for a unit.

Although HUD approves the success rate payment standard for all unit sizes in the FMR area, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may choose to adjust the payment standard for only some unit sizes in all, or a designated part, of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S jurisdiction within the FMR area.

Decreases in the Payment Standard Below the Basic Range [24 CFR 982.503(d)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must request HUD approval to establish a payment standard amount that is lower than the basic range. At HUD's sole discretion, HUD may approve establishment of a payment standard lower than the basic range. HUD will not approve a lower payment standard if the family share for more than 40 percent of program participants exceeds 30 percent of adjusted monthly income.

16-II.C. UTILITY ALLOWANCES [24 CFR 982.517]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM -established utility allowance schedule is used in determining family share and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** subsidy. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must maintain a utility allowance schedule for (1) all tenant-paid utilities, (2) the cost of tenant-supplied refrigerators and ranges, and (3) other tenant-paid housing services such as trash collection.

The utility allowance schedule must be determined based on the typical cost of utilities and services paid by energy-conservative households that occupy housing of similar size and type in the same locality. In developing the schedule, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must use normal patterns of consumption for the community as a whole, and current utility rates.

The utility allowance must include the utilities and services that are necessary in the locality to provide housing that complies with housing quality standards. Costs for telephone, cable/satellite television, and internet services are not included in the utility allowance schedule.

In the utility allowance schedule, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must classify utilities and other housing services according to the following general categories: space heating; air conditioning; cooking; water heating; water; sewer; trash collection; other electric; cost of tenant-supplied refrigerator; cost of tenant-supplied range; and other specified housing services.

The cost of each utility and housing service must be stated separately by unit size and type. Chapter 18 of the *HCV Guidebook* provides detailed guidance to the PHA about establishing utility allowance schedules.

Air Conditioning

An allowance for air-conditioning must be provided when the majority of housing units in the market have central air-conditioning or are wired for tenant-installed air conditioners.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has included an allowance for airconditioning in its schedule. Central air-conditioning or a portable air conditioner must be present in a unit before **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will apply this allowance to a family's rent and subsidy calculations.

Reasonable Accommodation

HCV program regulations require CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to approve a utility allowance amount higher than shown on CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S schedule if a higher allowance is needed as a reasonable accommodation for a family member with a disability. For example, if a family member with a disability requires such an accommodation, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will approve an allowance for air-conditioning, even if CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has determined that an

allowance for air-conditioning generally is not needed (See Chapter 2 for policies regarding the request and approval of reasonable accommodations).

Utility Allowance Revisions

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must review its schedule of utility allowances each year, and must revise the schedule if there has been a change of 10 percent or more in any utility rate since the last time the allowance for that utility was revised.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must maintain information supporting its annual review of utility allowance and any revisions made in its utility allowance schedule.

PART III: INFORMAL REVIEWS AND HEARINGS

16-III.A. OVERVIEW

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** makes a decision that has a negative impact on a family, the family is often entitled to appeal the decision. For applicants, the appeal takes the form of an informal review; for participants, or for applicants denied admission because of citizenship issues, the appeal takes the form of an informal hearing.

PHAs are required to include in their administrative plans, informal review procedures for applicants, and informal hearing procedures for participants [24 CFR 982.54(d)(12) and (13)].

16-III.B. INFORMAL REVIEWS

Informal reviews are provided for program applicants. An applicant is someone who has applied for admission to the program, but is not yet a participant in the program. Informal reviews are intended to provide a "minimum hearing requirement" [24 CFR 982.554], and need not be as elaborate as the informal hearing requirements [*Federal Register* 60, no. 127 (3 July 1995): 34690].

Decisions Subject to Informal Review

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must give an applicant the opportunity for an informal review of a decision denying assistance [24 CFR 982.554(a)]. Denial of assistance may include any or all of the following [24 CFR 982.552(a)(2)]:

- Denying listing on CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM waiting list
- Denying or withdrawing a voucher
- Refusing to enter into a HAP contract or approve a lease
- Refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures

Informal reviews are *not* required for the following reasons [24 CFR 982.554(c)]:

- Discretionary administrative determinations by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, including denial or termination of assistance due to insufficient funds as set forth in Section VIII of this chapter.
- General policy issues or class grievances

- A determination of the family unit size under CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM subsidy standards
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a voucher term
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination not to grant approval of the tenancy
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination that the unit is not in compliance with the HQS
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination that the unit is not in accordance with the HQS due to family size or composition

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will only offer an informal review to applicants for whom assistance is being denied. Denial of assistance includes: denying listing on **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** waiting list; denying or withdrawing a voucher **except for denial or termination of assistance due to insufficient funds as set forth in Section VIII of this chapter**; refusing to enter into a HAP contract or approve a lease; refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures.

Notice to the Applicant [24 CFR 982.554(a)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must give an applicant prompt notice of a decision denying assistance. The notice must contain a brief statement of the reasons for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** decision, and must also state that the applicant may request an informal review of the decision. The notice must describe how to obtain the informal review.

Scheduling an Informal Review

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A request for an informal review must be made in writing and delivered to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM either in person or by first class mail, by the close of the business day, no later than 10 business days from the date of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S denial of assistance.

Except as provided in Section 3-III.G, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must schedule and send written notice of the informal review within 10 business days of the family's request.

Informal Review Procedures [24 CFR 982.554(b)]

The informal review must be conducted by a person other than the one who made or approved the decision under review, or a subordinate of this person.

The applicant must be provided an opportunity to present written or oral objections to the decision of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

Informal Review Decision [24 CFR 982.554(b)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must notify the applicant of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S final** decision, including a brief statement of the reasons for the final decision.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S

In rendering a decision, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will evaluate the following matters:

Whether or not the grounds for denial were stated factually in the Notice.

The validity of grounds for denial of assistance. If the grounds for denial are not specified in the regulations, then the decision to deny assistance will be overturned.

The validity of the evidence. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will evaluate whether the facts presented prove the grounds for denial of assistance. If the facts prove that there are grounds for denial, and the denial is required by HUD, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will uphold the decision to deny assistance.

If the facts prove the grounds for denial, and the denial is discretionary, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider the recommendation of the person conducting the informal review in making the final decision whether to deny assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the applicant of the final decision, including a statement explaining the reason(s) for the decision. The notice will be mailed within 10 business days of the informal review, to the applicant and his or her representative, if any, along with proof of mailing.

If the decision to deny is overturned as a result of the informal review, processing for admission will resume.

If the family fails to appear for their informal review, the denial of admission will stand and the family will be so notified.

16-III.C. INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS [24 CFR 982.555]

PHAs must offer an informal hearing for certain CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determinations relating to the individual circumstances of a participant family. A participant is defined as a family that has been admitted to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S HCV program and is currently assisted in the program. The purpose of the informal hearing is to consider whether CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S decisions related to the family's circumstances are in accordance with the law, HUD regulations and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is not permitted to terminate a family's assistance until the time allowed for the family to request an informal hearing has elapsed, and any requested hearing has been completed. Termination of assistance for a participant may include any or all of the following:

- Refusing to enter into a HAP contract or approve a lease
- Terminating housing assistance payments under an outstanding HAP contract
- Refusing to process or provide assistance under portability procedures

Decisions Subject to Informal Hearing

Circumstances for which **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must give a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing are as follows:

- A determination of the family's annual or adjusted income, and the use of such income to compute the housing assistance payment
- A determination of the appropriate utility allowance (if any) for tenant-paid utilities from CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM utility allowance schedule
- A determination of the family unit size under CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S subsidy standards
- A determination that a certificate program family is residing in a unit with a larger number of bedrooms than appropriate for the family unit size under CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM'S** subsidy standards, or CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination to deny the family's request for exception from the standards
- A determination to terminate assistance for a participant family because of the family's actions or failure to act
- A determination to terminate assistance because the participant has been absent from the assisted unit for longer than the maximum period permitted under CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policy and HUD rules
- A determination to terminate a family's Family Self Sufficiency contract, withhold supportive services, or propose forfeiture of the family's escrow account [24 CFR 984.303(i)]

Circumstances for which an informal hearing is not required are as follows:

- Discretionary administrative determinations by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, including denial or termination of assistance due to insufficient funds as set forth in Section VIII of this chapter.
- General policy issues or class grievances
- Establishment of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** schedule of utility allowances for families in the program
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a voucher term
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination not to approve a unit or tenancy
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination that a unit selected by the applicant is not in compliance with the HQS
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of family size
- A determination by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** to exercise or not to exercise any right or remedy against an owner under a HAP contract

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will only offer participants the opportunity for an informal hearing when required to by the regulations.

Informal Hearing Procedures

Notice to the Family [24 CFR 982.555(c)]

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** makes a decision that is subject to informal hearing procedures, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must inform the family of its right to an informal hearing at the same time that it informs the family of the decision.

For decisions related to the family's annual or adjusted income, the determination of the appropriate utility allowance, and the determination of the family unit size, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must notify the family that they may ask for an explanation of the basis of the determination, and that if they do not agree with the decision, they may request an informal hearing on the decision.

For decisions related to the termination of the family's assistance, or the denial of a family's request for an exception to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM's** subsidy standards, the notice must contain a brief statement of the reasons for the decision, a statement that if the family does not agree with the decision, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision, and a statement of the deadline for the family to request an informal hearing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

In cases where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** makes a decision for which an informal hearing must be offered, the notice to the family will include all of the following:

The proposed action or decision of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

A brief statement of the reasons for the decision including the regulatory reference.

The date the proposed action will take place.

A statement of the family's right to an explanation of the basis for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** decision.

A statement that if the family does not agree with the decision the family may request an informal hearing of the decision.

A deadline for the family to request the informal hearing.

To whom the hearing request should be addressed.

A copy of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S hearing procedures.

Scheduling an Informal Hearing [24 CFR 982.555(d)]

When an informal hearing is required, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must proceed with the hearing in a reasonably expeditious manner upon the request of the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

A request for an informal hearing must be made in writing and delivered to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM either in person or by first class mail, by the close of the business day, no later than 10 business days from the date of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S decision or notice to terminate assistance.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must schedule and send written notice of the informal hearing to the family within 10 business days of the family's request.

The family may request to reschedule a hearing for good cause, or if it is needed as a reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities. Good cause is defined as an unavoidable conflict which seriously affects the health, safety or welfare of the family. Requests to reschedule a hearing must be made orally or in writing prior to the hearing date. At its discretion, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may request documentation of the "good cause" prior to rescheduling the hearing.

If the family does not appear at the scheduled time, and was unable to reschedule the hearing in advance due to the nature of the conflict, the family must contact **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** within 24 hours of the scheduled hearing date, excluding weekends and holidays. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will reschedule the hearing only if the family can show good cause for the failure to appear, or if it is needed as a reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities.

Pre-Hearing Right to Discovery [24 CFR 982.555(e)]

Participants and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** are permitted pre-hearing discovery rights. The family must be given the opportunity to examine before the hearing any **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. The family must be allowed to copy any such documents at their own expense. If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** does not make the document available for examination

on request of the family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not rely on the document at the hearing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM hearing procedures may provide that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must be given the opportunity to examine at CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM offices before the hearing, any family documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must be allowed to copy any such document at CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S expense. If the family does not make the document available for examination on request of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, the family may not rely on the document at the hearing.

For the purpose of informal hearings, *documents* include records and regulations.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family will be allowed to copy any documents related to the hearing at a cost of \$.25 per page. The family must request discovery of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** documents no later than 12:00 p.m. on the business day prior to the scheduled hearing date.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must be given an opportunity to examine at **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** offices before the hearing any family documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. Whenever a participant requests an informal hearing, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will automatically mail a letter to the participant requesting a copy of all documents that the participant intends to present or utilize at the hearing. The participant must make the documents available no later than 12:00 pm on the business day prior to the scheduled hearing date.

Participant's Right to Bring Counsel [24 CFR 982.555(e)(3)]

At its own expense, the family may be represented by a lawyer or other representative at the informal hearing.

Informal Hearing Officer [24 CFR 982.555(e)(4)]

Informal hearings will be conducted by a person or persons approved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, other than the person who made or approved the decision or a subordinate of the person who made or approved the decision.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has designated the following to serve as hearing officer(s) or their designee:

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- CCA Executive Director
- As needed, if necessary:
 - CCA Children and Family Services Program Director
 - CCA Board of Director Members

Attendance at the Informal Hearing

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Hearings may be attended by a hearing officer and the following applicable persons:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM representative(s) and any witnesses for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**

The participant and any witnesses for the participant

The participant's counsel or other representative

Any other person approved by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** as a reasonable accommodation for a person with a disability

Conduct at Hearings

The person who conducts the hearing may regulate the conduct of the hearing in accordance with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** hearing procedures [24 CFR 982.555(4)(ii)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The hearing officer is responsible to manage the order of business and to ensure that hearings are conducted in a professional and businesslike manner. Attendees are expected to comply with all hearing procedures established by the hearing officer and guidelines for conduct. Any person demonstrating disruptive, abusive or otherwise inappropriate behavior will be excused from the hearing at the discretion of the hearing officer.

Evidence [24 CFR 982.555(e)(5)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and the family must be given the opportunity to present evidence and question any witnesses. In general, all evidence is admissible at an informal hearing. Evidence may be considered without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any evidence to be considered by the hearing officer must be presented at the time of the hearing. There are four categories of evidence.

Oral evidence: the testimony of witnesses

Documentary evidence: a writing which is relevant to the case, for example, a letter written to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**. Writings include all forms of recorded communication or representation, including letters, words, pictures, sounds, videotapes or symbols or combinations thereof.

Demonstrative evidence: Evidence created specifically for the hearing and presented as an illustrative aid to assist the hearing officer, such as a model, a chart or other diagram.

Real evidence: A tangible item relating directly to the case.

Hearsay Evidence is evidence of a statement that was made other than by a witness while testifying at the hearing and that is offered to prove the truth of the matter. Even though evidence, including hearsay, is generally admissible, hearsay evidence alone cannot be used as the sole basis for the hearing officer's decision.

If either CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM or the family fail to comply with the discovery requirements described above, the hearing officer will refuse to admit such evidence.

Other than the failure of a party to comply with discovery, the hearing officer has the authority to overrule any objections to evidence.

Hearing Officer's Decision [24 CFR 982.555(e)(6)]

The person who conducts the hearing must issue a written decision, stating briefly the reasons for the decision. Factual determinations relating to the individual circumstances of the family must be based on a preponderance of evidence presented at the hearing. A copy of the hearing must be furnished promptly to the family.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICYI

n rendering a decision, the hearing officer will consider the following matters:

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Notice to the Family: The hearing officer will determine if the reasons for CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM'S** decision are factually stated in the Notice.

Discovery: The hearing officer will determine if **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** and the family were given the opportunity to examine any relevant documents in accordance with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policy.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Evidence to Support CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Decision: The evidence consists of the facts presented. Evidence is not conclusion and it is not argument. The hearing officer will evaluate the facts to determine if they support CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S conclusion.

Validity of Grounds for Termination of Assistance (when applicable): The hearing officer will determine if the termination of assistance is for one of the grounds specified in the HUD regulations and CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** policies. If the grounds for termination are not specified in the regulations or in compliance with CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM policies, then the decision of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will be overturned

The hearing officer will issue a written decision to the family and CCA SECTION 8 **HOUSING PROGRAM** no later than 10 business days after the hearing. The report will contain the following information:

Hearing information:

Name of the participant;

Date, time and place of the hearing;

Name of the hearing officer;

Name of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM representative; and

Name of family representative (if any).

Background: A brief, impartial statement of the reason for the hearing.

Summary of the Evidence: The hearing officer will summarize the testimony of each witness and identify any documents that a witness produced in support of his/her testimony and that are admitted into evidence.

Findings of Fact: The hearing officer will include all findings of fact, based on a preponderance of the evidence. *Preponderance of the evidence* is defined as evidence which is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it; that is, evidence which as a whole shows that the fact sought to be proved is more probable than not. Preponderance of the evidence may not be determined by the number of witnesses, but by the greater weight of all evidence.

Conclusions: The hearing officer will render a conclusion derived from the facts that were found to be true by a preponderance of the evidence. The conclusion will result in a determination of whether these facts uphold CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S decision.

Order: The hearing report will include a statement of whether CCA SECTION 8 **HOUSING PROGRAM'S** decision is upheld or overturned. If it is overturned, the hearing officer will instruct CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to change the decision in accordance with the hearing officer's determination. In the case of termination of assistance, the hearing officer will instruct CCA **SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** terminate the participant's program status.

Procedures for Rehearing or Further Hearing

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The hearing officer may ask the family for additional information and/or might adjourn the hearing in order to reconvene at a later date, before reaching a decision. If the family misses an appointment or deadline ordered by the hearing officer, the action of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will take effect and another hearing will not be granted.

In addition, within 10 business days after the date the hearing officer's report is mailed to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and the participant, CCA SECTION 8 **HOUSING PROGRAM** or the participant may request a rehearing or a further hearing. Such request must be made in writing and postmarked or hand-delivered to the hearing officer and to the other party within the 10 business day period. The request must demonstrate cause, supported by specific references to the hearing officer's report, why the request should be granted.

A rehearing or a further hearing may be requested for the purpose of rectifying any obvious mistake of law made during the hearing or any obvious injustice not known at the time of the hearing.

It shall be within the sole discretion of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM to grant or deny the request for further hearing or rehearing. A further hearing may be limited to written submissions by the parties, in the manner specified by the hearing officer.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM Notice of Final Decision [24 CFR 982.555(f)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is not bound by the decision of the hearing officer for matters in which **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not required to provide an opportunity for a hearing, decisions that exceed the authority of the hearing officer, decisions that conflict with or contradict HUD regulations, requirements, or are otherwise contrary to Federal, State or local laws.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM determines it is not bound by the hearing officer's decision in accordance with HUD regulations, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING **PROGRAM** must promptly notify the family of the determination and the reason for the determination.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will mail a "Notice of Final Decision" including the hearing officer's report, to the participant and their representative. This Notice will be sent by first-class mail, postage pre-paid with an affidavit of mailing enclosed. The participant will be mailed the original "Notice of Final Decision" and a copy of the proof of mailing. A copy of the "Notice of Final Decision" along with the original proof mailing will be maintained in **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** file.

16-III.D. HEARING AND APPEAL PROVISIONS FOR NONCITIZENS [24 CFR 5.514]

Denial or termination of assistance based on immigration status is subject to special hearing and notice rules. Applicants who are denied assistance due to immigration status are entitled to an informal hearing, not an informal review.

Assistance to a family may not be delayed, denied, or terminated on the basis of immigration status at any time prior to a decision under the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) appeal process. Assistance to a family may not be terminated or denied while **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** hearing is pending, but assistance to an applicant may be delayed pending the completion of the informal hearing.

A decision against a family member, issued in accordance with the USCIS appeal process or **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** informal hearing process, does not preclude the family from exercising the right, that may otherwise be available, to seek redress directly through judicial procedures.

Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance [24 CFR 5.514(d)]

The notice of denial or termination of assistance for noncitizens must advise the family:

- That financial assistance will be denied or terminated, and provide a brief explanation of the reasons for the proposed denial or termination of assistance.
- The family may be eligible for proration of assistance.
- In the case of a participant, the criteria and procedures for obtaining relief under the provisions for preservation of families [24 CFR 5.514 and 5.518].

- That the family has a right to request an appeal to the USCIS of the results of secondary verification of immigration status and to submit additional documentation or explanation in support of the appeal.
- That the family has a right to request an informal hearing with **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** either upon completion of the USCIS appeal or in lieu of the USCIS appeal.
- For applicants, assistance may not be delayed until the conclusion of the USCIS appeal process, but assistance may be delayed during the period of the informal hearing process.

USCIS Appeal Process [24 CFR 5.514(e)]

When **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** receives notification that the USCIS secondary verification failed to confirm eligible immigration status, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must notify the family of the results of the USCIS verification. The family will have 30 days from the date of the notification to request an appeal of the USCIS results. The request for appeal must be made by the family in writing directly to the USCIS. The family must provide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** A with a copy of the written request for appeal and the proof of mailing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the family in writing of the results of the USCIS secondary verification within 10 business days of receiving the results.

The family must provide **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** with a copy of the written request for appeal and proof of mailing within 10 business days of sending the request to the USCIS.

The family must forward to the designated USCIS office any additional documentation or written explanation in support of the appeal. This material must include a copy of the USCIS document verification request (used to process the secondary request) or such other form specified by the USCIS, and a letter indicating that the family is requesting an appeal of the USCIS immigration status verification results.

The USCIS will notify the family, with a copy to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, of its decision. When the USCIS notifies **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** of the decision, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must notify the family of its right to request an informal hearing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will send written notice to the family of its right to request an informal hearing within 10 business days of receiving notice of the USCIS decision regarding the family's immigration status.

Informal Hearing Procedures for Applicants [24 CFR 5.514(f)]

After notification of the USCIS decision on appeal, or in lieu of an appeal to the USCIS, the family may request that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** provide a hearing. The request for a hearing must be made either within 30 days of receipt of **CCA SECTION 8**

HOUSING PROGRAM notice of denial, or within 30 days of receipt of the USCIS appeal decision.

The informal hearing procedures for applicant families are described below.

Informal Hearing Officer

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must provide an informal hearing before an impartial individual, other than a person who made or approved the decision under review, and other than a person who is a subordinate of the person who made or approved the decision. See Section 16-III.C. for a listing of positions that serve as informal hearing officers.

Evidence

The family must be provided the opportunity to examine and copy at the family's expense, at a reasonable time in advance of the hearing, any documents in the possession of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** pertaining to the family's eligibility status, or in the possession of the USCIS (as permitted by USCIS requirements), including any records and regulations that may be relevant to the hearing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The family will be allowed to copy any documents related to the hearing at a cost of \$.25 per page. The family must request discovery of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** documents no later than 12:00 p.m. on the business day prior to the hearing.

The family must be provided the opportunity to present evidence and arguments in support of eligible status. Evidence may be considered without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings.

The family must also be provided the opportunity to refute evidence relied upon by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, and to confront and cross-examine all witnesses on whose testimony or information CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM relies.

Representation and Interpretive Services

The family is entitled to be represented by an attorney or other designee, at the family's expense, and to have such person make statements on the family's behalf.

The family is entitled to arrange for an interpreter to attend the hearing, at the expense of the family, or **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, as may be agreed upon by the two parties.

Recording of the Hearing

The family is entitled to have the hearing recorded by audiotape. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, but is not required to provide a transcript of the hearing.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not provide a transcript of an audio taped hearing.

Hearing Decision

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must provide the family with a written final decision, based solely on the facts presented at the hearing, within 14 calendar days of the date of the informal hearing. The decision must state the basis for the decision.

Informal Hearing Procedures for Residents [24 CFR 5.514(f)]

After notification of the USCIS decision on appeal, or in lieu of an appeal to the USCIS, the family may request that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** provide a hearing. The request for a hearing must be made either within 30 days of receipt of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** notice of termination, or within 30 days of receipt of the USCIS appeal decision.

For the informal hearing procedures that apply to participant families whose assistance is being terminated based on immigration status, see Section 16-III.C.

Retention of Documents [24 CFR 5.514(h)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must retain for a minimum of 5 years the following documents that may have been submitted to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** by the family, or provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** as part of the USCIS appeal or **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** informal hearing process:

- The application for assistance
- The form completed by the family for income reexamination
- Photocopies of any original documents, including original USCIS documents
- The signed verification consent form
- The USCIS verification results
- The request for a USCIS appeal
- The final USCIS determination
- The request for an informal hearing
- The final informal hearing decision

PART IV: OWNER OR FAMILY DEBTS TO THE PHA

16-IV.A. OVERVIEW

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is required to include in the administrative plan, policies concerning repayment by a family of amounts owed to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM [24 CFR 982.54]. This part describes CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S policies for recovery of monies owed to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM by families or owners.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

When an action or inaction of an owner or participant results in the overpayment of housing assistance, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** holds the owner or participant liable to return any overpayments to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will enter into repayment agreements in accordance with the policies contained in this part as a means to recover overpayments.

When an owner or participant refuses to repay monies owed to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will utilize other available collection alternatives including, but not limited to, the following:

Collection agencies

Small claims court

Civil law suit

State income tax set-off program

16-IV.B. REPAYMENT POLICY

Owner Debts to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any amount due to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** by an owner must be repaid by the owner.. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will notify the owner** in writing that it will reduce the owner's future HAP payments effective with the next HAP payment. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may deduct the amount of the overpayment from any amounts due the owner (including amounts due under any other Section 8 assistance contract).

If the owner is not entitled to future HAP payments **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, in its sole discretion, offer to enter into a repayment agreement on terms prescribed by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**.

If the owner refuses to repay the debt, does not enter into a repayment agreement, or breaches a repayment agreement, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will ban the owner from future participation in the program and pursue other modes of collection. **Consideration of future participation will be given if the owner has paid the outstanding debt in full.**

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any amount owed to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** by an HCV family must be repaid by the family. If the family is unable to repay the debt within 30 days, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will offer to enter into a repayment agreement in accordance with the policies below.

If the family refuses to repay the debt, does not enter into a repayment agreement, or breaches a repayment agreement, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will terminate assistance in accordance with the policies in Chapter 12 and pursue other modes of collection.

Repayment Agreement [24 CFR 792.103]

The term *repayment agreement* refers to a formal written document signed by a tenant or owner and provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** in which a tenant or owner acknowledges a debt in a specific amount and agrees to repay the amount due at specific time periods.

General Repayment Agreement Guidelines for Families

Down Payment Requirement

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Before executing a repayment agreement with a family, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will generally require a down payment of **5** percent of the total amount owed. If the family can provide evidence satisfactory to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** that a down payment of **5** percent would impose an undue hardship, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, in its sole discretion, require a lesser percentage or waive the requirement.

Payment Thresholds

Notice PIH 2010-19 recommends that the total amount that a family must pay each month—the family's monthly share of rent plus the monthly debt repayment amount—should not exceed 40 percent of the family's monthly adjusted income. However, a family may already be paying 40 per cent or more of its monthly adjusted income in rent. Moreover, Notice PIH 2010-19 acknowledges that PHAs have the discretion to establish "thresholds and policies" for repayment agreements with families [24 CFR 982.552(c)(1)(vii)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has established the following thresholds for repayment of debts:

AMOUNT OWED	REPAYMENT TERM
<mark>< \$500</mark>	6 MONTHS
<mark>\$501 - \$1000</mark>	1 YEAR
\$1,001 - \$2,500	2 YEARS

\$2,501 - \$5.000	3 YEARS
<mark>\$5,001 - \$7,500</mark>	4 YEARS

If the amount owed is greater than \$7,500, a repayment agreement may only be entered into with CCA Executive Director's written approval.

If a family can provide evidence satisfactory to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** that the threshold applicable to the family's debt would impose an undue hardship, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may, in its sole discretion, determine that a lower monthly payment amount is reasonable. In making its determination, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will consider all relevant information, including the following:

The amount owed by the family to CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM

The reason for the debt, including whether the debt was the result of family action/inaction or circumstances beyond the family's control

The family's current and potential income and expenses

The family's current family share, as calculated under 24 CFR 982.515

The family's history of meeting its financial responsibilities

Execution of the Agreement

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any repayment agreement between CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and a family must be signed and dated by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and by the head of household, spouse/cohead, and all members of the household who are 18 years of age or older and/or emancipated minors.

<mark>Due Dates</mark>

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

All payments are due by the close of business on the 1st day of the month. If the 1st does not fall on a business day, the due date is the close of business on the first business day after the 1st

Late or Missed Payments

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If a payment is not received by the end of the business day on the date due, and prior approval for the missed payment has not been given by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM**, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will send the family a delinquency notice giving the family 10 business days to make the late payment. If a family receives **two** delinquency notices for unexcused late payments in a 12-month period, the repayment agreement will be considered in default, and **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will terminate assistance in accordance with the policies in Chapter 12. Approval for excused/late or missed payments will be considered based on the following mitigating circumstances:

- Extenuating circumstances beyond the control of the family that prevent it from complying with the terms of the repayment agreement (for example, a death or medical emergency in the immediate family or a serious accident or natural disaster).
- Reasonable accommodation request due to timing of receipt of monthly income.
- When the family claims a hardship. A hardship exists in the following circumstances:
 - When the family has lost eligibility for or is awaiting an eligibility determination for a Federal, State or local assistance program.
 - When the income of the family has decreased significantly (at CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM upon the approval of the Housing Director) because of changed circumstances, including loss of employment; or temporary disability.

The following remedies for default may be emp0loyed at the sole discretion of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM:

- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may suspend payments for a specific term thereby extending the repayment agreement term.
- CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may reduce the amount of monthly payment and extend the repayment agreement term.

A payment received by personal check that is returned for insufficient funds (NSF) will be considered a non-payment and the participant will incur a charge of \$20 for processing costs. The participant will be required to make future payments for the term of the repayment with certified checks, money orders or cash.

No Offer of Repayment Agreement

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM generally will not enter into a repayment agreement with a family if there is already a repayment agreement in place with the family or if the amount owed by the family exceeds the federal or state threshold for criminal prosecution.

Repayment Agreements Involving Improper Payments

Notice PIH 2010-19 requires certain provisions to be included in any repayment agreement involving amounts owed by a family because it underreported or failed to report income:

• A reference to the items in the family briefing packet that state the family's obligation to provide true and complete information at every reexamination and the grounds on which

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may terminate assistance because of a family's action or failure to act

- A statement clarifying that each month the family not only must pay to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** the monthly payment amount specified in the agreement but must also pay to the owner the family's monthly share of the rent to owner
- A statement that the terms of the repayment agreement may be renegotiated if the family's income decreases or increases
- A statement that late or missed payments constitute default of the repayment agreement and may result in termination of assistance

PART V: MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT (SEMAP)

16-V.A. OVERVIEW

The Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) is a tool that allows HUD to measure PHA performance in key areas to ensure program integrity and accountability. SEMAP scores translate into a rating for each PHA as high performing, standard, or troubled. Scores on individual SEMAP indicators, as well as overall SEMAP ratings, can affect the PHA in several ways.

- High-performing PHAs can be given a competitive advantage under notices of funding availability [24 CFR 985.103].
- PHAs with deficiencies on one or more indicators are required to correct the deficiencies and report to HUD [24 CFR 985.106].
- PHAs with an overall rating of "troubled" are subject to additional HUD oversight, including on-site reviews by HUD staff, a requirement to develop a corrective action plan, and monitoring to ensure the successful implementation of the corrective action plan. In addition, PHAs that are designated "troubled" may not use any part of the administrative fee reserve for other housing purposes [24 CFR 985.107].
- HUD may determine that a PHA's failure to correct identified SEMAP deficiencies or to prepare and implement a corrective action plan required by HUD constitutes a default under the ACC [24 CFR 985.109].

16-V.B. SEMAP CERTIFICATION [24 CFR 985.101]

PHAs must submit the HUD-required SEMAP certification form within 60 calendar days after the end of its fiscal year. The certification must be approved by PHA board resolution and signed by the PHA executive director. If the PHA is a unit of local government or a state, a resolution approving the certification is not required, and the certification must be executed by the Section 8 program director.

PHAs with less than 250 voucher units are only required to be assessed every other PHA fiscal year. HUD will assess such PHAs annually if the PHA elects to have its performance assessed on an annual basis; or is designated as "troubled" [24 CFR 985.105].

Failure of a PHA to submit its SEMAP certification within the required time frame will result in an overall performance rating of "troubled."

A PHA's SEMAP certification is subject to HUD verification by an on-site confirmatory review at any time.

Upon receipt of the PHA's SEMAP certification, HUD will rate the PHA's performance under each SEMAP indicator in accordance with program requirements.

HUD Verification Method

Several of the SEMAP indicators are scored based on a review of a quality control sample selected for this purpose. The PHA or the Independent Auditor must select an unbiased sample that provides an adequate representation of the types of information to be assessed, in accordance with SEMAP requirements [24 CFR 985.2].

If the HUD verification method for the indicator relies on data in the Form-50058 module (formerly known as MTCS) in the PIH Information Center (PIC), and HUD determines that those data are insufficient to verify the PHA's certification on the indicator due to the PHA's failure to adequately report family data, HUD will assign a zero rating for the indicator [24 CFR 985.3].

16-V.C. SEMAP INDICATORS [24 CFR 985.3 and form HUD-52648]

The table below lists each of the SEMAP indicators, contains a description of each indicator, and explains the basis for points awarded under each indicator.

A PHA that expends less than \$300,000 in Federal awards and whose Section 8 programs are not audited by an independent auditor, is not be rated under SEMAP indicators 1-7.

SEMAP Indicators

Indicator 1: Selection from the waiting list Maximum Score: 15

- This indicator shows whether the PHA has written policies in its administrative plan for selecting applicants from the waiting list and whether the PHA follows these policies when selecting applicants for admission from the waiting list.
- Points are based on the percent of families that are selected from the waiting list in accordance with the PHA's written policies, according to the PHA's quality control sample.

Indicator 2: Rent reasonableness Maximum Score: 20

- This indicator shows whether the PHA has and implements a reasonable written method to determine and document for each unit leased that the rent to owner is reasonable based on current rents for comparable unassisted units
- Points are based on the percent of units for which the PHA follows its written method to determine reasonable rent and has documented its determination that the rent to owner is reasonable, according to the PHA's quality control sample.

Indicator 3: Determination of adjusted income Maximum Score: 20

• This indicator measures whether the PHA verifies and correctly determines adjusted

income for each assisted family, and where applicable, uses the appropriate utility allowances for the unit leased in determining the gross rent.

• Points are based on the percent of files that are calculated and verified correctly, according to the PHA's quality control sample.

Indicator 4: Utility allowance schedule Maximum Score: 5

- This indicator shows whether the PHA maintains an up-to-date utility allowance schedule.
- Points are based on whether the PHA has reviewed the utility allowance schedule and adjusted it when required, according to the PHA's certification.

Indicator 5: HQS quality control inspections Maximum Score: 5

- This indicator shows whether a PHA supervisor reinspects a sample of units under contract during the PHA fiscal year, which meets the minimum sample size requirements for quality control of HQS inspections.
- Points are based on whether the required quality control reinspections were completed, according to the PHA's certification.

Indicator 6: HQS enforcement Maximum Score: 10

- This indicator shows whether, following each HQS inspection of a unit under contract where the unit fails to meet HQS, any cited life-threatening deficiencies are corrected within 24 hours from the inspection and all other deficiencies are corrected within no more than 30 calendar days from the inspection or any PHA-approved extension.
- Points are based on whether the PHA corrects all HQS deficiencies in accordance with required time frames, according to the PHA's certification.

Indicator 7: Expanding housing opportunities Maximum Points: 5

- Only applies to PHAs with jurisdiction in metropolitan FMR areas.
- This indicator shows whether the PHA has adopted and implemented a written policy to encourage participation by owners of units located outside areas of poverty or minority concentration; informs voucher holders of the full range of areas where they may lease units both inside and outside the PHA's jurisdiction; and supplies a list of landlords or other parties who are willing to lease units or help families find units, including units outside areas of poverty or minority concentration.
- Points are based on whether the PHA has adopted and implemented written policies in accordance with SEMAP requirements, according to the PHA's certification.

Indicator 8: FMR limit and payment standards Maximum Points: 5 points

- This indicator shows whether the PHA has adopted a payment standard schedule that establishes payment standard amounts by unit size for each FMR area in the PHA's jurisdiction, that are within the basic range of 90 to 110 percent of the published FMR.
- Points are based on whether the PHA has appropriately adopted a payment standard

schedule(s), according to the PHA's certification.

Indicator 9: Annual reexaminations Maximum Points: 10

- This indicator shows whether the PHA completes a reexamination for each participating family at least every 12 months.
- Points are based on the percent of reexaminations that are more than 2 months overdue, according to data from PIC.

Indicator 10: Correct tenant rent calculations Maximum Points: 5

- This indicator shows whether the PHA correctly calculates the family's share of the rent to owner.
- Points are based on the percent of correct calculations of family share of the rent, according to data from PIC.

Indicator 11: Pre-contract HQS inspections Maximum Points: 5

- This indicator shows whether newly leased units pass HQS inspection on or before the effective date of the assisted lease and HAP contract.
- Points are based on the percent of newly leased units that passed HQS inspection prior to the effective date of the lease and HAP contract, according to data from PIC.

Indicator 12: Annual HQS inspections Maximum Points: 10

- This indicator shows whether the PHA inspects each unit under contract at least annually.
- Points are based on the percent of annual HQS inspections of units under contract that are more than 2 months overdue, according to data from PIC.

Indicator 13: Lease-up

Maximum Points: 20 points

- This indicator shows whether the PHA enters HAP contracts for the number of units or funding reserved under ACC for at least one year.
- Points are based on the percent of units leased during the last completed PHA fiscal year, or the percent of allocated budget authority that has been expended by the PHA, according to data from the PHA's last year-end operating statement that is recorded in HUD's accounting system.

Indicator 14: Family self-sufficiency (FSS) enrollment and escrow account balances Maximum Points: 10

- Only applies to PHAs with mandatory FSS programs.
- This indicator shows whether the PHA has enrolled families in the FSS program as required, and measures the percent of current FSS participants that have had increases in earned income which resulted in escrow account balances.
- Points are based on the percent of mandatory FSS slots that are filled and the percent of families with escrow account balances, according to data from PIC.

Success Rate of Voucher Holders Maximum Points: 5

- Only applies to PHAs that have received approval to establish success rate payment standard amounts, and isn't effective until the second full PHA fiscal year following the date of HUD approval of success rate payment standard amounts.
- This indicator shows whether voucher holders were successful in leasing units with voucher assistance.
- Points are based on the percent of families that were issued vouchers, and that became participants in the voucher program.

Deconcentration Bonus Indicator Maximum Points: 5

- Submission of data for this indicator is mandatory for a PHA using one or more payment standard amount(s) that exceed(s) 100 percent of the published FMR set at the 50 percentile rent, starting with the second full PHA fiscal year following initial use of payment standard amounts based on the FMRs set at the 50th percentile.
- Additional points are available to PHAs that have jurisdiction in metropolitan FMR areas and that choose to submit the required data.
- Points are based on whether the data that is submitted meets the requirements for bonus points.

PART VI: RECORD KEEPING

16-VI.A. OVERVIEW

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must maintain complete and accurate accounts and other records for the program in accordance with HUD requirements, in a manner that permits a speedy and effective audit. All such records must be made available to HUD or the Comptroller General of the United States upon request.

In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must ensure that all applicant and participant files are maintained in a way that protects an individual's privacy rights.

16-VI.B. RECORD RETENTION [24 CFR 982.158]

During the term of each assisted lease, and for at least three years thereafter, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must keep:

- A copy of the executed lease;
- The HAP contract; and
- The application from the family.

In addition, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must keep the following records for at least three years:

• Records that provide income, racial, ethnic, gender, and disability status data on program applicants and participants;

- An application from each ineligible family and notice that the applicant is not eligible;
- HUD-required reports;
- Unit inspection reports;
- Lead-based paint records as required by 24 CFR 35, Subpart B.
- Accounts and other records supporting CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM budget and financial statements for the program;
- Records to document the basis for **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** determination that rent to owner is a reasonable rent (initially and during the term of a HAP contract); and
- Other records specified by HUD.

If an informal hearing to establish a family's citizenship status is held, longer retention requirements apply for some types of documents. For specific requirements, see Section 16-III.D., Retention of Documents.

16-VI.C. RECORDS MANAGEMENT

PHAs must maintain applicant and participant files and information in accordance with the regulatory requirements described below.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

All applicant and participant information will be kept in a secure location and access will be limited to authorized **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** staff.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM staff will not discuss personal family information unless there is a business reason to do so. Inappropriate discussion of family information or improper disclosure of family information by staff will result in disciplinary action.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM and the local welfare agency (Department of Social Services) have mutually agreed to exchange information regarding any economic self-sufficiency and/or other appropriate programs or services that would benefit CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM families. [24 CFR 5.613]

Privacy Act Requirements [24 CFR 5.212 and Form-9886]

The collection, maintenance, use, and dissemination of social security numbers (SSN), employer identification numbers (EIN), any information derived from these numbers, and income information of applicants and participants must be conducted, to the extent applicable, in compliance with the Privacy Act of 1974, and all other provisions of Federal, State, and local law.

Applicants and participants, including all adults in the household, are required to sign a consent form, HUD-9886, Authorization for Release of Information. This form incorporates the Federal Privacy Act Statement and describes how the information collected using the form may be used, and under what conditions HUD or the PHA may release the information collected.

Upfront Income Verification (UIV) Records

PHAs that access UIV data through HUD's Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System are required to adopt and follow specific security procedures to ensure that all EIV data is protected in accordance with Federal laws, regardless of the media on which the data is recorded (e.g. electronic, paper). These requirements are contained in the HUD issued document, *Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System, Security Procedures for Upfront Income Verification data.*

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has adopted and implemented EIV security procedures required by HUD.

Criminal Records

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may only disclose the criminal conviction records which **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** receives from a law enforcement agency to officers or employees of the PHA, or to authorized representatives of **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** who have a job-related need to have access to the information [24 CFR 5.903(e)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must establish and implement a system of records management that ensures that any criminal record received by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** from a law enforcement agency is maintained confidentially, not misused or improperly disseminated, and destroyed, once the purpose for which the record was requested has been accomplished, including expiration of the period for filing a challenge to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** action without institution of a challenge or final disposition of any such litigation [24 CFR 5.903(g)].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must establish and implement a system of records management that ensures that any sex offender registration information received by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** from a State or local agency is maintained confidentially, not misused or improperly disseminated, and destroyed, once the purpose for which the record was requested has been accomplished, including expiration of the period for filing a challenge to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** action without institution of a challenge or final disposition of any such litigation. This requirement does not apply to information that is public information, or is obtained by **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** other than under 24 CFR 5.905.

Medical/Disability Records

PHAs are not permitted to inquire about the nature or extent of a person's disability. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may not inquire about a person's diagnosis or details of treatment for a disability or medical condition. If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** receives a verification document that provides such information, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** should not place this information in the tenant file. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** should destroy the document.

Documentation of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking

For requirements and PHA policies related to management of documentation obtained from victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, see section 16-IX.E.

PART VII: REPORTING AND RECORD KEEPING FOR CHILDREN WITH ENVIRONMENTAL INTERVENTION BLOOD LEAD LEVEL

16-VII.A. OVERVIEW

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has certain responsibilities relative to children with environmental intervention blood lead levels that are receiving HCV assistance. The notification, verification, and hazard reduction requirements are discussed in Chapter 8. This part deals with the reporting requirements, and data collection and record keeping responsibilities that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is subject to.

16-VII.B. REPORTING REQUIREMENT [24 CFR 35.1225(e)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must report the name and address of a child identified as having an environmental intervention blood lead level to the public health department within 5 business days of being so notified by any other medical health care professional.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide the public health department written notice of the name and address of any child identified as having an environmental intervention blood lead level.

16-VII.C. DATA COLLECTION AND RECORD KEEPING [24 CFR 35.1225(f)]

At least quarterly, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must attempt to obtain from the public health department(s) with a similar area of jurisdiction, the names and/or addresses of children less than 6 years old with an identified environmental intervention blood lead level.

If CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM obtains names and addresses of environmental intervention blood lead level children from the public health department(s), CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must match this information with the names and addresses of families receiving HCV assistance, unless the public health department performs such a procedure. If a match occurs, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM must carry out the notification, verification, and hazard reduction requirements discussed in Chapter 8, and the reporting requirement discussed above.

At least quarterly, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must also report an updated list of the addresses of units receiving assistance under the HCV program to the same public health department(s), unless the public health department(s) states that it does not wish to receive such a report.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

The public health department(s) has stated they **do not** wish to receive a report of an updated list of the addresses of units receiving assistance under the HCV program, on a quarterly basis. Therefore, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** is not providing such a report.

PART VIII: DETERMINATION OF INSUFFICIENT FUNDING

16-VIII.A. OVERVIEW

The HCV regulations allow PHAs to deny families permission to move and to terminate Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contracts if funding under the consolidated ACC is insufficient to support continued assistance [24 CFR 982.314(e)(1) and 982.454]. Insufficient funding may also impact **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S** ability to issue vouchers to families on the waiting list. This part discusses the methodology **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will use to determine whether or not **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** has sufficient funding to issue vouchers, approve moves, and to continue subsidizing all families currently under a HAP contract.

16-VIII.B. METHODOLOGY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will determine whether there is adequate funding to issue vouchers, approve moves to higher cost units and areas, and continue subsidizing all current participants by comparing CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'S annual budget authority to the annual total HAP needs on a monthly basis. The total HAP needs for the calendar year will be projected by establishing the actual HAP costs year to date. To that figure, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will add anticipated HAP expenditures for the remainder of the calendar year. Projected HAP expenditures will be calculated by multiplying the projected number of units leased per remaining months by the most current month's average HAP. The projected number of units leased per month will take into account the average monthly turnover of participant families. If the total annual HAP needs equal or exceed the annual budget authority, or if CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM cannot support the cost of the proposed subsidy commitment (voucher issuance or move) based on the funding analysis, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will be considered to have insufficient funding.

PART IX: VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA): NOTIFICATION, DOCUMENTATION, CONFIDENTIALITY

16-IX.A. OVERVIEW

The Violence against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA) provides special protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking who are applying for or receiving assistance under the housing choice voucher (HCV) program. If your state or local laws provide greater protection for such victims, those laws take precedence over VAWA.

In addition to definitions of key terms used in VAWA, this part contains general VAWA requirements and PHA policies in three areas: notification, documentation, and confidentiality. Specific VAWA requirements and PHA policies are located primarily in the following sections: 3-I.C, "Family Breakup and Remaining Member of Tenant Family"; 3-III.G, "Prohibition against Denial of Assistance to Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking"; 10-I.A, "Allowable Moves"; 10-I.B, "Restrictions on Moves"; 12-II.E, "Terminations Related to Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking"; and 12-II.F, "Termination Notice."

16-IX.B. DEFINITIONS [24 CFR 5.2003]

As used in VAWA:

- The term *bifurcate* means, with respect to a public housing or Section 8 lease, to divide a lease as a matter of law such that certain tenants can be evicted or removed while the remaining family members' lease and occupancy rights are allowed to remain intact.
- The term *dating violence* means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - The length of the relationship
 - The type of relationship
 - The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship
- The term *domestic violence* includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

- The term *immediate family member* means, with respect to a person:
 - A spouse, parent, brother or sister, or child of that person, or an individual to whom that person stands in the position or place of a parent; or
 - Any other person living in the household of that person and related to that person by blood and marriage.
- The term *stalking* means:
 - To follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate; or
 - To place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person; and
 - In the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to (1) that person, (2) a member of the immediate family of that person, or (3) the spouse or intimate partner of that person.

16-IX.C. NOTIFICATION [24 CFR 5.2005(a)]

Notification to Public

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM adopts the following policy to help ensure that all actual and potential beneficiaries of its HCV program are aware of their rights under VAWA.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will post the following information regarding VAWA in its offices and on its Web site. It will also make the information readily available to anyone who requests it.

A summary of the rights and protections provided by VAWA to housing choice voucher program applicants and participants who are or have been victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking (see sample notices in Exhibits 16-1 and 16-2)

The definitions of *domestic violence*, *dating violence*, and *stalking* provided in VAWA (included in Exhibits 16-1 and 16-2)

An explanation of the documentation that CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may require from an individual who claims the protections provided by VAWA (included in Exhibits 16-1 and 16-2)

A copy of form HUD-50066, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking

A statement of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM'Sobligation to keep confidential any information that it receives from a victim unless (a) CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has the victim's written permission to release the information, (b) it needs to use the information in an eviction

proceeding, or (c) it is compelled by law to release the information (included in Exhibits 16-1 and 16-2)

The National Domestic Violence Hot Line: 1-800-799-SAFE (7233) or 1-800-787-3224 (TTY) (included in Exhibits 16-1 and 16-2)

Contact information for local victim advocacy groups or service providers

Notification to Program Applicants and Participants [24 CFR 5.2005(a)(1)]

PHAs are required to inform program participants of their rights under VAWA, including their right to confidentiality and the limits thereof. Since VAWA provides protections for applicants as well as participants, PHAs may elect to provide the same information to applicants.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide all applicants with information about VAWA at the time they request an application for housing assistance. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will also include information about VAWA in all notices of denial of assistance (see section 3-III.G).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide all participants with information about VAWA at the time of admission (see section 5-I.B) and at annual reexamination. **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will also include information about VAWA in notices of termination of assistance, as provided in section 12-II.F.

The VAWA information provided to applicants and participants will consist of the notice in Exhibit 16-1 and a copy of form HUD-50066, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking.

Notification to Owners and Managers [24 CFR 5.2005(a)(2)]

PHAs are required to notify owners and managers participating in the HCV program of their rights and obligations under VAWA.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will provide owners and managers with information about their rights and obligations under VAWA when they begin their participation in the HCV program and at least annually thereafter.

The VAWA information provided to owners will consist of the notice in Exhibit 16-2 and a copy of form HUD-50066, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking.

16-IX.D. DOCUMENTATION [24 CFR 5.2007]

A PHA presented with a claim for initial or continued assistance based on status as a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or criminal activity related to any of these forms of abuse may—but is not required to—request that the individual making the claim document the abuse. Any request for documentation must be in writing, and the individual must be allowed at least 14 business days after receipt of the request to submit the documentation. The PHA may extend this time period at its discretion. [24 CFR 5.2007(a)]

The individual may satisfy the PHA's request by providing any one of the following three forms of documentation [24 CFR 5.2007(b)]:

- (1) A completed and signed HUD-approved certification form (HUD-50066, Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking), which must include the name of the perpetrator
- (2) A federal, state, tribal, territorial, or local police report or court record
- (3) Documentation signed by a person who has assisted the victim in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, or the effects of such abuse. This person may be an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider; an attorney; or a medical professional. The person signing the documentation must attest under penalty of perjury to the person's belief that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse. The victim must also sign the documentation.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may not require third-party documentation (forms 2 and 3) in addition to certification (form 1), except as specified below under "Conflicting Documentation," nor may it require certification in addition to third-party documentation [VAWA final rule].

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

Any request for documentation of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will specify a deadline of 14 business days following receipt of the request, will describe the three forms of acceptable documentation, will provide explicit instructions on where and to whom the documentation must be submitted, and will state the consequences for failure to submit the documentation or request an extension in writing by the deadline.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may, in its discretion, extend the deadline for 10 business days. Any extension granted by CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will be in writing.

Conflicting Documentation [24 CFR 5.2007(e)]

In cases where **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** receives conflicting certification documents from two or more members of a household, each claiming to be a victim and naming one or more of the other petitioning household members as the perpetrator, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** may determine which is the true victim by requiring each to provide acceptable third-party documentation, as described above (forms 2 and 3). **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must honor any court orders issued to protect the victim or to address the distribution of property.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If presented with conflicting certification documents (two or more forms HUD-50066) from members of the same household, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will attempt to determine which is the true victim by requiring each of them to provide third-party documentation in accordance with 24 CFR 5.2007(b)(2) or (3) and by following any HUD guidance on how such determinations should be made.

Discretion to Require No Formal Documentation [24 CFR 5.2007(d)]

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM has the discretion to provide benefits to an individual based solely on the individual's statement or other corroborating evidence—i.e., without requiring formal documentation of abuse in accordance with 24 CFR 5.2007(b).

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** accepts an individual's statement or other corroborating evidence of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, the PHA will document acceptance of the statement or evidence in the individual's file.

Failure to Provide Documentation [24 CFR 5.2007(c)]

In order to deny relief for protection under VAWA, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** must provide the individual requesting relief with a written request for documentation of abuse. If the individual fails to provide the documentation within 14 business days from the date of receipt, or such longer time as the PHA may allow, the PHA may deny relief for protection under VAWA.

16-IX.E. CONFIDENTIALITY [24 CFR 5.2007(b)(4)]

All information provided to **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** regarding domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including the fact that an individual is a victim of such violence or stalking, must be retained in confidence. This means that **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** (1) may not enter the information into any shared database, (2) may not allow employees or others to access the information unless they are explicitly authorized to do so and have a need to know the information for purposes of their work, and (3) may not provide the information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that the disclosure is (a) requested or consented to by the individual in writing, (b) required for use in an eviction proceeding, or (c) otherwise required by applicable law.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY

If disclosure is required for use in an eviction proceeding or is otherwise required by applicable law, **CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM** will inform the victim before disclosure occurs so that safety risks can be identified and addressed.

EXHIBIT 16-1: SAMPLE NOTICE TO HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER APPLICANTS AND TENANTS REGARDING THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA)

This sample notice was adapted from a notice prepared by the National Housing Law Project.

A federal law that went into effect in 2006 protects individuals who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. The name of the law is the Violence against Women Act, or "VAWA." This notice explains your rights under VAWA.

Protections for Victims

If you are eligible for a Section 8 voucher, the housing authority cannot deny you rental assistance solely because you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

If you are the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, you cannot be terminated from the Section 8 program or evicted based on acts or threats of violence committed against you. Also, criminal acts directly related to the domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking that are caused by a member of your household or a guest can't be the reason for evicting you or terminating your rental assistance if you were the victim of the abuse.

Reasons You Can Be Evicted

You can be evicted and your rental assistance can be terminated if the housing authority or your landlord can show there is an *actual* and *imminent* (immediate) threat to other tenants or employees at the property if you remain in your housing. Also, you can be evicted and your rental assistance can be terminated for serious or repeated lease violations that are not related to the domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking committed against you. The housing authority and your landlord cannot hold you to a more demanding set of rules than it applies to tenants who are not victims.

Removing the Abuser from the Household

Your landlord may split the lease to evict a tenant who has committed criminal acts of violence against family members or others, while allowing the victim and other household members to stay in the assisted unit. Also, the housing authority can terminate the abuser's Section 8 rental assistance while allowing you to continue to receive assistance. If the landlord or housing authority chooses to remove the abuser, it may not take away the remaining tenants' rights to the unit or otherwise punish the remaining tenants. In removing the abuser from the household, your landlord must follow federal, state, and local eviction procedures.

Moving to Protect Your Safety

The housing authority may permit you to move and still keep your rental assistance, even if your current lease has not yet expired. The housing authority may require that you be current on your rent or other obligations in the housing choice voucher program. The housing authority may ask you to provide proof that you are moving because of incidences of abuse.

Proving That You Are a Victim of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking

The housing authority and your landlord can ask you to prove or "certify" that you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. The housing authority or your landlord must give you at least 14 business days (i.e., Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays do not count) to provide this proof. The housing authority and your landlord are free to extend the deadline. There are three ways you can prove that you are a victim:

- Complete the certification form given to you by the housing authority or your landlord. The form will ask for your name, the name of your abuser, the abuser's relationship to you, the date, time, and location of the incident of violence, and a description of the violence.
- Provide a statement from a victim service provider, attorney, or medical professional who has helped you address incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. The professional must state that he or she believes that the incidents of abuse are real. Both you and the professional must sign the statement, and both of you must state that you are signing "under penalty of perjury."
- Provide a police or court record, such as a protective order.

If you fail to provide one of these documents within the required time, the landlord may evict you, and the housing authority may terminate your rental assistance.

Confidentiality

The housing authority and your landlord must keep confidential any information you provide about the violence against you, unless:

- You give written permission to the housing authority or your landlord to release the information.
- Your landlord needs to use the information in an eviction proceeding, such as to evict your abuser.
- A law requires the housing authority or your landlord to release the information.

If release of the information would put your safety at risk, you should inform the housing authority and your landlord.

VAWA and Other Laws

VAWA does not limit the housing authority's or your landlord's duty to honor court orders about access to or control of the property. This includes orders issued to protect a victim and orders dividing property among household members in cases where a family breaks up.

VAWA does not replace any federal, state, or local law that provides greater protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

For Additional Information

If you have any questions regarding VAWA, please contact ______ at

For help and advice on escaping an abusive relationship, call the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-SAFE (7233) or 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).

Definitions

For purposes of determining whether a tenant may be covered by VAWA, the following list of definitions applies:

VAWA defines *domestic violence* to include felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by any of the following:

- A current or former spouse of the victim
- A person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- A person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse
- A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies
- Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction

VAWA defines *dating violence* as violence committed by a person (1) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim AND (2) where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:

- The length of the relationship
- The type of relationship
- The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship

VAWA defines *stalking* as (A)(i) to follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person OR (ii) to place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person AND (B) in the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to (i) that person, (ii) a member of the immediate family of that person, or (iii) the spouse or intimate partner of that person.

EXHIBIT 16-2: SAMPLE NOTICE TO HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER OWNERS AND MANAGERS REGARDING THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA)

This sample notice was adapted from a notice prepared by the National Housing Law Project.

A federal law that went into effect in 2006 protects individuals who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. The name of the law is the Violence against Women Act, or "VAWA." This notice explains your obligations under VAWA.

Protections for Victims

You cannot refuse to rent to an applicant solely because he or she is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

You cannot evict a tenant who is the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking based on acts or threats of violence committed against the victim. Also, criminal acts directly related to the domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking that are caused by a household member or guest cannot be cause for evicting the victim of the abuse.

Permissible Evictions

You can evict a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking if you can demonstrate that there is an *actual and imminent* (immediate) threat to other tenants or employees at the property if the victim is not evicted. Also, you may evict a victim for serious or repeated lease violations that are not related to the domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. You cannot hold a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to a more demanding standard than you hold tenants who are not victims.

Removing the Abuser from the Household

You may bifurcate (split) the lease to evict a tenant who has committed criminal acts of violence against family members or others, while allowing the victim and other household members to stay in the unit. If you choose to remove the abuser, you may not take away the remaining tenants' rights to the unit or otherwise punish the remaining tenants. In removing the abuser from the household, you must follow federal, state, and local eviction procedures.

Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking

If a tenant asserts VAWA's protections, you can ask the tenant to certify that he or she is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. You are not required to demand official documentation and may rely upon the victim's statement alone. If you choose to request certification, you must do so in writing and give the tenant at least 14 business days to provide documentation. You are free to extend this deadline. A tenant can certify that he or she is a victim by providing any one of the following three documents:

- A completed, signed HUD-approved certification form. The most recent form is HUD-50066. This form is available at the housing authority or online at <u>http://www.hud.gov/offices/adm/hudclips/</u>.
- A statement from a victim service provider, attorney, or medical professional who has helped the victim address incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. The professional must state that he or she believes that the incidents of abuse are real. Both the victim and the professional must sign the statement under penalty of perjury.
- A police or court record, such as a protective order.

If the tenant fails to provide one of these documents within 14 business days, you may evict the tenant if authorized by otherwise applicable law and lease provisions.

Confidentiality

You must keep confidential any information a tenant provides to certify that he or she is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. You cannot enter the information into a shared database or reveal it to outside entities unless:

- The tenant provides written permission releasing the information.
- The information is required for use in an eviction proceeding, such as to evict the abuser.
- Release of the information is otherwise required by law.

The victim should inform you if the release of the information would put his or her safety at risk.

VAWA and Other Laws

VAWA does not limit your obligation to honor court orders regarding access to or control of the property. This includes orders issued to protect the victim and orders dividing property among household members in cases where a family breaks up.

VAWA does not replace any federal, state, or local law that provides greater protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

Additional Information

- If you have any questions regarding VAWA, please contact ______.
- HUD Notice PIH 2006-42 contains detailed information regarding VAWA's certification requirements. The notice is available at http://www.hud.gov/offices/adm/hudclips/.
- For a discussion of VAWA's housing provisions, see the preamble to the final VAWA rule, which is available at http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2010-10-27/pdf/2010-26914.pdf.

Definitions

For purposes of determining whether a tenant may be covered by VAWA, the following list of definitions applies:

VAWA defines *domestic violence* to include felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by any of the following:

- A current or former spouse of the victim
- A person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- A person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse
- A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies
- Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction

VAWA defines *dating violence* as violence committed by a person (1) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim AND (2) where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:

- The length of the relationship
- The type of relationship
- The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship

VAWA defines *stalking* as (A)(i) to follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person OR (ii) to place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person AND (B) in the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to (i) that person, (ii) a member of the immediate family of that person, or (iii) the spouse or intimate partner of that person.

Chapter 17

PROJECT-BASED VOUCHERS

INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes HUD regulations and PHA policies related to the project-based voucher (PBV) program in nine parts:

<u>Part I: General Requirements</u>. This part describes general provisions of the aburrogram including maximum budget authority requirements, relocation requirement, as a equal opportunity requirements.

<u>Part II: PBV Owner Proposals</u>. This part includes policies related to us submission and selection of owner proposals for PBV assistance. It describes the factors the PHA will consider when selecting proposals, the type of housing that include to acceive PBV assistance, the cap on assistance at projects receiving PBM assistance, subsidy layering requirements, site selection standards, and environmental review inquirements.

<u>Part III: Dwelling Units</u>. This part describes equirements relation to housing quality standards, the type and frequency of inspections and housing accessibility for persons with disabilities.

<u>Part IV: Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Letts</u>. This part describes requirements and policies related to the development and completion of rehabilitated and newly constructed housing units that will be releiving PBV assistance.

<u>Part V: Housing Assistance Perments Jonnet</u>. This part discusses HAP contract requirements and policies including the accuron, term, and termination of the HAP contract. In addition, a describes here the HAP contract may be amended and identifies provisions that may be added to the HAP contract at the PHA's discretion.

<u>Part VI: Selection of PB Program Participants</u>. This part describes the requirements and policies guerning how the PHA and the owner will select a family to receive PBV assistance.

<u>Port VII Occupancy</u>. This part discusses occupancy requirements related to the lease, and describes under what conditions families are allowed or required to move. In addition, except us to be occupancy cap (which limits PBV assistance to 25 percent of the units in a group except are also discussed.

<u>A st VIII: Determining Rent to Owner</u>. This part describes how the initial rent to owner is determined, and how rent will be redetermined throughout the life of the HAP contract. Rent reasonableness requirements are also discussed.

<u>Part IX: Payments to Owner</u>. This part describes the types of payments owners may receive under this program.

CHAPTER 18

FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY (FSS) PROGRAM

A. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

CCA Section 8 Housing Program in cooperation with local public and private resources implemented the FSS Program beginning November 1, 2000. The program goals are:

- To mobilize housing assistance to leverage and maximize the public and private sector services and resources what will enable residents of public and assisted housing to achieve economic independence.
- To use rental assistance as a stabilizing force to permit families to invest their energy in other efforts, including employment, education and job training and/or other retraining that is necessary to achieve upward mobility.
- To empower the underemployed and unemployed participating lowincome families renting under HUD's Section 8 Housing Program (HCV Program) to obtain economic independence, self-sufficiency, and ultimately independence from government assistance programs.

B. COORDINATING BODY

The coordinating body is entitled "Family Self-Sufficiency Program Coordinating Committee" (PCC).

The Coordinating body consists of community leaders and representatives, from the public and private sector who are dedicated to the goals and objectives (set forth and outlined above) who have committed time and resources to the FSS Program. The Coordinating body will include active participants and graduates of the FSS Program who may offer unique insight into the operation of the FSS Program and can contribute valuable resources/feedback to this program.

The PCC met bi-monthly for the first year and bi-annually thereafter. Initially, the PCC critiqued, amended and endorsed this action plan and secured additional public and private resources and were overseers of the administration of the FSS Program.

The PCC may elect an Executive committee who meets monthly. Method of meeting can include in person or via email correspondence.

C. ADMINISTRATION

OUTREACH EFFORTS

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM mailed all current participating families a brief program description and letter of recruitment for enrollment in the FSS Program, giving them the opportunity to express their interest. New families are surveyed upon admittance to the housing program. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM assures that both minority and non-minority groups will be informed. Families are encouraged to contact CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM if they change their mind about FSS participation.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will continue these outreach efforts to aid the FSS Coordinator in maintaining enrollment of the FSS Program However, should enrollment fall below the level listed below, the FSS Coordinator will:

- Conduct outreach meetings at tax credit properties throughout the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM jurisdiction
- Conduct an outreach meeting at the CCA Admin office

ASSURANCE OF NON-INTERFENCE

Participation in the FSS Program is strictly voluntary. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM assures that a family's decision not to participate in the FSS Program will not affect the family's admission to the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NUMBER, SIZE, CHARACTERISTICS, DEMOGRAPHICS AND SUPPORTIVE SERVICE NEEDS OF FAMILIES EXPECTED TO PARTICIPATE

The FSS Program will consist of at least 30 families.

Statistics seem to suggest that a pattern of long term, chronic unemployment with intergenerational welfare dependence has emerged throughout years. Studies further suggest that employment and educational services should be made available to acquaint participants, who have had little or no previous work experience, with appropriate techniques and strategies for employment.

SERVICES WHICH ARE EXPECTED TO BE IN DEMAND

- Adult basic education services
- Child care for training/employment
- Child support enforcement
- Employment counseling
- Employment placement services
- Homeownership and rental opportunities counseling
- Job opportunities program

- Legal advocacy programs
- Money management counseling
- Nutritional support service
- Personal counseling
- Skill training program
- Transportation
- Food/Clothing/Utility Expenses

NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE FAMILIES THAT CAN EXPECT TO RECEIVE SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

There is a myriad of families that live within the boundaries of CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM who fit the eligibility criterion for the FSS Program. Although many of these families may be receiving one or more of the supportive services listed, the PCC agrees that the goals and objectives of the FSS Program will require an intensive effort with regard and respect to the families enrolled into the program. It is anticipated that all available services identified by applicant families in their individual Contracts of Participation will be made accessible to all participants.

D. HOW THE FSS PROGRAM WILL IDENTIFY NEEDS AND DELIVER SERVICE ACTIVITIES ACCORDING TO THOSE NEEDS

All FSS enrollees are selected from the current CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM participants. Those persons interested in the program will be invited to attend an interview session. The purpose of the session is to explain:

- The goals and objectives of Family Self-Sufficiency
- The initial eligibility requirements
- Additional elements of the selection process
- The commitment expected of the participants
- The number of families to be selected
- The selection criteria to be used
- Other necessary program information

Prior to the interview, the applicant will have received a FSS Pre-Enrollment Form. This form will be completed and returned during the interview. The interview process will be conducted at the CCA Admin office, during a home visit or other area agreed upon by the applicant and the FSS Coordinator such as the local park , if necessary. The objective of the interview will be to clarify the information given on the FSS Pre-Enrollment Form and review/discuss the candidate's probability for continued advancement. After the initial interview has been conducted, the applicant can choose to immediately enroll into the FSS Program. Or, the applicant is given 14 business days to think about enrollment and the FSS Coordinator will conduct a follow-up interview with the applicant.

Upon enrollment, the applicant will sign a Contract of Participation outlining goals to complete over the next 5 years. In order to evaluate the progress of individual families and the program overall, a system of periodic updates will be developed along with scheduled group meetings with the families. Participants are expected to contact the FSS Coordinator for update information at least once every 2 months. This can be in the form:

- Home visits
- Office visits
- Mutually agreed upon out area such as local part visit
- Telephone call
- Correspondence via email client sends email; FSS Coordinator responds; client responds back

Adjustments in services will be addressed when it is deemed necessary by both the participant and FSS Coordinator (prior approval from Housing Director).

DESCRIPTION OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE RESOURCES TO BE MADE AVAILABLE

For CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM, it has been determined that adequate resources, both private and public, exist among program providers to meet the services and activity needs of the thirty CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM participants. The resources include but are not limited to

- Day care services
- Employment opportunities
- Funding
- Housing assistance
- Staff time
- Transportation
- Use of equipment
- Use of buildings and property

E. TIME TABLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FSS PROGRAM

Enrollment of Section 8 FSS participants began November 1, 2000.

F. CERTIFICATION THAT FSS PROGRAM SERVICES AND ACTIVITIES ARE COORDINATED WITH OTHER PROGRAMS AND THAT PROVIDERS ARE NOT DUPLICATIVE

Under the FSS Program the coordination and pledge of non-duplication of efforts continues through the networking of the PCC. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM FSS Program does certify that service and activity providers will continue to be coordinated to ensure that services are being administered properly to avoid the problems of duplication of services.

G. STATEMENT OF SELECTION OF FSS PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

All participants must be participants of the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. Selection for the FSS Program will be made without regard to race, color, religion, sex, creed, national origin, age, handicap, disability, familial status or sexual orientation and shall be in compliance with the rules and regulations for qualification for assistance under HUD's CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. Persons with disabilities are not excluded from participating in the FSS Program, although they are less likely to apply. Reasonable accommodations will be made for persons with disabilities.

SELECTION CRITERIA

Current CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM participants receiving WFFA/TANF will be offered first opportunity to participate in the FSS Program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM participants that fall below the extremely low-income guideline level will be offered the opportunity to participate in the program, secondly.

If needed in order to satisfy the program size of 30 enrollments, FSS will be offered to any remaining active CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM participants, thirdly.

Applicants who have been issued a Section 8 Voucher and are currently looking for a unit to lease will be eligible to make application for the FSS Program. These families will not be eligible for enrollment until they have leased a unit and are actively participating in the CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM. No one is eligible to apply until they have actually been issued a voucher.

A family may be selected for participation in the FSS Program whether or not family members are already employed. A goal of the FSS Program is to help the

underemployed obtain better jobs and become free of housing subsidies.

H. CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM POLICY FOR TERMINATING OR WITHHOLDING HOUSING ASSISTANCE AND SUPPORTIVE SERVICES FOR FAMILIES FAILING TO COMPLY WITH THEIR CONTRACT OF PARTICIPATION

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will make every attempt to encourage participants to achieve their goals through compliance with their Contract of Participation. Periodic progress checks of the participants will be performed. These performance reviews will be done to ensure that each family has the support which it needs to be successful in completing its Contract of Participation, additional counseling and services will be recommended to those residents which are falling behind in their individual plans. Regular quarterly written evaluation will be performed by the FSS Coordinator to determine the status of the participant in the scheduled plan. The evaluation will include the monitoring of the attendance and grades of those enrollees in school and/or job training. For enrollees which are working, employment will be monitored.

Participating families found to be in violation of their Contract of Participation will be notified in writing. Supportive service agencies will be informed and services may be withheld by the service provider at the stage of noncompliance. Said notifications will cite violations by the family as well as specific conditions and requirements for correction by the family within a thirty-day time frame. Counseling sessions may be scheduled during the period to assist the family. If the noncompliance continues, CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will issue another written 30-day notification to the family indicating a decision to terminate FSS Contract of Participation and forfeiture of their escrow account within thirty days and giving the family and opportunity to appeal the decision through the procedures established in the Section 8 Administrative Plan as approved by the CCA Board of Directors. Information on hearing procedures shall be given to each family explaining all rights of the family to present evidence and testimony at a hearing. This hearing shall be held within a reasonable time from the notice of termination of the FSS contract. Every attempt will be made to encourage participation continuation and to avoid termination.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will not terminate the Section 8 Housing assistance payments for FSS families who fail to comply with the terms of the FSS Contract of Participation or those families terminated from the FSS Program, so long as they comply with Section 8 program rules and regulations.

I. RE-ENROLLMENT QUALIFICATION – SECOND ENROLLED INTO FSS PROGRAM

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM may refuse to select a family for participation in the FSS program a second time if that family previously participated and did not meet its FSS obligations and was terminated from the FSS program. These families will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will allow re-enrollment of a family into the FSS program for a second time if that family previously participated and did not meet its FSS obligations and did not graduate from the FSS program and was not terminated from the FSS program. The family MUST wait a period of 1 year from the date withdrawal from the FSS program before requesting to re-enroll into the FSS Program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will allow re-enrollment of a family into the FSS program for a second time if that family previously participated and graduated from the FSS program because of the "Zero HAP" factor (income becomes sufficient enough that the family can pay all rent own their own). The family MUST wait a period of 1 year from date of graduation before requesting to re-enroll into the FSS Program.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM will allow re-enrollment of a family into the FSS program for a second time if that family previously participated and graduated from the FSS program for all other reasons. The family MUST wait a period of 1 year from date of graduation and goals MUST be different from previous Contract of Participation before requesting to re-enroll in the FSS Program.

J. USAGE OF FSS ESCROW ACCOUNTS

Only families who are in good-standing within their Contract of Participation will be able to access FSS escrow funds.

FSS participants have potential to earn individual FSS escrow account balances. During the time of the family Contract of Participation, the family may utilize the individual FSS escrow account balance for a variety of payments to assist with supportive services and completion of goals. Payments include but are not limited to:

Automobile payments

- Automobile insurance payments
- Automobile repairs
- Automobile down-payments to purchase an automobile
- School tuition
- School books
- School supplies
- Computers
- Childcare expenses

A family in need of FSS escrow must submit, in writing, a request to the FSS Coordinator stating what the need is, the purpose for the need and the estimated cost of the need. In some instances, the FSS Coordinator may require the family to provide further documentation such as a statement of payment or three price quotes for a large purchase item (like an automobile).

Once it has been determined the family is qualified to access the FSS escrow account and has enough funds in the account, the FSS Coordinator will submit a request via the CCA agency-wide Purchase Order system for approval. This approval process could take up to 7 business days to complete. Once the FSS Coordinator receives approval, the Purchase Order, along with supporting documentation, is submitted to the CCA Accounting Tech for the check to be issued. This process can take up to 7 business days. Upon receipt of the check the FSS Coordinator will either handdeliver the check, mail the check or, in cases when a credit card is being used, make the order online or in person. The FSS Coordinator will maintain proof of delivery of payment in the FSS family file and give of copy of this documentation to the CCA Accounting Tech.

K. OTHER INFORMATION ON SOUNDNESS OF THE FSS PROGRAM

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is recognized as an efficient and effective provider of the Housing Choice Voucher Program. The board and staff are committed to the purpose of the FSS program as evidenced in our agency mission statement.

CCA SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM is dedicated to helping its FSS participants fulfill their dreams of becoming independent, productive, self-sufficient members of society.

GLOSSARY

A. ACRONYMS USED IN SUBSIDIZED HOUSING

AAF Annual adjustment factor (published by HUD in the Federal Register and used to compute annual rent adjustments) ACC Annual contributions contract Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 ADA BR Bedroom **CDBG** Community Development Block Grant (Program) CFR Code of Federal Regulations (published federal rules that define and implement laws; commonly referred to as "the regulations") CPI Consumer price index (published monthly by the Department of Labor as an inflation indicator) EID Earned income disallowance EIV **Enterprise Income Verification FDIC** Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation FHA Federal Housing Administration **FICA** Federal Insurance Contributions Act (established Social Security taxes) **FMR** Fair market rent FR Federal Register FSS Family Self-Sufficiency (Program) FY Fiscal year FYE Fiscal year end GAO Government Accountability Office GR Gross rent HAP Housing assistance payment HCV Housing choice voucher HQS Housing quality standards HUD Department of Housing and Urban Development HUDCLIPS HUD Client Information and Policy System IPA Independent public accountant IRA Individual Retirement Account IRS Internal Revenue Service JTPA Job Training Partnership Act

LBP	Lead-based paint
MSA	Metropolitan statistical area (established by the U.S. Census Bureau)
MTCS	Multi-family Tenant Characteristics System (now the Form HUD-50058 submodule of the PIC system)
MTW	Moving to Work
NOFA	Notice of funding availability
OIG	HUD's Office of Inspector General
OMB	Office of Management and Budget
PHA	Public housing agency
PIC	PIH Information Center
PIH	(HUD Office of) Public and Indian Housing
PS	Payment standard
QC	Quality control
QHWRA	Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (also known as the Public Housing Reform Act)
REAC	(HUD) Real Estate Assessment Center
RFP	Request for proposals
RFTA	Request for tenancy approval
RIGI	Regional inspector general for investigation (handles fraud and program abuse matters for HUD at the regional office level)
SEMAP	Section 8 Management Assessment Program
SRO	Single room occupancy
SSA	Social Security Administration
SSI	Supplemental security income
TANF	Temporary assistance for needy families
TPV	Tenant protection vouchers
TR	Tenant rent
TTP	Total tenant payment
UA	Utility allowance
UIV	Upfront income verification
URP	Utility reimbursement payment
VAWA	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005

B. GLOSSARY OF SUBSIDIZED HOUSING TERMS

- *Absorption.* In portability (under subpart H of this part 982): the point at which a receiving PHA stops billing the initial PHA for assistance on behalf of a portability family. The receiving PHA uses funds available under the receiving PHA consolidated ACC.
- *Accessible.* The facility or portion of the facility can be approached, entered, and used by persons with disabilities.
- Adjusted income. Annual income, less allowable HUD deductions and allowances.
- *Administrative fee.* Fee paid by HUD to the PHA for administration of the program. See §982.152.
- *Administrative plan.* The plan that describes PHA policies for administration of the tenant-based programs. The Administrative Plan and any revisions must be approved by the PHA's board and included as a supporting document to the PHA Plan. See §982.54.
- *Admission*. The point when the family becomes a participant in the program. The date used for this purpose is the effective date of the first HAP contract for a family (first day of initial lease term) in a tenant-based program.
- *Amortization payment.* In a manufactured home space rental: The monthly debt service payment by the family to amortize the purchase price of the manufactured home.
- *Annual contributions contract (ACC).* The written contract between HUD and a PHA under which HUD agrees to provide funding for a program under the 1937 Act, and the PHA agrees to comply with HUD requirements for the program.
- *Annual income*. The anticipated total income of an eligible family from all sources for the 12-month period following the date of determination of income, computed in accordance with the regulations.
- *Applicant (applicant family).* A family that has applied for admission to a program but is not yet a participant in the program.
- Area exception rent. An amount that exceeds the published FMR. See 24 CFR 982.504(b).
- *As-paid states.* States where the welfare agency adjusts the shelter and utility component of the welfare grant in accordance with actual housing costs.
- Assets. (See net family assets.)
- *Auxiliary aids.* Services or devices that enable persons with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills to have an equal opportunity to participate in, and enjoy the benefits of, programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.
- *Bifurcate.* With respect to a public housing or Section 8 lease, to divide a lease as a matter of law such that certain tenants can be evicted or removed while the remaining family members' lease and occupancy rights are allowed to remain intact.
- *Budget authority.* An amount authorized and appropriated by the Congress for payment to PHAs under the program. For each funding increment in a PHA program, budget authority is the maximum amount that may be paid by HUD to the PHA over the ACC term of the funding increment.

- *Child.* A member of the family other than the family head or spouse who is under 18 years of age.
- *Child care expenses.* Amounts anticipated to be paid by the family for the care of children under 13 years of age during the period for which annual income is computed, but only where such care is necessary to enable a family member to actively seek employment, be gainfully employed, or to further his or her education and only to the extent such amounts are not reimbursed. The amount deducted shall reflect reasonable charges for child care. In the case of child care necessary to permit employment, the amount deducted shall not exceed the amount of employment income that is included in annual income.
- Citizen. A citizen or national of the United States.
- *Cohead.* An individual in the household who is equally responsible for the lease with the head of household. A family may have a cohead or spouse but not both. A cohead never qualifies as a dependent. The cohead must have legal capacity to enter into a lease.
- *Common space.* In shared housing, the space available for use by the assisted family and other occupants of the unit.
- *Computer match.* The automated comparison of databases containing records about individuals.
- *Confirmatory review.* An on-site review performed by HUD to verify the management performance of a PHA.
- *Consent form.* Any consent form approved by HUD to be signed by assistance applicants and participants to obtain income information from employers and SWICAs; return information from the Social Security Administration (including wages, net earnings from self-employment, and retirement income); and return information for unearned income from the IRS. Consent forms expire after a certain time and may authorize the collection of other information to determine eligibility or level of benefits.
- *Congregate housing.* Housing for elderly persons or persons with disabilities that meets the HQS for congregate housing. A special housing type: see 24 CFR 982.606–609.
- *Contiguous MSA.* In portability (under subpart H of part 982): An MSA that shares a common boundary with the MSA in which the jurisdiction of the initial PHA is located.
- *Continuously assisted.* An applicant is continuously assisted under the 1937 Act if the family is already receiving assistance under any 1937 Housing Act program when the family is admitted to the voucher program.
- *Contract authority.* The maximum annual payment by HUD to a PHA for a funding increment.
- *Cooperative* (term includes mutual housing). Housing owned by a nonprofit corporation or association, and where a member of the corporation or association has the right to reside in a particular apartment, and to participate in management of the housing. A special housing type (see 24 CFR 982.619).

- *Covered families*. Statutory term for families who are required to participate in a welfare agency economic self-sufficiency program and who may be subject to a welfare benefit sanction for noncompliance with this obligation. Includes families who receive welfare assistance or other public assistance under a program for which federal, state or local law requires that a member of the family must participate in an economic self-sufficiency program as a condition for the assistance.
- *Dating violence*. Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - The length of the relationship
 - The type of relationship
 - The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship
- *Dependent.* A member of the family (except foster children and foster adults) other than the family head or spouse, who is under 18 years of age, or is a person with a disability, or is a full-time student.
- *Dependent child.* In the context of the student eligibility restrictions, a dependent child of a student enrolled in an institution of higher education. The dependent child must also meet the definition of *dependent* as specified above.
- *Disability assistance expenses.* Reasonable expenses that are anticipated, during the period for which annual income is computed, for attendant care and auxiliary apparatus for a disabled family member, and that are necessary to enable a family member (including the disabled member) to be employed, provided that the expenses are neither paid to a member of the family nor reimbursed by an outside source.
- *Disabled family*. A family whose head, cohead, spouse, or sole member is a person with disabilities; two or more persons with disabilities living together; or one or more persons with disabilities living with one or more live-in aides.
- Disabled person. See person with disabilities.
- *Disallowance.* Exclusion from annual income.
- *Displaced family*. A family in which each member, or whose sole member, is a person displaced by governmental action, or a person whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized pursuant to federal disaster relief laws.
- **Domestic violence.** Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

- *Domicile*. The legal residence of the household head or spouse as determined in accordance with state and local law.
- Drug-related criminal activity. As defined in 42 U.S.C. 1437f(f)(5).
- *Drug-trafficking.* The illegal manufacture, sale, or distribution, or the possession with intent to manufacture, sell, or distribute, of a controlled substance as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).
- *Economic self-sufficiency program.* Any program designed to encourage, assist, train or facilitate the economic independence of assisted families, or to provide work for such families. Can include job training, employment counseling, work placement, basic skills training, education, English proficiency, Workfare, financial or household management, apprenticeship, or any other program necessary to ready a participant to work (such as treatment for drug abuse or mental health treatment). Includes any work activities as defined in the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 607(d)). Also see 24 CFR 5.603(c).
- *Elderly family.* A family whose head, cohead, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 62 years of age; two or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living together; or one or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living with one or more live-in aides.
- Elderly person. An individual who is at least 62 years of age.
- *Eligible family* (Family). A family that is income eligible and meets the other requirements of the 1937 Act and Part 5 of 24 CFR.
- *Employer identification number (EIN).* The nine-digit taxpayer identifying number that is assigned to an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation.
- *Evidence of citizenship or eligible status*. The documents which must be submitted as evidence of citizenship or eligible immigration status. (See 24 CFR 5.508(b).)
- *Extremely low-income family.* A family whose annual income does not exceed 30 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by HUD, with adjustments for smaller and larger families. HUD may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 30 percent of median income if HUD finds such variations are necessary due to unusually high or low family incomes. (See 24 CFR 5.603.)
- *Facility.* All or any portion of buildings, structures, equipment, roads, walks, parking lots, rolling stock, or other real or personal property or interest in the property.
- *Fair Housing Act.* Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988.
- *Fair market rent (FMR).* The rent, including the cost of utilities (except telephone), as established by HUD for units of varying sizes (by number of bedrooms), that must be paid in the housing market area to rent privately owned, existing, decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing of modest (non-luxury) nature with suitable amenities. See periodic publications in the *Federal Register* in accordance with 24 CFR Part 888.

Family. Includes but is not limited to the following, and can be further defined in PHA policy.

- A family with or without children (the temporary absence of a child from the home due to placement in foster care is not considered in determining family composition and family size)
- An elderly family or a near-elderly family
- A displaced family
- The remaining member of a tenant family
- A single person who is not an elderly or displaced person, or a person with disabilities, or the remaining member of a tenant family.
- *Family rent to owner.* In the voucher program, the portion of rent to owner paid by the family.
- *Family self-sufficiency program* (FSS program). The program established by a PHA in accordance with 24 CFR part 984 to promote self-sufficiency of assisted families, including the coordination of supportive services (42 U.S.C. 1437u).
- *Family share.* The portion of rent and utilities paid by the family. For calculation of family share, see 24 CFR 982.515(a).
- *Family unit size.* The appropriate number of bedrooms for a family, as determined by the PHA under the PHA subsidy standards.
- Federal agency. A department of the executive branch of the Federal Government.
- *Foster child care payment*. A payment to eligible households by state, local, or private agencies appointed by the state to administer payments for the care of foster children.
- *Full-time student.* A person who is attending school or vocational training on a full-time basis (carrying a subject load that is considered full-time for day students under the standards and practices of the educational institution attended). (See 24 CFR 5.603)
- *Funding increment.* Each commitment of budget authority by HUD to a PHA under the consolidated annual contributions contract for the PHA program.
- Gross rent. The sum of the rent to owner plus any utility allowance.
- *Group home.* A dwelling unit that is licensed by a state as a group home for the exclusive residential use of two to twelve persons who are elderly or persons with disabilities (including any live-in aide). (A special housing type: see 24 CFR 982.610–614.)
- *Handicap.* Any condition or characteristic that renders a person an individual with handicaps. (See *person with disabilities*.)
- *HAP contract.* The housing assistance payments contract. A written contract between the PHA and an owner for the purpose of providing housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of an eligible family.
- *Head of household.* The adult member of the family who is the head of the household for purposes of determining income eligibility and rent.
- *Household.* A household includes additional people other than the family who, with the PHA's permission, live in an assisted unit, such as live-in aides, foster children, and foster adults.

- *Housing assistance payment.* The monthly assistance payment by a PHA, which includes: (1) A payment to the owner for rent to the owner under the family's lease; and (2) An additional payment to the family if the total assistance payment exceeds the rent to owner.
- Housing agency (HA). See public housing agency.
- *Housing quality standards (HQS).* The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the voucher program.
- HUD. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- *Immediate family member.* A spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child of that person, or an individual to whom that person stands in the position or place of a parent; or any other person living in the household of that person and related to that person by blood and marriage.
- *Imputed asset.* An asset disposed of for less than fair market value during the two years preceding examination or reexamination.
- *Imputed income.* The HUD passbook rate multiplied by the total cash value of assets. The calculation is used when net family assets exceed \$5,000.
- *Imputed welfare income.* An amount of annual income that is not actually received by a family as a result of a specified welfare benefit reduction, but is included in the family's annual income and therefore reflected in the family's rental contribution.
- *Income*. Income from all sources of each member of the household, as determined in accordance with criteria established by HUD.

Income for eligibility. Annual income.

Income information means information relating to an individual's income, including:

- All employment income information known to current or previous employers or other income sources
- All information about wages, as defined in the state's unemployment compensation law, including any social security number; name of the employee; quarterly wages of the employee; and the name, full address, telephone number, and, when known, employer identification number of an employer reporting wages under a state unemployment compensation law
- Whether an individual is receiving, has received, or has applied for unemployment compensation, and the amount and the period received
- Unearned IRS income and self-employment wages and retirement income
- Wage, social security, and supplemental security income data obtained from the Social Security Administration.

Individual with handicaps. See person with disabilities.

Initial PHA. In portability, the term refers to both: (1) A PHA that originally selected a family that later decides to move out of the jurisdiction of the selecting PHA; and (2) A PHA that absorbed a family that later decides to move out of the jurisdiction of the absorbing PHA.

Initial payment standard. The payment standard at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

Initial rent to owner. The rent to owner at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

- *Institution of higher education.* An institution of higher education as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1001 and 1002. See Exhibit 3-2 in this Administrative Plan.
- *Jurisdiction*. The area in which the PHA has authority under state and local law to administer the program.
- *Landlord.* Either the owner of the property or his/her representative, or the managing agent or his/her representative, as shall be designated by the owner.
- *Lease*. A written agreement between an owner and a tenant for the leasing of a dwelling unit to the tenant. The lease establishes the conditions for occupancy of the dwelling unit by a family with housing assistance payments under a HAP contract between the owner and the PHA.
- *Live-in aide*. A person who resides with one or more elderly persons, or near-elderly persons, or persons with disabilities, and who:
 - Is determined to be essential to the care and well-being of the persons;
 - Is not obligated for the support of the persons; and
 - Would not be living in the unit except to provide the necessary supportive services.
- Local Preference. A preference used by the PHA to select among applicant families.
- *Low-Income Family.* A family whose income does not exceed 80 percent of the median income for the area as determined by HUD with adjustments for smaller or larger families, except that HUD may establish income limits higher or lower than 80 percent for areas with unusually high or low incomes.
- *Manufactured home.* A manufactured structure that is built on a permanent chassis, is designed for use as a principal place of residence, and meets the HQS. (A special housing type: see 24 CFR 982.620 and 982.621.)
- *Manufactured home space.* In manufactured home space rental: A space leased by an owner to a family. A manufactured home owned and occupied by the family is located on the space. See 24 CFR 982.622 to 982.624.
- *Medical expenses*. Medical expenses, including medical insurance premiums, that are anticipated during the period for which annual income is computed, and that are not covered by insurance (a deduction for elderly or disabled families only). These allowances are given when calculating adjusted income for medical expenses in excess of 3 percent of annual income.
- *Minor*. A member of the family household other than the family head or spouse, who is under 18 years of age.
- *Mixed family.* A family whose members include those with citizenship or eligible immigration status, and those without citizenship or eligible immigration status.
- Monthly adjusted income. One twelfth of adjusted income.
- Monthly income. One twelfth of annual income.

Mutual housing. Included in the definition of cooperative.

- *National.* A person who owes permanent allegiance to the United States, for example, as a result of birth in a United States territory or possession.
- *Near-elderly family.* A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62; or two or more persons, who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62, living together; or one or more persons who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62 living with one or more live-in aides.
- *Net family assets.* (1) Net cash value after deducting reasonable costs that would be incurred in disposing of real property, savings, stocks, bonds, and other forms of capital investment, excluding interests in Indian trust land and excluding equity accounts in HUD homeownership programs. The value of necessary items of personal property such as furniture and automobiles shall be excluded.
 - In cases where a trust fund has been established and the trust is not revocable by, or under the control of, any member of the family or household, the value of the trust fund will not be considered an asset so long as the fund continues to be held in trust. Any income distributed from the trust fund shall be counted when determining annual income under §5.609.
 - In determining net family assets, PHAs or owners, as applicable, shall include the value of any business or family assets disposed of by an applicant or tenant for less than fair market value (including a disposition in trust, but not in a foreclosure or bankruptcy sale) during the two years preceding the date of application for the program or reexamination, as applicable, in excess of the consideration received therefore. In the case of a disposition as part of a separation or divorce settlement, the disposition will not be considered to be for less than fair market value if the applicant or tenant receives important consideration not measurable in dollar terms.
- Noncitizen. A person who is neither a citizen nor national of the United States.
- *Notice of funding availability (NOFA).* For budget authority that HUD distributes by competitive process, the *Federal Register* document that invites applications for funding. This document explains how to apply for assistance and the criteria for awarding the funding.
- Office of General Counsel (OGC). The General Counsel of HUD.

Owner. Any person or entity with the legal right to lease or sublease a unit to a participant.

- *PHA Plan.* The annual plan and the 5-year plan as adopted by the PHA and approved by HUD.
- *PHA's quality control sample.* An annual sample of files or records drawn in an unbiased manner and reviewed by a PHA supervisor (or by another qualified person other than the person who performed the original work) to determine if the work documented in the files or records conforms to program requirements. For minimum sample size see CFR 985.3.
- *Participant (participant family).* A family that has been admitted to the PHA program and is currently assisted in the program. The family becomes a participant on the effective date of the first HAP contract executed by the PHA for the family (first day of initial lease term).

- *Payment standard.* The maximum monthly assistance payment for a family assisted in the voucher program (before deducting the total tenant payment by the family).
- **Person with disabilities.** For the purposes of program eligibility. A person who has a disability as defined under the Social Security Act or Developmental Disabilities Care Act, or a person who has a physical or mental impairment expected to be of long and indefinite duration and whose ability to live independently is substantially impeded by that impairment but could be improved by more suitable housing conditions. This includes persons with AIDS or conditions arising from AIDS but excludes persons whose disability is based solely on drug or alcohol dependence. For the purposes of reasonable accommodation. A person with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, a person regarded as having such an impairment, or a person with a record of such an impairment.
- *Portability.* Renting a dwelling unit with a Section 8 housing choice voucher outside the jurisdiction of the initial PHA.
- *Premises.* The building or complex in which the dwelling unit is located, including common areas and grounds.
- *Previously unemployed.* With regard to the earned income disallowance, a person with disabilities who has earned, in the 12 months previous to employment, no more than would be received for 10 hours of work per week for 50 weeks at the established minimum wage.
- *Private space*. In shared housing, the portion of a contract unit that is for the exclusive use of an assisted family.
- *Processing entity.* The person or entity that, under any of the programs covered, is responsible for making eligibility and related determinations and any income reexamination. In the HCV program, the "processing entity" is the "responsible entity."
- *Project owner.* The person or entity that owns the housing project containing the assisted dwelling unit.
- *Public assistance.* Welfare or other payments to families or individuals, based on need, which are made under programs funded, separately or jointly, by federal, state, or local governments.
- *Public housing agency (PHA).* Any State, county, municipality, or other governmental entity or public body, or agency or instrumentality of these entities, that is authorized to engage or assist in the development or operation of low-income housing under the 1937 Act.

- *Qualified family* (under the earned income disallowance). A family participating in an applicable assisted housing program or receiving HCV assistance:
 - Whose annual income increases as a result of employment of a family member who is a person with disabilities and who was previously unemployed for one or more years prior to employment;
 - Whose annual income increases as a result of increased earnings by a family member who is a person with disabilities during participation in any economic self-sufficiency or other job training program; or
 - Whose annual income increases, as a result of new employment or increased earnings of a family member who is a person with disabilities, during or within six months after receiving assistance, benefits or services under any state program for temporary assistance for needy families funded under Part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act, as determined by the responsible entity in consultation with the local agencies administering temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) and Welfare-to-Work (WTW) programs. The TANF program is not limited to monthly income maintenance, but also includes such benefits and services as one-time payments, wage subsidies and transportation assistance-provided that the total amount over a six-month period is at least \$500.
- *Qualified census tract.* With regard to certain tax credit units, any census tract (or equivalent geographic area defined by the Bureau of the Census) in which at least 50 percent of households have an income of less than 60 percent of Area Median Gross Income (AMGI), or where the poverty rate is at least 25 percent, and where the census tract is designated as a qualified census tract by HUD.
- *Reasonable rent.* A rent to owner that is not more than rent charged: (1) For comparable units in the private unassisted market; and (2) For comparable unassisted units in the premises.
- *Reasonable accommodation.* A change, exception, or adjustment to a rule, policy, practice, or service to allow a person with disabilities to fully access the PHA's programs or services.
- *Receiving PHA*. In portability: A PHA that receives a family selected for participation in the tenant-based program of another PHA. The receiving PHA issues a voucher and provides program assistance to the family.
- *Recertification*. Sometimes called *reexamination*. The process of securing documentation of total family income used to determine the rent the tenant will pay for the next 12 months if there are no additional changes to be reported.
- *Remaining member of the tenant family.* The person left in assisted housing who may or may not normally qualify for assistance on their own circumstances (i.e., an elderly spouse dies, leaving widow age 47 who is not disabled).
- *Rent to owner.* The total monthly rent payable to the owner under the lease for the unit (also known as contract rent). Rent to owner covers payment for any housing services, maintenance, and utilities that the owner is required to provide and pay for.
- *Residency preference.* A PHA preference for admission of families that reside anywhere in a specified area, including families with a member who works or has been hired to work in the area (See *residency preference area*).

- *Residency preference area.* The specified area where families must reside to qualify for a residency preference.
- *Responsible entity*. For the public housing and the Section 8 tenant-based assistance, projectbased certificate assistance, and moderate rehabilitation programs, the responsible entity means the PHA administering the program under an ACC with HUD. For all other Section 8 programs, the responsible entity means the Section 8 owner.
- Secretary. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
- Section 8. Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937.
- *Section 8 covered programs.* All HUD programs which assist housing under Section 8 of the 1937 Act, including Section 8 assisted housing for which loans are made under Section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959.
- Section 214. Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, as amended.
- *Section 214 covered programs.* The collective term for the HUD programs to which the restrictions imposed by Section 214 apply. These programs are set forth in 24 CFR 5.500.
- *Security deposit.* A dollar amount (maximum set according to the regulations) which can be used for unpaid rent or damages to the owner upon termination of the lease.
- *Set-up charges.* In a manufactured home space rental, charges payable by the family for assembling, skirting, and anchoring the manufactured home.
- *Shared housing.* A unit occupied by two or more families. The unit consists of both common space for shared use by the occupants of the unit and separate private space for each assisted family. (A special housing type: see 24 CFR 982.615–982.618.)
- Single Person. A person living alone or intending to live alone.
- *Single room occupancy housing (SRO).* A unit that contains no sanitary facilities or food preparation facilities, or contains either, but not both, types of facilities. (A special housing type: see 24 CFR 982.602–982.605.)
- *Social security number (SSN).* The nine-digit number that is assigned to a person by the Social Security Administration and that identifies the record of the person's earnings reported to the Social Security Administration. The term does not include a number with a letter as a suffix that is used to identify an auxiliary beneficiary.
- *Special admission.* Admission of an applicant that is not on the PHA waiting list or without considering the applicant's waiting list position.
- *Special housing types.* See subpart M of part 982. Subpart M states the special regulatory requirements for: SRO housing, congregate housing, group homes, shared housing, cooperatives (including mutual housing), and manufactured homes (including manufactured home space rental).

- *Specified welfare benefit reduction.* Those reductions of welfare benefits (for a covered family) that may not result in a reduction of the family rental contribution. A reduction of welfare benefits because of fraud in connection with the welfare program, or because of welfare sanction due to noncompliance with a welfare agency requirement to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program.
- Spouse. The marriage partner of the head of household.
- *Stalking.* To follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate; or to place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person; and in the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to (1) that person, (2) a member of the immediate family of that person, or (3) the spouse or intimate partner of that person.
- *State wage information collection agency (SWICA).* The state agency, including any Indian tribal agency, receiving quarterly wage reports from employers in the state, or an alternative system that has been determined by the Secretary of Labor to be as effective and timely in providing employment-related income and eligibility information.
- *Subsidy standards*. Standards established by a PHA to determine the appropriate number of bedrooms and amount of subsidy for families of different sizes and compositions.
- *Suspension*. Stopping the clock on the term of a family's voucher after the family submits a request for tenancy approval. If the PHA decides to allow extensions or suspensions of the voucher term, the PHA administrative plan must describe how the PHA determines whether to grant extensions or suspensions, and how the PHA determines the length of any extension or suspension. This practice is also called *tolling*.
- *Tax credit rent.* With regard to certain tax credit units, the rent charged for comparable units of the same bedroom size in the building that also receive the low-income housing tax credit but do not have any additional rental assistance (e.g., tenant-based voucher assistance).
- *Tenancy addendum.* For the housing choice voucher program, the lease language required by HUD in the lease between the tenant and the owner.
- *Tenant.* The person or persons (other than a live-in aide) who executes the lease as lessee of the dwelling unit.
- Tenant rent to owner. See family rent to owner.
- Term of lease. The amount of time a tenant agrees in writing to live in a dwelling unit.
- *Total tenant payment (TTP)*. The total amount the HUD rent formula requires the tenant to pay toward rent and utilities.
- *Unit.* Residential space for the private use of a family. The size of a unit is based on the number of bedrooms contained within the unit and generally ranges from zero (0) bedrooms to six (6) bedrooms.

- *Utility allowance*. If the cost of utilities (except telephone) and other housing services for an assisted unit is not included in the tenant rent but is the responsibility of the family occupying the unit, an amount equal to the estimate made or approved by a PHA or HUD of the monthly cost of a reasonable consumption of such utilities and other services for the unit by an energy-conservative household of modest circumstances consistent with the requirements of a safe, sanitary, and healthful living environment.
- *Utility reimbursement*. In the voucher program, the portion of the housing assistance payment which exceeds the amount of rent to owner.
- *Utility hook-up charge.* In a manufactured home space rental: Costs payable by a family for connecting the manufactured home to utilities such as water, gas, electrical and sewer lines.
- *Very low-income family.* A low-income family whose annual income does not exceed 50 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by HUD, with adjustments for smaller and larger families. HUD may establish income limits higher or lower than 50 percent of the median income for the area on the basis of its finding that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes. This is the income limit for the housing choice voucher program.
- *Violent criminal activity.* Any illegal criminal activity that has as one of its elements the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person or property of another.
- *Voucher* (*housing choice voucher*). A document issued by a PHA to a family selected for admission to the housing choice voucher program. This document describes the program and the procedures for PHA approval of a unit selected by the family. The voucher also states obligations of the family under the program.
- Voucher holder. A family holding a voucher with an unexpired term (search time).
- Voucher program. The housing choice voucher program.
- Waiting list admission. An admission from the PHA waiting list.
- *Welfare assistance*. Income assistance from federal or state welfare programs, including assistance provided under TANF and general assistance. Does not include assistance directed solely to meeting housing expenses, nor programs that provide health care, child care or other services for working families. For the FSS program (984.103(b)), *welfare assistance* includes only cash maintenance payments from federal or state programs designed to meet a family's ongoing basic needs, but does not include food stamps, emergency rental and utilities assistance, SSI, SSDI, or social security.